EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER FINANCIAL FIMES

Friday September 22 1989

**POLITICS TODAY** New light on the Green faith

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### World News **Bombings** in Colombia as drugs war intensifies

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Eight explosions at the offices of politicians and political par-ties rocked Bogota in the broadest wave of explosions since drug traffickers declared war on the Colombian establishment. Related report and Background, Page 7

Thatcher cautions British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher foreshadowed her weekend talks in Moscow with President Mikhail Gorbachev with a warning that the West must not weaken its defences. Page 20 ikkei bar

Arafat backs Egypt PLO leader Yassir Arafat endorsed Egyptian efforts to promote Middle East peace in a news conference in Cairo dominated by a spirited discus-sion with Israeli journalists. Page 4 .. ..

#### **USAIr jet crashes**

A USAir Boeing 737 skidded into New York's East River in an aborted take-off but police boats, small craft and scuba divers saved all but two of the 63 people on board. Picture Page 7

Colombo ceasefire The Sri Lankan Government declared a unilateral three-day ceasefire with left-wing Sinha-lese rebels starting next week.

Texas crash kills 16 Sixteen people were killed when a school bus carrying at least 65 youths collided with a truck in Mission, Texas and plunged into a water-filled gravel pit.

Thais expel Burmese Thailand has expelled 200 Burmese students who fied to the western border town of Mae ... Sot after an army crackdown in Rangoon last year. 19.0

318 bi US troops move in More than 1,000 US troops headed for the Caribbean island of St Croix to try to halt

Hugo.

# Business Summary **British Rail** says Channel link could cost £4.5bn

THE joint venture company being negotiated by British Rall and two private sector consortia to build the Channel Tunnel link line might need to raise as much as £4.5m (\$7bn) after allowing for infla-tion but not interest charges.

This is an approximate figure - more than £1bn higher than previously leaked estimates because British Rail and two interested private sector con-sortia disagree over 60 environmental improvements which BR executives say are needed to get parliamentary approval. Page 20, Background Page 8

COPPER: prices eased on the LME with cash metal failing £12 to £1,813 a tonne - a dis-count to the three-month price Copper

Cash metal Grade 'A' £ per tonne 2000 1800 

1800 1400 Apr 1989 Sep

of £3. The decline followed liq-uidation by commission houses but halted on merchant buy-ing. Commodities, Page 46

CO OP: criminal investigations into the troubled West German. retailer whose shares resumed. trading in Frankfurt, widened to include the board of the holding company representing the country's trade union movement. Page 21

**EAGLE Trust: creditor** hanks for the UK industrial holding company which is the subject of a Serious Frand Office inves tigation, demanded the resignation of Malcolm Stockdale, the chairman and chief execu-

tive. Page 8 MANNESMANN AG, W Ger-

# **Ferranti** agrees £300m credit plan with banks

of any Ferranti collapse or if the company were taken over by foreign interests.

There is particular concern about the impact in Scotland, where Ferranti employs 8,000 people near Edinburgh. The opposition Labour Party

stepped up pressure for Gov-ernment action yesterday, when Mr Ron Brown, MP for

Leith, accused tha Government of complacency. "We want this

By Hugo Dixon and Terry Dodsworth in London

THE UK Ministry of Defence yesterday issued a strong state-ment of support for Ferranti International Signal, as the stricken defence electronics group agreed a new £300m (\$470m) credit package with its British Aerospace and the Gen-eral Electric Company. One school of thought within the ministry is said to take the free market view of leaving Ferranti to sort out its own problems. However, another is worried about the political implications

The flurry of announcements marked the first stage in Fer-ranti's battle to put its busi-ness, shaken by a suspected £150m frand scandal, back on an even keel.

They could pave the way for a resumption next week of trading in the company's shares, suspended earlier in the month.

The MoD statement was seen as an attempt to bolster confi-dence among Ferranti's sub-

contractors. It may also be designed to counter the damage caused by a warning from the four-nation Eurofighter consortium to its members to take care before placing any new contracts with

currently with the company, we are continuing to discuss further requirements with them.'

While the MoD does not appear to have a blue-print for tackling Ferranti's long-term problems, it has initiated dis-cussions with other UK defence contractors such as

of complacency. "We want this company to survive, we don't want predators to come in." The banking package includes a promise by Ferranti to raise £100m from selling peripheral businesses. Ferranti refused to say which businesses were for sale, but the prime candidate is understood to be Marouardt, a placing any new contracts with the company. The MoD stressed that Fer-ranti remained "an important and valued supplier. In addi-tion to some £450m of business understood to be Marquardt, a chemical weapons.

> sis originated. The other lead-ing contenders for sale are also former ISC companies in the US

Ferranti is understood to remain committed to its invest-ment in Zonephone, its UK

pocket-phone business, and OTE, its Italian communications subsidiary. It also intends to keep its Defence Systems and Com-pater Systems businesses which are the core of its defence electronics activities. In addition to disposals, Ferranti believes it will need an equity injection of between £100m and £200m to get it back

on to a sound basis. The company thinks it can achieve this by selling a stake of up to 30 per cent in the group to an industrial partner. it is talking to a number of UK and international defence

gronps about this and other options. The banking package allows Ferranti to borrow up to £300m. At present, it has debt of £250m - about half in com-

mercial paper form. As a result of the scandal, Ferranti is not going to be able to roll over its short-term commercial paper for a further period and will therefore be wholly dependent on bank

finance. The replacement of commercial paper will add to Ferranti's already steep interest bill. The company will pay an extra margin of about 1 of a percentage point. Lex. Page 20;

Background, Page 28

# **Court backs investigative** powers for Commission

#### By Tim Dickson in Brussels

investigators to enter premises

By Nikki Tait in London

MR NICHOLAS RIDLEY,

THE European Commission's are refused. powers to investigate compa-nies suspected of operating illegal cartels were defined in a landmark ruling handed down yesterday by the European Court of Justice.

Sir Leon Brittan, the EC Commissioner for Competition Policy, welcoming the verdict last night, said: "The judgment sets out clearly how the Com-

COULT mission, in carrying out inves-

rial facts."

er's problems far from ovar -

hie to take on Bundespost .....

Still in charge, but of what? .....

Lex: Farranti, TVS, BAT, TI, RMC .

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Technology

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Israeli "cousins" .....

ylene cartel, and the West Ger-man company's insistence that this could only be done with a search warrant issued by a

**S** African black trade unions call consumer

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### boycott By Patti Waldmeir in Johannesburg

SOUTH AFRICA'S largest black trade unions have called for a nationwide consumer boycott and overtime ban from today, the first time such action has been planned on a national basis.

The call forms part of a cam-paign to protest at harsh new labour laws which restrict the its managing director, said yes-He presented his case for a doubling of quota subscrip-tions from member countries at a press conference in Washright to strike by hanning sympathy and repeat strikes and making unions financially liable for illegal strike action. Union officials said their ington as the world's top finance officials started to gather for weekend meetings earlier call for a month-long consumer boycott to begin on September 13 had been post-poned because of the difficul-ties of organising nationwide action. A two-week boycott before the annual conferences of the Fund and World Bank, which begin formally on Tuesday. The IMF had to be ready to was now planned, to begin today.

help all economies, industria-lised and developing alike, Mr Camdessus said. In the 1970s, it The two union federations which issued yesterday's boy-cott call, the Congress of Sonth African Trade Unions and the National Council of Trade Unions, proved earlier this month that they could organise national protest action when they mounted a general strike to mark the Senassisted industrialised coun-tries suffering balance-of-pay-ments crises, including Britain. He also recalled the IMF's help to the US in 1979 when it was called upon to stabilise currency markets. Mr Camdessus' reference to general strike to mark the September 6 general elections. Some 3m workers and stu-dents are believed to have par-ticipated in that strike. Union officials said they past IMF help for the US hinted at his greatest concern: that the US may one day face a

financial and economic crisis because of its persistent cur-rent account and budget defiexpected a high degree of sup-port for the indefinite over-time ban, given the strength of workers' resistance to the year-old Labour Relations Amendment Act. cits His remarks about possible risks in industrial countries threw an entirely new light on

his vigorons campaign for a large increase in IMF subscrip-A nationwide consumer boytions or quotas from their pres-ent level of Sdr90bn (\$72.4bn), Although he gave no precise details of his fears, it appeared cott could prove much more difficult to sustain, however, Union officials noted that ear-lier local boycotts, which focused on a specific commu-nity issue, had proved very successful in some cases. Boy-cotts in the Transvaal towns of Carletonville and Boksburg, for example, called to protest at the reintroduction of petty apartheid by Conservative town councils, put a serious financial strain on white-owned businesses. A national boycott organ-ised around an issue relevant mainly to unionists might be much more difficult to mount. Union officials noted that earthat he was far less sanguine about the world economic outlook than are financial markets and many finance ministers in major industrialised countries. In a speech in Washington earlier this month, the IMF managing director said that the 1990s promised to be a "difficult decade". Among the risks facing the world, he pin-pointed the large external

made in the ruling, the Euro-pean judges pointed out that fundamental visible and out that its chances of success. Previous actions have been long enough to demand serious sacffices from consumers. The current boycott is ambitious in scope, calling on con-sumers to withdraw their purchasing power from all white-owned businesses, and Continued on Page 20

# **IMF** director calls for big rise in quotas

Page 19

By Peter Norman, Economics Correspondent, in Washington

erday.

THE International Monetary fund needs substantial addi-**Bundesbank** warns tional resources so that it is able to tackle economic crises on inflation risks in industrialised countries as well as in the developing world, Mr Michel Camdessus, The West German central

bank yesterday indicated in lts latest monthly report that it would raise interest rates fur-ther if inflation appeared to be moving out of control. Page 20

Japan to point to strength of dollar

Japan is expected to tell the US at tomorrow's meeting of G7 finance ministers that the dollar is "too high" trading at about Y145. Page 4

and said Britain would support a 25 per cent increase at most. With 19.9 per cent of Fund votes, the US can block any quota increase.

Yesterday, Mr Camdessus said countries with 70 per cent of Fund votes supported a qnota increase of at least two thirds. He pointed out that the IMF needed a big quota increase to keep pace with growth of the world economy over the past five years and an expansion in the number of IMF-backed economic reform programmes for countries in trouble.

The Fund must be equipped for the unexpected, he said. When previous quota increases were discussed in the early 1970s and the early 1980s, nobody forecast the oil price shock of 1974 or the outbreak of the international debt crisis in 1989 in 1982.

However, Mr Camdessus said it would not be a serious problem if the size of the quota increase was not agreed at Sunday's meeting of the IMF's policy-making Interim Commit-tee or the IMF annual meeting itself. With sufficient guidance, the IMF's executive board could take the decision before the entiwear deadline the end-year deadline. Mr Camdessus said one of

the greatest difficulties facing the world was belping the Eastern European countries to

US specialist in arms and Marquardt, valued at about £70m, was one of the compa-nies acquired as part of Fer-ranti's ill-starred purchase of International Signal & Control, where the current financial cri-

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#### French rall tests

looting sparked by Hurricane

The inaugural demonstration of France's new high-speed rail line between Paris and the West showed the "TGV-Atlantique" can reach speeds of 300kmh. Page 2

Lebanese shot dead An assassin killed a moderate Sunni Moslem Lebanese parliamentarian, Nazem Qadri, in Beirut.

European troop cuts Nato and the Warsaw Pact could sign a long-awaited treaty as soon as next year to cut weaponry and troop levels in Europe as a result of new Nato proposals.

#### Death camp move

Cardinal Jozef Glemp, the **Roman Catholic Primate of** Poland, said that the Carmelite convent which is situated on the site of the Auschwitz death camp should be moved as soon as possible. Page 2

#### Satanic Vorses held German publishers of The

Satanic Verses are withholding the controversial novel by Salman Rushdie from Frankfurt's prestigious book fair,

#### Whales ahigh

Members of the Greenpeace environmental group protesting against Japanese whaling flew a whale shaped balloon from Switzerland's 3,475-metre Jungfraujoch mountain pass.

#### MARKETS

A TO TO A STERLING STOCK MDICES DOLLAR New York kunchtime: \$1.577 New York Is FT-SE 100: DM 1.948 2,380.9 (+11.1) FFr6.587 FT Ordinary: \$1.581 (1.582) SFr1.688 1,962.9 (+8.3) DM3.0725 (3.07) Y145.9 FFr10.3875 (10.37) FT-A All Share: London SFr2.66 (same) Y229.75 (229.5) DM1.944 (1.9405) FFr6.57 (6.555) 1,206.32 (+0.4%) FT-A long gitt yield E index 91.6 (same) SF:1.683 (1.681) ndex high coupon: Y145.3 (145) -GOLD - - -\$ Index 71.6 (71.4) Tokyo close: Y145 9.57 (9.56) New York: Comex Dec \$370.3 (370.1) New York lunchtime US LUNCHTINE DJ Ind. Av. \$363.5 (same) 2,699.09 (+15.20) RATES Fed Funds 815% N SEA OIL (Argus) Tokyo: Nikkel 2-mo Treasury Bills: Brent 15-day \$17.85 (+0.025) 34,745.02 (+274.44) yield: 8.06% Long Bond: 9912 -yield: 8.15% LONDON MONEY Chief price changes yesterday: Page 21 3-month interbank: ctosing 13發% (same) COMMODITIES, PAGE 38; CURRENCIES, PAGE 44; STOCKS, PAGE 45

ng group, a TI of the UK announced a stra-tegic alliance cemented by a 5 per cent stake Mannesmann is taking in the British concern. Page 21 strengthened.

In the complex indgment against an appeal by the West German chemicals company CREDIT cards: the European market for credit and charge cards is nationally fragmented Hoechst - which was the suband largely uncompetitive on ject of a bitterly-contested dawn raid early in 1987 - the prices, according to a study by a European consumer court sought to lay down new watchdog. Page 2 ground rules for future searches of this kind, notably when the demands of Brussels

ARAB Banking Corporation, a Bahrein-based bank owned by Libya, Kuwait and Abu Dhabi, became the first Arab bank to receive an interna-tional credit rating from the US agency Standard and Poor's International: Page 26

CHARTERHOUSE, UK merchant bank, is launching a £100m (\$157m) fund, which will invest in corporate restructur-ings, recapitalisations and management buy-outs and buy-ins in Europe. Page 26

Britain's Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, ruled yes-terday that the £13.5bn (\$21bn) **JACOBS Suchard**, the Swiss chocolate and coffee group, reported a 6.6 per cent increas in first-half sales to SFr3.14bn (\$1.87bn). Page 23

and Mergers Commission. BAT had acknowledged that there were no direct competi-tion issues involved in the bid. However, it had been seeking a referral on the grounds that Hoylake's offer involved a high half of the year. Page 21

leverage involved, BAT argued that there were implications for the vulnerability of UK

3.1 per cent on an annualised rate in the second quarter after 9.1 per cent growth in the first quarter, as expected. Page 4

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tigations, and the national anthorities assisting them, As a result, legal experts believe that the authority of Brussels to crack down on should do their jobs,

Hoechst, meanwhile, was also claiming some success. anti-competitive agreements in all industries may have been A statement by the company

said that despite the dismissal of its complaint it had won an important principle by ensur-ing the "procedural guaran-tees" of national legal systems. At the heart of the case was Hoechst's claim that the Com-mission had infringed its basic rights by demanding access to its Frankfurt offices in pursuit of an alleged PVC and polyeth-

BAT responded to Mr Rid-

ley's decision by saying that a referral "would have provided

an opportunity for the Govern-ment to establish a coherent

policy on the controversial question of highly-leveraged bids for major companies using

junk bonds, with their negative potential for the markets, for

companies and for small share-holders."

tor-general, said on BBC Radio: "An economy which habitually

confuses financial engineering with the real thing is heading for deep trouble in the long

The decision was also

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run.'

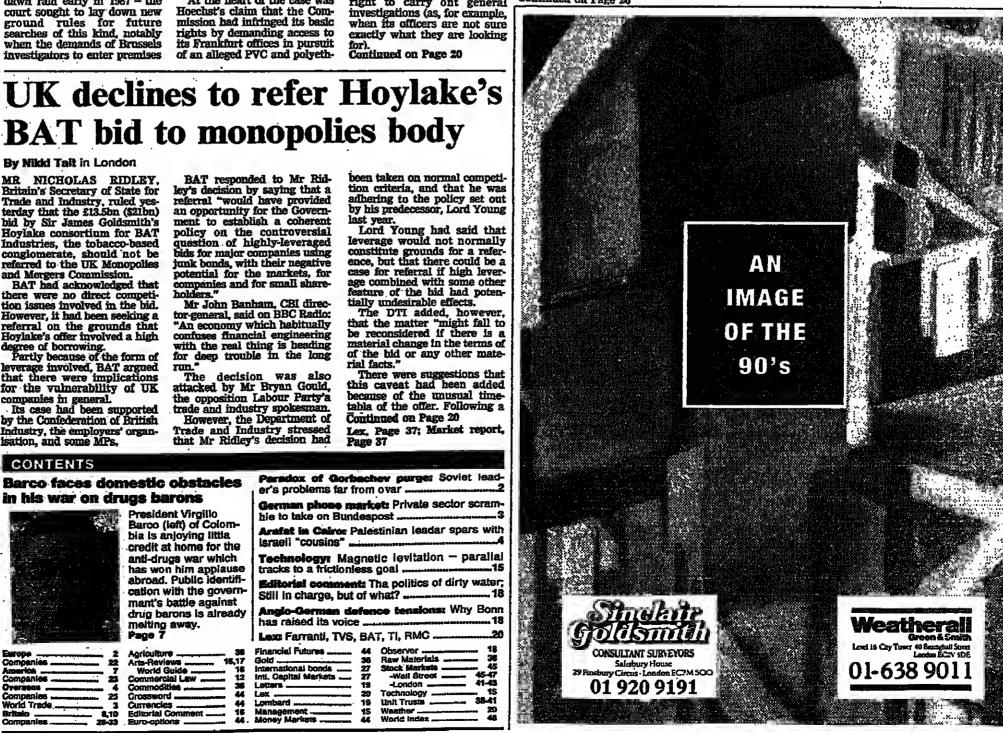
Mr John Banham, CBI direc-

fundamental rights enshrined in EC law, such as the right to privacy, applied to individuals rather than companies. They also rejected Hoechst's claim that Commission searches should be restricted

to documents specified by the investigating team, thereby upholding the Commission's right to carry ont general investigations (as, for example, when its officers are not sure exactly what they are looking

imbalances among the leading industrial countries which he said had been "unduly develop market-oriented econo protracted" and were a long mies. He said the Polish Prime way from being within man-Minister had asked the IMF to geable bounds. The US, Britain and Saudi

begin talks on the issue. He said Eastern Europe had Arabia are resisting a substan-tial increase in IMF quotas. Mr to recreate entrepreneurial attitudes and lift price controls Nigel Lawson, Britain's Chan-cellor of the Exchequer, has criticised Mr Camdessns' while tackling a heavy debt burden. However, he said there was no need for a new IMF demand for a quota doubling as "enormously ambitious" facility for Eastern Europe.



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bid by Sir James Goldsmith's Hoylake consortium for BAT Industries, the tobacco-based conglomerate, should not be referred to the UK Monopolies COATS Viyella, biggest textile group in Europe, is still suffer-ing from the slump in the UK textile industry and saw pre-tax profits fall from £76.0m (\$119m) to £55.2m in the first

RMC Group; world's biggest producer of ready-mixed con-crete increased pre-tax profits degree of borrowing. Partly because of the form of by 34 per cent to £115.5m (\$181m) during the first six months of this year,

companies in general. Its case had been supported by the Confederation of British JAPAN'S GNP contracted by Industry, the employers' organ-isation, and some MPs.

# attacked by Mr Bryan Gould, the opposition Labour Party'a trade and industry spokesman. However, the Department of Trade and Industry stressed that Mr Ridley's decision had

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### **EUROPEAN NEWS**

#### Watchdog **Dumas launches** condemns attempt to boost credit card **European TV** 'monopoly' By Richard Lambert In

market.

per year.

#### By William Dawkins in Paris

MR ROLAND Dumas, the French Foreign Minister, yes-terday inaugurated an international campaign to boost the European television broadcasting industry's flagging compet-

The French Government and the European Commission have jointly called 300 broad-casting experts from 27 Euro-pean countries to a three-day meeting in Paris at the end of next week to hammer out common action to improve their broadcasting industries' ability to compete against US pro-

grammes. Paris is hosting the event, dubbed the Assises Europeenes de l'Andiovisuel, as President of the EC, although it will also embrace the 17 member states of the Council of Europe, the Strasbourg-based human rights and cultural policy organisa-tion, plus the Soviet Union, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Poland.

"In this enterprise, Europe is seeking an indentity for itself that is not expansionist and is not protectionist," insisted Mr Dumas

The Commission will use the results of the conference to draw up an outline proposal for the next stage of EC televi-sion policy, to be presented to the next summit of Community year.

Brussels THE European market for leaders in Strasbourg in December.

credit and charge cards is nationally fragmented and The main aim of the conference will be to find ways to help the European industry make up an enormous shortfall in its ability to supply the EC largely uncompetitive on prices, according to a study released in Brussels yesterday

hy a European consumer watchdog. Watchdog. The study says that the mar-ket is dominated by four main companies: Eurocard-Access, Visa, American Express and Mr Dumas said the European industry was now only produc-ing 2,500 hours of fiction programming annually, ont of the EC market's need for 16,000 hours of fiction programming Diners Club. It accuses them of confusing

the public by providing insuffi-cient and sometimes mislead-Next week's conference comes in the wake of US coming information, and of acting in a monopolistic manner. The survey takes in eight EC memplaints that the Hollywood film industry is being unfairly dis-criminated against by an EC proposal to limit free European distribution rights to television channels containing at least ber states, along with Austria and Sweden, and concludes that there is no price competi-tion between different countries

half European programmes. For example, the annual "Those who speak of protec-tionism had better look at their user fee for a Eurocard-Access is put at 13 Ecu in Ireland, 19 Ecu in France, 48 Ecu in West Germany and as much as 59 Ecu in Denmark. own markets," said Mr Dumas. The conference ends only a day before a meeting of EC Foreign Ministers on October 3, chaired by Mr Dumas, is due It also claims that there is

little if any competition within individual countries, where price similarities between rival to try to make a final decision on the controversial cross-fron-tier broadcasting scheme. cards are described as star-tling. Thus American Express and Diners Club are said to He felt confident that the French Presidency would bring charge the same annual user fees within Belgium, Ireland and the UK, and there is a simthe issue to a conclusion before its term ends at the end of the

ilar lack of price competition

increase in the price of goods, imposed to cover the retailers fees," it adds. The European Office of Con-

sumer Organisations says that credit cards have a large poten-tial as an important interna-

costs, the cards are not always freely available.

Boris Yelisin and two controversial prosecutors. The Communist Party newspaper, Pravda, yesterday offered

Muscovites demonstrate in favour of maverick politician Mr Yeltsin a rare apology after accusing him of drunken-

ness during his US trip, a charge which a Soviet parlia-mentary committee condemned as "gutter press" tactics.

# Paradox of the Gorbachev purge The Soviet leader may have ousted his conservative opponents, but

his problems are far from over, writes John Lloyd

able to lead the masses in the future as well." OMENTOUS events have occurred in the LVL Soviet power struc-ture this week, but they may He was obliged to spend some time on the party - obliged by the concerns of his colleagues, who at a July central committee plenum voiced fears of its being side-

He dismissed the call from the Lithuanian party for political and organisational indepen-dence, invoking Lenin as the creator of an organisation of co-thinkers, inspired by the ideas of proletarian interna-

tionalism". In calling for a "strengthen-ing of ideological unity", Mr Gorbachev clearly wants to rid the party of doubtful perestroika supporters who still inhabit its senior and middle structures. His measured purge,

Gorbachev clearly wants to rid the party of doubtful perestroika supporters who still inhabit its senior and middle structures

announced late on-Wednesday ka - but controlled peres-in a special bulletin on televi- troika. And here is the root of troika. And here is the root of " sion, shows he can perform it: can they control a process ich was commonly cribed before this plenum some of that reshaping at the which

trol commission - all owe their recent elevation directly Georgian independence move-Georgian independence move-ments continue to tear through the republic's politics. A speech later by Mr Algir-das Brazauskas, the Lithua-nian party first secretary showed no submission to the command to desist from notions of establishing party independence, and today the Lithuanian Supreme Soviet begins work on a mackage of

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to him. to him. But they are not hot-eyed radicals. Mr Maslynkov gave a very gradnalist version of republican "independence". Mr Kryuchkov has been responsible for a successful public relations joh on the KCR but his process gnake

public relations jon on the KGB, but his presence speaks more to that body's continuing if not growing importance in leadership as a source of both intelligence and control than to his ardent reformism. Mr Primakov has recently begins work on a package of laws which will transgress the limits on autonomy which Mr Gorbachev set. In one section of his plenum speech, the Soviet leader said

advocated greater integration of the republican parties with the centre; and Mr Pugo left his Latvian job last year before the wind of change in the Baltics grew to its present whirlwind proportions

that the Soviet people were "simply permeated with inter-nationalism" in their daily life: that is, their upbringing had stressed the common purpose of the Soriet monle of the Soviet people. As a Russian born to a Com-munist family, that is true of Mr Gorbachev: it no longer

They are for perestroi-

Auschwitz site convent should move says Glemp By James Blitz

**LEAU** 

MAILA

CARDINAL Jozef Clemp, the Roman Catholic Primate of Poland, has said that the Car-

Poland, has said that the Car-melite convent which is situ-ated on the site of the Ausch-witz death camp should be moved as soon as possible. The Cardinal, who is on a visit to Britain, made his state-ment in a letter delivered to Sir Sigmund Sternberg, chairman of the International Council for Christians and Jews. "It is of the International Council for Christians and Jews. "It is essential ... to move the con-vent outside the perimeter of the site," he writes. The siting of the convent on the grounds of the most notori-ous Nazi death camp has been considered by Jews to be a pro-

considered by Jews to be a pro-found disregard of the Holo-caust. The debate over the issne has soured relations between Catholics and Jews in recent months.

On Tuesday, however, the Vatican issued a statement which, for the first time. which, for the first time, expressed strong support for the relocation of the convent. The Vatican's pronouncement officially endorsed an agree-ment reached in 1987 by Catho-lics and Jews to relocate the small group of Carmelite nuns, who are committed to silent

prayer. Until Wednesday, Cardinal Glemp's position on the issue had remained unconciliatory. had remained unconciliatory. In a speech delivered in Bristol on Tuesday, be dismissed the 1987 accord as "wishful think-ing." On an earlier occasion, he is reported to have called the Polisb church officials who signed the 1987 agreement "incompetent."

His view has now changed: "It is my intention that the Geneva Declaration of 1987 should be implemented and I am therefore keen to work on a friendly dialogue between Christians and Jews," he says in his letter.

Paying tribute to the Cardi-nal, Sir Sigmund Sternberg said: "He has seen we are rea-sonable people and reason pre-vailed. I found Glemp ready to listen.'

Fiesta as Malta seems to be true of large masses of his fellow citizens, who seem simply permeated with a nationalism which has lived on beneath the internamarks 25 years of independence

FIREWORKS lit up the skies, and bands filled the night air with military marches as thousands of Maltese, led by the Prime Minister Mr. Eddie Fenech Adami, yesterday celebrated 25 years of independence, Godfrey Grima writes.

armed repression. The second of these has been ruled out, even by Mr Yegor The ramparts of Valetta, the city "built by gentlemen for sgentlemen", were decked with hlazing red-and-white lights, igachev, the leading Politburo conservative: and it is the object of Mr Gorhachev to provide a refurhished party to address the first. But if that party is "demo-cratised", as he has said it should be, does it not produce

tionalist patina.

That such nationalism can be narrow, racist and violent is perfectly evident but is not the

present point; it is no longer faces presistible ideological or

The ministers said the agree-ment, which also involves BRITAIN has agreed to reduce military manoeuvres at certain German training area in response to a strong local enviextending the current 400 metre buffer zone, answered the main points of the environ-mental campaign. Mr King said the area ronmental campaign. Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, Ger-man Defence Minister, said after talks with Mr Tom King, British Defence Secretary, that

remained "very important" for the UK and stressed the need for adequate training of British forces in Germany.

The two ministers visited manoeuvres in which UK forces are testing a new exercise concept designed to reduce damage to farmland and nui-

sance to local communities. Mr King said be discussed the unresolved issue of the choice of a Sibn radar system for the four-nation European Fighter Aircraft. But he said Britain was still working on a fresh study into the proposal led by West Germany's AEG. This is competing with one headed by the troubled British

defence electronics company

Mr King said he hoped to have the results of the latest study "very shortly."

Ferranti International Signal.

in Spain. "There is little price competi-tion and little incentive to improve the efficiency of the system and lower costs since these are partly covered by the **Britain agrees to cut** military manoeuvres By David White, Defence Correspondent, in Trendelhurg

> tional payment system. But apart from unnecessarily high

Low income groups, the elderly and people who do not hold bank accounts can be

of the company involved, but it also "unjustly prevents certain groups from using credit cards as a means of payment." The report concludes that

protection are required on a European-wide basis.

It rejects suggestions by the banks that a European code of practice should be introduced, and says that nothing less than a directive from the European

denied cards. This limits the financial risk

minimum levels of consumer

Commission will do the job.

#### have little effect. It is within this apparent paradox that any kind of judgement on these events lies. It seems that Mr Mikhail Gorbachev has used the issue lined. of nationalities - the main subject of this week's Communist Party central committee plenum - to give the dual power system, of party and elected Supreme Soviet, its first major test. The central committee's

"platform" or policy statement, discussed by the plenum and now subject to editorial revi-sion, is generally vague and exhortatory, as was much of Mr Gorbachev's opening

speech. He explicitly leaves the for-mation of detailed policy to the Supreme Soviet, in its role as law-maker, noting that the republics "have substantially increased influence on the affairs of the country" through the make-up of the Supreme

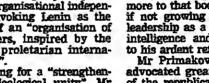
Soviet. Property, the "key issue" of perestroika, will be the subject of a law to be framed by the next session of the Soviet, opening on Monday: as will the nuts and bolts of economic

gone on between the centre

and the periphery but which is

now taking a parliamentary form, where the real freedoms

for the nationalities will be



area during the summer and reduction to the "minimum oecessary" at weekends and on public holidays, especially in the use of tracked vehicles such as tanks.

the UK had made "important concessions" over the Soltau-Lueneburg area. British forces

use this area, roughly 40km by 10km, under a 30-year-old

The charges come ahead of a package to be presented next Thursday by Mr Stoltenberg to a Bundestag committee limit-

ing low-flying training by Nato

combat jets. Yesterday's agreement on ground training involves a four

week pause in military operations in the Luenehurg

agreement.

# **Berlin accuses West** of kidnapping citizens

By Leslie Colitt in Berlin

EAST GERMANY yesterday blamed Western agents, slave traders and kidnappers for the exodus of its citizens from Hungary to the West in recent weeks.

The anti-Western and anti-Hungarian campaign in the Party newspaper Neues Dentschland was apparently designed to divert attention from growing demands for reforms by the opposition and the Protestant Church.

In a front-page interview in Neues Dentschland, an East German cook - and Party member - described how he was doped by a "kidnapper" in Budapest and woke up on a hus bound for Vienna. Mr Hartmut Ferworn, a cook on the East German railway, said be

was approached in a Budapest cafe by a man with a Leipzig accent who took him to a flat and offered him a menthol cig-arette. After a few puffs Mr Ferworn said he lost consciousness. When he came to he was sitting in a bus next to the man from Leipzig who told him they had reached "freedom" and were on their way to West Germany. "I was apparently given a narcotic," Mr Ferworn explained. "I was a victim of kidnappers, of criminals." Testimonials in the newspaanother former Justice Department official were also charged with violating secrecy, which carries a maximum prison sen-

tence of three years or a fine. Mrs Kopp became the first woman in the Swiss governper by 24 East Germans who spent holidays in Hungary and returned, spoke of their "indigment in 1984. She was forced to nation" over attempts by West German and Hungarian "slave traders" to lure them to the announce her resignation last December just days after being elected Switzerland's first woman vice president.

Former Swiss **Justice Minister** is charged FORMER Justice Minister Mr Elizaheth Kopp, the first woman in a Swiss government,

tested. But this cannot be intervesterday became the first ex-cabinet minister to be charged with a criminal offence, Reuter preted as downgrading the role of the party, at least not as Mr Gorbachev, probably sincerely, reports from Zurich. She faces conceives it. charges of violating official secrecy for allegedly warning her husband, Mr Hans Kopp, to His separate remarks on the

need to democratise and radicalise the party over the next 12 months point to a belief in an organisation which still acts as "the leading and guiding force of Soviet society" (to onote the constitution) hut one discovered from the vertical of quit a company subsequently linked with money-laundering, An investigation into whether Mrs Kopp - who was forced from office over the affair - should be charged disengaged from the particular and able to concentrate on with aiding and abetting a crime is being dropped. A for-mer personal assistant and refining the general.

It is a purified, dynamised and open party he envisages, "which, having advanced the idea of the profound democratisation of society... is simply obliged to restructure its own activity on democratic princi-ples and strengthen its ideolog-ical unity on the platform of perestroika

"Only this type of party, ren-ovated and profoundly demo-cratic in its essence, will be

Of the Politburo members who left, two - Mr Viktor Che-brikov, former head of the It is in these discussions, in the dealing and hargaining which has of course always KGB and latterly head of the KGB and lattery head of the law commission, and Mr Vladi-mir Shcherhitsky, Ukrainian party boss - were solidly in the conservative faction. The new men - as Mr Vladi-mir Kryuchkov, the present KGB boss, Mr Yuri Maslyukov, head of Gospilan the state

head of Gosplan, the state planning agency, Mr Yevgeny Primakov, chairman of one of the two houses of the Supreme control. Soviet and Mr Boris Pugo, for-merly Latvian party chief and latterly head of the party con-

#### Moscow 'wants Western help'

THE Soviet Union wanted eventual Western help in mak-ing the rouble convertible, but would not seek to tap Western markets for large amounts of general credit, the new Soviet ambassador to the European Community, Mr Vladimir Shemiatenkov, said yesterday, writes David Buchan in Brus-

Instead of credits, Moscow wanted collaboration in trainng, joint ventures, science, technology and monetary areas which would raise efficiency in the Soviet economy.

as a "slide into anarchy"? In expressing his refusal to begin unpicking the national territorial houndaries within the USSR (and for certain that would unleash a deluge), Mr Gorbachev freezes the conflicts in the Transcaucusus in their present, fraught, state: the Armenian-populated enclave of Nagorno-Karabakh, currently Brazauskas - that is, its mem-bers and cadres share the same wish for independence as their fellow non-party citizens? Does proletarian internationunder direct rule from Moscow, cannot be united with Armenia alism have any resonance nor restored to Azerbaijani

beyond party ranks, where there is no party terror to enforce? Mr Gotbachev is left The Abkhazians of Georgia remain under Georgian con-trol, which they hate, while the with the argument of economic self-interest; and much of the

Eventual convertibility of the rouble could not be achieved unilaterally, he told a seminar organised by the

accountants, Grant Thornton. "We expect this operation to be carried out with leading countries of the world," he said, but only after the Soviet Union had achieved a better balance on its consumer markets and reformed its price and banking systems. How-ever, "the political decision (to achieve convertibility) had been taken and was irrevers-ible," he said.

union.

waste issues.

4

flags and banners. From government buildings, built from the island's yellow ochre stone, cascading drapes fluttered in the autumn breeze. Roof-top hoardings extolled such poble the outcome described by Mr

virtues as "national unity". The latter has always been elusive. The 360,000 islanders have had an eventful quartercentury - particularly the pre-micrship of Mr Dom Mintoff, a Socialist who distanced Malta from the West and ran the island with an iron fist that often marred his economic and

social successes. Mr Fenech Adami's prospeech was taken up with figspeech was taken up with ig-ures showing first how interre-lated were the Soviet republics' economies and second how the hnge inequalities between them in Czarist times had been substantially ironed out. Western nationalists took power in 1987, pledging a sharp change of course. But not everything has changed. Malta remains a secular, neutral welfare state, and the

These are genuine achieve-ments, even if the cost was Socialists' nationalization of key corporations eeems unlikely to be reversed. unimaginably hloody - but

this is a dangerous time to be Ministers still enjoy enor Ministers still enjoy enor-mous power, and political hangers on seem to be picking up the bad habits for which the Labour party was punished at the polls – prompting Mr Fenech Adami to warn recently against corruption. stressing economic success as a reason for staying in the The paradox remains: Mr Gorbachev has had a successful week with his party, but he does not know if the people

One thing is different now. The once-omnipotent Catholic church has lost political sway, and Mr Fenech Adaml's rela-tions with the hishops are scarcely better than Labour's. scarcery better than Labour's. There is also some conver-gence over defence. The Gov-ernment has back-pedalled on its quest for closer military links with the West. Its ambi-tion is to join the EC. Practical problems have never been lacking during the past 25 years. But the owersil

feeling on the island is that the best years are yet to come, more so once both parties give up parish pump bickering.

FINANCIAL TIMES

year on capital investment, of which about \$1.2hn goes on environmental protection. Mr Gujer's comments were given added weight by Mr Joel Hirschhorn, a leading US authority on chemical waste disposal. He told the confer-Published by the Finaacial Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt Branch, repre-sented by E. Hugo, Frankfurt/Main, and, as members of the Board of Direc-tors, F. Barlow, R.A.F. McClean, G.T.S. Damer, A.C. Miller, D.E.P. Paimer, London, Printer: Frankfurt/ Societars-Druckerel-GubH. Frankfurt/ Main, Responsible editor: Sci Geolfrey Owen, Financial Times, Number Ono Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9RL e The Financial Times Ltd, 1939. ence that many chemicals groups in the US and Europe lacked commitment in tackling Mr Hirschhorn, who works at the US Office of Technology

FINANCIAL TIMES Ltd. 1939. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No 190640, published daily carept Sundays and holidays. US subscription rates 3365.00 per amunt. Second-class post-age and at New York NY and at addi-tional mailing offices. POSTMASTER, send address change to: FINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 50th Street, New York, NY 10022. tants and plant managers. But often these techniques could

Financial Times (Scandinavia) Ltd. Omergade 44. DK-1100 Copenhagen-K. Denmark: Telephone (01) 13 44 41. Fax (01) 935333.

# On the slow track at Le Mans . . .

#### Ian Davidson samples the new French high speed train

THE inaugural demonstration of France's new high-speed rail line between Paris and the West ran into a spot of bother on Wednesday, when demon-strating trade nnionists blocked the line and prevented the train from getting into Le Mans station. But the demonstration

proved two points incontest-ably: when the new-generation anity when the new generation train is under way, the TGV-Atlantique is significantly fas-ter than the existing TGV to Lyons - 300 kilometres per hour, compared with 270kph for the TGV-Sud Est; and at speed it is also significantly quieter, smoother and more comfortable.

The only uncomfortable moment came in a tunnel in the Paris suburbs, which set up a disagreeable booming noise. But in the open country it was easy to believe claims by railways officials that trials had achieved speeds of 410kph, slightly faster than the world rail speed record of 406.9kph held by West Germany.

Paris.

The new service is being

inaugurated eight years almost to the day after the original launch of the first Train à Grande Vitesse between Paris and Lyons in September 1981, and it marks not just a technological advance on the earlier system, but also a stepping stone towards a national

igh-speed network. In 1994 the SNCF railway of the higher speed are concen-trated in this first stretch: the corporation plans to open np a time from Paris to Le Mans third major line, the TGVwill be virtually cut in half, Nord, from Paris to Lille, the Channel Tunnel and the Benefrom 1 hour 40 minutes to 55 minutes, hnt the extra time lux countries; at the same time, the three lines will be linked by a circle-line outside Paris, so that it would be possi-ble to travel directly by TGV saved to Rennes will still only be 49 minutes.

The new line for the TGV-At-lantique has cost around FFr10bn (£1bn); according to from Le Mans to Lyons or from Bordeaux to Lille, without SNCF officials, this is less per kilometre than an autoroute. having to change trains in But on the strength of its experience with the existing TGV, the corporation is manifestly confident that the money will

At some later stage, the French also plan to huild a TGV-Est to Strasbourg and be well spent. In the years 1980 to 1984, the TGV-Sud Est enjoyed a 50 per

Germany. As with the original TGV, the very high cruising speeds plauned for the TGV-Atlanticent increase in traffic, and in the case of the stretch Paris-Lyons (where the speed advanque have required the building tage is the greatest), the of a special line which is

straighter, flatter and increase in traffic was 160 per smoother than standard track. cent.

But in both cases, the fast track only extends half way to A recent study showed that of the 18m travellers who took the TGV-Sud Est in 1984, 12m the ultimate destination: from Paris to Lyons, and from Paris to Le Mans (and next year, a southern fork to Tours). were existing users of this line, Im were previously travellers by road, 2m were previously air travellers, and 3m were As a result, the time benefits entirely new travellers. In the case of the Paris-Lyons stretch, the share of the traffic carried by air fell from 50 per cent in 1980 to 20 per cent in 1985.

One of the most significant effects of the speed of the TGV, is that the journey between Paris and Lyons only takes two hours. As a result, it has become increasingly common for businessmen to make round trips between the two cities inside a single day.

And Wednesday's trade union demonstrators? They were protesting at the increased ticket prices being introduced for the new line. The experience of the existing TGV suggests that husinessmen will be only too willing to pay for the convenience.

EUROPE'S chemical business is making slow progress at implementing new anti-pollnyesterday.

Mr Urs Gujer, chairman of a waste management committee set up by CEFIC, a Brusselsbased chemicals trade association, said there were problems in the chemical industry's attempts to change industrial

waste products at source through plant redesign. Mr Gujer, who is also head of environmental protection at Ciba-Geigy, the hig Swiss. chemicals group, said the cost of taking anti-pollution mea-

sures in the 1990s in order to meet the guidelines would be high, running into hundreds of millions of pounds across Europe's chemical industry.

Mr Gujer, who was speaking at an international conference on waste disposal in Geneva, said that many chemicals com-

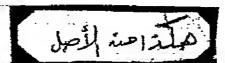
panies fully recognised an urgent need to review their dealing with waste emitted into the air or rivers.

**Chemical groups make slow** 

Europe's chemical companies of CEFIC anti-pollution guidelines produced in 1985 was proceeding more slowly than he hoped

nel efforts towards redesigning plants to eliminate waste from production, rather than dealing with it via clean-up measures such as water treatment

Assessment, a research of arm of Congress, said that too often companies ignored methods to He said that assuming companies put such waste reducdesign waste out of production tion ideas into operation, the bill for changing production processes could be large. While processes because of a hias against such ideas by accounmany European chemical com-panies spend 10 to 15 per cent of their annual capital invest-ment on environmental measave money in the long term by cutting waste disposal bills and using chemicals more ecosures, that proportion could rise to 25 per cent in the 1990s nomically, said Mr Hirschhorn.



for companies effecting new plant designs aimed at waste limination.

The European chemical industry spends about £10bn a year on capital investment, of But implementation hy

The Ciba-Geigy scientists said that companies often lacked engineering facilities, finance and resources to chan-

systems.

processes in order to eliminate

progress on cutting waste By Peter Marsh in Geneva

tion guidelines because of shortages of manpower and funds, a leading scientist said

### WORLD TRADE NEWS

#### Steel exporters Australian snow vies for resist revised US export award By Chris Sherwell in accord on quotas Sydney MAKERS of artificial snow,

#### By Nancy Dunne in Washington

US TRADE officials are heading towards a week of marathon negotiating sessions over steel quotas as the Sep-tember 30 deadline approaches for the expiry of the five-year US steel programme. What might have been an

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automatic renewal of current "voluntary" quotas (Voluntary Restraint Agreements VRAs) has become infinitely -more complex, partly as a result of the Bush Administration's determination to seek an international agreement on steel trade. Negotiations have thus been concentrated on two separate tracks: VRA renewal

and consensus agreements. The 29 VRA countries, whose exports have been limited to a 17 per cent to 20 per cent share of the US steel market, are heing asked to renew their heing asked to renew their quotas for two-and-a-half years, and, in many cases, to take smaller shares. It is believed that the US is basing its offers of new quotas on actual 1988 exports, while also trying to readjust the levels to correct chronic shortage

Worldwide steel demand was so strong last year that even US exports shot up. Several-countries failed to fill their quotas because they could get better prices elsewhere. Now

demand is cooling. The European Community. Japan, South Korea, Brazil and Mexico hold 87 per cent of the steel import market. Japan and the EC have been asked to reduce their shares, presum-ably to give larger slices to Brazil and Mexico, which have eliminated many of their subsidies and stand in greater need

of export earnings. Japan, which has held a 5.8 per cent quota, but last year accounted for only 4.3 per cent of the mar-Adding to the complications, the

US is attempting to standar-dise the product categories to bring them into conformity with the Harmonised Tariff Schedule. Some products will be transferred to other categories; others not previously cov-ered will be included.

US partners are also being asked to sign an agreement supporting the elimination of trade-distorting practices in steel. Japan has been asked to ber. forbid its trading companies from giving preferential treat-ment to its own producers

The prize for signing these greements is a portion of next year's 1 per cent increase in market share to be awarded. The bilateral pacts are to be absorbed into the Uruguay Round, presumably as an annex code to the subsidies

So far, no country is known to have agreed to the interna-tional consensus, although Brazil is said to be interested. More than a month of talks has only produced VRA agree-ments with Poland and Hungary, small players in the steel market, and the details of the agreements have not been released.

If agreements are not reached by the end of next week, the industry expects the current VRAs will continue to apply and shipments to be

rear-view mirrors, ophthalmic lenses and fashion bed-linen are among the collection of Australian groups hoping to win one of this year's national export awards.

ists across seven categories was unvelled yesterday. At a time when the country's external payments problems are worsening monthly, it is a reminder of the range of successful Australian exporters. The awards, organized by the government department,

Der. In the "new exporters" cate-gury is Permaanow, an artifi-cial snow technology company, based in tropical Queensland. Last November it signed mas-ter licence agreements worth A\$2m (£1m) with two large Japanese corporations. The maker of external rear-

cess has been a contract with Ford North America.

Austrade, and the Confedera-tion of Australian Industry, aim to recognise outstanding export achievement. Winners will be aunounced in Novem-

view mirrors is Britax Rains-ford, a South Australian group in the "medium manufacturer" category, whose exports have reached A\$5m per year. Its most significant export suc-

man border in East Germany. Mr Christian Schwarz-Schil-ling, Post Minister, has promised to change all that with his The diverse list of 35 final-Bundespost reform.

But the modernisation should be most swiftly evident in the field of mobile telephones, a mere adjunct to the reform. Currently the Bundes-post has 130,000 mobile phone subscribers. But for those phones, with poor reception and limited distance, subscribers have to pay hetween DM5,000 (21,630) and DM10,000 plus DM120 rental per month, and then DM1.75 per minute for a call.

By contrast in Britain there are more than half-a-million are more than half-a-million subscribers who pay less than DM1,000 for the equipment and about 80 pfennigs per minute. However, in 1991 West Ger-many will have two new com-peting networks plugged into the new European digital net-work. The Bundespost will run D.1 and a primer concern D-1 and a private sector consor-tium will run D-2, which means that for the first time there will be competition on a basic voice service (ruled out on normal telephones by the Bundespost reform).

Japanese husinessman West Germany's tele-

communications system must often seem as dynamic as the

system across the inner-Ger-

There are heady predictions

David Goodhart reports on a private sector scramble to take on the Bundespost of a German market of somewhere between two and four million for these phones and "a licence to print money" for whichever of the 13 consortia wins the private sector licence. Applications for the licence closed last week and a decision is expected on December 12.

But some voices are counselling caution. For one thing the licence winner will probably have to invest more than DM2hn in the required net-

There are predictions of a mobile phone sector which could become a licence to print money

work, and although the private sector consortium will be far more nimble than the Bundespost's Telekom division, the latter enjoys a head start of

several years. Also the disappointing sales of Slemens's integrated services digital network system suggests that the German market in high-tech telecommuni-cations products may be slower moving than expected, says Ms Doris Michel of Roland Berger consultants in Munich. She adds that if mobile phone penetration is too slow it may not be worth the private

sector licencee building its own separate network, hut instead it could share Telekom's infrastructure.

Some analysts believe that Mobilfunk, which includes Mil-even with two infrastructures licom and a team of middlethe Bundespost will do its best to make sure that each operator gets a roughly equal share of the market, prohably the only way of sustaining two profitable systems.

ered

The three favourites cur-

Mobilisation for German phone market

But for the moment the opti-mists hold the floor and their national of the UK. main interest is calculating to have an outside chance, which might look even better if which of the 10 consortia boasting some of the world's they were not also disadvanhest-known telecommunicataged by political factors, are tions companies as well as Some groups with a some of Germany's leading car-makers, engineers, and utilities - has the best chance of winning the licence, and with it a key link in a growing international business. chance of the contract are disadvantaged by political factors

Relative latecomers to the ame, like the Munich firm Peitz or the Harpener consor-tium - which includes the US company GTE - are not thought to have a strong chance. Nor is PMF (Private Mohilfunk), despite the fact that it was one of the first to Springer group which, as the publisher of several pro-gov-ernment newspapers, would be a controversial victor. That organise and has an extremely strong team, including British Telecom. Nynex Corp of the US, the giant utility RWE, and the Bayerische Vereinsbank. group includes the utility Bay-ernwerk, Olivetti, Shearson

However, the consortlum also includes Daimler-Benz. In Lehmann and Cellular Communications of the US. the light of its recent contro-versial takeover of MBB, it rently seem to be: D-Tel, led by car-maker BMW,; MAN, led by would be politically difficult, although perhaps not impossi-ble, to hand it the licence. In the engineering group of the same name; and Mannesmann middle rank is Deutsche Mobilfunk, led hy the diversi-

fied steel tubes group, Manneslicom and a team of middle-D-Tel also has Bell South of sized German companies gathtogether hy the

the US, Cofira of France, and Matuschka bank. In this divi-Racal of the UK. But possibly sion is another latecomer counting against. it also has DeTEL, which includes Berli-Veba, the diversified utility ner Electro and Europa Interwhich is often accused of wielding too much political Two other groups considered power.

MAN has with it ADAC, the West German motoring associ-ation, Ameritech and Bell Atlantic of the US, Bouygues of France, Societa Finanziaria Telefonica of Italy, and the Securicor Group of the UK. It also had, like several other consortia, its own cash-rich utility in the shape of Ruhrgas. But Ruhrgas pulled out on the prompting of two of its

Celtel and MohiTel. Celtel has the difficulty of being led by a state-owned diversified steel most important shareholders - Esso and Mohil Oil. It was group, Salzgitter, although the group also includes Deutsche Shell and McCaw Cellnlar Communications of the US. MobiTel is led by the Axel soon replaced by Hoesch, the steel-maker, which has been rapidly diversifying into telecommunications.

Mannesmann is joined hy the DG Bank, Pacific Telesis of the US, Lyonnaise des Eaux of France, and - a powerful advantage - Cable & Wireless of the UK, which has already accumulated considerable experience in this field.

Mr Erhard Kantzenbach, the former chairman of the Monopolies Commission, who has to provide the Post Minister with a recommendation by early December, has a tough two months ahead.



counted retroactively.

agree

agreement

Services trade talks enter crucial phase

By William Dufforce in Geneva

an international accord liberalising trade in services are due to be presented here today in the Uroguay Round negotia-

tions. The tabling of hhoprints by New Zealand and Switzerland. indicates that the dive by the US and other industrialised nations to obtain agreement on rules, which would open up global markets, for service on rules, which would open up show. By "binding" tariffs global markets, for service "nuder Gatt a country under-industries, is "affering a cru-thies not to raise its levels cial phase

Both drafts call for the

THE FIRST draft outlines of contain a "precise mechanism" for the progressive liberalisa-tion of trade in services. This would include regular multi-

lateral negotiations in which concessions would be exchanged. These concessions and those granted at the outset would be "bound" and embodied in country schedules of conces-

without paying compensation to its trading partners. Under

Agreement on Trade in Ser-vices (Gats) similar to the Geoeral Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt), which has gov-erned the expansion in world trade in goods for the past 40 years. Both set out programmes for a progressive lib eralisation of the full range of services, including banking, insurance, telecommunications, transport, tourism and

Negotiators who have already seen the papers favour the New Zealand draft. They say its more flexible approach offers a better chance of overcoming the opposition of many

developing countries. Wellington's proposal calls for a framework of rales and disciplines which would apply to all internationally traded services, but it recognises that universal application of Gats' provisions could not be immeliately realised.

It provides for a schedule of reservations, in which each country would spell out those areas to which it would not initially apply the obligations in the fra However, Gats would also

New Zealand's draft is flexible and offers a better chance of overcoming opposition of developing countries

the New Zealand plan, therefore, each country would operate a schedule of concessions and a schedule of reservations. Each would make some level of commitme nt as part of its entry fee to Gats. Levels of commitment would he essed hy combining the two schedules to ensure "broad comparability". Reservations could be made

on any law, regulation; admin-istrative practice or govern-ment, decision which affected the entry of a foreign service into a market, or the operating conditions of suppliers. But ervations would be seen as only temporary exceptions to

Gats general rules. By the end of this week, the group is due to decide on its next step. However, several developing countries said they were not ready to start draft ing the text of an agreement.

# Pakistan set to decide on communications project

By Christina Lamb in Islamaba

NEGOTIATIONS are under way for a contract for Pakistan's first private sector com-munications project. British Telecom, Cable and Wireless, and the Swedish company Convic, are the main contend-ers out to set up and run a mohile phone network in Pakistan's five main cities, while Digital Communications hope to get the contract for a

paging service in Karachi. The project will be Pakistan's first entry into cellular communications and is badly needed. When Ms Benazi Bhutto's Government took office in December the country. had just 700,000 connections for a population of 110m, one of the lowest per capita rates in the world. Her Government has promised to add 1.5m new connections in the next five years, hut with outdated exchanges already heavily overloaded, cellular phones are the only quick remedy.

The strein on the present system means there are fre-quent breakdowns and wrong numbers. Mr H.N. Akhtar, the Secretary for Communications, said that "estimated traffic here per line is three times

that of the world average. The maximum number of lines con nected to an exchange is sup posed to be 85 per cent, leaving 15 per cent free for mainte-nance, but here more than 95 per cent are in use."

Despite the urgent need for connections, only 69,000 new ones were added between July 1988 and April this year. There were at least 250,000 new appli-cations and the gap between supply and demand is increasing. The situation is so had that people make large sums by becoming telephone bro-kers. Listing themselves as clinics which get priority and greasing a few palms, brokers obtain several connections and then say they have moved house in order to get them relocated to their customers.

The cellular phones which are expected to be subscribed to mostly by businessmen, will be set up and operated by the successful company for the first seven years, enabling it to recoup the initial capital.

The Swedish Company, Ericsson, have won a contract to instal digital switches to supplement, then replace nidated exchange

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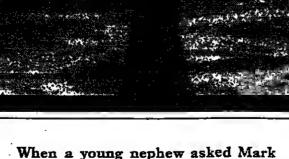
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### The Commercial Property Consultants.

Twain for investment advice, he was told, 'Buy land - they stopped making it!' such as Abbey Life to small family trusts. A timely reminder, perhaps, that

property has always been a sound investment. The question is which property? Because, without expert professional advice, your investment can, like Venice, produce that sinking feeling.





### **OVERSEAS NEWS**

# Thatcher's blunt attack on Japanese reality Australia stands Philip Stephens reports from Tokyo on likely trade gains from the British PM's visit

# firm on policy as deficit worsens

#### By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

AUSTRALIA'S Government, shocked by another explosion of the monthly current account deficit, yesterday ruled out fur-ther tightening in its monetary policy as the ooposition attacked economic management.

Figures for August released by the Australian Bureau of Statistics sbowed an unadjusted current account deficit of a record A\$2.58bn (£1.28bn), up from a revised A\$1.8bn in July. On a seasonally adjusted basis the figure was AS2.26bn.

Reacting yesterday, Senator John Button, the Industry Min-ister, called the figures "dra-matically bad," and acknowl-edged an "undoubted" need to change the mix of policies, but in the medium to long term. He insisted there was "no magic wand".

Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, said the figure did not mean the government's tight monetary policy wasn't working.

Mr Paul Keating, the Federal Treasurer, acknowledging that the deficit was "unsustainably high," said monetary policy was already exceptionally tight and official rates were high enough to do the job.

Earlier this month he had sounded a warning of poor fig-ures to come both for the balance of payments and the inflation rate.

But the deficit was far beyond the most pessimistic expectations, even allowing for the inclusion of a A\$153m Boeing 747-400 jumbo jet and a liquid natural gas carrier worth more than AS200m.

The merchandise trade deficit was a record ASL3bo, and

every category of imports rose. On the foreign exchange market the Australian dollar initially dipped sharply against the US dollar before recovering ground on expectations that interest rates might rise.

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

commitment by the world chemical industries to help

secure a global ban on chemi-cal weapons has added impetus for an international chemical

arms control convention in

According to delegates repre-

senting governments and chemical industries of 67

AN

Geneva

UNPRECEDENTED

from an explosion in protec-tionist sentiment assured satu-On a trade weighted basis it finished at 60.3 (May ration coverage in the Japa-1970=100), down from 61.0 on Wednesday but still above the 58-60 range it has traced in nese media. No-one in the Government or in the business community could have been left in any recent months.

recent months. On credit markets there was a sell-off of bills and bonds, driving yields higher. Rates on 90-day bills finished at 18.40 per cent, up from 18.25 per cent, while 10-year bonds finished et 13.50 per cent, up doubt of the contribution that she expects from Japan to evoid such a calamity. But as Mrs Thatcher leaves Tokyo today after her four-day official visit she can be far less certain that her message will produce decisive action by her

from 13.35 per cent. On the share market, the widely-watched All Ordinaries index finished at 1,715, down 19

Kaifu, the Japanese Prime Min-ister, took the sting out of a number of issues which have soured bilateral trade relapoints on the day. The index has now mean dered between 1,715 and 1,782 for six weeks, having soared up from 1,500 in the previous six weeks. Over the past week senti-

cent from 16.84 per cent.

son said.

**Chemical groups support** 

worldwide weapons ban

tions. She appears confident that two British companies seeking membership of the Tokyo Stock Exchange will finally be ment in the money markets has also turned bearish as admitted next year. Mr Kaifu offered a pledge that he will seek to ensure that expectations of an early decline in interest rates have begun to evaporate. At Wednesday's Treasury

tions.

tic market.

the recent boom in Scotch whisky sales in Japan is not undermined by aggressive marnote tender, the yield on 13-week notes jumped to 17.42 per cent from 16.98 per cent the week before. The yield on 26-week paper rose to 17.33 per spirits by local producers. The Prime Minister can also

MRS Margaret Tbatcher

undoubtedly made an impact in Japan. The British Prime Minister's typically blunt warning that the world's free

trading system is under threat

hosts to liberalise their domes-

Her talks with Mr Toshiki

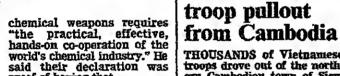
take comfort from evidence Mr Hawke said there was no need to revise last month's that British companies are doing much better. In the first six months of 1989, exports to Japan rose by 30 per cent to fi.lbn, against a 14 per cent rise in imports to £3.4bn

need to revise last month's budget projection of a A\$18.5bn deficit for the year to June. However Dr John Hewson, the shadow Treasurer, pointed out that the figure for the first two months of the financial year was already almost one-quarter of the projected total. The impact of the domestic pilots dispute, whose effects But Mrs Thatcher's call for a fundamental overhaul of the structure of the Japanese economy elicited a much more

equivocal response. It was met sometimes with a list of the measures that pilots dispute, whose effects have yet to show up, mean the economy is off-track, Dr Hewalready taken to curb the country's \$80bn current account He also forecast a rise in general interest rates and in surplus, sometimes with a typi-cally polite silence. Japanese officials also pointed out that politically-sensitive home loan rates, which currently stand at a record 18 per cent. His view is echoed by some bank economeasured as a proportion of national income, the surplus has come down sharply to less

than 3 per cent this year. Britain's analysis of what is needed is familiar. It is strik-ingly similar to that already undertaken by the US and rein-

Vietnam starts



THOUSANDS of Vietnamese troops drove out of the north-Reap yesterday at the start of Hanoi's final withdrawal end-ing an 11-year presence in the country, Reuter reports.

proof of having that. One of the key sticking points in the negotiations is challenge inspections, under which a country can demand Vietnam has promised to all out its remaining 26 000 to inspect another's suspect



Mrs Margaret Thatcher, pictured at a Tokyo press conference, yesterday voiced "great confi-dence" that the two British companies seeking membership of the Tokyo Stock Exchange will

be admitted next year, Philip Stephens writes. Her statement, at the end of her official visit to Japan, followed talks yesterday with Mr Noburu Takeshita, the former Japanese Prime

Mr Takeshita, who retains considerable influ-ence in Japan, was said to have raised the issue on Britain's behalf with the chairman of the Tokyo exchange and to have received assurances that Barclays de Zoede Wedd and

forces Washington's agenda for its talks with Japan on structural impediments to trade. Japan had "responded" to international pressure both to promote the growth of domesJames Capel would be offered seats. Mrs Thatcher, who leaves Tokyo for Moscow today, said that talks this week with Japanese government and business leaders had produced "useful" progress in strengthening relations and in resolving bilateral trade disputes. She voiced the hope that the 1990s would prove a "decade of unnecedented partnersitin

prove a "decade of unprecedented partnership and friendship between Britain and Japan". After a meeting yesterday with Mr Hikaru Matsunaga, the Minister of Trade and Industry,

and a private lunch with Emperor Akihito, Mrs Thatcher also underlined her call for further Japanese investment in the UK.

> restricted - meant that it was often impossible for foreign companies to penetrate its

The distribution system with its preponderance of retail

outlets tied to individual manufacturers and the restrictions on the development of larger stores - favoured domestic over overseas producers.

Massive subsidies for farm-Massive subsidies for larm-ers - accounting for 75 per cent of their incomes - froze out cheaper agricultural prod-ucts from abroad and contrib-uted to the artificially high price of land. The latter in turn significantly limited the spendsignificantly limited the spend-ing power of Japanese consum-

ers. Mrs Thatcher articulated the case well. She also got across her obvious frustration that while Britain was fighting the free trade corner in Europe. Japan was not repaying the advantages that that stance brought for its exporters. Ere their part however, the

brought for its exporters. For their part, however, the Japanese made clear that the type of sweeping changes in the fabric of society that Mrs Thatcher was seeking were neither practicable or likely in the foreseeable future.

Mr Kaifa's tennous political position ahead of elections due by next summer leaves him in by herr summer serves him in no position to upset powerful domestic interest groups. As one Japanese official com-mented, even a Government with a new and unchallenge-able mandate from the voters would find it difficult, if not impossible, to confront the power of the farm lobby. Nor is a response to Britain's com-plaints likely to be at the top of the list of his international topic of the second second second second the second second second second second second tends with the second second second second second second tends with the second second second second second second tends with the second second second second second second tends with the second se trade priorities.

By contrast, the US - with which Japan has a \$50km sur-plus - poses a far greater risk of a backlash against Japanese exporters.

The Tokyo Government's efforts over the next few months will be focused on defusing the threat of retaliation from the US where it faces a long list of complaints over products ranging from semi-conductors to wood products. If Japan does finally respond

to demands for structural change in its economy, it is clear that this will be more the result of pressure from the US Congress and Administration, rather than from Mrs Thatcher's visit to Japan this week.

# UK may lift curbs on Peking contacts By Philip Stephens

BRITAIN yesterday taised the possibility that it might soon move towards removing the restrictions on bilateral contacts with China announced after last Junc's violent suppression of student demonstrations by the Peking Consequent

demonstrations by the reamy Government. Speaking in Tokyo, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said that her Government's social responsibility for Hong Kong meant that "we shall ob-vinusly have to have more active relations with China."

Mr Thatcher refused to be drawn at press conference on when eractly the sanctions when exactly the sanchous -including a ban on arms sales and fresh loans and a freeze on ministerial contacts - might be lifted. Britain would have "to consider very carefully" its next close

"to consider very carefully its next steps. She emphasised, however, her determination to ensure that all the provisions of the Sino-British joint declaration providing for Hong Kong's reversion to China in 1997 were implemented. implemented.

It was Britain's responsibility to ensure that the accord was put into practice according to "the letter of the agreement and according to the spirit in which

it was made." Her comments left the impression that the Government is now carefully weighing whether it might have more leverage with the Peking authorities in negotiations over the colony's future if relations are normalised.

Responding to speculation in Tokyo that Japan may soon end its embargo on soft loans to China, Mrs Thatcher said that any such move was a decision which should be left to the Japanese Government. She called, however, for increased Japanese investment in Hong Kong to bolster confidence in the colony.

#### Lebanese. **16 Kuwaitis** politician assassinated By Andrew Gowers, By Lara Marlowe in West Middle East Editor

Beirut.

A 74-year-old Lebanese parliamentarian was assassi-nated yesterday morning as he walked from a barber's shop to his car in West Beirut. There

tic demand in its economy and The problem was that the

to remove traditional barriers

to imports.

markets.

very structure of the Japanese

economy - regulated and

Japan's Gross National Product contracted by 3.1 per cent on an annualised rate in its agenda for the meeting of finance ministers of the G7 leading industrialised counthe second quarter after 9.1 tries in Washington tomorrow. Japanese officials led by Mr Ryutaro Hashimoto, the Finance Minister, intend to tell per cent growth in the first quarter, when patterns were distorted by a spending spree on the eve of the introduction

pecking order. Japan, currently number

five, has argued for some time

that this ranking does not

on tax. Kodert 18 F.H Thomson writes from Tokyo. The GNP fall in April to June was predicted, as the general expectation for growth for the year is around 4.8 per cent, and the growth rate for the first quarter could not have been maintained. Private

Mr Eric Rasmussen, of Jarquarter results are "not terri-bly significant", although con-sumer spending will be worth watching in the third quarter, as a decline would have lon ger-term implications for growth and for trade policy, as imports would be affected.

consumption, which had

omy along.

fuelled domestic growth, remains slightly down, but capital expenditure, with a 2.5 per cent rise quarter on quar-ter, has been pushing the econ-

to death

Japan targets dollar's strength

By Stefan Wagstyl in Tokyo JAPAN plans to put the strength of the US dollar top of

t a com

position.

Saudis put

ference in Canberra this week has at last made a chemical weapons convention realistically achievable after almost 20 irustrating years of talking.

When the meeting finishes today, Senator Gareth Evans. Australia's Minister of Foreign Affairs, hopes to indicate the possible timing for an arms convention. The gathering's main achievement was down to the world's chemical indus-

tries. In a ringing declaration of "unequivocal abhorrence of chemical warfare," the indus-tries made their first joint statement of any kind and expressed their willingness to work with governments for a

chemical weapons ban. The only solution to the problem, they proclaimed, was global and verifiable convention requiring destruction of all existing stockpiles and production facilities and measures to prevent future production.

According to Senator Evans, success in ridding the world of

Seoul budgets for 20% rise in Time," in US terminology. Three countries are known to have chemical weapons -

the US and the Soviet Union, by their own admission, and Iraq, by inference from events in the Iraq-Iran conflict. Some 19 others are also believed to have them, but the actual

army commander, said 10,000 Vietnamese soldiers from two provinces were leaving Siem number remains unclear. The full horror of chemical weapons goes back to World Reap yesterday. They would arrive in the capital, Phnom War One, when the use of poisonous mustard gas killed an estimated 100,000 people, mainly soldiers. Iraq's use of Penh, on Monday and cross the border the next day. Mr Hun Sen, Prime Minister of Vietnam, returned yester-day from Bangkok where he discussed with his Thai coun-

poison gas was a sombre reminder of the need for an effective treaty. The developments in Can-herra come ahead of a key meeting in Wyoming today between Mr James Baker, US terpart, Mr Chatichai Choon-havan, about how to prevent the return of Pol Pot's Khmer Rouge. The group killed an estimated 1m Cambodians dur-Secretary of State, and Mr Eduard Schevardnadze, his ing their four-year rule until Soviet counterpart.

they were ousted by Vietnam-ese troops in 1979. Thailand funnels Chinese They are expected to discuss reciprocal exchange of data and experts on chemical weap-ons, which would take the Geneva negotiations further. and western aid to the Khmer Ronge and allows them to maintain bases on Thai land.

troops by Tuesday leaving dollar is "too high" trading at around Y145. A strong dollar Cambodian soldiers and mili-tia to face guerrillas along the will slow down the rate at border and in the interior. which the Japanese trade sur-plus and the US deficit can There is no independent moni-toring of the withdrawal. Major-General Hnol Savorn, Cambodia's fourth regional decline, they believe. While the trade accounts of both countries are now improving, Japa-nese officials believe that the dollar's rise this year is storing up trouble for the future.

Japanese officials think the West Germans will support their case for finding ways to close the gap between US interest rates and lower rates in West Germany and Japan which is drawing capital into the US.

"The dollar is too high." said reflect its true importance – It would like to leap-frog num-bers two, three and four – Britain, France and West Germany. The US fills the pole "The dollar is too high," said a senior Japanese Ministry of Finance official yesterday. "The current level is based in speculative buying. . . It is too high when we think of what has to be done to adjust the imbalance in trade." imbalance in trade."

Mr Toshiki Kaifu, the Japa-nese Prime Minister, was expected to raise the matter The relative lack of urgency this week at his meetings with Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, who is about macroeconomic issues will leave Japan free to pursue quite another matter at the

visiting Tokyo. But, to the sur-prise of some of his own offi-cials, he did not. Mrs Thatcher International Monetary Fund meeting which will follow the G7 session. This is the vexed and delicate question of Japan's position in the fund's subsequently indicated at a press conference that the mat-ter would eventually be resolved but not at next week's IMF meeting.

been preceded by a free and fair trial. "Feelings are very high and tense in Kuwait," At the IMF the issue has become bound up in the thorny question of whether to raise the fund's resources hy increasing the contributions of said one Kuwaiti Shia, who asked not to be named. "Even moderate Shias are seething." member states.

Mr Nigel Lawson, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, has said that Britain would not Saleh Johour of Knwait's Imam Hussein mosque, was reported to have been arrested, possibly to pre-empt outspoken attacks on Saudi Arabia during renegotiate rankings before an agreement was reached on the Friday prayers. A Saudi Interior Ministry increase in subscriptions.

logue to push peace efforts towards an international peace

conference," he said. "Could we possibly hold elec-tions under Israeli occupa-tion?" he asked. "I accept elec-tions, but under international auspices and as a way to peace.

Hence I suggested something similar to what happened in

Namibia, Why don't we try the same for the occupied territo-ries."

Defence Minister, said during a visit to Cairo on Monday that he accepted Egyptian media-tion. The Labour Party minis-ter also indicated flexibility on

the participation of Palestin-

ians from outside the occupied

Mr Yitzhak Rabin, Israel's

lens and sentenced four others to long jail terms for allegedly planting bombs during the pilgrimage to Mecca in July: was no obvious motive for the The public heheadings, which followed protests from Amnesty International about killing.

SAUDI - Arabia' yesterday executed 16 Kuwatti Shia Mos-

substantial Shia minority.

There was no official reac-tion in Kuwait. But local Shias

complained that the authori-

ties had not been sufficiently

energetic in speaking up for the detainees with the Saudi Government and that the exe-

cutions did not appear to have

A radical Shia cleric, Haji

undermine Saudi Arabia." First reports last month said 33 Kuwatti pilgrims had been arrested following the bomb-ings — in which one person died and 16 were wounded — but the fate of the remaining four is unclear. A number of Omani and Pakistani Shias were also arrested in July Int

were also arrested in July, but were freed after pressure from their respective governments.

The executed Kuwaltis

included teachers and stu-

dents, as well as a leading fig-ure in a Shia cultural associa-

tion which functions as a

quasi-political body in the

At the very least, the episode

highlights the tensions which

are still smouldering in the

Gulf more than one year after

emtrate

However, some Lehanese interpreted the murder as a the detention without trial and warning to deputies against participating in a session of Parliament scheduled for Sep-tember 30. The session has been opposed by Lebanese alleged torture of Knwaiti pilgrims, immediately inflamed tensions between Kuwait's Sunni rulers and the emirate's Christians,

Mr Nazem Kadri, a Sunni Moslem deputy from the Akkar area of the Bekaa valley, was shot at close range by three men armed with AK-47 automatic rifles.

There are now nnly 73 remaining members of the 99-seat Parliament. Twenty-five have died – at least four by assassination

This month's Arah League peace plan called for Parliament to meet next week to "prepare a charter of national reconciliation."

Mr Lakhdar Ibrahimi, the Algerian diplomat who is rep-resenting the Arab League tri-partite committee, is in Beirut to arrange a venue for the session.

statement said 29 Kuwaitis had been tried following the bomb-ings during the haj in Mecca in July. Of the 29, nine were acquitted and freed, including a former Kuwaiti MP and a unpriced compriles sion. General Michel Aoun, the Christian leader who has opposed the convening of Par-liament before 40,000 Syrian troops leave Lebanon, has been consulting with other Lebanese Christian leaders all week and is evaceted to desting the second municipal councillor, while four were sentenced to 1,000 lashes or more and jail terms week and is expected to give his formal response to the Arab League plan today. lashes or more and jail terms of 15 to 20 years. The Saudi Press Agency said those convicted had confessed to smuggling explosives from Kuwait in an attempt to "spread fear and chaos among the pligrims, to harm security in the holy glaces, and to undermine Saudi Arabia." First reports last month said

#### Sri Lanka ceasefire

Sri Lanka yesterday declared a unilateral three-day ceasefire in its fight against Sinhalese rebels who it says have killed nearly 900 people in the past month. Reuter reports from Colombo

Colombo. The Foreign Minister, Mr Ranjan Wijeratne, told Parlia-ment the ceasefire, beginning next Wednesday, would be extended if the rebel People's Liberation Front (JVP) responded favourably.

The move was announced a day after Indian troops halted military action against sepa-ratist Tamil Tiger guerrillas.

#### Ethiopian accord

**CAMOPIAN ACCORD** The Ethiopian Government and Kritrean rebeis have ended peace talks in the US city of Atlanta with an agree-ment to resume negotiations in Nairobi, Kenya, on Novem-ber 18, writes Michael Holman. A communiqué issued after the Atlanta meeting, chaired by Mr Jimmy Carter, the for-mer US President, described discussions as "constructive discussions as "constructive and productive."

Palestinian leader spars with Israeli 'cousins' By Tony Walker in Cairo

#### public spending By Maggle Ford in Seoul

"YOU ARE our cousins," declared Mr Yassir Arafat, chairman of the Palestine Lib-MR CHO SOON, South Korea's Deputy Prime Minister and eration Organisation, at one point in a long and spirited exchange with Israeli journal-ists about the PLO's desire for chief economic planner, yesterday received epproval from the Cabinet for his fiscal 1990 bud-

peace in the Middle East. Mr Arafat's press conference in Cairo yesterday, in which he endorsed Egyptian efforts to promote a peace dialogue, was dominated by heated discusget, which increases spending by 20 per cent. The budget marks a departure from past Government spending patterns by including a substantial element of public spending on social develop-ment, including agricultural restructuring, low rental houssion between the PLO leader

and Israeli reporters represent-ing most of Israel's media. The Israelis dropped any pre-tence of being neutral observ-ers as they debated peace ing and pollution control. The budget of Won23,O25bn (£22.2bn) assumes an economic growth rate next year of 7.5 per issues with a gesticulating Mr Arafat. It was not clear whether the sometimes emocent, a \$7bn current account surplus and an exchange rate of Won664 to the US dollar. tional exchanges added to pros The current rate is Won670. pects of peace in the Middle East, but they certainly showed that if the "cousins" Revenues from taxes are forecast to increase 21 per cent next year due to more efficient ever embark on negotiations it is likely to be a highly theatri-

collection and higher wages, although tariffs will fall. cal event. Average tax rates will decline from the present 18.2 Western and Egyptian reporters were shouldered aside in a press briefing domi-nated by combative Israel ouestioning. Mr Arafat was flanked by Dr Osama al Baz, a per cant to 17.6 per cent, although on a per capita basis they will rise. The budget is in balance. senior adviser to Egypt's Presi-

The Cabinet yesterday also endorsed a supplementary spending bill for fiscal 1989 of Won2,816bn, which will go for members Mahmoud Darwish and Abdullah Hourani. parliameotary approval.



Mr Arafat gesticulates during his press conference yesterday. With him is Mr Osama al-Baz.

over the "land for peace" issue is threatening the future of the

The PLO leader yesterday held talks with the Mr Mubarak for the third time in just over a week. Egypt is engaged in a determined drive to sell a 10-point peace initia-tive advanced by Mr Mubarak to bring Istaelis and represen-tative Palestinians together. One of Egypt's tactics is to use the media to appeal directly to deot Hosni Mubarak, and by **PLO Executive Committee** coalition government. Cairo has offered its "good Israeli public opinion.

Mr Mnbarak on Tuesday exclusively briefed Israeli reporters in Cairo as part of this approach. He called on Israel to endorse the principle of "territories for peace" in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Disagreement within Israel itself

Palestinians on Israeli-proposed limited antonomy elections for the territories. Mr Arafat indicated yester-

day that the PLO was awaiting Israel's formal response to the Mubarak initiative before committing itself to the 10-point plan. "Any Israeli-Palestinian dialogue is nothing but a dia-

offices" to facilitate prelimi nary talks between Israel and

territories in negotiations on the conduct of elections. Mr Arafat has demanded the inclusion of such exiles in any negotiating team as a condition of the PLO's acceptance of the election plan.

Mr Yitzhak Shamir, Israel's Premier and leader of the right-wing Likud bloc, has, however, adamantly rejected the participation of exiled Pal-estinians in any preliminary

negotiating process. The press briefing ended in some disarray, with the "cons-ins" - Mr Arafat and his the ceasefire between Iran and Iraq. Kuwait has since exchanged ambassadors with Shia-ruled Iran, but Sunni Sandi Arabia appears not to be responding to recent concilia-Israeli interlocutors - both seeking to have the last word." tory Iranian signals.

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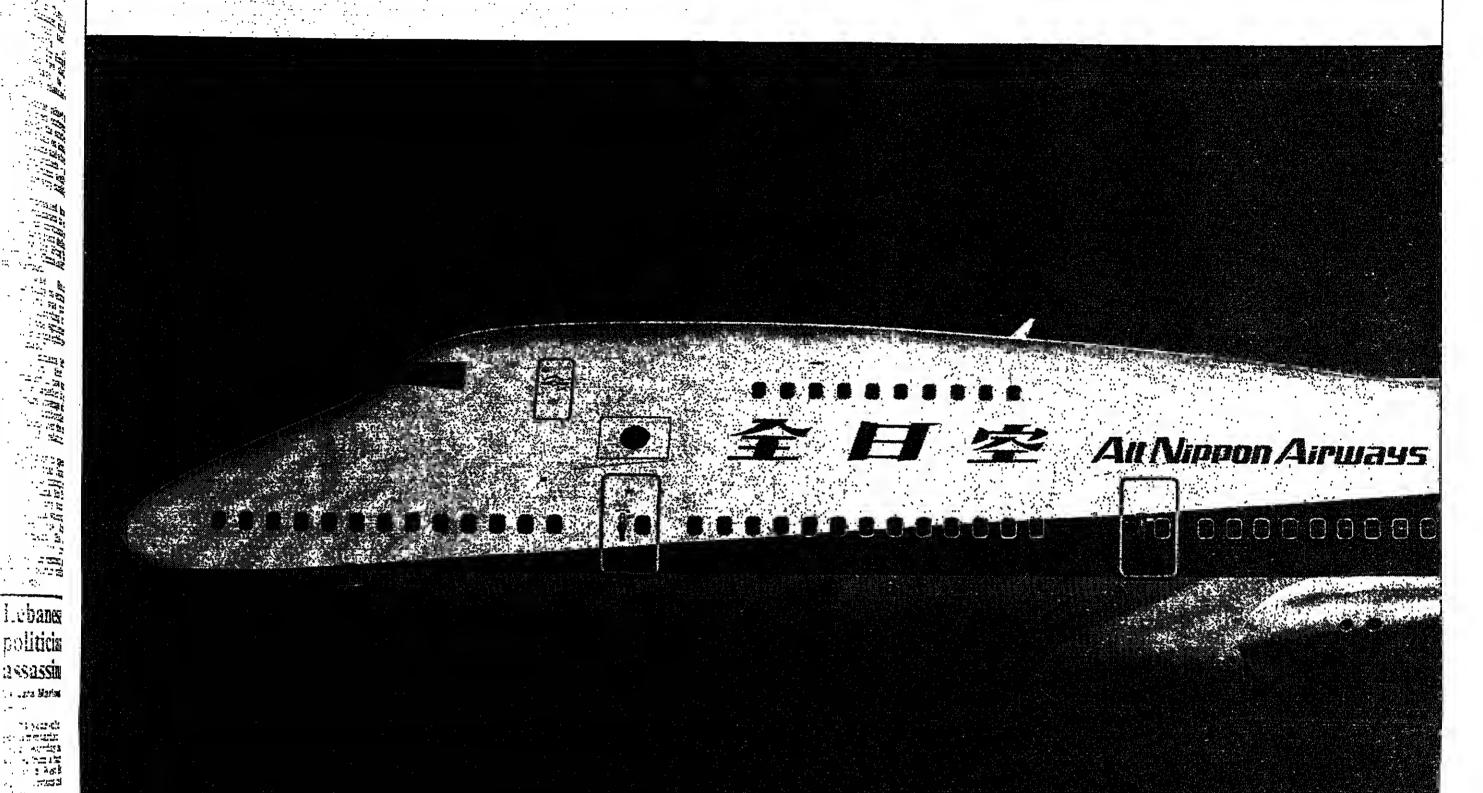
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#### AMERICAN NEWS

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# Colombian police point to UK mercenaries' role

THE HEAD of the Colombian secret Virgilio Barco and his National Secu-police, General Mignel Maza Marquez, rity Council bad been told of the pres-This HEAD of the Colombian secret police, General Miguel Maza Márquez, has told a Senate committee in Bogota that training of local paramilitary groups by British and Israeli merce-naries from 1987 led to massacres and assassinations, including that of Sena-tor Luis Carlos Galan, the man most likely to have won the Colombian pres-idential election, reports Sarita Kendall in Bogotá. in Bogotá.

Gen Maza confirmed that President

stances in Colombia had prevented open discussion and that the country had lived with the drug problem in ence of foreign mercenaries. Ques-tioned in Congress on Taesday, ministers claimed that they only knew silence, believing it would pass. Congress has also been thrown into

of the mercenaries through the press. "It is undeniable that the new escalaaproar this week by the revelation of a black list, alleged to contain the names tion of violence is largely due to the of Colombian rongress members who instruction given by mercenaries to our nationals, which has resulted in are to be refused entry to the US becanse of drug-trafficking connec-tions. Senator Alberto Santofimio Botindiscriminate terrorism," said the general. He explained that circumero, a potential candidate for the ruling

Liberal Party's presidential nominatioo, and reported to be one of nine Liberals on the list, said he still had a valid tourist visa.

The Foreign and Interior Ministers have been called by Congress to answer queries next week about the list, and have been asked to question the US embassy about its antbenticity.

Early yesterday morning, 10 hombs exploded in the capital causing extensive damage.

swimming in their pool - for

social acceptance is what most of the drug lords want.

Five years ago, top traffick-ers met the then attorney-gen-

eral and a former Colombian president in Panama. They did not offer - although it is often

reported that they did - to pay the foreign debt, but they did

offer to close their businesses and bring their fortunes to Col-

ombia, in exchange for an

amnesty. Then - when their reputa-

tion was less murky - such a proposal was not taken seri-

ously. Yet now, saddled with what they see as a futile war, certain Colombians have

suggested talks with the traf-

What can be discussed, and

fickers.

A USAir Housing 737 carrying 63 people skidded off a runway at LaGuardia Airport in New York early yesterday and splashed into the East River after the pilot had tried to abort the take-off, authorities said. Two people were killed.

# **Congress unveils plans to** encourage personal saving

By Anthony Harris In Washington

NEW plans to encourage individual saving in the US,and to discourage short-term profit-taking in the securities markets, are emerging as Con-gress strives to produce a Budget agreement before the Octo-ber 15 deadline.

The Democrats in Congress are trying to consolidate oppo-sition to the Administration plan to cut capital gains tax by uniting round an alternative alan to revive tax concessions for personal savings.

for personal savings. This might be financed by adding a 33 per cent band to income tax, to apply above \$150,000 annually. Meanwhile support is growing in both par-ties for proposals to tax pen-sion funds on their short-term securities trading, and may win Administration support. win Administration support.

The idea is being sponsored by Senator Lloyd Bentsen, chairman of the powerful Finance Committee, and Sen-Nancy Kassenbaum, a senior Republican. Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady, who has expressed worry about "shorttermism" in the markets, said yesterday that the idea was "of course" under study in the Treasury, though he cautioned

against "precipitous" action, The plan could also run foul of the President's "now new taxes" election pledge. The Democratic leadership is mainly concerned to unite some effective opposition to the Administration capital

UK urges

wider debt

gains tax plan. The party whips concede that there is at present enough "renegade" Democratic support for this plan to pass on a vote in the House, but they hope that the rebels can be per-euaded to switch to a more popular alternative. This is now centred round Sen Bent-san's plan to revive the tax sen's plan to revive the tax concession for individual retirement accounts (IRSAs). which was abolished as part of the 1986 tax reform legislation. However, the party is still divided on how this plan should be financed. The Senate majority believes that this question can be left for the 1991 Budget, since its initial revenue cost would be low, but their opposite number in the

Committee said vesterday that

the high-rate tax would raise

icit by \$20bn. He claimed that

this was the first proposal to

By James Buchan in New York

reduction.

nomic policy" he said at a prese conference yesterday. Meanwhile Senator Bentsen Meanwhile Senator Bentsen eustained his attack on the capital gains tax proposal sponsored by and supported by the Administration, which would cut the tax to 19 per cent from its present 28 per cent until the end of 1991, and index the tax thereafter. index the tax thereafter.

Addressing a breakfast meet-ing of the US Chamber of Com-merce. Sen Bensten said the measure could have a serious effect on the stock market. Investors would rush to dump existing assets to take their profits during the reduced-tax period. They would then lock in new investments, and hope for "some similar windfall" in the future.

By contrast, a revived IRA concession would encourage saving, reduce the cost of capi-tal to industry, and help the US trade account. The Depart-ment of Commerce yesterday announced that its final estimate for second-quarter GNP growth was the the economy expanded at a 2.5 per cent annual rate, down 0.2 per cent from the revised 2.7 per cent estimate published last month. \$35bn, enough to cover the esti-mated \$15bn cost of the IRA proposal, and to reduce the def-After-tax profits of the business sector are now estimated to have fallen by 7.2 per cent,in his was the first proposal to evote new revenues to deficit eduction. "This is very sound ecodevote new revenues to deficit

US generic drug

inquiry widened

House urge simultaneous action to raise to tax rates. This is being presented by the Democrats as a measure of equity for the middle classes, who would benefit from the savings scheme, and is clearly intended to embarrass the White House should a veto be proposed. Rep Leon Pannatta, chairman of the House Budget

RESIDENT Virgilio Barco of Colombia is enjoying little credit at home for the anti-drugs war which has won him applause abroad. Even so, in the month since the murder of Senator Luis

Carlos Galan, the person most likely to have won the presi-dential election next year, and the introduction next year, and emergency decrees, the author-ities have chased the cocaine traffickers out of their opulent haunts and kept their organisa-

More than 2,000 properties have been raided, 900 vehicles and aircraft taken and more than 1,200 weapons captured. But, of the seven imprisoned suspected dealers who might have been extradited to the US, only one middle-ranker has been sent there for trial. Three have been released and three cases are pending. So far, direct retaliation by

the traffickers has not been as fierce as expected: three dozen farms and vehicles have been burnt, there have been 40 bombings - mainly of banks - and there have been five deaths, apart from the assassi-nation of a former mayor of Medellin. Yet it can be argued that the Government is on top. Time is short, however. The Supreme Court's ruling on

made within three weeks. in the past, most state-of-siege decrees have been approved; if the court now throws out extradition and confiscation, everyone will assume it has

whether the anti-drug decrees

are constitutional musi be

activists who work in educa-tion and legal aid programmes. If the authorities had man-

ing that the Government has neither the military nor the political strength to rout the traffickers, remains sceptical and apathetic. Representatives hurriedly left Congress before cabinet ministers arrived to put the case for passing legislation based on the emergency

anti-drug package. In the aftermath of Galan's death, the cocaine cartels were

seen as the greatest threat to Colombian democracy: a nar-cotics dictatorship, behind var-ious front men, lurked in the wings. However, as the full

Sec. 27

Difficulty of doing Washington's bidding

Sarita Kendall appraises domestic obstacles to the Colombian war on drugs

1

tory rather than tackling the of seeing the neighbours' kids problem at home.

Nationalism is an important factor in the drug war. Confusion about the number of US advisers in Colombia, anger at the Government's evasion on the presence of foreign merce-naries and at the US role in the collapse of the coffee pact all excite criticism of what are seen as unreasonable foreign demands on Colombia.

The costs of maintaining the anti-drug offensive are multiplying. Damage to properties is prohably the smallest item in a bill which includes the effect on tourism, local business confidence, foreign investment and the exchange rate. In recent weeks the central bank's local dollar purchases (at a teller's window where oo questions are asked) have fallen to about half the normal amount.

with whom, is not specified, even some government offi-cials admit the possibility of a dialogue with traffickers - but Public identification with the Government's war is already melting away. To many, it has become a contest in which Mr Mr Barco has given a firm no. Already in his last year of office and with a weak Cabinet, Barco and the police are pitted the president has set himself a against Mr Pablo Escohar, Mr Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha and hifficult, if not impossible, task. Parties and candidates their gunmen. are focusing on elections due

Trafficking groups in Cali and other cities have dug into oext year. Mr Barco and his indefatigathe regional economy without ble police commander need a creating coospicuous armies and challenging the local elite. They bave had the satisfaction speciacular success if they are to keep the anti-drug cliensive

Barco: Short of time

# implication of anti-terrorist

decrees emerged and as US equipment strengthens the military, rather than specialist nolice units, points of view have shifted.

Senator Ernesto Samper, one of the leading candidates for the Liberal Party presidential nomination, spoke out against the danger of "Vietnamisa-tion", with the US moving the drug war into Colombian terri-

from fizzling out. SAVINGS. SHARES.

HOW THE ONE CAN LEAD TO THE **OTHER IN YOUR COMPANY.** 

on the other hand, some of the measures - such as the fact that suspects can be held incommunicado for seven days raise questions about human rights. Left-wing groups have reported searches in poor urban areas apparently uncon-nected with trafficking targets. At least some of those detained are well-known human rights

# aged to net one big trafficker in the first month, Mr Barco might have won greater domes-tic support. The political and business establishment, believ-

#### poorest

relief for

### By Stephen Fidler in Kingston

BRITAIN has admitted that an extension of the Toronto con-cessions, which provide debt relief to the poorest countries in sub-Saharan Africa, should

be considered by creditors. Mr Richard Ryder, Economic Secretary of the UK Treasury, thid the Commonwealth finance ministers, meeting in Jamaica, that the UK believed a broadening of the concessions to countries outside Africa should be discussed by the Paris Club.

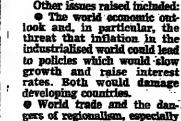
The Toronto terms agreed at the 1988 economic summit, provided for countries pursuing economic reforms to receive concessions on their debts to Western governments. This is done in one of three ways - through forgiving a part of the debt, reducing interest rates or extending repayments terms to 25 years. British officials agree there is little logic in the confining the concessions to Africa and

concessions to Africa and excluding poor countries such as Bolivia and Bangladesh. Even so, problems exist in agreeing to an extension in some creditor countries, nota-bly the US and West Germany. The low-key meeting, tradi-tionally a prelude to the Inter-rational Monetary Fund and World Bank annual meetings in Washington, has been domi-nated by the debt issue. There is agreement among

There is agreement among developing countries with debt problems that the Brady initiative, which advocates a reduction of the commercial debts of middle income countries, is too limited.

There has been some sympathere has been some sympa-thy with the call from the Jamaican Prime Minister, Mr Michael Manley, that up to half of overseas development assistance should be devoted to a reduction of debts to offi-cial emittican cial creditors.

chail cremtors. Another concern has been that countries such as India and Zimbabwe, which are pay-ing external obligations, should not suffer through the focus on problem debtors. Other issues raised included:



.

gers of regionalism, especially as posed by the single Euro-pean market.

INVESTIGATIONS by the Federal Government and Con-gress into practices in the generic drug industry have widened to include Eli Lilly and American Home Products, two of the most illustrious names in the US nharmacentinames in the US pharmaceuti-cals industry.

The two companies have stopped distributing drugs from two plants amid allega-tions of sloppy manufacturing practices and inaccurate claims about the drugs made there. While both companies say the drugs made at the plants are safe, the allegations are seen in the industry as quite embarrassing to them.

American Home, based in New York, said it had temporarily stopped production at its generic drug subsidiary, Quan-tum Pharmics, to allow investigators from the Food and Drug Administration, which is responsible for licensing drugs, and the parent company to examine Quantum's Long

Island plant. The investigations panel of the House Energy and Com-merce Committee has also asked for documents about the plant to check allegations of 'serinus discrepancies" in

applications to the FDA for drug approval. The House panel, chaired by

Mr John Dingell, a Michigan Democrat, has also asked for data from Eli Lilly, the venerable Indianapolis drug company, after FDA investigators found evidence of quality-control problems at one plant making brand-name pills and capsules. Last week, Lilly halted distri-

bation of 10 drugs from the plant\_ The generic drug industry, which makes cheaper versions of branded drugs once they come off patent, has been under investigation ever since evidence turned up last year that some manufacturers were bribing FDA officials to gain

approval for their products. Some companies were also found to have substituted the branded drug for their generic version in key tests. The inves-tigation is a big setback to the industry, which has grown strongly in the 1930s as doctors and hospitals in the US have been forced to seek ways of cutting health-care costs.

However, the involvement of Lilly marks an enlargement of the investigation into the mainstream US drug industry.

## **US south-east prepares** for impact of Hugo

#### By Canute James in Kingston

By Carning sames in Kingston THOUSANDS of people were evacuated from islands and coast of the south-eastern US yesterday, in the face of the impending impact of a rejuve-nated Hurricane Hugo. The storm was expected to hit the coast early this moning, with effects felt from northern Flo-rida to North Carolina. Forecasters say the hurri-cana, which gained strength yesterday and had winds of 110 miles per hour, would soon of devastation in the north-

miles per hour, would soon weaken after striking the mainland

eastern Caribbean, with wide-spread damage in several islands, mainly Puerto Rico, the US Virgins and the British colony of Montserrat. Several hundred US paramilitary personnel were sent yes-terday to St Croix in the US Virgin Islands, after reports of widespread looting by armed gangs, said to include members of the National Guard. **Governor** Alexander Farelly

of the US Virgins said he had nainland. not requested troops to control The hurricane has left a trail the looting.

### Carter backs opposition aid

PRESIDENT George Bush yesterday won the support of araguan elections, said as long as the money is used in accor-dance with Nicaraguan law, it yessernay won the support of former President Jimmy Carter for spending \$9m to aid the anti-Sandinista opposition in Nicaragua's elections next year, AP reports from Wash-ington. will benefit the political pro-cess. He spoke with reporters after meeting the president. The Nicaraguan election law requires that half of any

Mr Carter, who as head of the Atlanta, Georgia-based money coming into the political process from outside the Council of Freely Elected Heads of State will lead an observer delegation to the Niccountry be given to the coun-try's electoral council that runs the elections.

Have you ever thought that it would be a good idea if your employees had a stake in the future of your company?

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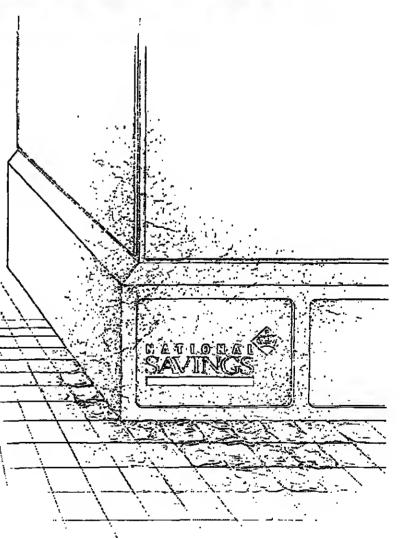
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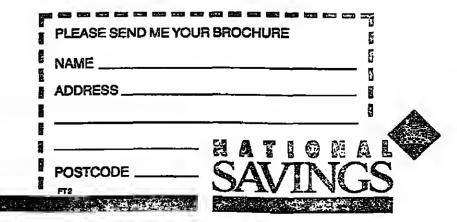
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#### THE SAVINGS SPECIALISTS





# **UK NEWS** Eagle Trust banks ask for chairman's resignation

# **Engineering unions select** sites for strike ballots

By Charles Leadbeater, Paul Betts and Nick Garnett

market.

THE leaders of Britain's eogineering unions yesterday called industrial action bailots covering about 23,844 workers at the heart of the British aerospace and engineering sector in their mounting campaign to win a reduction in the working week to 35-hours.

The Confederation of Shiphuilding and Engineering Unions, which represents the 12 main unions in the industry. selected three Britiso Aerospace sites, two sites at Rolls Royce, the eero engine manufacturer, a Smiths Industries factory which makes aircraft iostrumeots sod cootrol systems and NEI - Parsons' Newcastle plant, which has a full order hook for turbine generators for power stations in Iraq and Hong Kong. The dispute could become

one of the most significant in the private sector since the late 1970:

The unions have been planning the hallots since April, when talks with the Engineer-ing Employers Federation hroke down. They are confi-dent they will get strong support in voting over the next three weeks, especially from manual workers who generally work 39 hours a week. Clerical staff work between \$7 and 37.5 hours a week.

The CSEU executive will have 28 days after the ballots close to decide which plants to call out on strike. Industrial action could seri-

ously disrupt production at the three aerospace companies which are working at full stretch to meet orders from the booming commercial aircraft etrike fund of £7m. with

The BAe plant at Chester, north west England, supplies the European Airhus pro-gramme, which is struggling to week. meet production targets for a growing order book. The com-pany's plants at Preston, also workers on strike, and offered about £100 a week in take home pay, the fund would be exhausted in four to five in the north west, and Kings-ton, south London, are involved in production of the European Tornado fighter air-craft and the Harrier military weeks. The CSEU called on the com-

panies to open talks on reduc-ing the working week. British Aerospace said it was opposed Industrial action at the two Rolls Royce plants, which pro-duce components could affect to any reductioo in hours, how-ever NEI-Parsons said it was the entire company, which is hard pressed to meet demand prepared to reduce the working week to 37.5 hours, as long as the unions agreed to productivfor engines after an overtime ban last year. ity improvements previously proposed by the EEF. The largest customer for the Smiths Industries site selected for the strike hallot, which

Mr Peter Brighton, the EEF's exports 70 per cent of is pro-duction, is Boeing, which is director geoeral accused the unions of using the workforces at the plants as shock troops for a claim which would destroy many of their members jobs. facing an increasingly heavy Action at NEI-Parsons could

not merely affect work on its

backlog of orders.

investigation, have demanded the resignation of Mr Malcolm Stockdale, the chairman and current orders but its chances of winning contracts in Malay-sia and with National Power chief executive. A letter was sent hy the con-sortium, which consists of three power stations in the UK. The company's main com-petitor GEC-Alsthom is not tar-Lloyds Bank, Standard Char-tered Bank and National West-minster Bank to Eagle's offices getted for action. The unions have set up a on Wednesday saying that

because of "adverse publicity" and "disunity on the Eagle hoard" there were questions about Mr Stockdale's suitabilanother £1m from a levy of their members. Mr Bill Jordan, the AEU president said the levy was collecting £500,000 a ity as chairman and chief execotive. If the unions called all 23,844

approach.

THE creditor banks of Eagle Trust, the UK industrial hold-An £80m hanking facility was set to expire yesterday and ing company which is the sub-ject of a Serious Fraud Office the banks said they would be willing to extend the facility if a new chairman and chief executive were found by September 29. It is believed a candidate has been suggested hy Coopers & Lybrand, the accountancy firm which is advising the

banking consortium. Mr Stockdala, who is also chairman of Iroquois Brands, the US industrial company was appointed to the board of Eagle Trust in May. His camp hit out yesterday at the banks' action, pointing to the problems Mr Stockdale has faced since taking office. Mr Stockdale is also

said to be coocerned that shareholders' interests might conflict with these of the creditor banks.

Eagle has been forced to call in the Department of Trade and Industry and the Serious Fraud Office to investigate a be traced by the auditors. In the first few days after Mr Stockdala was appointed, he discovered that the company was at the limit of its hanking facilities and has since been restricted in its ability to make

payments. The Stockdale group said that two group subsid-iaries - Eagle Express and

MCP Building Supplies - had been "haemorrhaging money" and had had to be put in liquidation and administration respectively.

And attempts to reduce the accounts And attempts to resure the group's borrowings by selling subsidiaries had been frus-trated by the fact that until earlier this month. Mr Stock-dale had been in a minority on Mr Stockdale has faced criti-cism, and the threat of legal action, from some Eagle Trust shareholders because of Iroquois' failure to pay for a 12.9 per cent stake in the group. the Eagle Trust board. On Wednesday, three Eagle Trust directors were dismissed giving Mr Stockdale effective

He says this was because of his concern over warranties control of six sents on the sevgiven hy Mr John Ferriday. Bagle's former chairman and chief executive, who resigned en-member board.

A circular is set to be sent to shareholders over the next few days, announcing an annual iast May.

# Greens divided on single leader

By Ralph Atkins LEADING Green Party members yesterday appeared divided abont tactics over pacts with other parties but signalled that they wanted no significant change to their sys-tem of leadership hy co-chairs

By Philip Coggan

While some speakers at the party's annual convention in Wolverhampton yesterday appeared anxious to leave the door open for possible pre-election pacts or power-sharing in governmeot others favoured more of a "go-it-alone"

In her opening speech Ms

Sara Parkin, one of the most promineot speakers, received warm support hy both mem-bers of the conference and other senior members when

other senior members when she opposed proposals to intro-duce a single leader. However, there is likely to be more controversy abont a motion proposed by Ms Parkin and likely to be dehated on Sunday which proposes seek-ing agreement with other oppo-sition parties th combine sition parties th combina against the Conservative Party on the single issue of electoral There is a strong lobhy hers attended.

within the party which believes that the radical differ-ences between Green and other policies make such alliances politically unrealistic. Ms Jean pointically intrealistic, as Jean Lambert, party speaker, said: "It would require the Labour Party to admit that they are finished as a political party." Yesterday the party opened its higgest ever conference with little sign of the disorgan-

isation some had feared. Instead the growth in the party's membership was given unprecedented media attention. An estimated 700 mem-

# DTI may not prevent Ford bid for Jaguar

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Correspondent

FORD, the world'a second FORD, the worn a second biggest carmaker which has announced its intention to buy 15 per cent of Jaguar, the UK inxury car maker, could press ahead with a conditional offer ahead with a conditional offer regardless of the Government's "golden share," which does not expire until December 31, 1990. A takeover before that date A takeover before that date hy Ford, or any other com-pany, would be complicated, but it would be possible with the approval of Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Trade and Industry Secretary and the backing of three-quarters of the Jaguar shareholders.

A auccessful hid would require a change in Jaguar's

articles of association, which limit single shareholders to a

maximum stake of 15 per cent.

who holds the golden share,

golden share.

Such a move would be con-sidered a variation of his rights, but could go through simply with his "consent in

general meeting, and Eagle Trust is planning to send out Section 212 notices which are

to discover the beneficial hold-

ers of a number of nombree

Government officials were at pains to point out yesterday that Ford had made no approach seeking such consent. However, it is understood sent nowever, it is understood that the Government would be unlikely to withhold approval of an action backed by a quali-fied majority of the Jaguar shareholders and the Jaguar board.

The Jaguar board will meet today for the first time to con-sider the Ford approach, which it described earlier this work as "unwelcome

Unions at Jaguar said yesterday they were opposed to any takeover, merger or collabora-tion deal which threateoed

maximum state of 15 per cent. This would require the approval of a special resolution by three quarters of the share-holders at an extraordinary meeting, which can be called hy any holder of at least 10 per cent of the equity. Such an action could still be blocked by the Secretary of four vital areas. They said said Jaguar must retain its research and develop-ment capability. its own paint and body facilities, traditional Jaguar methods of car assemhly, its existing power train production and its dedicated marketing system.

blocked by the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, who holds the £1 special right redeemable share, the so-called Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said in Tokyo A change in the articles con-cerning the 15 per cent ceiling on shareholdings could still be pesterday the proposed Ford stake "seems to me to strengthen Jaguar because it blocked by the Secretary of will give them more outlets. I think we can get more orders." Rolls-Royce plans, Page 10 State for Trade and Industry,

The cost of this work is under discussion between BR

and the two consortia, and

executives will only say that the total cost will be "several

hundred million pounds," tak-

ing the total cost to around

It is the cost of additional work which has pushed the project beyond the point where the private sector consortia

can achieve their required real rate of return of between 12 per

"I cannot say that the proj-ect was viable on this basis before including the additional

environmental spending, but what is categorically beyond doubt is that the changes make

it more difficult to bridge the

gap," one senior executive said yesterday. P art of the problem is that BR and the private

agree about traffic and revenue

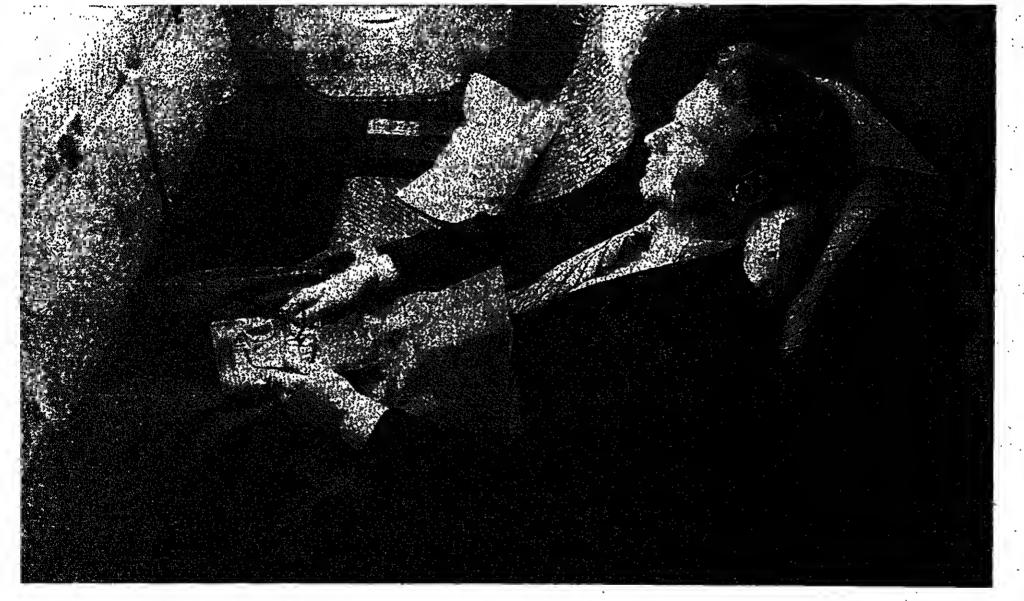
The forecasts being used by the private sector are rela-tively optimistic, but not high enough to provide a commercial rate of return. BR is stick-ing to more conservative traf-fic forecasts which would not

forecasts for the line.

cent and 15 per cent.

Time running out fast for finance on high-speed link





### Kevin Brown on BR's funds race

£4.5bm.

egotistions are going . on virtually round the clock to find a way of financing the escalating costs of the proposed high-speed railway line from London to the Channel Tunnel.

British Rail and the two private sector consortia compet-ing to build the line continue to claim that there is hope of keeping the project alive - hut time is fast running out. Mr Cecil Parkinson, the

Transport Secretary, has apparently given up hope that a solution will be found in time for an announcement to the Conservative party conferences in the second week of October. But some form of agreement will have to be reached within a few weeks if BR is to meet the parliamentary deadline in November for a private bill to authorise the establishment of a joint venture company and the construction of the line.

There is a great deal to talk about, not least the escalating cost of the project, which new appears likely to cost around \$4.5bn at outhurn prices (allow-ing for inflation, but not inter-est charges) est charges).

BR executives say the basic scheme announced in March this year will cost around 25bn at outturn prices, including more than fibn for environmental improvements included after government pressure.

On top of this, BR wants around £1.1hn for Channel Tunnel rolling stock and improvements to lines in Kent and South London. BR could finance this separately, since it will have to run trains on existing track for several years after the tunnel opens in 1993 whether a high-speed line is built or not.

H owever, it is seeking to include this element in joint venture financing because it regards the years before the high-speed line opens as an integral part of the project.

This approach is not thought to pose great difficulties for the two consortia, headed by Trafalgar House and Peninsu-iar and Oriental Steam Navigation. Indeed, passenger ser-vices in the early years after the opening of the tunnel could provide a revenue flow to help finance construction work on the new line.

However, there is a real problem over the cost of 60 extra environmental improvements BR believes are essential if the private bill is to stand any chance of passing through parliament.

project. On the slow track at Le

# Lufthansa

هلداعة لأجل

provide even the real rate of return of 8 per cent required by nationalised industries. Discussions between BR and the consortia centre around the structure of the joint venture company to huild and operate the line. Officials have taken on board a suggestion that the company have a small amount of equity finance, possibly split 50/50 between BR and one of the consortia, and a large amount of loan finance provided by the banks, with the

vince by the banks, with the balance coming from an issue of redeemahic preference shares, convertible debentures, or some other form of non-eq-However, this might be diffi-cult to sell to investors without

some form of Government guarantee, and could compli-cate the future flotation of BR as a private company because of the difficulty of allocating the debt between successor Companies

. Mr Parkinson yesterday announced the early retire-ment of Mr David Kirby, vice chairman of the British Railways Board, and the appointment as chief executive of Mr John Welsby, the direc-tor in charge of the high-apeed Channel rail link

Mans, Page 2

HE NEEDED A PARTNER WHO WOULD BE THERE THROUGH ALL THE LITTLE UPS AND DOWNS

s resignat

not preve

ning a

1.61

Philip Foster now heads a revitalised Norwich Corrugated Board after staging a management buy-out of the company from Tarmac plc. That makes him Chief Executive of the UK's largest non-integrated

manufacturer of corrugated board for industry.

Philip, to put it mildly, is very big in

cardboard.

Of course, he needed a little help from

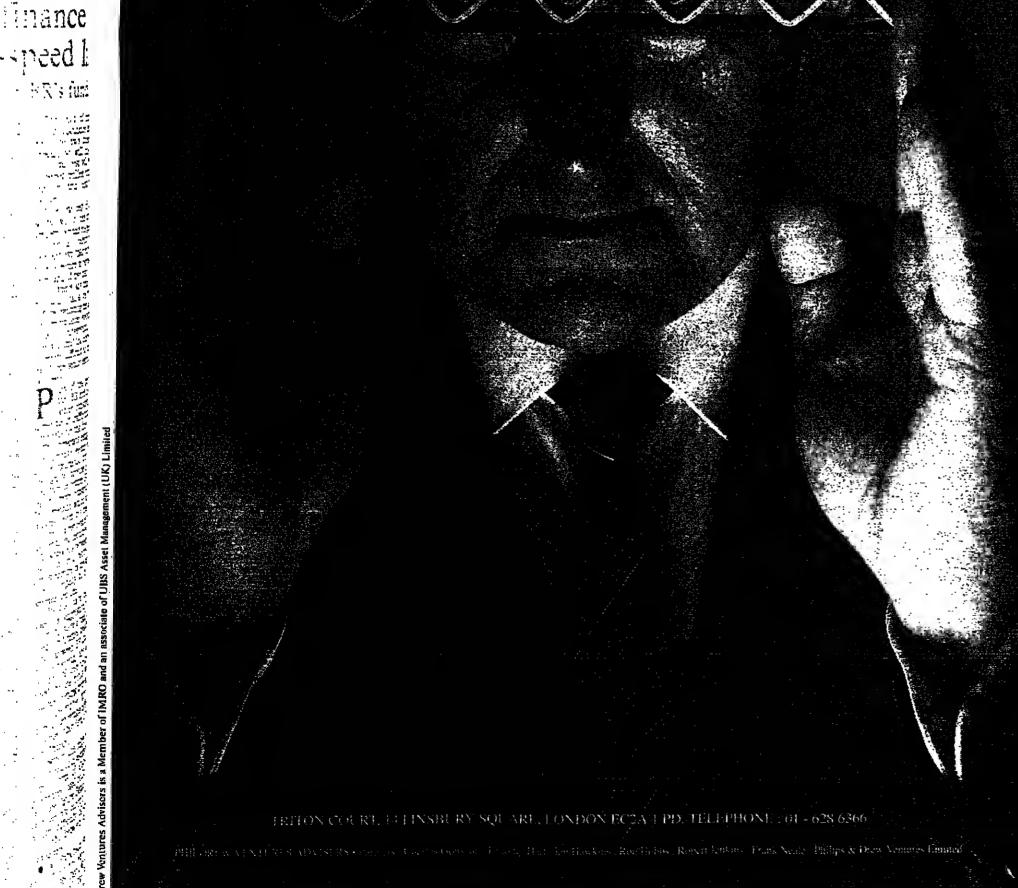
Phildrew Ventures to wrap up a deal worth

£36 million.

Phildrew arranged the buy-ont and used its £105 million equily fund to underwrite the total finance package. As a measure of our confidence and commitment, we relained a substantial

equity holding for our own book.

Philip Foster, for his part, seems pleased with his choice of partner.



We can only blame our enthusiasm for seeing the job through.

Or the way we stuck by him during

six months of ups and downs, nurturing the

deal with patience and perseverance.

As for all the other venture capital

companies that made overtures to Norwich

Corrugated, clearly they didn't have what it takes in Philip Foster's eyes.

In the nicest possible way,

he sent them packing.

PHILDREW VENTURES Creative Capital For Management Buy-Onis

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### **UK NEWS**

# Alleged security leaks intolerable says Irish PM

#### By Our Belfast Correspondent

MR CHARLES HAUGHEY, the Irish Prime Minister, yesterday condemned as intolerable and appalling a string of alleged security leaks hy Northern Ireland police and part-time soldiers to loyalist terrorist groups.

His comments came as Mr Hugh Annesley, the Royal Ulster Constabulary Chief Constable, moved to ease nationalist fears and political anxieties over seven alleged leaks, involving 83 republican terror-ist suspects, which are under investigation by Mr John Stevens, the Deputy Chief Consta-ble of Camhridgeshire.

There have also been allegations that loyalist paramili-taries used leaked security forces files to extort money from Belfast building contrac-

Mr Haughey said the "daily revelations" of security leaks in the north built up "an appalling picture. The present situation cannot he tolerated and must be resolved."

Mr Annesley insisted that the RUC was committed to "deeply concerned" about alle-gations that some security per-sonnel had colluded with the Ulster Freedom Fighters, a loyalist terrorist group. He said the RUC, the North-

ern Ireland police force, would not tolerate wrongdoing in its own ranks, or flinch from tackling it in any other branch of the security forces.

THE Retail Consortium, the

trade hody representing retail-ers, yesterday wrote to Sir Gor-

eral of the Office of Fair Trading, complaining that the

operation of Visa dehit cards

adds to retailers' costs and

results in higher prices, writes

Retailers can accept the dehit cards only if they also accept Visa cards, under the

'honour all cards" rule which

Maggie Urry.

Borrie, the Director-Gen-

**Retailers say debit cards** 

At Belfast High Court yester day, a Crown lawyer said an Ulster Defence Regiment soldier accused of murdering two Roman Catholic men targeted them for murder squads operated by the UFF.

Opposing an application for bail hy Andrew Browne, aged 25, a former regular soldier, the lawyer said Browne had passed the names of 14 people he sus-pected of being in the IRA to a contact in the Ulster Defence Association.

He is accused, with two other men, one of them also in the UDR, of murdering Mr Longhlin Maginn at Rathfri-land, Co Down in August, and Mr Liam McKee at Lishum, Co Antrim in June.

The lawyer said Mr Browne followed the suspects around Belfast and South Down, tak-ing notes on their movements, acquaintances, and passed the information to his UDA contact, knowing that the UFF - which has strong links with the UDA - had a hit squad carrying out murder attempts. A lawyer for Browne said he got involved with the UDA after seeking its help to stop people smashing windows in his home. The UDA made clear

in return that he owed a favour and that if he did not co-operate they would "sort him out.

The hail application was

debit card as a cheque.

### **Rolls-Royce** unveils investment programme By John Griffiths

ROLLS-ROYCE. the Vickers-owned luxury car maker, is reorganising production processes as part of a £20m investment programme expected to culminate with a new Rolls-Royce and Bentley range hv 1996. Mr Peter Ward, chief execu-

tive, said yesterday that pro-ductivity had already risen sharply through the introduc-tion of flexible production facilities. They were being intro-duced in stages and would co-ordinate all aspects of the company's operations in a cen-tral database, Mr Ward said. Further gains were expected

from re-equipment over the next few years. Mr Ward also said that Rolls-Royce was taking on a 250 more workers to help meet rising demand. The main site at Crewe, north west England, employs 4.000. Another 600 work at the company's Mulli-

ner Park Ward coach works near London. While Mr Ward refused to make specific sales forecasts, Rolls-Royce appears poised once more to break through the annual sales figure of 3,000, not seen since the mid-1970s.

World sales reached 2,134 in the first eight months of this year, up 18 per cent on the period of last year. Last year's overall sales were 2.801 - a far cry from 1,700 to which sales slumped in the early 1980s recession.

The company has also reduced its dependence on the North American market, where a downturn has hurt other European luxury carmakers.

While the company's North American sales remained virtu-ally static in the first eight add to costs, affect prices months at 726, compared with 724 in the same period last the banks operating credit year, sales in the UK have risen hy 20 per cent, making Britain Rolls-Royce's single cards have established. Retailers believe the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, largest market for the first which reported on credit cards time in the company's recent

last month, was restrained from commenting on debit cards because its terms of refhistory. The UK 786 sales in the first eight months accounted for erence only covered credit nearly 27 per cent of the world cards. The consortium says small retailers have to pay two total while the share taken by North America fell to 34 per or three times as much for a cent from just over 40 per cent transaction using a Connect last year.

THE CULMINATION of one of the great, centu-ries-old marathons of scholarship and publishing - the production of a new translation of the Bible - was celebrated in London yester-

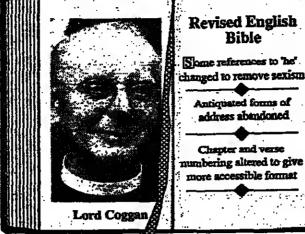
day. Next week, the Revised English Bible will go on sale around the world, with an hitial 100,000 copies in bookshops in the UK and 200,000 in the US, where it will be included in book club catalogues. Editions will also be published in Canada, Australia and the Far East, and worldwide sales are certain to run into millions.

The new Bible has been in preparation for 15 years. It is designed to supercede the New English Bible, which appeared in New Testament form in 1961 and complete in 1970. The publication of the New

English Bible was greeted with controversy over the quality of its literary style. Members of the team responsible for the latest translation have been far more concerned than their predecessors to produce a Bible which will sound dignifed when read aloud in churches.

But the New English Bible team has not repeated its pre-decessor's use of a panel of decessor's use or a panel of contemporary literary giants to advise on phraseology. Some writers, including the late Philip Larkin, the poet, and Mary Stewart, the novelist, were consulted, hnt so were typists, proof-readers and copy editors working on the project. It is hoped that this has given the final version a more natural style and broader appeal. Many readers are likely to

consider that the Revised English Bible makes more elegant use of contemporary English than other recent



translations. Oxford University Press and Cambridge University Press will publish the Revised English Bible in the UK. The university presses have pro-duced bibles since the late 16th century and the revision has been financed from the pro-ceeds which the two publishers receive from the New Engish Bible.

Lord Coggan, former Arch-hishop of Canterbury and chairman of the joint committhe of the churches responsible for the project, said yesterday that the aim had been to offer "dignity of diction, integrity of scholarship and intelligibility." The new Bible is distinctive in being the first fully accume

in being the first fully ecumen-ical one in English. Represenical one in English. Represen-tatives of the Church of England, the Church of Scot-land, the Roman Catholic Church, the Methodist, United Reformed and Baptist Churches, the Salvation Army, Quakers and Moravian Church

were all involved in the prepa-

ration of the final text. The Revised English Hible dispenses with those refer-ences to "thee" and "thou" which survived in the New English Bible, but reverts to a more conventional chapter and verse presentation to make it easier to read aloud.

Another novel feature - and the one likely to attract most popular attention - is the con-scious effort which the translators have made to avoid the use of "man", "men" and other sexist language in passages referring to both seres. Thus the Authorised Ver-sion's "true Light, which ligh-

storts true heat, which light into the world" becomes the "true light which gives light to everyone." It is now "whichever of you is free from sin," rather than "he that is without sin," who is invited to cast the first stone.

Good News for modern persons Alan Pike on publication of a new, non-sexist version of the bible impossible," says the new Bible on the subject of salva-tion, illustrating in the course of doing so a problem so far as the English language is con-By Eric Short

A Bible produced in neutral inclusive language would involve changing the interpre-tation of the ancient sources and, carried to the extreme, require removing references to the Son of God and the King-dom of God. But the transla dom of God. But the translators came up against more basic problems as well.

"Modern English is not too well equipped to express gen-der in inclusive terms," says the Rev Prof William McHardy, former regius professor of Hebrew at Oxford and the projast year. ect's director of revision.

Because of this problem, some attempts to introduce non-sexist language start more promisingly than grammatical accuracy compels them to con-clinde. The Authorised Version's "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends," becomes "There is no greater love than this, that someone should lay down his life for his friends." Similarly, "If a man says I love God and hateth his boother he is a har " becomes brother, he is a liar," becomes "If someone says 'I love God' while at the same time hating his fellow-Christian, he is a

cerned.

With apoken English cur-rently adapting to the use of sexually inclusive terms, however, it is likely to be acceptable to sort ont such problems during the next complete revi-sion of the Bible, some time in

the next century. Standard versions of the new But a Bible purged of all sex-ist language? For men this is or £9.95 with Apocrypha.

for company cars and improve

ments to public transport.

especially buses. The institute concedes that.

Left-wing think tank endorses road charges

THE Institute for Public Policy Research, the recently formed left-wing think tank, yesterday sprang a surprise in its first policy document by endorsing

Birkbeck College, London, was set up to counter the iniluence

claims that it would discriminate against the less well-off. The report's main conclusion is that growth in car owner-

ship, forecast to rise by 142 per cent by 2025; can be catered for only by encouraging more discriminating road use. The institute sees road pric-.

ing as part of a comprehensive transport policy which includes other measures such as the removal of tax subsidies

Home loan figures show signs of revival

THERE are signs of confidence returning to the UK housing market after more than year. according to figures issued yes-teaday by the Building Societes Association.

These show net new commit-These show net new commit-ments in August rising by nearly \$500m to \$4.32bu from July's £3.83bn. The Abbey National, Britain's second hig-gest building society before its summer stock market flota-tion, has been excluded from the past two months' figures, rendering misleading any com-parisons with the same period.

Mr Mark Boleat, director general of the BSA, said the figures suggested that building societies were continuing to increase their abare of the mortgage market. Most recent estimates suggest they account for at least 65 per cent of new

inortgage leading. Building sociaties have had the advantage of being ahls to hold home loan rates steady for several months because interest rates on savings have also remained steady. At pres-ent, money is thesper is acquire from private investors than from the institutions.

House price fall effects queried

RECENT falls in UK house prices may not dampen eco-nomic activity as hoped, the Ernst & Young ITEM Club, which produces economic forecasts, said yesterday, writes Simon Holberton.

Last year's 23 per cent house price inflation added £171.4bm We the value of Britain's hous-ing stock, estimated at £925bn at the end of 1988, the pan-Eu-ropean study said.

To UK individuals, their wealth tied up in housing is twice as important as it is to Germans, and one-and-a-half times as important to the French and Italians.

road pricing would hurt the rich less, but claims that the As house prices rise in the UK there is less need for indigreatest beneficiaries would be public transport users. It favours using a pre-paid smart card inserted in a smallviduals to increase the amount of current income they save for future expenditure. Money is spent instead, which puts in-car computer, which would register charges when the vehicle was in restricted areas. upward pressure on prices.

of free-market think tanks

By Kevin Brown, Transport Correspondent

congestion.

the introduction of charges for road users as a way of easing The institute, chaired hy Baroness Blackstone, master of

nomic Affairs. chosen the controversial sub-

such as the Adam Smith Institute and the Institute of Eco-Ms Patricia Hewitt, deputy director, said the institute had

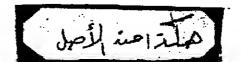


Guess who didn't send it by Federal Express

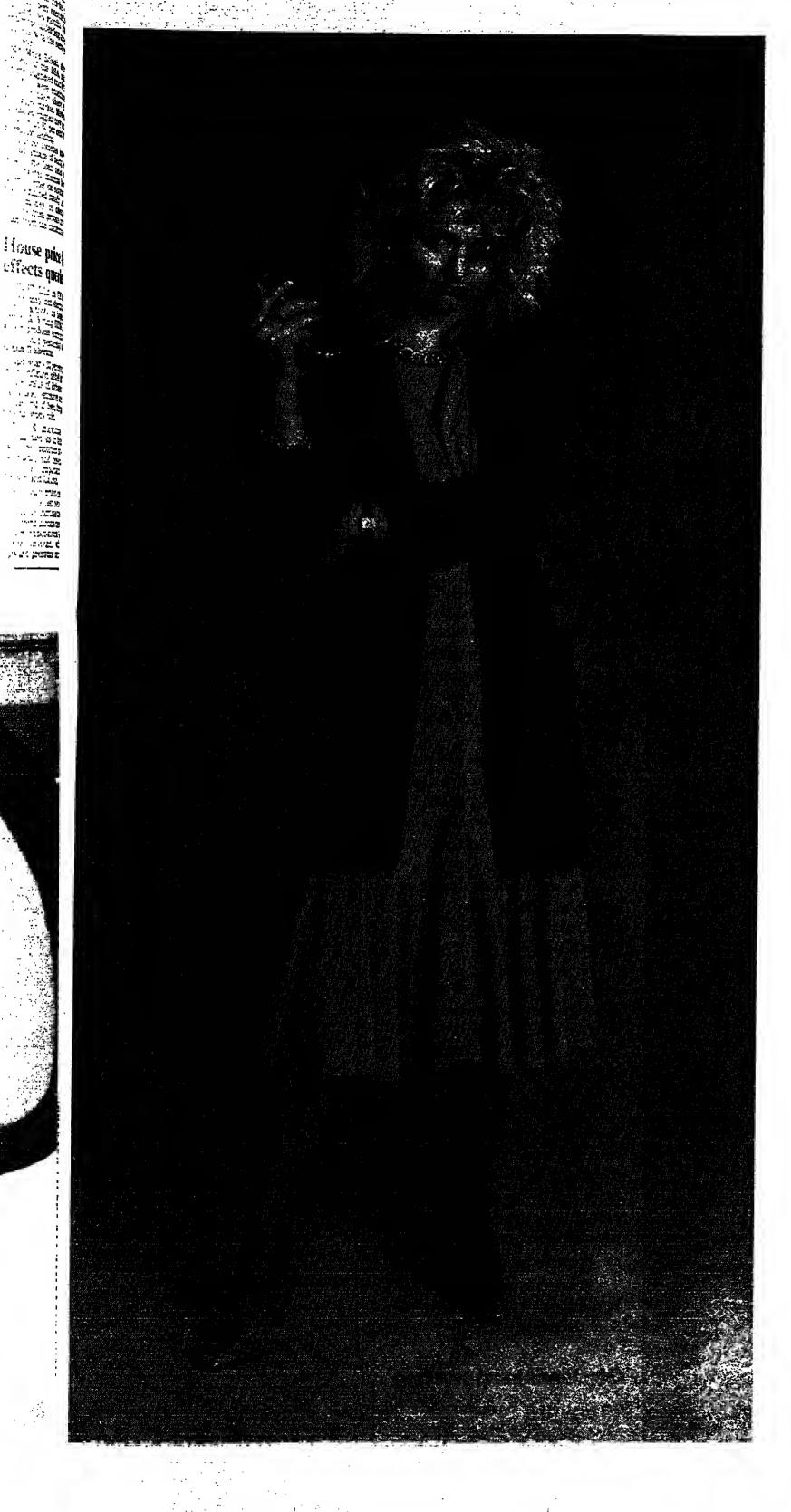


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# <u>Sirkka Nieminen</u> Our Senior Trader on the Secondary Markets Desk.



Homela

figures"

Shane Longman may not be the largest merchant bank in the City of London – but it is definitely one of the sparkiest.

11

And few of its staff are sparkier than Ms Nieminen, pictured here.

She's volatile and short-tempered. She's talented, too. But when things start to go wrong, Sirkka's not above lashing out at anyone who annoys her.

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She's as tough as an ox. She's as brave as a lion. And when things start to go wrong,

she drinks like a fish.

Sirkka may be a magnet to trouble, but she's going to be one of the most popular characters in Thames Television's new drama serial, "*Capital City*."

It's a compelling new serial, researched in the real world of high finance and executive stress. It's got a lot of very powerful characters and it's on at 9 o'clock, on ITV, on Tuesday nights.

Sirkka probably wouldn't watch it, because she'd be down at the wine bar, getting into trouble.

Why not stay in, put your feet up, and join her?



Shane Longman

A merchant bank worth watching.

12

**BUSINESS LAW** 

# Director's personal liability: the increasing risk

# ver the last 18 months the number of circumstances in ment. The answer may be yes. and his assessment

to the wall (section 214).

The first reported decision

involving section 214 was Re Produce Marketing Consortium Ltd (in Hquidation), before Mr

Justice Knox in March of this year'. This was a case brought

by the liquidator of Produce

Marketing Consortium seeking from its two former directors a

personal contribution to the

f over £100,000.

ssets of the defunct company

The litmus test of section 214 liability is whether the direc-

tors "knew or ought to have

known" of the impending calamity. In the Produce Mar-

keting case the facts were suffi-ciently clear, in that the most

recent auditors' report had spe-cifically warned the board of

the risk. A finding of personal

which, in theory, directors may find themselves personally liable for wrongs which they might formerly have believed to be those of their company has risen signif-

icantly. Earlier this year, in two entirely separate cases, the High Court made decisions which should serve to emphasise that this widening of per-sonal civil liability is far from illusory and can be of major consequence to those involved. Historically, directors of lim-

ited companies have had something of an easy time in the liability stakes. The opportuni-ties for an aggrieved party to seek legal redress have been tightly drawn, and the stan-dards imposed by the courts on the occasion when such mat-ters have been brought before them have not been uniformly

high. Various explanations can be put forward for this, one of which is the practical difficulty which is the practical unity of finding e common yardstick to apply to a body of people who by and large do not share any common qualification. However, since the enact-

ment of the Insolvency Act and the Company Directors Disqualification Act in 1986, it has been possible to detect a sea change – in Parliamentary thinking at least. The question was whether judicial attitudes would mirror this develop-

and his assessment of the con-tribution figure to be awarded ment. The answer may be yes. The Insolvency Act intro-duced for the first time the against the directors. concept of "wrongful trading"

The court took note of the fact that Parliament has an activity for which a director may be found liable at the suit of the company's liquievinced (in the 1986 Act) its intention to widen the scope of dator should the company go the relevant legislation in this area - specifically by remov-ing the need for any intent to defraud or fraudulent purpose on the part of the defendant In the simplest of terms this potential liability arises where the board continues to permit

the company to trade (and thus (none was found in the Produce Marketing case). The necessity to prove intent had been the block over which to incur liabilities) in circumstances where it ought to have known the company would fail.

almost all previous attempts at holding directors personally responsible (fraudulent trading) had stumbled. However, the judge did not believe that the fact that fraud was not found should mean

that the level of contribution (which the Act makes a matter for the judge's discretion) should be nominal. Parliament appeared to intend to punish something other than just frand, thet is something lower

in the culpability scale. Contribution was ordered in the sum of £75,000, against an amount claimed of £107,946, although clearer judicial guidelines as to how the appropriate figure should be arrived at Hot on the heels of this development came the decision

liability was, therefore, not surprising. Of greater interest, however, in Sounders v Harvey<sup>2</sup>, not a case involving statutory liabil-ity, but one which also serves was the preliminary reasoning applied by the judge in decid-ing his approach to the case, as a pointer.

JONES LANG WOOTTON.

Since the case of Hedley-Byrne v Heller's, English law has recognised that in appropriate circumstances a party might be held liable for negligent mis-statement. This has been despite the fact that losses arising from negligent mis-statement are likely to be purely economic, recovery in respect of which the Courts seem consistently to have set their collective face against in

other areas of Tort law. The question which arose in the Sounders case was whether a representation made on company headed notepaper could be construed not merely as the representation of the company concerned but as that of the director responsible, such that he might be held personally liable under the principle in *Hedley-Byrne*. In the *Saunders* case the court decided he could

could. In this particular case the unfortunate Mr Harvey effec-tively was the company and it was his expertise, not the com-pany's, the clients wanted. This is not an uncommon posi-tion with many small limited

The mis-statement in ques-tion here was contained in a letter on the company's headed paper, bearing Mr Harvey's ref-erence, signed for him hy his wife. That was enough: Mr Harvey was found personally liable.

Although the Court did not

feel that, in reaching its decision, it was extending this area of liability, still the decision has been received as a departure and as illustration of a wider trend towards personal hiability. One can see this mirrored in

various other aspects of pres-ent day society. The aftermath of the Zeebrugge tragedy has seen P&O and certain of its directors facing allegations of personal liability (this time criminal liability) arising out of their perceived responsibility for those dreadful events.

Individuals are seen to increasingly be faced with per-sonal consequences for actions they take in the ordinary course of their jobs.

There is one feature that is peculiar to the commercial position, however. This is the dichotomy between the share-holder with limited liability and the director, who poten-tially faces unlimited exposure.

The Names at Lloyds know of the potentially unlimited liz-hility they face, but are most directors aware of this expo-sure when joining a board? Liability insurance to cover such risks is becoming increasingly popular. Just as Names at Lloyds obtain stop loss insurance to limit their own

exposure, so directors and officers are increasingly seeking personal cover. There is a wide variety of policies available but each

ems to have one important feature in common with its competitors and that is that all the policies seem to include cover in respect of the policy holders' legal fees incurred (although some provide for re-imbursement of fees incurred which can cause severe cash flow difficulties).

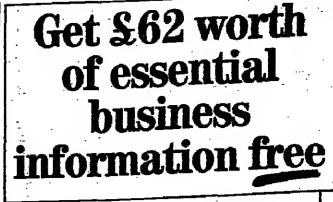
flow difficulties). In the United States, where instances of personal liability being alleged are many times more common than they have been to date in the UK, defen-dants often find that their legal costs are such that they simply cannot afford to "stay in the game" and must therefore con-template settlement. template settlement.

The casual observer might inquire how this can be so in the land of the contingent legal fee, but it seems to be a fact that US law firms engaged in the area of liability for direc-tors and professional advisers. are not given to agreeing to act on a contingency basis. As we become ever more liti-

gious on this side of the Atlan-tic personal liability for direc-tore will hecome more widespread and recognised with insurance cover for directors becoming an accepted part of a company'a insurance portfalio.

Ian Lupson is a solicitor with and Martin Piers a partner of City solicitors Couldens City solicitors, Gouldens. 1 FT Law Reports, April 14 1989

2 Times Law Reports, May 10 1989. 3 [1964] AC 465.



FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22 1989

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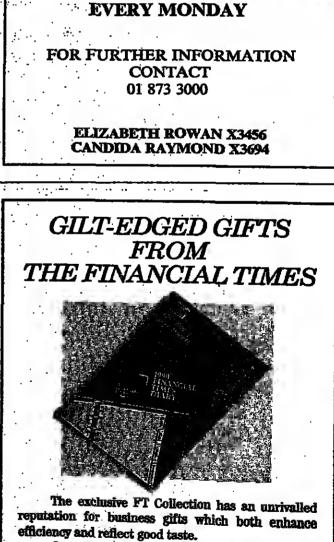
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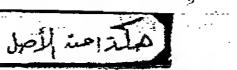
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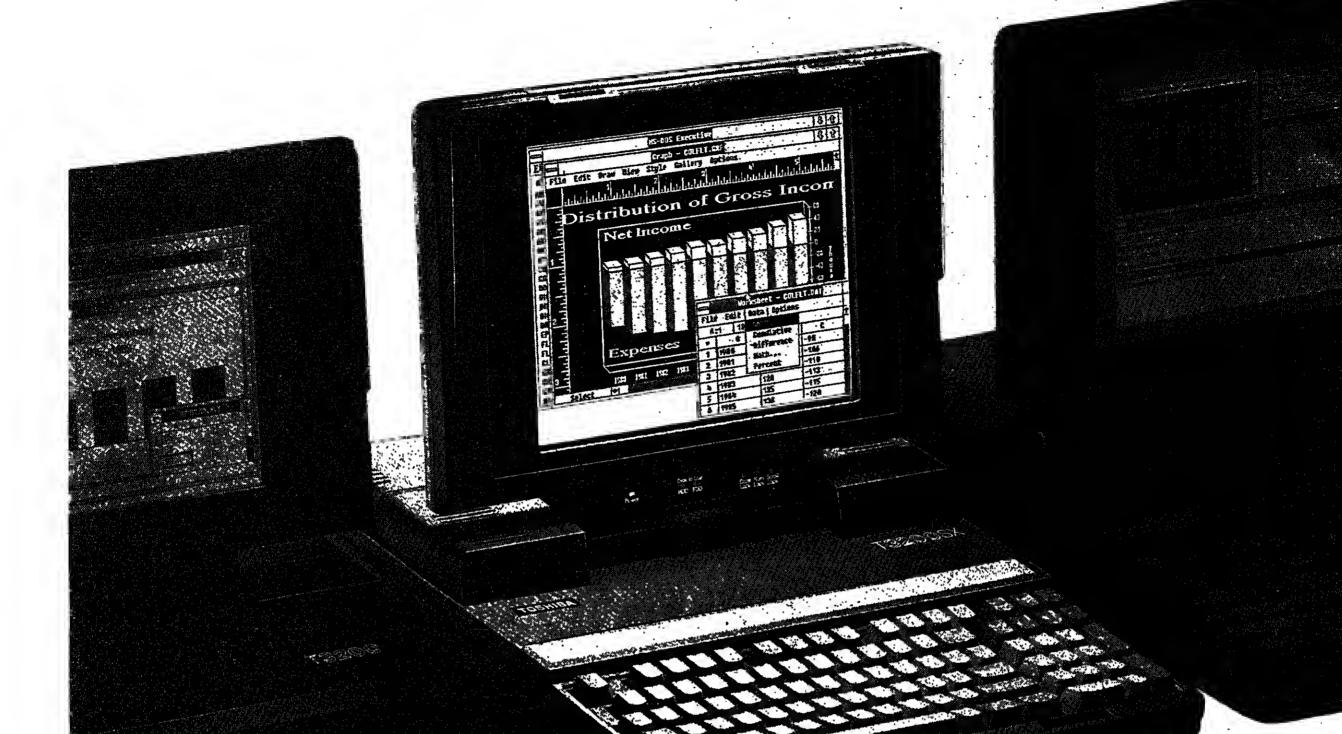
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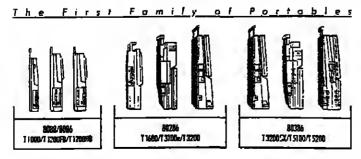
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FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22 1989 n sin et els est sur l'annu fan de sin an

#### MANAGEMENT

# Coloroll Trying not to glaze over the cracks

Michael Skapinker on the ceramics division's quality scheme

ne doesn't have to look far to see qual-ity problems at Colo-roll's ceramics divislon. In one of its crockery factories in Stoke on Trent, a skip full of cracked plates, bro-ken bowls and mugs without handles awaits removal. As we walk round the Stoke

•\*\*••

actory, a mould breaks, its fly-

factory, a mould breaks, its fly-ing fragments narrowly miss-ing an employee's face. And a hrochure prometing the com-pany's "fun mugs" carries a picture of one of its products emblazoned with the mis-spalled slogan "Tm trying to loose weight". Phille Green, Coloroll's chief executive; says he does not-know how much quality prob-lems and waste cost the group. Last year the company, which makes home furgishings, wall coverings, carpets, glassware and ceramics declared pre-tax profits of £55.6m. "I would wager that if we had 100 per cent quality we could double our profits," he says. Eighteen months ago, Colo-

Eighteen months ago, Colo-roll began to think about how to reduce the costs of poor quality. The result is a scheme called Quips - the Quality. Improvement Programmes, which made its debut in the ceramics division's Meir Park-site in Stoke on Trent last November. Coloroll's glassware. division has also started running the programme. Green says he intends to introduce. Quips into the rest of the group over the next six to

twelve months. Coloroll Ceramics is made uplargely of the old Staffordshire largely of the old Staffordshire. Potteries, company, which Coloroll acquired in 1988 The-staff there already had some experience of sofiality, pro-grammes, Managers had stud-ied video tapes of the Ameri-can quality gura J 'M. Juran-and had set up quality circles. Judy Broughton, Coloroll's employee relations director, says, however, that the quality says, however, that the quality circles had not been a success, largely because they focused on whatever quality problems interested them, rather than on those which were costing

identify the company's most serious quality problems and year," he says. set up teams to resolve them. "We started in November. Barry. Hawkins, a manager who is a member of one of the Quips teams, agrees with Broughton that the quality cir-cles were too unfocused, meeting on predetermined days regardless of whether or not they had problems to deal with. "The big difference with

Quips is that you only get together when you need to," Hawkins says. Quips begins with a one-day on-site course attended by senior production managers, as senior promotion managers, as well as managers from admin-istrative: departments like accounts. The managers spend the day discussing which qual-ity problems to focus-on and learning about statistical tech-

niques to measure them. The one-day event is fol-lowed by a two-day course for a smaller group of senior man-agers who are interested in learning more about the statis-tical side of quality control. Broughton designs this course in collaboration with a local-college or polytechnic. The aim, she says, is to develop a small group of quality special-ists on each site.

ists on each site. By measuring the frequency with which fanhs and quality problems occur, as well as the resulting cost, managers can then decide on which areas to. concentrate. At Coloroll Ceramics, Gor-

don Wareham, the managing director, says that the level of waste in his factories ranges from 12 to 20 per cent. About 80 managers were

involved in the Meir Park one-day course After the course 14 Quips teams were set up, of which 11 are still operating. The other three have com-pleted their work. Brian Bradbury, head of technical services at Meir Park, heads a team looking at

what gets thrown away. "We're spending £100,000 a year just to dispose of waste. The first thing we did was to delve into the skips - literally. As a

Things are not yet under con-trol, but they are a wee hit better. Over the first three months, we did not quite reach 10 per cent, but we're now beating that." Coloroll Ceramics is trying to reduce its waste bill at the very moment that disposal

costs are rising. There are fewer areas available for tip-ping. Tipping charges have tisen by up to 33 per cent. Among the projects that on which Bradbury's team is working is selling waste paper from their offices for recycling

whether broken and chipped ceramic products can be crushed, reground and re-used. It is also examining whether plaster moulds can be sold off.

A second Quips team is looking at the produc-tion of mugs. Those which have a blemish on them can be sold at a lower price. This is not true, however, of mugs which are made specifically for companies with a corporate logo or message on them. If there are any faults on these they have to be thrown **AWA** 

to reduce the wastage of these special mugs, which was run-ning at 12 per cent when the project started. It was decided to recruit two people to inspect mugs after they were deco-rated but before they were fired in the kins. Before firing, mng decorations can he pol-ished off and then reprinted. The wastage has now been reduced to 6 or 7 per cent. The Quips team wants to get it down to 5 per cent. After allow-ing for the two people hired, the team says the inspection system has saved £10,000 to date and will result in savings of £25,000 over the year.

result we were able to see what roll to improve its quality by was going out. We then set adding more quality inspec-ourselves the objective of tors? Shouldn't the sim be to 

"We started in November.

rather than sending it out in the skips. It is looking at

and reprocessed for use in other industries.

A Quips team is attempting

is not to eliminate those people's jobs." Coloroll managers say that if a plece of wallpaper bas a flawed pattern, the company's reputation would suffer. If Coloroll mugs are chipped and children cut their lips on them, the consequences could he more serious. "If that happens to us, it's Esther Rantzen," says Mike Waters, head of production for dinnerware, refer-ring to the presenter of a BBC consumer affairs programme. There are other aspects of the Quips programme to which

Is it right, however, for Colo-



rather than for inspectors to spot mistakes after they have which fall short of a zero defect standard. Philip Green, the standard. Philip Green, the Coloroll chief executive, says: "I don't believe that in a fac-tory using raw clay and this many processes that it's achievable." Although zero defects might be a long-term objective, it is more important been made? Dave White, the head of this Quips team, says that the operators epplying the decorations work too fast to mat all the mistaker spot all the mistakes. The question of inspection is not limited to the production of

not limited to the production of special mugs. At the Coloroll ceramics factories, a group of employees looks at products before they are packed, taking out those that are not up to standard. When the various to keep driving the level of waste down, he says. Some consultants argue that factory operators already know the answers to most quality problems. All managers need quality improvement pro-grammes have had their effect, Tony Convey, the Meir Park production director, says the inspection team should he to do if they want to know the answers is to ask their subordinates. Yet while Coloroll's Quips programme includes managers and first line superrejecting fewer items. "Ohvi-ously, the fewer faults there are, the quicker the selectors visors, it does not include more

junior employees. Jndy Broughton says the reason other employees have not been included is that it is Important for managers to can work. But the aim of this improve their own perfor-mance first. "Quips is simed at managers. If you can get them

working ou the big prohlems, they can then go to the work-force with clean hands and say 'now it's your turn'." She argues that Coloroll's team briefing and suggestion

scheme provide a means for scheme provide a means for the workforce to make their contribution. A Quips team of middle managers and supervi-sors, working on ways of reducing breakages of ceramic frames that carry products through the kilns, say that they consult the operators any. quality purists might object. The American quality specialist Philip Crosby says that the only acceptable level of defects

they consult the operators any-way. They could not, they say, come np with viable solutions without them. is zero. Coloroll appears to be looking for improvements

#### TECHNOLOGY

#### Top ten ranking

# **Putting Europe's business** schools under the microscope

#### By Andrew Fisher

are not used to heing pnt under the microscope. Nor is it something they relish. In the US, league tables are common. But comparisons of the performance of top man-agement academies in Europe are rare.

For the second year running Cox Communications, a Frank furt-hased marketing consul-tancy, has drawn up a list of Europe's top ten business schools offering Master of Busi-In first place is the Rotter-dam School of Management, part of Erasmus University. Insead, the French-based husiness school which many rate as Europe's best, comes e sur-prising seventh. William Cox, head of Cox Communications, says around

30 schools were assessed, of which a handful would be which a handrift world he capable of making the top 10. "Anyone in the top ten is basi-cally very good," he says. But some have been quicker to adapt and innovate. At Rot-

terdam, for example, the new business informatics degree goes further than other courses in showing how information technology can help in deci-sion-making. Developed with the University of Michigan, it leads to en MBI (Master of

Business Informatics). Insead was obviously not happy with its seventh place. Cox says the Fontainehleau school still relies heavily on US case studies and has not changed its methods for some years, He somits that it still has the hest image among European husiness schools. "But it just doesn't change; it's not dynamic enough." 45, who want to improve their strategic thinking after five years or so of senior manage-

How does Cox evaluate the top European schools? The 20 criteria include the content of the courses and the quality of the teaching, relations with business, the usefulness of the degree to companies, the com-petitiveness of admission, the way in which schools manage themselves and their finances, image, bow students fare after their studies, and value for money.

Rotterdam scored highest on dynamism, the number and Also, Cox reckons that schools in Europe, while proud of their international perspecquality of lecturers, and in the way it managed itself. It also

Position	School	Pointat
1	Erasmus/Rotterdam(3)	132
2	IMD, Lausenne (**)	131
3	GSBA, Zurich(4)	126
4	Institut Superieur des Alfaires	
	Jouy-en-Josas, France(2)	125
5	Manchester Business School(8)	120
6	SDA Bocconi, Milan(9)	717.5
7	Inseed, Fontainebleau(5)	117
8	Nijenrode - the Netherlands School	
	of Business, Breukelen(5)	113
9	IESE, Barcelona(6)	112
10	London Business School(7)	103.5

Seneral, (1st in 1988) and Imede, Lausanne (10th). Inseed and Nijenrode shared Sin plac

did well in terms of value to companies, both Dutch and international. The schools with the hest image were IMD in Lausanne and Insead, with Barcelona-based IESE and Rotterdam not

older students, between 30 and

ment experience. Since older students are less

likely to accept all they are

taught, dialogue is an impor-tant element of tuition, GSBA

and Manchester also gear their

courses more towards long-term decision making. In

this respect, Cox notes, Rotter-

dam is not necessarily the

for example, use the American case study method with few hasic changes. This raises two ohvious questions. First, what use are such rankings? To this, Cox, a German-born American whose far behind. Zurich's GSBA (Graduate School of Business background is in public rela-tions and market research,

tive, are sometimes far from heing truly European. IESE,

15

Administration) had the poorest imege; it is less known even in Switzerland than some answers that European compaother schools and hardly known abroad except in Gernies asked for such an exercise after he had written about many, However, GSBA scored well on usefulness to Swiss business schools in the German press. Secondly, why are no schools from West Germany listed? It is, after all, the strongest econand international companies and, not surprisingly in view of the language, highest of all in

At most schools, Cox feels students are too young at between 26 and 28 to set what omy in Europe. Cox says German schools, which do not offer MBAs, are lacking in practical or strategic orienta-tion, a view also held by Daniel they learn in the context of real management experience. Goeudevert, the former head of Some schools employ teachers with little senior management Ford in Germany who is now a Volkswagen director. He is tryexperience; Insead has few facing to lay the groundwork for a ulty members with more than five years as managers. new husiness school, with strong links to industry and He cites Manchester Busi-ness School and GSBA as schools which try to attract finance,

But even if the top MBA schools are not in Germany, most of Cox's potential readers are, since the book is available in German only. He inteods, though, to broaden its appeal hy publishing English and probably French, Italian, and Spanish editions in future. So however husiness schools feel about being put under the microscope, the examination is

likely to intensify. \* Die Top-Ten 1989-90. MBA-Schulen auf dem Prüfstand. ("MBA-Schools under examina-tion"). DM80. Published by Cox Communications Consultants. Schwarzburgstrasse 56, 6000 Frankfurt 1, West Germany.

Magnetic levitation promises a form of rail transport that is both high speed and economical. FT writers examine progress in Japan and West Germany



Rail

10.000

Ian Rodger

# Parallel tracks to a frictionless goal

hen it comes to Japanese projects are as differ-traneportation; ent as chalk and cheese. The Japan offers more challenges than most countries, with its largely mountainous terrain and huge population concentrations.

2 .

That is probably why the Japanese have been notable innovstors in transportation systems – introducing high-speed "bullet" trains, or shinkansen, in 1964 and one of the world's first monotal lines in the same year. Continuing in the same year. Continuing this tradition, Japanese devel-opment groups are these days promoting not one, but two, magnetic levitation (Maglev) linear motor train systems. Maglev systems offer the potential of very high speed

and economical travel becaus the train is held above the ground by magnetic force, eliminating friction. The linear motor also uses magnetic force to propel the train, in effect by straightening out a rotary electric motor.

Varions groups in the US and Europe have studied Mag-lev systems and serious devellev systems and serious devel-opments are under way in West Germany as well as Japan. One of the few operat-ing Maglev lines is in the UK, connecting Birmingham air-port with its railway station -although it is very short and does not explore the speed potential of the technology. Despite the commonality of the basic technology, the two

the basic technology, the two shoes sit on the guide rail and

three hours on the bullet train

more ambitious one, sponsored by companies in the privatised Japan Railways (JR) group with substantial government backing, aims at completing a hacking, aims at completing a heavy duty, high-speed (500 kph) line between Tokyo and Osaka early in the next cen-tury. Part of its purpose is to take custom away from the airlines on that route by reducing the surfsce travel time between the two cities from

to one hour. The other system was developed by e group within Japan Air Lines in 1974 with exactly the opposite purpose: to increase the sirines' custom. JAL saw it as an easy solution to the problem of moving peo-ple between airports and cities, and envisaged light vehicles travelling at speeds of up to 300 kph on elevated guideways. The venture was hived off by JAL in 1985 to a company, HSST Corporation, controlled

by the developers. The main technical difference between the two systems is in the way they use magne-tism. The HSST uses the power of attraction. The vehicle's metal shoes curl underneath the fixed guide rail and, when magnetic force is applied, they are attracted upwards towards it, thus lifting the vehicle.

In contrast, the JR vehicle's

are repelled from it. "It is simple, our system is attractive and theirs is repulsive," a JAL

and theirs is repuisive, a ski official says. The different approaches stem from the different mis-sions behind the two systems. In the JR case, because the trains will be quite heavy and run at very high speeds, the group is concerned about the group is concerned about the smoothness of the roadbed. Given the frequency of earth-quakes in Japan and wide vari-ation in the stability of the ground foundations, it quantities. acknowledges thet minor hungs will inevitably develop. Thus, it sought to maximise

the levitation and concluded that the height it wanted, 10 cm, could only be achieved by using superconductive alloy magnets and the repulsion principle.

The HSST system, like other Maglev systems, operates at only 1 cm or 2 cm above the guide rails. However, as the carriages are lightweight and the speeds envisaged relatively modest, HSST does not think partly because the vehicles can climh steeper inclines than

there will be problems with the roadbed, even in Japan. The technology in the HSST has been proved and the sys-tem has been available for sale ordinary trains. But in moun-tainons Japan, tunnels are unavoidable. for several years. So far, the company has not yet succeeded sons why the Japanese Govern-ment committed itself earlier in getting its product beyond the international exposition this year to a huge Y350hn circuit, but it has hopes of (£150bn) programme of Maglev landing contracts for urban eystems in Las Vegas and gramme, an experimental track

Nagoya in the near future. will be huilt, featuring e tun-nel, a 4 per cent gradient and The JR system, on the other hand, still has technical hurswitching. Vehicles of commer-cial size will be used. dles to overcome despite 17 years of testing, mainly because of its ambition to We want to know what achieve very high speeds. From JR's viewpoint, the Mag-lev technology is only of inter-est because it offers the potenforces are built up when a

train enters and leaves a tun-nel at 500 kpb," says Shohiko Miyata, deputy director of the tial to take the next hig step in rapid ground-based transit. However, ground travel et 500 kph, which is what JR is aim-ing at, introduces unknown Maglev development division at JR's Railway Technical Research Institute. Experiments will also be made to find out the amount of energy consumed in climbing a steep gra-dient and how well the vehicle Anyone who has travelled on a shinkansen train will recall the sudden intensification of can stop in an emergency going downhill.

The programme will also air pressure and violent rattiling of the carriage that occur when another train is passed seek to prove the reliability of a unique feature of the JR Maglev system, the use of a superconductive coil to at high speed inside one of the system's many tunnels. The effect is quite unpleasant, even though these trains may be increase the magnetic force repelling the train from the ground. Titanium coils in each travelling at speeds up to only 220 kph. At 500 kph, the effects may be dangerous. carriage are cooled to cryo-genic temperatures in order to achieve their superconductive qualities using a helium-based refrigeration system. In relatively flat terrain, the need for tunnels on e Maglev line can probably be avoided, "We have to know what will

fail and how often it will fail. We want the same level of reli-ability as in the shinkansen (one failed bogey per year)," Miyata says. It will take three years to build the test track and

another five years or more to complete the test programme, so there is little likelihood of seeing a commercial Maglev

of between 40 km and 50km ~ Passenger cabin : • • Traci Equipment bay Levitation magnets  $\mathbb{C}_{\mathcal{N}}$ 



#### Source: HSST Corporation

line of this sort in Japan before resolved. "Some people argue that the shinkansen is the year 2000, if ever. No one denies that the JR enough," says Miyata.

technology is extremely expen-sive. Estimates on the cost of a Tokyo-Osake line run from Y3,000hn to Y10,000hn. And JR Previous articles on officials recognise that the high-speed trains oppeared on August 22 issue of need is still far from

> crash test" at the pre-demonstration stage. The train hit the buffers at speed during s mistake in manual operation - nevertheless the car-

riage stayed on the track. After the Frankfurt contract, AEG has its sights set on potential husiness around the world. Wossagk says that the M-Bahn uses "avail-able technology in an intelligent new combination" and some equipment could be built locally.

Apart from airports. Wossagk reckons the M-Bahn is also suitable for links with satellite towns, sports stadia, industrial fairs, or wherever sudden and large flows of people have to be dealt with.

In Jspan. AEG has teamed np with Kobe Steel to bid for a contract et Kansal Airport in Osaka. Taking Germany's version of Maglev to Japan would certainly raise eyebrows on the world transport scene.

Andrew Fisher

### in network for paying bills in cash

orner shops could hecome payment cen-tres for the poll tax, council house rents and other household bills if an electronic payments scheme being tested in Lewisham, south-east Lon-don, and West Lothian, in the east of Scotland, proves satisfactory.

Some 50 other local suthori-ties have already expressed interest in the scheme, promoted hy Western Union Pay-ments Network (WUPN), e UK-based subsidiary of the US telecommunications company.

WUPN was set up to market payments services in the UK, where the difficulties of collecting the poll tax are already causing local authorities seri-ous anxiety. Its US parent collects 45m payments a year throngh a network of 3,300

local stores. The WUPN scheme is aimed at the 25 per cent of the UK population who do not have a bank account and so pay hills such as council house rent in cash et town halls.

WUPN provides, free of charge, an electronic terminal to the local traders who have been designated "payment agents". They collect cash payments during normal husiness hours, using the terminal to record the amount and the customer's details. The agents are peid a commission on the money they collect and benefit from an increase in customer traffic.

At the end of the day, the egents hank the cash collected, while WUPN automatically collects customer data from each terminal over the telephone network. Reconciliation between the various accounts is then bandled electronically.

Bill Coleman, WUPN direc-tor, says that local suthorities will he charged between two and three per cent of the total cash collected – which is cheeper than collecting it themselves. Once the trials in London and West Lothian have proved the system, he aims to have 15 authorities participating this year and 50 more next year.

He says that telephone, gas and electricity hills can also be paid using the system.

Alan Cane

Airport contract lifts commercial hopes A sthe world's population con-tinues to swell and towns and cities expand to accom-modate the inflows, it has been estimated that spending on new rapid transit systems could total \$10hn over the next 10 years.

Not surprisingly, companies in the transportation field are keen not only to win orders, but to convince transport authorities of the merits

of the differing systems on offer. One of the newsst is magnetic lev-itation, a technology into which West German companies and scientists have put much time and effort. But it takes more than prototypes and subsidised projects to convince sceptics, especially budget-minded transport executives, that Maglev should be taken seriously.

Thus AEG, the electrical and elec-tronics subsidiary of Daimler-Benz, reckons it has made a breakthrough with its contract from Frankfurt Airport to supply a people-mover for

its new East Terminal. The value of the deal is DM 160m (250m). Frankfurt, the biggest airport in Continental Europe, handles about 70,000 passengers a day. It decided on AEG's M-Bahn system because of its lightness and the lack of noise, vibration and emission functs - as well as the number of neople it well as the number of people it could handle in a short time. The unmanned trains will run every 90 seconds at peak times and carry up to 4,000 passengers an hour. The project is due to be completed in 1994.

Frankfurt Airport will be like a shop window for us," says Ulf Wossagk, general manager of AEG's Magnethahn division. Competing with different systems for the contract were Slemens, of Germany, Matra, of France, and Westingh-

. · · · · · · ouse, of the US. AEG and the US concern are now partners in AEG Westinghouse Transportation Systems International; for the Frankfurt contract, the two competed with their own systems. It was Westinghouse which plo-

That is one of the main rea-

neered rabber-tyred people-movers some 20 years ago, equipping air-ports in Miami, Orlando, Tampa and Seattle, in the US, and Gatwick in the UK. Now that AEG has been successful in Frankfurt, it hopes for more business for the M-Bahn, which has taken 15 years to

The M-Bahn is designed for suburban and regional transport networks, with a maximum speed requirement of about 80 kph. Below the carriages are permanent mag-nets which fit under the track. The present-day systems, since track sec-

. . .

force of attraction pulls the car-riages above the guideway. Linear motors in the guideway generate a travelling magnetic field, which interacts with the magnets under the vehicles to pull them along. Small guide wheels keep them on the tracks.

Because there is no electrical equipment in the carriages, they are much lighter and smaller than the conventional ones, consume less than 70 per cent of the energy and are easy to maintain. The lightness wss important for Frankfurt Air-port, which wants the M-Bahn to pass through the middle of build-ings. For urban systems, it means that tunnels need not be so large. Also, says Wossagk, disruption dur-ing construction is far less than for

tions can be built off-site. How safe is the M-Bahn? Wossagk says there is no danger of deflec-tion, as the magnets keep the car-riages just above the track even if the motors fail. Nor is ice a prob-lem, since there is no friction

Berlin has already had a foretaste of the M-Bahn, which runs between three stations there. This began as a test project financed by the Federal Research Ministry and the Berlin Senate and has cost some DM 140m. In the US, AEG Westinghouse is building e line to link Las Vegas

terrorists firebombed the carriages, delaying the project. There was also what Wossagk calls "an involuntary

between the train and the track.

with its baseball stadium. Still in its infancy, the M-bahn did not have an easy hirth. In Berlin,





#### THEATRE

#### London

The Merchant of Venice (Phoenix). Dustin Hoffman's Shylock a sympathetic, semaphore gesturing alien in Peter Hail's fine Venetian Reoaissance pro-duction, Geraldine James a superb Portia (836 2294). The Black Prince (Aldwych). Ian McDiarmid gives the perfor-mance of e lifetime in Iris Murdoch's distillation of her own Hamlet novel Witty black farce, vitriolic and entertaining (336

A Flea in Eer Ear (Old Vic), Feydeau's farce in the John Mor-timer translation spiritedly done as German Expressionist nightmare by Richard Jones and the Quay Brothers, the directing and design team on WNO's Love of Three Oranges. Jim Broadbeot

#### MUSIC

#### Paris

Paul Kuentz Orchestra and Choir, with Jean-Marie Gamard (cello). Dvorak. Saint-Severin Church (Mon). (49543000), Moscow State Orchestra conducted hy Gennady Rozdestven-sky, with Igor Olstrakh (violin). sky-Korsakov, Tchaikovsky, Shostakovich. Chatelet (Tue) English Chamber Orchestra conducted by Sir Colin Davis, with Elisabeth Leonskaja (pianc). Mozart. Chatelet (Thur)

#### Brussels

London Baroque Players con-ducted by Charles Mediam per-form Castello, Monteverdi and Purcell, Musée d'Art Ancieo

Belgian National Orchestre conducted by Ronald Zollman with Vadim Repine (violin) play Schuovich and Sibelmann, Shostakovich and onber-ius. Palais des Beaux-Arts (Fri,

Sun). Monnaie Symphony Orchestra and chorus conducted by Sylvain Cambreling with solists fro the opera company perform Mcz-art. Théàtre Royal de la Monnale

Cleveland Quartet plays Bee-thoven and Berg, Cercle Royal Gaulois (Mon).

leads good cast as the discom fited insurance manager and his doppelganger, a drunken hotel porter. An interesting, London, but now with a local enjoyahle, unfairly derided exper-imeot (928 7616, cc 240 7200). Veterans Day (Haymarket). Imperfect Donald Freed nationalthe notion of a three hours of ist paranoia play about three film trailer previews will adore this compendium of Robbins' directed and choreographed plays of the past 40 years, includ-ing On the Town, West Side veterans gathered to bump off the President partly redeem by fascinating duo of psychotic Vietnam hero Michael Gambon and brightly accommodating Story and Gypsy. The lustre of the credits is dimmed by the brevity of each piece, with a con-Second World War buddy Jack emmon (930 9832). Britterfly (Shafteshury) temporary crew of Broadway aspirants who lack the multi-tal-Anthony Hopkins as the tortured diplomatic bero in a Peter Shaffer-style "spectacle of ideas ents that inspired the heyday dressed up in John Dexter's superb production as a metaphor of the musical. Rumpurs (Broadhurst). Neil Simon's latest comedy is a selfof homosexual life. The transvestite tragedy proves less elactrifyconscious farce, with numerous slamming doors and lots of muging than in New York; the play is not very good but still worth seeing (379 539). ging hut hollow humour that misses as often as it hits. Christine Baranski leads an ebullient cast in the inevitable but disap-

#### Now York

Heidi Chronicles (Plymouth). Wendy Wasserstein's award-winning drama covering 20 years in the life of a successful American baby boomer goes from sup-port for Eugeoe McCarthy's pres-idential aspirations to electoral ambitioos in the 1980s, accompa nied by the musical and emotional flavour of the period (239 6200). Leod Me a Tenor (Royale). A

sprucing up in the set of a decay-

#### Antwerp

the struggle for liberty. There will performances of works by Mauricio Kagel, of Britten's War Requirem and Prokofiev's Alexan-Royal Flanders Opera symphony orchestra conducted by Rudolph Wertheo with Mariana Cioromila der Nevsky. Alte Oper: tickets Frankfurt 069/1340-400. Ends Oct (mezzo-soprano), Leila Cuberli (soprano), Rein aard Hagen (bari-tone) and Dooald Kaasch (tenor) perform Rossini and Schubert (Friom Rossin and Schubert (Fri), Koninklijke Vlaamse opera, Rotterdam Philharmonic Orches-tra conducted hy James Conlan, with Kyung-Whe Chung (violin) performs Mahler and Mozart Bonn

pointing hit. Cels (Winter Garden). Still a

sell-out, Trevor Numn's production of T.S. Eliot's children's

poetry set to music is visually startling and choreographically

feline (239 6262). A Chorns Line (Shobert). The loogest-running musical in the US has not only supported Joseph Papo's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its back-

stage story in which the songs

#### (Sun), Koningin Elisabethzaal.

ein, (Thur),

Vienna Wiener Mozart Orchester con-ducted by Johannes Wildner. Mozart. Konzerthaus (Fri). Hallé Orchestra. Britten's War Requiem. Musikverein (Sat, Sun). Moscow Philharmontk conducted by Dimitri Kitaenko. Puccini, Tel: 0228/775756. Scriahin, Prokofiev, Musikverein Bartin (Tues, Wed). Wiener String Quartet. Hayda, Hindemith, Debussy. Musikver-

Berlin Festival until Oct 2 will be a forum of 'East meets West'. A Maurizio Pollini piano recital with works by Brahms, Schoen-berg and Beethoven (Sat). Cham-Frankfurter Feste 1989 ber Orchestra of Europe and solo-

This year's Frankfurt Festival ist Gidon Kremer, Yuri with the title of A Common Brotherhood is based on two Baschmet, conducted by nikolaus harnoocourt in Mozart and historic events: the French Revo-lution in 1789 and the start of Schubert (Sun). the Second World War 50 years

ago. The programme attempts to explain the historic events and their influence on contemporary Teatro Alla Scala. Gary Bertini conducts Mahler's 6th symphony (Mon, Tues, Wed). Conservatorio G. Verdi (809,128). culture and society in terms of

ing town's big time opera ambi-tions makes a transatlantic hit are used as auditions rather than emotions (239 6200). Les Misérables (Broadway). Tha f this farce, first produced in magnificent spectacle of Victor Hugo's majestic sweep of history cast led by Philip Bosco and Victor Garber (239 6200), Jerome Rohbins' Broadway (Imperial). Anyone attracted by and pathos brings to Broadway lessons in pageantry and drama (239 6200)Me and My Girl (Marquis). Even

if the plot turns on ironic mim-icry of Pygmalion, this is no clas-sic, with forgettable songs and dated leadenness in a stage full dated leadenness in a stage full of characters. It has nevertheles proved to be a durable Broadway hit (947 0033). M. Butterfly (Eugene O'Nell). The surprise Tony winner for

1988 is a somewhat pretentious and obvious meditation on the true story of the French diplomat whose long-time mistress was a male Chinese spy (246 0220). Fhantom of the Opera (Majestic). Stuffed with Maria Bjornson's gilded sets, Phantom rocks with Andrew Lloyd Webber's haunt-ing melodies in this mega-trans-fer from London (239 6200).

#### Chicago

Driving Miss Dalsy (Briar Street). The touching relation-ship between a dowager, played in this production hy Dorothy Loudon, and her black chau exposes the changes in the South Steel Magnolias (Royal George). Ann Francis and Marcia Rodd play the leads in this view of southern life Les Miserables (Auditorium).

#### Venico

Sale Apolinee. Piano recital by Alexei Sultanov, winner of this year's Van Cliburn prize, playing Havdn, Chopin.Scriabin, Listz and Prokofiev (Fri).

#### Florence

Teatro Verdi. Myung-Whun Chung conducting Dvorak and-Shostakovich (Fri, Sat, Sun) (212020/296243).

#### New York

New York Philharmonic, Zubin Mehta conducting with Morray Perahia (piano). Beethoven, Mahler (Tue); Mozart, Wagner, Bee-thoven (Thur). Avery Fisher Hall

#### Washington

National Symphony Orchestra conducted by Mstislav Rostro-povich with Paul Tortelier (cello). Saint-Saens, Elgar, Schuh ert (Thur). Kennedy Center Concert Hall (467 4600).

#### Tokyo

NHK Symphony Orchestra con-ducted by Hiroyki Iwaki. Bee-thoven's 9th symphony, Bunkamura (Mon) (461 0300). Lithnanian Chamber Orchestra conducted hy Saulyus Sondet-skis. Tchaikovsky, Bach, Vivaldi. Suntory Hall (Tues) (505 1010).

#### **EXHIBITIONS**

ARTS

London The Hayward Gallery, Andy Warhol – two years after his death, a comprehensive retrospective of the career of this seminal yet ambiguous and still con-troversial artist, since he turned to painting from graphic design in the early 1960s. Sponsored by BP. Daily until November

The Serpentine Gallery. "Success is a career in New York" - this study of Andy Warbol's early career as a graphic designer and illustrator in New York in the 1105trator in New York in the 1950s is complementary to the raturspective at the Hayward and essential preparatory view-ing. Spoored by West Industries. Daily until October 1. The Royal Academy. Gauguin and the School of Pont Aven a frequenting study of the - a fascinating study of the prints made in the 1880s and 1890e by the loces sociaty of art-ists that came together at Pont Aven in Brittany, of which Gau-guin was the leading hut not necessarily, at the time, the outstanding figure. A handful of related paintings is shown, and there are outstanding groups of prints by Emile Bernard, Armand Seguin and the Irish-man, Roderic O'Conor, among several others. Sponsored by Banque Indosuez and W.I.Carr. Daily until November 19.

The Whitworth Gallery. The Last 100 Years - a celebrati of the centenary of Manches of the centenary of Manchester University's great gallery through four small displays taken from its study collections: Drawn to Paper – a selection of British drawings and water-colours 1900-1939; A Century of British Printmaking; The Magic Influence of Mr. Kydd – blocked and stencilled wallpapers 1900-1925; and Modern Art & Tex-tils Design 1830-86; throughout tile Design 1980-80: throughout the summer.

#### Paris

Institut du Monde Arabe. Egypt-Egypt. An exhibitionof 25 chefd'oeuves, including the most recent finds, startswith statues and bas-reliefs dating from the middle-empire, continues with

#### a golden crown of a high priest

of Osiris withsome elements of Roman art and Coptic icons and concludes with Islamic exhibits. 1, rue des Fosses-Saint-Bernard (closedMon). Ends Jan 14 (dosinskin), Ends and 14 (dosinskin). The Louvre. The glass pyramid, built by LM. Pei, the Sino-Ameri-can architect, has opened to the multiple of characteristic period. mublic as a dramatic entrance to one of the world's most famous museums. Erected as a medieval fortress in 1204, the Louvre later expanded into a renaissance royal palace only to be turned into a museum in

revolutionary 1799. Since then,

is an important step towards the completion of the project of the Grand Louvre planned for 1995. It will involve the moving around of 800 of the exhibits, but the three stars - the Mona Lisa, the Victory of Samothrace and the Venus de Milo will remain firmly in place. Open Sam-6pm, Mon and Wed until 9.45pm, closed Tue. Musée Bodin. A delightful 18th century townhouse - Hotel Biron - ontains the life work bron – onrains the nie work of Auguste Roddin, whosepower-ful genius opened the way for modern sculpture. In thegardens his Thinker broods, the Burghers of Calaistrudge to their tragic destiny and Balzac, draped inhis cloak, defies time. 77, rue de Varenne, closed Tue. Musée d'Orsay. The spectacular museum of the 19th century issituated opposite the Tuileries gardens within the metallicstruc gardens within the metallocatric ture and the glass-roofed vault of the vast Belle Epoquerailway station. It houses paintings, sculptures, objets d'art and photographs from the end of therographs from the end of the beginnings of modern art and the impression ist and post-impressionist collec-tions formerly in the Jeu de Paune. Here they are counterba-lanced by academic painters, their contemporaries, long deri-defor their nonvosity. Fatrance dedfor their pomposity. Entrance to the museum is at 1, rue de Bellechasse (45494814). Closed Martigny

the modernisation of the muse um's infrastructure became a matter of utmost urgency and

the pyramid's centralising role

Fondation Gianadda. A Henry Moore retrospective of some 50 sculptures, 80 drawings shown in rotation and 60 engravings is as impressive by the judicious selection of exhibits, as by the enceptional location for 12 of the monumental statuse in a the monumental statues in a ark with Alpine peaks as a backdrop. There are family groups, majestically reclining feminine figures, the hieratic couple of the King and Queen. But most of all, the works, be they in bronze, marble or alabas ter, be they of vast proportions or fitting into the paim of a hand, are a hymn to eternal mother-hood. Ends Nov 19 (026-223978).

Brussels

Europalia Japan 89. Having cele-brated the art and culture of Austria two years ago the Euro-palia turns to the east this year, bringing to Belgium the most speciacular festival of Japanese arts outside Japan. It opens this week with music and dance by the Imperial Gagaku orchestra and an exhibition of Japanese artiputor and nainting at the and an exhibition or sapanese schipture and painting at the Palais des Beaux-Arts. Art, music and theatrical events will be on show across Brussels over the next three months until the festival ends on December 17. Palais des Beaux-Aris. The Human Figure: millennis of Jap-anese art - an overview of Japa nese art from 3000 BC to the 19th century which opens Wednesday and ends November 26. Banque Bruxelles Lambert. Japanese Buddhist Art from the Hyogo prefecture exhibits works from the 7th to 19th century. Opens Thursday, ends October

Tzwern-Alsinber Fine Arts. Le Cercle des XX, late 19th century Belgian Painters. Closed Mon, Sun, Ends Oct 31.

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CANADA

7th November 1989

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FINANCIAL TIMES

#### Berlin

Bruccke Museum, Bussardsteig 9. A Franz Marc retrospective with 180 drawings and aquarelles (1880-1916)most of the German expressionist painter's works, can be seen for the first time until Oct. 29. His famous handcoloured print of two horses, one blue coloured the other redone pure coorner the other red black, with a red, hlue, yellow and green ground, was published in a luxury edition of the ahma-nac Der blaue Reiter.

#### Vienna

Secession. The highlight of the next few weeks will be the 100th anniversary of the birth of Lud-wig Wittgenstein, the philoso-pher, architect and craftsman who until recently had not been appreciated by his fellow countrymen. The indomitable appreciated by the fellow countrymen. The indomitable staff at the Secession, the won-derfully renovated gallery where Vienna's ratical and anti-estab-October 20. lishment artists set up their workshop at the turn of the century, finally raised the funds to organise this long overdue exhibition. Ends October 29 and not to be missed. The Technisches Museum.

Although not the most elegant of Viennese museums, has put together an exhibition explorin the relationship between art and industry and how industry has tapped the imagination of the artist. It is particuarly interest-ing having Austria's post-war ing having Austria's post-war generation represented under one roof. Ends October 26 1999. The Benedictine Monastery in Melk, an hour's thive from Vierna calchester in status Vienna, celebrates its 900th anni-versary. Besides a fascinating collection of paintings, books and later, newspaper cuttings, the Abbey boasts the finest baroque architecture in this part of Europe. Until November 15.

Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Mod-erna. The Sonnabend Collection erna. The Sonnabend Collection contains a little of everything. from pop-art with some of the best-known works of Warhol, Lichtenstein, Jim Dine, followed by examples of American mini-mal art (Flavin, Judd, Morris), to conceptual art and Arte poo-era, with works by Gilbert and George, Paolini, Merz, Pistoletto and Kounellis, ending with some curious examples of German neo-expressionism. Until Oct 2.

Museo Napoleonico. Eighteenth-century Roman Theatre and Carnivals. Life was anything but comfortable for impresarios under the oppressive papacy of Pins VI, with ruin continually staring them in the face through forced closure by unpredictable papai censors, included in the exhibition are numerous eichinge of stage sets and elaborate papier-maché architecture, built for carinaval masques and later burnt, portraits of contemporary composers such as Cimarosa and Palsello, and an enchanting Perseus and Andromeda hy the French sculptor, Chinard. Ends Sept 30.

#### Turin

Russian and Soviet Art: 1870-1930, Renzo Plano, architect of the Beaubourg, has given the 250 works chosen from Soviet museums by Giovanni Caran-dente an immensely effective setting, turning the ground-floor workshops of the disused Flat factory into the equivalent of

ish, dated 1904, and another, with his old nurse, painted by Bakst in 1906. There are numercus orig-inal designs for the sets of the Ballets Russes: Petrushka (1911) and Pavillon d'Armide, by Benois (1907), the ballet which marked the beginning of Fokine's carear as a choreographer and that of as a choreographer and that of Nijinsky and Paviova as dancers, at the Marinsky theatre. A num-ber or remarkable portraits stand out, from Vladimir Tatlin's empfaintly expressionist portrait of the poetess Anna Achmatova of the poetess Anna Actimutora (1914), with its intense blues and yellows, Serov's moornful Grand Duke Pavel Alexandrovich and Chagall's Red Jew. Chagall has a section to himself, which includes a number of charmingly . domestic scenes, such as The Datcha Window, as does Kandinsky, with three fine works, including the large Composition VI from the Hermitage. Ends

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#### Venice

Palazzo Grassi Italian Art: 1900-1945. A much-amplified exhi-bition covering a briefer period than did the recent show at the Royal Academy in London. organised again by German Celant, with the director of Pal-Celant, with the director of Pai-azzo Grassi, Pontus Hulten. An attempt is made to put the works into a clear political and social context, emphasising inks with contemporary literature, music and cinema. The exhibition ends with two blown-up stills from films by Visconti and Rossellini. Ends Nov.

#### Florence

Forte di Belvedere. African Art: The Roots of Modern Art. One hunded and fifty sculptures. mainly in wood, produced by 66 different tribes spread through central, western and southern the spread through 12 Africa. The works, lent by 12 major museums and 21 private collections, date for the most part from the last two centuries, but with an introductory section containing works from the third century BC. Not difficult to understand the profound influ-ence these precocious abstract works hadon such artists as Picasso and Brancusi and Bra-que. Ends Oct. 29.

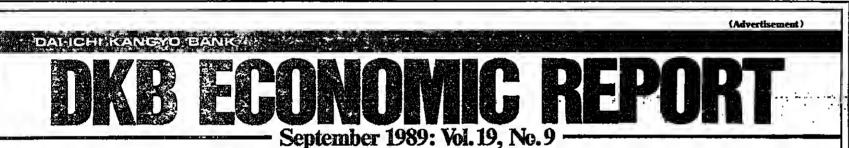
#### New York

Whitney Museum. A special exhibit from the museum's extensive holdings of Edward Hopper highlight the realistic painter's Paris and domestic scenes among the 150 pieces in all media. Ends Nov 5. Museum of Modern Art. Cover-ing only eight years, from 1907 to 1914, Picasso and Braque: Pio-neering Cubism consists of more than 350 works of the two artists during their fruitful collabora-tion before Braque left for war. Ends Jan 16. Ends Jan 16

Centre for International Conternporary Arts. A new New York institution with the goal of cataloguing curatorial information about artists around the world opens appropriately with a retro-spective of Japanese artist Yayol Kusama, 57th & Fifth Av.

#### Tokyo

Telen Museum. 400 Years of Edo/ Tokyo. When the shoguns moved the seat of power to Edo in 1590 it rapidly became one of the world's largest citles. Works in this small but exquisite exhibition celebrating the city's arts and crafts range from scroll



Beethovenfest will be the high-light of Bonn's 2,000th anniversary celebrations, with around 30 concerts. Bonn, Beethoven's birthplace, focuses on a wide range of his works, played by international orchestras, while

Beethoven's works will be juxta-posed with those of a contempo-rary composer, who this year will be Leonard Bernstein. To Oct 2. Tickets: Konzertkasse

# **Blind Spot in a Favorable Economy** -Political Instability Casts a Shadow

The ruling Liberal Democratic Party suffered a major setback in the July 23 election for the House of Councillors, resulting in a sharp reduction in the number of seats it holds in the upper chamber. This brought the LDP's long streak of dominance over both houses to an abrupt end. In addition, former Prime Minister Uno, taking responsibility for the debacle, announced his intention to resign immediately after the election. The dizzying frequency of changes In administration from Takeshita to Uno to Kaifu has rightly created concern over stic political instability.

### Competency of Economic Policy Management in Danger

This raises the question as to what extent polifical instability influences economic policy management and the performance of the economy itself.

Political instability may undermine competency in economic policy management. The combination of rapid changes in administration, frequent replacement of ministers, the shift in the power balance in the House of Councillors toward the opposition and concerns over the outcome of elections for the House of Representatives (which must be held no later than July 1990) is likely to result in diminished initiative in creating and implementing policy meas-

Furthermore, Japan also has to respond positively to pressing world issues, such as East-West relations, dehtor nations and global environmental problems, which were top priority at the recent Paris summit of the leaders of the G-7 industrialized nations. Among other International issues calling for immediate attention are trade friction and instability of exchange rates. Domestic issues demanding to be tackled include those related to the aging population and welfare. The Japanese economy will be ill prepared for the 1990's if political instability results in these important issues being put on the back-burner.

However, domestic political instability is unlikely to have any significant impact on the currently strong economy. The two major factors ochind the economic boom are strong capital investment and brisk personal expenditure. Therefore the economy need not be supported fiscal or monetary stimulu

#### Favorable Capital Investment to Continoe

Capital Investment, at the core of the current economic expansion, remains strong in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing sectors. This sustained high level of capital spending can be attributed to strong domestic demand and favorable corporate profits. A survey by the Economic Planning Agency revealed that the nation's major enterprises (companies capitalized at 100 million yen and up) plan to step up new expenditures on plant and equipment. Capital investment by all industry is expected to rise 5.6% in the April-June quarter, 7.6% in July-September and 10.5% in October-December. The busi-ness community remains optimistic for

the nation's prospects. The other main factor behind the expansion, personal expenditure faltered slightly in the second quarter. Growth in sales at large scale retail stores plunged to an annualized average of 3.6% after posting 12.5% in the first quarter of the year (see Figure). This sharp decline can he blamed on a backlash from the March surge, as consumers stepped up spending prior to the consumption tax introduction on April 1. There is no doubt that price rises induced by the new tax had a dampening effect on personal consump-

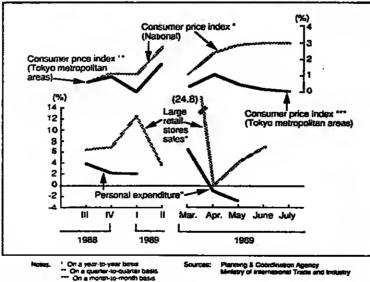
Therefore, the plunge in consumer spending is deemed to be a temporary one. The spending will resume a steady tone in the months ahead, supported by not only relatively high pay raises won tius year by labor and large summer bonuses, but also a slowdown of the rate of increase in consumer prices over the last few months (Consumer price rises in Tokyo metropolitan areas from previous month: April 1.1%, May 0.5%, June 0.2%, July 0.1%, see Figure). Consumer spending, centering on services and leisure, is poised to rehound from July.

**Causes for Concern: Price Trends** and Exchange Rates

While the Japanese economy is ex-

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Personal Spending Polsed for Strong Rebound

pected to continue to expand steadily, driven by capital investment and personal spending, there remains cause for concern in price trends and exchange

Although both consumer and wholesale price indices are rising more slowly on a month-to-month basis, prices are still under pressure from the sustained economic expansion. Given such circumstances, wholesale prices tend to rise easily once The primary fectors governing the di-

rection of exchange rates are the econo-mic and financial trends in the U.S., trade imbalances between the U.S. and Japan as well as the Japanese domestic political situation.

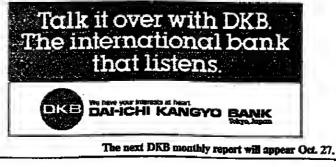
An extended period of political instability will make it more difficult to steer the nation's economy. This is bound to

have an adverse effect on economic performance in the end. Anticipating this, foreign investors have been pulling funds out of the Japanese equities and bonds market since April, when the domestic political scene started to destabilize. Their net selling of Japane equities and bonds amounted to 6.8 billion yen in the April-June period, revers-ing net buying of 7.4 hillion in the first quarter. Obviously this is also a factor behind the faltering yen.

#### Political Stability a Must

The current economic expansion has reached 32 consecutive months in July, surpassing the Jimmu Boom of the mid '50s, to move into third place in terms

of the length of postwar booms. The economy is expected to continue to expand on the back of strong capital investment and brisk personal spending. However, if political instability is further intensitied, it might lead to a weakening of the yen, which could spur a price rise. Given such prospects, the restoration of political stability is of most importance.



# an Arab tent. The works are hung on sus Beethovenhalle Bonn. 50 por-Beenaveenale Bonn. 50 por-traits of Beethoven by the Ameri-can pop artist Andy Warhol. In addition to the Bonn Beethoven-fest, an Andy Warhol exhibition is taking place until October 1. The Bonn gallery owner Her-mann Wuensche commissioned these Beethoven vortraits from these Beethoven portraits from Andy Warhol for Boun's 2,000th Andy warnol for Bouh's 2,000m anniversary. After a year of intensive study of Beethoven, he completed a series of coloured graphic works before he died last year. They are based on the 1821 original, by K.J. Stieler, showing the composer aged 48.

white gauze, divided into 22 more or less chronological sections, complemented by the immense Bolshevik-red banners which funter in the breeze in the square outside. Matisse was in Moscow to install his two paintings, Music and Dance in the house of the collector, Serget Sukin, and two symbolist works on show by Petrov-Vodkin, Youngsters and The Thirsty Fighter contain clear echoes of these. The giant figure of the s of prototype of impresarios, Diaghilev, looms over the exhibition. There are two portraits, one by Scrov, elegant and devilpaintings and prints to porcelain, swords and a stunning kimono embroidered with wisteria. Closed 2nd and 4th Wednesday each month.

Suntory Museum. Japanese Tex-tiles. A selection of fine works from a prominent American col-lection – ranging from elaborate kimonos and theatrical costumes to simple firemen's coats and other specialised garments.

Closed Mondays. Closed Mondays. Idemitsu Museum. Zen Paintings by Sengai (1750-1837). Ink paint-ings and calligraphy hy a monk whose witty works reflect the essence of Zen Buddhism. Closed Mondays Mondays.



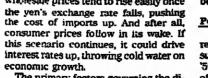
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### ARTS

# Pottery and politics Miss Saigon THEATRE ROYAL DRURY LANE

### Susan Moore on Iznik in Istanbul

This is Iznik Year. 1989 sees the publication of the first comprehensive survey of Iznik ceramics, the first major exhibition, at the Museum of Turkish and Islamic Art at the Ibrahimpaşa Palace in Istanbul (until December 15), and an international symposium at Istanbul University. This ambitious venture, organised by the university, is funded in part by the Ministry of Culture but largely by the Türk Ekonomi Bankusi – the first instance in Turkey of commercial sponsor-ship for an art exhibition. The reason for the Turks

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NEW York

sudden enthusiasm for this somewhat neglected aspect of its heritage is the conviction its hernage is the convection that culture is the key to Europe. Turkey applied for full EEC membership in 1987, and, as one official said, "We want to show Turkish culture to the world, especially to Europe. We all realise that Turkey means little else than gastarbeiter to most Europeans." Iznik Year has already stim-

ulated the inhabitants of Iznik in north-west Anatolia - the ancient Nicaea - into preserv-ing and enhancing their city, and the world's entimeiasts of Iznik pottery have begun their descent on the Ibrahimpasa 

Palace. The bank's involvement began with an intention to support the archaeological escava-tions of the kiln sites at Iznik. Two and a half years later, its commitment had snowballed into sponsoring a lavish and scholarly Anglo-Turkish tome with 991 illustrations: Iznik: The Pottery of Ottoman Tur-key, by Nuthan Atasoy and Julian Raby (Alexandria Press, London, available through Thames & Hudson in London and New York) costing £120 or \$200 even after subsidies, and a major international loan exhibition, in effect, the show of

the book. Some 206 pieces, the cream of Iznik, have been gathered from 40 museum and private collections as far afield as Kuwait and Copenhagen (the largest contributions come from the British Museum, the V&A, and the Gulbenkian Foundation in Lisbon). The result is spectacular, and is unlikely to be matched in our lifetime.

In terms of technical and achieved is considerable refine-

THEATRE HOYAL, BRISTOL

Plaza Suite

aesthetic achievement, Iznikis world. It is also one of the greatest traditions of underglaze painted pottery. Its glories are its tant dranghtsman-sbfp, axuberant floral decoration, and brilliant poly-chromy. The low firing tensper-atures for the silica body, far lower than those for Chinese porcelain, allowed the broadest range of undergiate colours ever produced - tarquolse, sage and emeraid greens, pur-ple, brown and black, as well as cobalt blue. Its greatest achievement is e glowing coral red. No other pottery mestered the technique, and it is lost today. ries are its taut draughts

today.



Iznik dish with artichoke trees, c. 1545

The colour comes from Armenian bole; a traditional term but one thet has been censored to "bole" in the Turk-ish edition of the catalogue – Iznik manufacture. Tiles (not included in book or exhibition) inclined in book or exhibition came to dominate production 15557-80 to meet the demands of an ambitious public building programme; they were also to change the Iznik aesthetic. As the subtle purple and sage although it is still known as "Armenian" bole in the bazaar today. It is a pity that such a magnificent cultural effort should lose credibility in this

The reappraisal of Emik ware began in Europe in the mid 1850s. Up muli the First World green used to such magnificent and original effect in the pomeand original effect in the pome-granate, artichoke and tree dishes of the 1540s and '50s were not sufficiently distinct at e distance and therefore unsuitable for tiles, a more strident palette of red, emerald and cobait blue came to be adouted. When building War it remained one of the most highly prized collectables, taking its place beside Chinese porcelain, maiolics and Renais-sance bronzes. The origins of this widely exported craft. adopted. When building stopped at the end of the cen-tury, the stifled pottery indus-try began to decline. It proved incapable of surviving the con-straints of the court system however, were not finally established as Ottoman Turkey until after the last war. The wares were given in tim to Persia, Rhodes, Damascus, Kütahya, and the region of the Golden Horn in Istanbul, but and its preference for Chinese by 1907 it was sensed that the distinctions in the pottery were chronological rather than geoporcelain - despite efforts to develop an export market.

graphic. What the excavations, the book and its exhibition have

The first home-grown British musical at Drury Lane for many years is, of course, about the American dream. The ment of the dating of these extraordinarily variegated wares, and of the distinctions French authors of the musical between the different groups produced in the 170-year span of 1490-1550. There is still much of Les Miserables, the composer Claude-Michel Schönberg and the librettist Alain Bonblil, work to be done, but the progbave reconstructed the ress to date cannot fail to affect the market. Madame Butterfly story around the 1975 evacuation of Saigon. The initial inspiration was a Perhaps more revealing is

the intimacy of the relationphotograph in "Paris Match" of ship between the development of Imic pottery and Ottoman court petronage. The brilliant white slip and near-flawless a mother being separated from her child in an airlift. So the new Pinkerton becomes an American GI, Chris (Simon Bowman), who falls in lova with his geisha Cio-Cio San, Kim, after a night on the razzle. Unknown to Chris, Kim glazes of the wares made after the arrival of Sultan Mehmed and Conqueror in 1480 are ann Conqueror in 1480 are shown not to have evolved out of the 15th century earthen-ware tradition. They are com-pletely different in ambition, scale, shape, technique, and in economy. Changes are not so much related to the arrival of has a child and smuggles him to Bangkok thanks to the intervention of the pimp and hus-

ther, the Engineer. There is e relationship to Les Miz, which is the remion from an potters as a change in cing. Inds must have been avail-soma of tha most effective financing. Funds must have been available to invest in the substan-tial experimentation in larger music belongs to the tracking revenge figure, the outraged betrothed cousin of Kim (and sizes, new shapes and new materials. The first new wares relate to highly esteemed Chi-ness Ming blue and white por-celain, and to Ottoman metal-

betrothed coulin of Kim (and of Hugo's police inspector) whom the Communist reunifi-cation has thrust upon her. Otherwise the music has a wonderful ungoverned romantic spirit - you never know how any number is going work and the new style of court calligraphy - the result, a delightful amagam, Chinolsetie Ottomanised. Court patronage and court style continued to determine to end - bscked up by Oriental string arrangements and brassy walls of flat-ont orchestration.

romantic throwback musical so far: The Phontom of the Opera re-cast Puccini in a modern idiom, but producer Cameron Mackintosh has here ont-manoevred the old-fasbioned Broadway aspirations even of Andrew Lloyd Webber. Just as The Flower Drum Song, The King And I. South Pacific and Pacific Overtures were all about ethnic conflict in an historical colonial situation, so Miss Sainon dramatises a nation's delicious guilt so readily celebrated on the musical

This is undoubtedly the most

celebrated on the musical stage. In recreating the era, Nicholas Hymer's meticulous and finally overpowering production stops at uothing: flared trousers, busy street scenes of occuried lamp-shades pedding like fury on bicycles, sweaty GIs fondling the talent, a strikingly dignified "wedding" after a beautiful duet. The re-named capital of Ho Chi Minh City is marked hy the hoisting of a huge statue of the Chinese potentate. The evacuation itself, atop the American Emhassy, is a thrilling flashback in Kim's nightmare, with photographic tableant of would-be refugees crushed against the chicken

crushed against the chicken wire compound as a full-size chopper blasts down and then out

In its re-enactment of historical events, the show

recalls Evita, and especially so in the figure of the Engineer, coruscatingly well played by Jonathan Pryce. Pryce has several big moments as he hitches bis escape to the dollar democracy like some oleaginons, limber-limbed hood-eyed emcee from Cabaret, The future is in musicals, and his show-stopper is a vision of the good life that starts with a simple honky-tork backing and builds to a nightmarish premonition of A Chorus Line complete with high-kicking chorus and an illuminated Cadillac over which he writhes with orgasmic delight. The number is reduced,

though to a follow spot and a single piece of folding money. John Napier's design, a little disappointing and cluttered, with old-fashioned trucks and lots of neon signs, is best when it clears the stage for Pryce, or reveals a great dark chasm beyond the slatted hinds and hamboo walls. Then Boh Avian's musical staging comes Avian's musical staging comes into its own, with goose-stepping Chinese military, or Vietnamese street girls. One terrible error is to support an Atlanta conference plea for the relugee children (throatily articulated hy Peter Polycarpou) with filmed footage of lost children. The new life in Bangkok is

conveyed in a rather sleek, lifeless art deco apartment, but the mainstay here is a

stunning doet for Chris's wife, beantifully sung hy Claire Moore, and the doomed mother of Chris's child. Throughout the evening, Lea Salonga as Kim sings her socks off, and the dedication to her son is one of the most moving things I

have ever seen on the London stage. She is an amazing talent, and she carries the sbow for three hours only for Jonathan Pryce to sidle on and walk off with it.

Michael Coveney

Bernstein's 'Arias and Barcarolles'

#### NEW YORK

Leonard Bernstein's latest composition, completed last year, first sung in Israel and now given its first New York performance, is a song cycle for soprano, baritone and piano duet, called Arias and Barcarolles. The songs are in fact neither arias nor barcarolles. President Elsenhower unwittingly provided the title in 1960 when, after Bernstein and the New York Philharmonic had played a Mozart concerto and What the Ottoman court had created, it also destroyed. By Gershwin's Rhapsody in Blue the 19th century, Enik as an important centre for pottery at the White House, the President expressed his manufacture was forgotten. preference for the Rhapsody: Tr's got a theme, I like music with a theme, not all them. arias and barcarolles."

The texts are Bernstein's own, except for a Yiddish poem by Yankev Yitashok Segal, "My wedding" - at which there played a far from Orthodox young fiddler, who had picked up some Gentile ways, but nevertheless captivated all his bearers. The postinge is a continental. postinde is a sentimental.

chromatic valse lente, with hummed vocal descant, which has become a memorial piece at services in this stricken city. The cycle is a good piece but having a finished one. On the one hand, one feels that if Bernstein were not so basy a conductor and would focus more intently on his

emotionally generous, and musical a composer that one feels grateful for what he does

Libor Pesek and the Royal Liverpool Philharmonic brings together two previously separate formal preoccupa-tions). A record of the work reached this country recently (and was reviewed on this page Orchestra enter their third season together in good heart. At Wednesday's concert, opening of the orchestra's season, this by David Murray); the chance was evident not just in the standard of playing - there begins to be a distinct "personto hear it as it were in the flesh proved too good to miss. It is an extraordinary 45-minute stretch of influences, styles, and moods filtered through the Schnittke musical mind, almost all of them stated or relayed in "extreme" terms ality" to the music-making of the orchestra under its Music Director, one easier to sense and admire than to analyse or describe - hot in the choice of and fung out with the special haleful frenzy that can so memorably assail this com-If was a confident mixture of the familiar and the novel such poser's muse,

In this it is at the opposite expressive pole from Schnittke's previous sym-phony, the Fourth (given at Aldeburgb last year), which reconciles its variously gleaned musical material with triumphant patience and persis-tence; the very difference between the two, and the fact that both could be by abso-lutely no one else, indicate the peculiar individuality of

Schnittke's expressive range. The particular symphonic tendency traced and unfolded while, the failure of Radio 3 to

Neil Simon turns, three though the insists she has cia Warren. Keren is a friendly, after dinner stories into short other engagements, he cun-plays by adding clever, funny ningly uses this magic to lute be 48, fond of her busily unaf-dialogue such as he might her into bed. Her into bed. Her into bed. Deeper feelings haunt the third play: Norma and Roy Hubley have hired the suite for the wedding of their daughter Minnsey to Borden Eisler, but Minnsey has locked herself in the bathroom. Both parents use every kind of argument through the door, Norma tears her stocking and breaks ber diamond ring, Roy hurts his arm in a barge and rips his tailcost trying to climb in from ontside. When Mimsey gives her father a brief audition, it seems that she is afraid -Louise Belson. Davyd Harries is sharpest as Jesse, an ageing Hollywood fig-ure determined to retain a glamorous, sexy youth. Sam Nash and Roy Hubley are both one-dimensional people, though Sam keeps his figures in his books and Roy trumpets his expenditure to the world. afraid that she and Borden will grow like Norma and Roy. As a last resource, Roy sends for Borden to try and help. for Borden to iry and help. Borden knows his stuff. "Mim-sey," he calls through the door, "cool iff" - and out she comes in her wedding finary, ready for anything. My guess is that they will turn ont like the Nashes. The main pleasure of this production, axpertly directed by Chris Harris, is the multi-coloured playing of Mar-Jane Annesley does what needs to be done as McCor-mack and Mimsey, but neither part offers the chance of excitement B.A. Young

The cycle consists of a duet, four songs for soprano and baritone in alternation, and another duct, with plane meinde and postinde to which. the singers add a descant. Through numbers in many different manners uny, twelve-Mahlerian - it has a theme: aspects of family relationships and varied, ingenious musical metaphors therefor. The first duct is a vocal commentary on a 10/8 theme that goes purling on with apparently a life of its own (what does it mean? what can it lead to?); the second is an unreticent evocation of bedtime conversation between Dean Charles Webb, of the Indiana University School of Music, and his wife Kenda: prayer, prattle and amorous recollection. One song (composed 34 years ago, revised for the cycle) celebrates the birth of Bernstein's son Alexander; another is a bedtime story that his mother used to tell him (about a "little wubbit" that got lost but was found again), recounted with exaggerated Rakhmaninov-like plano reactions to the events of the tale



### Schnittke PHILHARMONIC HALL, LIVERPOOL

programme. as could only be risked by an ensemble that has won its reg-nlar andience's trust: Bee-thoven (a thrusting, full-toned Egmont) and Chaikovsky (a

First Piano Concerto with Cécile Ousset in metallic, then in the second movement rather compositions, really work them out and get them into shape, they could be far better. On the other hand, he is so more poetically sparkling form), followed by the first British performance of Alfred Schnittke's latest (1988) large-scale orchestral composition. An impressive, well-balanced skilfal, sure inventive,

violin and oboe, in the turbu-lent second a sudden tenderly spectral reference to Mahler's incomplete early Piano Quar-tet) - and then, in the giant finale (a discontinuous post-Mahlerian funeral Adagio), an admission of hlack, despairing defeat. On a first hearing I wondered whether the sheer weight and force of this climax had been sufficiently prepared for by what preceded lt - hut, with past Schnittke in mind. one may fairly assume the dis-proportion to be part and par-cel of the artistic message.

Even with that only partially grasped, it seems to me a work of towering urgency and vividness: the writing for the orchestral bass voices is star-tilingly original, and after much furious clashing of brass (which sent one or two tender souls scurrying for the exit), the tolling bell underpinning of the finale imposes an inexora-bly severe dignity that is deeply affecting. No doobt one of the London orchestras will take this work up soon: mean-

concert, delivered with real authority: would its London equivalent win such a large here is a straining toward the recapture of an inherited form The Schnittke bears a cumnow out of reach (in the openbersome title - Concerto grosso no.4/Symphony no.5 ing movement the announce (both appellations are deemed ment of an harmonically frac-necessary, since the work tured Baroque concerto for

have devised when he was writing radio gags. They are not great plays, and only one of them has anything like a real punch-line, but they are good material for actors, and the Bristol players take full advantage. nave devised whe E .

They are set in suite number 719 at the Plaza Hotel, New York. In the first, Karen Nash is celebrating her 24th wedding anniversary in the suite where she spent her wedding night. . cz7 Sam, her husband, is deep in company business, not at all. celebratory in mood, and Karen detects that he is having an affair with Jean McCor-mack, his secretary. The choice between parting and reconcili-

Next we meet Jesse Kiplin-ger, successful Hollywood pro-ducer. He has telephoned his old college girl-friend Muriel, now married with three chil-dren exiting her to meet him dren, asking her to meet him in the suite. She is obsessed with Hollywood legend, and

multi-coloured playing of Mar-

**ARTS GUIDE** 

OPERA AND BALLET

mature married woman who dresses, acts and almost looks as she must have looked at college with Jesse. As for Norma, in a sleek mauve creation with a 22-inch waist, she is a com-plete New York Jewish mother. The three are all convincing in their several ways, all inge-niously dressed by designer

manage to get down. And it may be that the very casualness that marks some of Arias and Barcarolles is an essential part of the idea. The singers were Judy Kaye

and William Sharp, She (who put in a stint in the Broadway production of *Phantom* and won a Tony Award for it) is one of the few American singers who know how to put a song across. He seemed promising when he won the Carnegie American Music Competition two years ago but has become dull - all voice and no lively forward words. The planists were Michael Barrett and Steven Blier, founders of what is rather grandly called the New York Festival of Song: a series of recitals that aims to do for New York what Graham Johnson and the Song Makers Almanac have done for London.

attendance?

pick up this important concert for live broadcast is surely inexcusable

Max Loppert

# Heartbreak House

#### DERBY PLAYHOUSE

Not for the first time, what may I snspect be the week's most exhilarating opening takes place considerably north of Watford. This co-production between Shared Experience and Derby Playhouse finally shakes off that irrelevant and inaccurate Chekhovian label that Shaw, and others, slapped on to his non-naturalistic Great War country house gathering with the Thomas Love Peacock title. In Nancy Meckler's endlessly Andrew Porter | fascinating expressionistic

September 22-28

Baskerville and Larry Marshall and Teresa Stratas in Puccini's Il Trittico (Il Tabarro, Suor Angelico and Gianni Schiechi),

all conducted by James Levine. Opera House Lincoln Center (362

New York City Opera. The week

includes the first performances of *Die tote Stadt* in a decade with in Frank Corsaro's production conducted by Klaus Weise, *Die* 

production they emerge clearly as Firbankian grotesques frozen in characteristic attitudes: Jonsonian humours perhaps.

Dermot Hayes sets the action on an elliptical space backed by uprights with a hint of the mast, between which are slung sails, some furied to reveal blackness beyond; this is Captain Shotover's domain. after all, and the timbers are heard creaking dangerously by the play's end. Piles of ledgers, green with mould, are the only furniture - if one discounts the prone form of Boss Mangan casnaliy perched on hy Hesione during his hypnotic trance.

The characters themselvea display a touch of visual caricature: the dashing Hector Hushabye's archetypai masher's tash, Hesione's exotic Turkiek transme and invision Turkish trousers and iuxuriant plait of hair, the blotched dapperness of Mazzini Dunn, the centre-parted wings of whose confirme recall the young Chaplin – aptly, since David Fielder plays ineffectual virtue with the precision and delicacy of a clown. The nurse's filthy apron is topped hy a dirty face.

The production's liberated style takes in sudden dimming, spotlights, slow motion, freezing. There is an almost choreographed confrontation hetween capitalist Boss Mangan and young Ellie Dunn over the bargain of their marriage: they crouch and bob ike courting birds until Ellie literally runs rings round him, swerving, darting, pirouetting as she baits the bull, sticks the pig, gets in another blow. This sets the seal on the excellence of Annabelle Apsion's oerformance: an immensely promising young actress, tough, intelligent and stylish.

One of the evening's pleasures is the consistently good playing: from Marty Cruicshank's generous, effusive Hesione - if Mrs Pat wasn't like this, you feel, she should have been; from Fred Pearson's first-rate Sbotover, avoiding the whimsicality that

can make Shavian drollery embarrassing; from Ian Gelder as the hero without a role and John Baxter's petulant cicisbeo seeking a nanny rather than a mistress, Randall Utterword. All of which carries the play. Tha informative programme qnotes one of Shaw's toshier remarks about

woman's natural ability to rule - with humanity and sense. he implies. I wonder what he would make of the last decade. He is weakest when he tries to sound like Wilde. Does the observation that there are two classes in England, the equestrian class and the neurotic class, actually mean very much? Did it even then? Jennie Stolier's Lady Utterword (slow on entrance

cues at least twice) plays too much on one brittle note of Wildean comedy, whereas if the rest of the production has a fault it is that playful disapproval or mock anger is taken too seriously and piayed straight. The one overriding element of this class's social life, whether a strength or a dehilitatingly evasive weakness, was its irony.

Too much may have been read into the play - not, after all, prophetic, hut written during the war itself. It is easy now to point at lines like "a soul is a very expensive thing to keep - much more than a motor-car" or "unless I can make myself as hard as nails I shall go mad;" but Shaw was following in great footsteps, chiefly lbsen's, without bothering to people his polemics with human beings. It takes more than a store of dynamite and a misanthrop on stage to convince us that Shaw foresaw nuclear war. But if the play is an example of chancer's luck, it can hardly be better done than it is here.

At Derby until October 7, the production visits Cambridge, Singapora, Winchester and Belfast – where its final performance is on Armistice Day. Shaw would have enjoyed the irony.

Martin Hoyle

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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London Royal Opera, Covent Garden. The new attempt at a Royal Opera Ring opens with Die Walk-üre, in a production by Götz Friedrich adapted from his Barlin staging, Bernard Haitink con-ducts, and the cast includes James Morris, Gwyneth Jones. René Kollo, and Gabriele Schnaut. Final performances of Rigoletto, with Ingvar Wizell, Léonlina Vaduva and Jerry Had-ley, conducted by Sian Edwards. English National Opera, Coli-seum. The first new production of the ENO season is A Masked Ball, by the team (production of the ENO season is A Masked Ball, by the team (production of the ENO season is A Masked Ball, by the team (production of the ENO season is A Masked Ball, by the team (productor David Alden, designer David. Fielding, conductor Mark Elder) responsible for the company's controversial Simon Bocomegra. Arthur Davies, Janice Cairns, Jonathan Summers and Linda Finnie take the leading roles. Further performances of the Further performances of the unevenly sung revival of *The Magic Flute*, conducted by Lothar Zagrosek, with Thomas Randle, Cathryn Pope, Alan Ople and John Connell.

#### Paris

This ire des Champs Elysées. New York City Ballet, as part of the 27th Paris International Dance Festival, alternates choreographies by George Balanchine, Peter Martins and Jerome Bobhine (47203637)

#### Vienns

William Dooley and Rolf Kühne. A ballet evening with Roland Petit choreography rounds of Staatsoper, *Rigolatto* is con-ducted by Leopold Hastr with a cast including Patrizia Pace,

# Waltraud Winsaner, Hans Chris-tian; Il Barbiere di Siniglia, con-ducted by Ion Marin, is sung by Geil Dubinbeum, Marjorie Vance, Thomas Hampeon, Anton Wendler, Chowanschisching by Hussorgebre is conducted by

Brussels

Sun, Wed).

Berlin

- - . .

Mussorgsky is conducted by Claudio Abbado with Ludmila Schemtschuk, Heinz Zednik and Josnna Borowska; *Der Rosenka-valler*, conducted by Silvio Var-viso, festures Gundula Janowitz, Margareta Hintermeter.

Opera. A Julia Varady/Districh Pischer-Dieskau Lieder recitalac-companied by Hartmut Holl with

ducts by Bartholdy, Cornelius and Schumson (Fri). Fidelio,

in Jean Pierre Ponnelle's produc-tion features Jamis Martin, Carol

#### Bonn

Opera. The new Aids production, by Jaques Karpo has Rosalind-Plowright repeating her much praised performance in the title role and is expertly conducted by Bonn's music director Dennis sell Davies.

Stastsoper. Der Troubadour has fine interpretations byGiorgio

Ince interpretations by diorgio Zancanaro, Nina Terentjewa, Sharon Sweet and Lando Barto-lini, Der Liebestronk has Hellen Kwon, outstanding as Adina with Kurt Streit, Alexandru Agache, Rolando Panerai and Gabriele Rossmanith in other parts.

Romeo et Julie, choreographed by John Neumeiar is revived with Jean Laban and Stefanie

# Théâtre Royal de la Meannie. The Monnais Opera conducted by Sylvain Cambreling in Verdi's Folstoff staged by Iluis Pasqual with Jose Van Dam in the title role, Laurence Dale as Fanton, Ugo Benelli as Dr Cajus, Livia Budai as Mrs Alice Ford (Fri, Sun, Wed). Frankfurt

Hamburg

Arndt as soloists.

Opera, Britten's Ein Sommer-Opera. Britten's Ein Sommer-nachustraum is respectable with-singers Jochen Rowalski, Linda Griffitz, David Bennet And Vladi-mir de Kanel. La Bohème stares Gyoergyi Benza and AlbertoCu-pido. Un ballo in Maschera returns with a new cast led by Lubica Rybarska, Bruno Bec-caria, Michal Shamir and Vera-Baniewicz.

# tion features Janis Martin, Carol Malone, Spas Wenkoff, Kurt Rydl and will be conducted by Horst Stein. Aida has a first-rate cast led by Julia Varady in the title rule, Brune Beglioni (Anneris), Giorgio Lamberti (Radames), George Fortune (Annonasto) and Julien Robbins (Koenig). Tosco returns with Natalla Trofiskaya in the title role, Franco Bonisolli, William Dooley and Rolf Kohne Cologna

1

Cologne Opera. The successful Harry Kupfer Jenufh productionfea-tures Eva Tamassy, Linda Plech, Leonie Rysanek-Gausmann, Guenter Neumann, Alfred Kuhn and is conducted by Cologne's new music director James Con-hon. The rarely played one act operas by Rossini La Cambiale de Matrimonio! Il Bignor Brus-

per, Francesco Ellero. Also offered Rossini's rarely played *Mosé, Fuert Igor* with Cornelia Wulkopf, Gabriele-Maria Ronge, Bodo Brinkmann and Robert Schunk and *Madama Butterfly* with Eugenia Modoveanu, Gud-run Wewezow and Peter Dvor-sky. sky. Naples Piazza del Piebiscito. An outdoor "festa" of music and dancespon-sored by the Banca di Napoli and major Italian state holdings and broadcast in Eurovision. other co-artistic director Francia Russell. Kennedy Centre Opera House (254 3770).

chino, are sung by David Kue-bler, John del Carlo, Teresa Ringholz, Janis Hall and Alberto

Opera. Le Nozze di Figaro fea-tures Lucia Popp, Jeanne Piland, Angela Maria Blasi, Alan Titus, Alberto Rinaldi, Kallen Esperian, Julie Kanimann, Franz Grundhe-ber, Francesco Ellero. Also offened Rescipito analy nigard

Hunich

An immense variety of styles in both music and dance. (info. 402721) Milen

Lyric Opera. The opening pro-duction of Tosca with Eva Mar-ton, Luciano Pavarotti and Sieg-Teatro Nazionale. The Scala bal-let company in Les Sylphides, Bal-anchine's Apollon Musagete and Birgtt Cullberg's Signorino Giu-Ha, with plano accompaniment by Michele Fedrigotti (4395700). mund Nimsgern is conducted hy Bruno Bartoletti in Deppe De Tomasi's production. Jiri Kout conducts Der Rosenkauali with Anna Tomowa-Sintow, Kathleen Battle and Julian Pat-New York rick (332 2244).

Metropolitan Opera. James Lev-ine conducts the opening gala of Atda in Sonja Frisell's produc-tion with Aprile Millo, Placido Tokyo Domingo and Sherrill Milnes, in a week that also includes Porgy and Bess with Priscilla

La Traviata performed in Italian by the Nikikai Opera Company. with popular Japanese soprano Shinobu Satoh as Violetta. Tokyo Bunka Kaikan (Wed) (370 6441).

# conducted by Klaus Weise; Die Zauberflöte conducted by Scott Bergeson in Lofti Mansouri's production; Rigoletto; and Madama Butterfly, Lincoln Cen-ter New York State Theatre (877 4700). Washington Pacific Northwest Ballet. Return angagement features the world premiere of Firebird choreo-graphed by co-artistic director Kent Stowell, among works by Balanchine, Paul Taylor and the

Chicago

# FINANCIAL TIMES

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Friday September 22 1989

# The politics of dirty water

erupted when a large slice of

additional national resources is being allocated to cleaning up water and effluent, mainly

because of the need to tell potential investors exactly how purity standards will be met in the next decade. The argument for England and Wales is not

about whether the standards

should be met, hut about how quickly, and the difference is

quickly, and the uniference is too narrow to be worth a fight. It relates to the number of mil-lionths of a gramme of nitrates which should be allowed per litre. The EC says 50, the World Health Organisation

says 100 and Britain achieves

80. Britain says it needs five years to meet the EC standard

years to meet the EC standard in Staffordshire and East Ang-lia. The EC says it must be done in three. For Scotland, where the water industry is not heing privatised, the EC case is stronger. The British Government has not incorpo-

rated the EC directive into Scottish law nor given strong enough assurances about the

removal of traces of lead from water in Lothian and Strath-

Having agreed to the stan-dards. Britain and the rest of the Community mnst imple-ment them. But it would be wrong to lose sight of the cost.

In the concentrations now

being argued about, lead and nitrates represent a health haz-ard which is too small to be

measured reliably, and may be

no threat at all. No donht our

water will be better without these substances, but govern-ments must ask whether the money could be better spent. The £90m which the UK will spend on reducing nitrate con-

centrations in the next four

years would be enough to build two medium-size hospitals.

particular environmental cause

or when directives are drafted

by technicians concentrating

on an important, but narrow aspect of health. As standards

tighten, the balance of advan-

tage in extending them becomes more questionable. So in considering future direc-

This kind of comparison is often missed when people become over-excited about a

**Relative costs** 

WHEN the European Commission issued its first dirty water directives back in 1975, the idea of Brussels bureaucrats pronouncing on the quality of Britain's bathing beaches seemed faintly risible. This week the issue has been

shown to be no joke at all. A British Cabinet minister was required to plead with the Commission to lay aside Its decision to take Britain to the European Court for violation of its 1980 drinking water direc-tive. He returned with the humiliating message that the industry's £18.6bn spending plan for the next 10 years was judged insufficient to meet the latest Euro-standards.

#### Legal boundaries

The dispute raises two important questions about the increasing pervasiveness of EC law. The first is: what are its proper boundaries? The second is: how much should general directives pre-empt resources for which memher countries might have higher priorities? The present argument is

about the application of a directive which specifies 66 separate purity standards. While common standards for sewage effluent obviously make sense (hecause rivers cross frontiers), the need for very detailed international rules for drinking water standards is less obvious.

It is reasonable to argue that all Community citizens have the right to be assured of safe drinking water when they travel. It is also true that many countries, including Britain, have a poor record in bringing water and sewage standards up to acceptable standards -democratic governments are too often tempted into the expedient of cutting long-term public expenditure in such unglamorous sectors. The EC directives may have goaded governments into actions which they knew to be right, but could never get high on their domestic agenda. Belgium and France have already been referred to the European Court, decisions are pending for breaches by West Germany and Luxembourg, while cases are being considered against Italy and Spain.

tives, ministers must increas-ingly consider, not just the obvious popular benefits, but the cost of opportunities lost. It is ironic, therefore, that the fuss between Britain and the Commission should have

diers went on Exercise White Rhino in an area to the west of Germany's Harz mountains. This week, the army has been trying to play out the same exercise, one armoured brigade against another, but with 40 per cent fewer men, half the tanks and no artillery guns. The aim is to see if the army can carry out its exercises with less disruption to civilian life.

ast week, 11,500 British sol-

White Rhino is treading carefully because it is treading on the sensitive ground of Anglo-German defence relations. These are intricate, close and in some ways unique. What other nation has over a third of its army and 95 per cent of its tanks stationed in another country? In the last year, the relationship has become accident-prone.

when Mr Tom King, the British Defence Secretary, met his West Ger-man counterpart, Mr Gerhard Stolten-berg, yesterday at the Bielefeld head-quarters of Britain's 1st Corps, it was the second time he had been to see him in less than a month. The meeting followed private talks in Bonn on Wednesday between Mr John Major, the British Foreign Secretary, and his West German opposite number, Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher. Since Mr King took over the defence joh in July, he has been to no other Nato country hut West Germany, probably Britain's soundest European ally, most Britons would say, or would

have said. What used to be a quiet, normal, stable understanding has been upset by a series of differences. Two of them, which have moved from the military and industrial sphere into the ministerial arena, are close to crit-ical decisions: the RAF's scope for practising low-flying runs in Germany and the choice of a radar for the ambi-tions European Fighter Aircraft, in which the two countries are the main partners.

However, these are only part of the list of recent problems, which include: Nato's short-range nuclear missiles. The British Government, strongly in favour of new missiles and against negotiating them away, thought it had a friend in Mr Rupert Scholz, the last West German Defence Minister, but he proved to lack the necessary political authority. His last ministerial act in April, agreeing to a vague compromise on modernisation, was instantly superseded by a sur-prise and forthright declaration from Bonn in favour of talks with the War-

saw Pact. The row came to a head at the Nato summit in late May, when Mrs Mar-garet Thatcher spoke in dismissive terms of West German sensibilities. "I don't have any problem," she said after another compromise had finally been struck. "If they have, let them sort theirs out."

A decision on modernisation has been put off until 1992, but it is unlikely to be any easier then to sell the idea to German public opinion that Nato really needs an extended-range front-line missile.

• Training. Politicians across a hroad spectrum in West Germany have made military annoyances an issue. The Federal Government is frequently under pressure at Land (regional) and local level. The less people in West Germany feel threat-ened from the East – especially the generation, now mature, that did not experience the Second World War or the early post-war period - the less they are inclined to put up with the strains arising from having six allied armies around as well as their own. West Germany has some 900,000



Tom King and Gerhard Stollenberg (right) taking to White Rhino troops at Warburg near Kasse

David White reports on tensions in the Anglo-German defence relationship

# Why Bonn has raised its voice

to the Bundestag this autumn, limit-ing the number of sorties. The issue has been negotiated with the allies, but the US has been more accommo-dating than Britain. Flying under no konger dig latrines; a local com-more the basic sorties. The issue has been negotiated with the allies, but the US has been more accommo-dating than Britain. Flying under no konger dig latrines; a local comradar is basic to RAF doctrine. The US Air Force has somewhat greater flexibility, since it has more resources for clearing paths through air defences. The Luftwaffe also needs the same kind of practice. But the Germans maintain that shorter stretches at low level would do.

Ground manoeuvres also place strains on the environment and peo-ple's nerves. The Soltan-Lüneburg training area in northern Germany,

What used to be a quiet, normal, stable understanding has been upset by a series of differences

for instance, is like nothing that would be considered tolerable in the UK, let alone if the army were some-body else's - an inhabited region where tanks plough perpetually hy, next to villages. The British Army has had to look

to meet the RAF's more demanding requirements. The financial crisis at Ferranti further weighs against the British contender. • The Asraam missile. A new

air-to-air weapon to replace the US Sidewinder in standard Nato use, and one of the armaments for the EFA, it

was to be developed jointly hy Ger-

Since the clash at the

Nato summit, Britain

more solicitous in its

the remainder.

appears to have become

attitude to the Germans

the UK Government and British Aero-space looking for partners to shore up

e-eparante

ire

Exercise headquarters have a "Bur-gerphone" for citizens' calls. Soldiers no longer dig latrines; a local com-pany is doing great husiness renting portable lavatories to the British was to be developed jointly hy Ger-many and Britain, in the European end of a twin US-European missile programme worth billions of dollars. The project was bogged down at the start. Leadership was switched from Germany to the UK. Then, this sum-mer, the Germans pulled out, leaving the venture only partly supported by

Army of the Rhine. In the present exercises, the British Army is putting its plans for "alleviat-ing pressure on the environment" to the test for the first time.

"We have got to exercise over the ground where we would have to fight. A large proportion of the population fully understands this," the army says. But problems are likely to increase with pressure building up for land now reserved for the military to be used to house refugees arriving from East Germany.

 The Eurofighter. West Germany has stuck out against the choice of a Ferranti-designed radar which would be co-produced between the four partners. The airframe and engine for the 522bn European Fighter Aircraft are already British-led. Bonn wants a German-led radar, an improved version of a system developed by Highes of the US, in which AEG is already involved for the upgrading of West Germany's Phantom fighters.

 Export policy. Mrs Thatcher lec-The West Germans see the Ferranti tured Chancellor Helmut Kohl in a letter last year over Bonn's failure to project as riskier. Costs will be under e scrutiny by the Bu

# FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22 1989

ahead. The Tornado sale fell through. In the wake of all this, officials in Bonn have been alarmed to find many British politicians questioning West German reliability. British suspicion, further encouraged by the scandal over alleged involvement by West German companies in Libyan chemi-cal warfare plans, was reflected in the cool Ministry of Defence welcome for Siemens's takeover of parts of the Plessey defence electronics husiness. The German company has been lim-ited in its access to some areas of top-secret UK technology. But since the Nato summit clash, Britain appears to have become more solicitous in its attitude towards the Germans and the atmosphere is less

Source of the second se both in the row about Nato nuclear policy and in the controversy about low-flying. Bonn officials say the UK may be beginning to appreciate that the appearance of growing assertive-ness is just Germany having its say. "The national interest of Germany has to be taken into account. We have been saying this for some time, but people in the UK did not want to take notice." says one diplomat. "If you both in the row about Nato nuclear

notice," says one diplomat. "If you want to have an ally who is reliable you must take into account his interests. Otherwise you will not have a good ally."

ests. Otherwise you will not have a good ally." They say that widespread British comments about West Germany "going soft," and speculation that the lure of German reunification might make it leave Nato, are based on an underestimation of the country's role in, and commitment to, the alliance. West Germany, with the largest forces of any European ally except Turkey, cannot be put in the same category as Denmark or Belgium, they argue. It has more interest in "forward defence" than anybody, relying on it for the protection of both its security and its investment climate. Opinion polls continue to show overwhelming support for Nato despite strong objec-tions to some Nato policies and some implications of membership. Germany has taken pains to offset adverse reaction in the UK to the set-ting up of a Franco-German brigade

ting up of a Franco-German brigade and other initiatives to strengthen military ties with the French. These, from the German viewpoint, are aimed at drawing France, which stands outside Nato's integrated command system, into the forward defence of the federal republic.

To show it is not neglecting its UK ties, Bonn has set np a joint study group with Britain and proposed a multinational division within the Northern Army Group, of which Brit-ons and Germans form the core. Training exchanges are being stepped

Training exchanges are being stepped up. "Our military co-operation is per-fect," says one senior German officer. "It's much denser - and better -than with the French." While strong feelings do exist in Germany that some aspects of the allied presence are undesirable, the Germans would be the first to be alarmed by any idea of withdrawal. BAOR's three armoured divisions are secured by treaty. Unilateral reduction is not now on the cards. That would undercut Nato's position in the Vienna conventional arms talks in the Vienna conventional arms talks and aggravate US dismay about Euroand aggravate US dishing about Editor peans not pulling their weight. But in the longer term the combination of further disarmament, German discom-fort and cost to the UK (£2.4bn a year just for BAOR) would be unlikely to how the Britich process unlikely to leave the British presence untouched. Nato's proposals in Vienna for man-power cuts affect only US and Soviet

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but of what?

Still in charge,

MEMBERS OF the Soviet **Communist Party's polithuro** must be learning to fear the month of September. This time last year a plenum (plenary meeting of the central commit-tee), summoned at very short notice, relieved the two leading conservatives in the politburo of their functions, transferring Mr Yegor Ligachev from ideol-ogy to agriculture and Mr Vik-tor Chehrikov from the KGB to legal reform. This week's plenum, summoned at very long notice but for another purpose. has brought the downfall of Mr Chehrikov and also of Mr Vla-dimir Shcherhitsky, the man who had done his best to preserve the Ukraine as an island of *zastoy* (stagnation) in the era of perestroika. Mr Ligachev remains in place, hnt now looks distinctly isolated within the polithuro.

So once again Mr Gorbachev, after allowing a conservative drift in policy, or at least in official statements, during his absence on holiday, has demonstrated on his return that ha remains fully in control of the party hierarchy. Although the majority in the present central committee is far from sharing his reforming zeal, it is not able to deny the general secretary the team of polithuro colleagues that he wants: the newcomers are all his close allies, with the possible exception of Mr Boris Pugo, who may owe his elevation as much to his nationality (Latvian) as to his personal qualities. No less significant, it has hastened its own demise by hringing forward the date of the next party congress, at which a new central committee will be elected. to October 1990.

#### One more year

Mr Gorbachev, therefore, has only one more year to soldier on with the present middle-rank party leadership, much of which has been quietly sabotaging his reforms even while paying lip-service to them. But all the signs are that it will be his most difficult year yet. A harsh critic might even say that his control of the party is a matter of rapidly decreasing significance, given that the party itself seems less and less in control of Soviet society.

The two dominant problems remain the same: the collapse of the economy, and the con-

flicting aspirations of the Soviet Union's component nationalities. Both are still get-ting rapidly worse. The first has taken on a new form with the miners' strikes in the sum-mer, which at last overcame Mr Gorbachev's unwillingness to allocate foreign currency for imports of consumer goods: two programmes each of 5hn rouhles were launched. This may do something to alleviate the repressed inflation which is the country's most acute economic problem. But it is increasingly obvious that only a very radical programme of price-liberalisation, economic decentralisation and enhanced competition, sweetened by expanded imports of consumer goods, has any hope of curing the underlying causes. Such reforms are apparently being put off until 1991-2, but, stuck

in the meantime. Flat contradiction

in its present in-between state, the economy may disintegrate

The nationalities issue has certainly not been resolved by the decisions of the plenum. The Lithuanian party leader, Mr Algirdas Brazauskas, qui-etly hut flatly contradicted Mr Gorbachev on the need for his party to he independent of Moscow's controi if it is to have any hope of retaining its "leading role" once Lithnanians are given a choice in the matter; and in Transcaucasia there is now a state of virtual war between Armenia and Azarhaijan, with the land-locked Armenians subjected to a total blockade.

Mr Gorhachev has undertaken to preserve without using force two things which only force could have created: the Russian empire (renamed Soviet Union) and the leading role of the Communist Party. In the long run neither may be possible and the second, at least, is not desirable. Yet he has shown great flexibility in redefining his objectives, and one is bound to wish him success at least in the short term if only because no better way of managing the transition is in sight. The alternative is either a return to a much more hrutal regime or a rapid disintegration of the union into unbridled anarchy and violence, or quite possibly a com-

bination of the two.

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UK Britain's is the largest allied contingent after that of the US: more than 50 bases, 68,000 army and RAF per-sonnel, plus another 4,000 in West Berlin.

on its territory, thre

half times as many as there are in the

The higgest single irritant is low flying. Mr Stoltenberg is to put a plan

for new places to train, preparing two years ahead of time, avolding repeated exercises in one place and taking care not to go over the same piece of land twice. It has branched out into areas such as the Sauerland which previously had only the Bel-

gians to put up with. "There's nowhere where we're wel-

Observer

defence and finance committees. Any credits for a \$500m deal to supply increase could jeopardise Bonn's con-tinued participation in the EFA projointly produced Tornado jets to Jor-dan. West Germany is debarred by law from selling arms to areas of tengramn

It did appear that Boun was about to yield on the radar, in a trade-off for sion. The British Government has British concessions on low-flying. But Britain is now investigating whether the German proposal can be improved

fewer scruples. The financing took so long the deal was incomplete when Jordan's debt crisis came to a head in March. A French fighter deal went

ally dry in a month generally

gitt's supply of free beer from the farmers.

He said: "I thought they

but apparently dry weather

makes the soft too thin. It is never just right for them. I have never known a farmer

who is not complaining about

another mild winter, though not as mild as the previous

two. The swallows are still

around which is a good sign,

■ Rather a good exhibition at one of London's lesser-known

war. This was extensive and

went far beyond first aid: it included tracing information

about refugees and missing persons. It is often assumed that most of that was done by

and the Red Cross had been .

The museum is at St John's

a permanent exhibition there

working together since the

Gate, Clerkenwell. There is

about the Order of St John,

mas. The area round about

is full of new restaurants.

Boer War.

something." Foggitt is forecasting

St John lives.

troops on their allies' territory. But the Warsaw Pact, with no equivalent to British, French, Canadian, Belgian and Dutch troops in West Germany, can be expected to call BAOR's size into question.

"Even if the Russians don't," says one British official, "the Treasury will."

### Midland man seduced There must be something

about haute couture that appeals to the financial mind: the models perhaps, or the sweet smell of artistic creation. Or is it simply the pleasure of selling clothes to the seriously wealthy?

In any event, it has seduced Leon Bressler, the 42-year-old chief executive of the Midland Bank in France. Six months after taking control of Lanvin with Midland, he has decided to give up banking and concen-trate full time on fashion. Bressler will find himself

in competition with Bernard Arnault, the financier who has taken control of the LVMH drinks and luxury goods con-glomerate and who owns Christian Dior and Christian Lacroix, and with Alain Chevalier, ousted from LVMH by Arnault earlier this year. Chevalier is making his comeback

hy huying Balmain. When Bressler first took Midland into a 40 per cent stake in Lanvin, ha admits that he looked at the distinguished haute couture house as simply a financial bargain. Enthusi-asm came later, as he came to know the business and its employees. Lanvin was in terrible shape,

and clear management weaknesses. ft continues to lose money, but its debt has been cleared, and it still has a store of underused assets: most notably its name.

The creative side needs pepping up, but that could be solved shortly by the nomination of a new designer, who will produce next January's collection. There is a tantalising rumour that Giorgio Armani might come from Milan, but Bressler has not confirmed it

The career change is getting to be something of a habit with Midland's top French executives. Hervé de Carmoy, Bressler's predecessor and interna-tional director of the entire

Midland group, stepped down last year at 51, before switching after a short pause to Société Générale de Belgique, the ailing industrial conglomerate taken over hy the Suez

group. Bressler started with Chase Manhattan. He joined Midland 10 years ago to lead - with Carmoy - its foray into France. He will continue to advise Midland Montagu in London and become a member of the supervisory board of Midland in France.

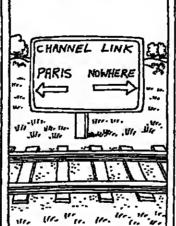
#### Addictive

The magazine, Executive Travel, tells the story of an Air France passenger who was seen unwrapping, examining, sniffing and then eating one of the airline's scented paper face towels. Half an hour later he had another.

#### Italian style

Italy's leading industrialists competed this week to see who could most impress the horde of international regulators in Venice for the annual meeting of the International Organisa-tion of Securities Commissions. Carlo de Benedetti and Raul Gardini were given high marks for lunchtime speeches over lavish buffets on the island of St Giorgio, where the confer-ence was held.

However, both were outra-geously upstaged by Giovanni Agnelli, who shipped all 600plus regulators, spouses and attendant hangers on to the Excelsior Hotel, where they were fed a sumptuous meal and Agnelli's honeyed words. The extravagance was the talking point between delegates throughout the next day, pushing aside such matters as the harmonisation of accounting standards. Top marks for an invitation-



(BANX)

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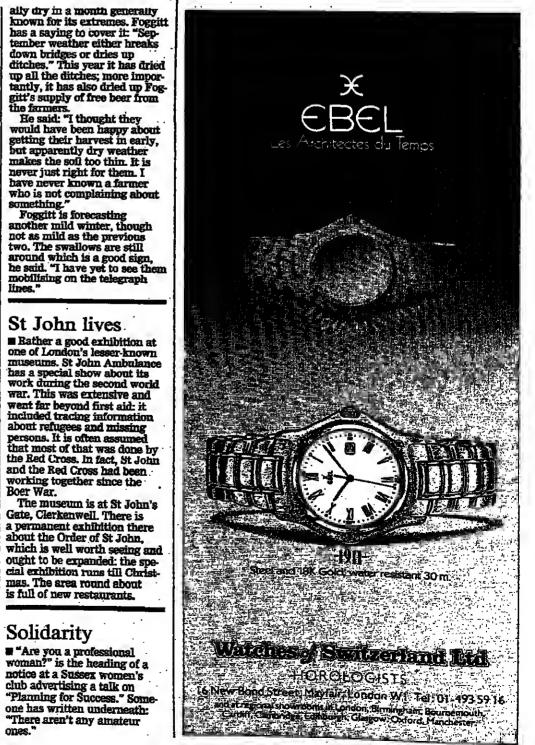
not-to-be refused, however, went to Gardini. A henchman telephoned Geoffrey Fitchew, the European Commission's top company law and financial institutions official, inviting him to dinner with the Ferruzzi chief. Fitchew declined. The menacing reply came: "You do know who Mr Gardini is?"

#### Mild winter

The season of mists and mellow fruitfulness arrived in Thirsk with bright sunshine yesterday as Bill Foggitt, the local weather sage, made the most of our Indian summer while it lasted.

Foggitt had his eyes set on the beginning of next week: St Matthew's Day, September 24, to be precise. According to weather lore "St Matthew's brings the cold and dew. I think we can expect it to turn chilly around that time. It usu-ally does," he said. "At least the daddy longlegs are not swarming. When they do, it means rain Thirsk has been exception-

Solidarity # "Are you a professional woman?" is the heading of a notice at a Sussex women's club advertising a talk on "Planning for Success." Someone has written underneath: "There aren't any amateur



t is not so very surprising, when you come to think of it, that in the West the 20th centery should as it is put today, the planet as a living organism. This is, after all the century in which God has been pro-claimed dead, organised Christian religions are in retreated and compared as a religions are in retreat, and science, the supposed means to the mastery of matter, is everywhere in the ascendancy. Liberal democracy may be catching on, capitalism may be produ-cing e great many motor cars - but what of the human soul? The Archhishop of Canterbury understands this question very well, as indeed it is his trade to do. Last Sunday he told representatives of the Buddhist, Hindu, Moslem, Jewish, Sikh, Bahai and Christian faiths that since the general new sensitivity to nature finds its source at such deep levels of the human spirit "it must, I think, be called a religious conviction . . . But it is not a conviction unique to any one religion in particular, and it is shared by some who would profess no religion at all." He is right, Scratch a member of the Green Party, in Wolmember of the Green Party, in Wol-verhampton for its annual conference this week, and you will find, likely as not, a highly intelligent young person hungry for spiritual fulfilment. Watch the party in its moment of "attme-ment," a full minute's head-bent silence before proceedings begin, and the picture is clear. I know that the above exposition will seem dotty to many people, but if we are to fathom the forces that took

we are to fathom the forces that took the Greens from nowhere just a few years ago to 15 per cent of the vote in the recent elections to the European Parliament and around half that in the polls today it is not good enough to make a few jokes about the party's English eccentrics and universal lunatics and leave it at that. The Greens probably include as large a share of nutty folk as, say, the old Liberal Party, but they also represent a seri-ous trend in thinking among some of the educated youth of the rising gen-eration, not to mention some rather older people who have turned out to be accurate prophets. They do not particularly like their movement to to be called religious, since to many of these deeply serious individuals their beliefs are a guide to everything they do in life, and not separate from prac-tical matters. Hindus, Buddhists, Mos-lems see the world in much the same way. "Do not go down the Gaia road," warns Ms Sara Parkin, perhaps the most arresting of the contemporary prophets. She means, I think, that her party must win power for its ideas through practical politics. To me, the ideas remain what they are, an essentially religious force. Some Greens will accept the designation "spiri-tual," but the preferred term is holistic. Everything, they argue, is con-nected to everything else. "The Earth is our home," says the

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party's manifesto, "Life on it depends upon complex interdependent ecologi-cal systems, and humans are only one of its species," If that does not spell it out clearly enough, try the rest of the same passage: "Damage to habitats; the result of unecological ideology,

the denial of the spiritual link between ourselves and nature, and the relentless pursuit of economic growth, is now of such a magnitude that life on this planet is threatened." Pantheists and animists in tribal coltures believe much the same sort of thing. So do Australia's Aborigines. The new twist is that some of the children of the age of science believe it. because of what science has

Wrought. We can all talk easily about the planet now because it seems such a small object when photographed from outer space. The present decade has been one of unprecedented man-male wrought. disasters, from Chernohyl to the Exxon Valdez. Warnings about the damage to the ozone layer, uttered by Greens when they ware universally dismissed as incorrighte cranks, have been shown to be well-founded. Just e year ago Mrs Margaret Thatcher, in patherer the wort important emode perhaps the most important speech she will ever make, showed that she herself, a scientist and hard-headed political pragmatist, perceived that there really might be a threat from the accumulation of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere. Those gases are partially the product of nature (the partially the product of nature (the rear ends of cattle make a significant contribution) but largely the result of industrial growth. Thus the British Prime Minister's Royal Society speech made the possibility of global doom a respectable subject for investigation. Do not misunderstand me. There is no necessary connection between e proper concern for the environment

proper concern for the environment and membership of the Green Party. It is one thing to phase out the use of chlorofinorocarbons, and something quite other to embrace the Greens' holistic faith, much of which seems to me to include an interweaving of the preoccupations of the radical fringes of the old-established parties. This is of the old-established parties. This is not a British phenomenon alone. Ms Parkin takes *Die Grünen* of West Ger-many to task for retaining "a nostal-gia for associating with small left-wing parties." In the current issue of Resurgence magazine she says: "It is to be hoped that *Die Grünen* will heed the lesson of their year modest note the lesson of their very modest vote compared to the big gains of Greens in the UK, France, Belgium and elsewhere and cut their umbilical cord with the politics of the past." Yet in Britain one strand of green fundamentalism is very like pre-Gorbachev socialism, another very like pre David Owen liberalism. This will surely

LETTERS

# POLITICS TODAY New light on the **Green** faith

By Joe Rogaly



deter many voters.

Thus the holistic vision of Wolver-Thus the holistic vision of Wolver-hampton is likely to remain a minor-ity pursuit. To appreciate this all you have to do is walk a few hundred yards from the meeting-hall to this old Black Country town's sparkling new shopping centre where the growth economy is still playing to packed houses. An increasing propor-tion of Britain's consumers is con-cerned about the environment, but cerned about the environment, but most such people will merely look for green labels when they shop, leaving mainstream economists and scientists to devise solutions to established threats. All the major political parties are hasing their green strategies around the latter proposition - even the Social and Liberal Democrats, in

the Social and Lineral Democrats, in spite of careful references to Gaia by their leader, Mr Paddy Ashdown, To the deep Greens, this is not enough. The connections between every aspect of human life are of over-riding importance. This perhaps

explains their accumulation of what to outsiders seem like environmentally irrelevant policies. The Greens want e "steady state" economy, which means no industrially based growth. Their vision is of small communities, repair rather than manufacture ("cobblers, corner shop-keepers, smallhold-ers"), decentralisation, rights for women, redistribution of income, an end to nuclear weapons and nuclear power, a system of animal rights, elec-toral reform, conversion of the European Community to e Europe of regions, careful fishing that does not "disrupt the sea-bottom habitat" and much in the same vein. They are quick to point out why each bit fol-lows on from each other bit.

It is here that the crucial point of division between the realistic and the fundamentalist Greens is to be found. At heart most of them remain fundamentalists, convinced of the need to change the way most of us think, so that our civilisation may be trans-

formed from one based on westernformed from one based on western-style growth to a condition they per-ceive as stable. Ms Parkin herself said yesterday that "all our policies are crafted to be in tune with the triad of Green solidarities – with each other, with other species and with future generations." The realists know, how-ever, that they cannot expect many of us to swallow all this at once. They are therefore at their most successful are therefore at their most successful when they propound policies that will attract a wide response, such as control over pollution, recycling, energy efficiency, and the like. The Conservative and Labour parties would be wise to comh the Green manifesto for its many sensible suggestions on issues of this kind. Again, the Greens want everyone to change the way they live, so they have organised their party as a loose Athenian democracy in order to set an example. The realistic lead-ers among them want a more conventional party, with delegates and per-haps a more visible set of official speakers (there is e strong desire to avoid having a single leader).

In some countries with proportional representation the realistic approach is already bearing fruit. In spite of the disappointments of *Die Grünen* at the midsummer elections to the European Parliament, West Germany's realistic Parhament, West Germany's realistic greens have joined a coalition in Ber-lin – there was previously one in Hesse – and are threatening the Free Democrats' position as the natural third party nationally. The influence of the small contingent of Greens in the Italian Parliament is disproportionate to its numbers. In France Les Verts gained 10.5 per cent of the vote in the European election, and eight seats at Strasbourg. The comhined Green force in the European Parliament will ect as an important EC pressure-group, e fact that is surely not uncounceded with the tongh stance taken in Brussels over the purity of Britain's water.

In Britain, however, first-past-thein Britain, however, first-past-the-post voting will condemn the Greens to e few local council seats and per-haps, one day, a handful of seats in the House of Commons. Green politics nationally is already becoming e mat-ter of competition between the main parties, as it did in the Scandinavian countries. Whether this matters or not depends upon whether you accept the Green assertion that in the end industrially based growth combined with the population explosion will destroy the earth. Bolting on techno-logical palliatives, which is the mainstream answer, just postpones the evil day. In yesterday's debate about the "green consumer" there was little cheer for the idea that purchasing power will save us by forcing manu-facturers to make environmentally enfort products and groups of anthur safer products and general enthusi-asm for the view that the necessity is to consume less. The speech by David Icke, a "nationally elected spokesper-son" was all about putting a stop to the "take, make and throw away" ecothe take, make and throw away 'eco-nomic system in which we live. It received strong applause, and much support from the floor. I just wish I was absolutely certain that this line of prophecy will turn out to have been the Greens' big mistake.

# Lombard The absurdity of A levels

#### by Michael Prowse

THE headmasters of Britain's posedly the norm, but many public schools are probably the most conservative group of ure rate is high, with up to 25 educationalists in the country. They also regard themselves as guardians of standards in schools. Yet this week Mr Martin Marriott, the chairman of their annual conference in Oxford, strongly attacked English sixth-form education. Advanced and Advanced Snp-plementary exams (A and AS levels), be argued, are an "inadequate and inappropri-ate" diet for 16 to 18 year olds. He made a case for a broader,

more accessible curriculum. Mr Marriott's arguments are not new. Educationalists have been demanding a broader years. Indeed, only last sum-mer a committee chaired by Professor Gordon Higginson of Southampton University argued that A level syllabuses should be pruned and pupils required to study five rather than three subjects. This has long been standard practice in Scotland. But the Thatcher Government remains curiously Bowning Street rejected the Higginson proposals on the grounds that they would debase A levels and thereby jeopardise educational stan-dards. The case for reform is

simply not understood. The first powerful objection to A levels is that they are an elitist exam designed to serve the needs only of the top 25 per cent of academic children. The only option available to the majority of children is a rag-hag of vocational qualifications, which are often best pur-sued outside the school system. It is thus not surprising that two thirds of British children opt to leave school at 16. In competitor countries such as the US, Japan, and South Korea, the drop out rate is only about 10 to 15 per cent. The new AS level exams offer little solace hecause they are designed to be as demanding as A levels; the only difference is that they can be completed in half the time,

The second objection is that A levels, although designed for bright children, do not serve their interests. The size and difficulty of syllabuses ensure that pupils study only a few subjects. Three A levels is sup-

per ceot of papers ungraded. And subjects tend to be taken in related fields. Thus aspiring scientists might take maths, pbysics and chemistry while arts specialists might opt for English, history and French But neither kind of combina

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tion offers a remotely balanced curriculum. Indeed, it is difficult to see how any combina-tion of three subjects can offer the broad base required. What is the sense, for example, in studying English, hiology and economics? AS levels do not offer a practical solution because they are inevitably regarded as adjuncts to A lev-els. The touted new norm of two A and two AS levels would represent at best only a mar-ginal improvement on the tra-

ditional pattern of three As. The need for radical reform is inescapable. The challenge for Mr John MacGregor, the new Education Secretary, is to create a balanced system of sixth-form education which sixth-form education which can be tackled by the great majority of pupils. It should form a natural progression to education during the compul-sory years of schooling. One ohvious option would be to extend a modified form of the national curriculum for 5 to 16 year olds. After all, why stop at 16 if you think the majority of pupils should study for longer But the Government could also look carefully at the various systems employed in competitor countries, none of which allow premature specialisation on the British scale.

An ideal sixth-form curricu-lum would allow relatively little subject choice - although a vocational option for less aca-demic children would be essential. The emphasis ought to be on providing the full range of skills and knowledge needed in the complex modern world. Thus the majority of students ought to study not just maths, English, and science, hut also a foreign language, a social sci-ence and an aesthetic discipline. Such a reform would amount to a revolution. It would require sixth-forms to educate students rather than merely offer cramming services in a few arbitrarily chosen A levels.

RIGHT SYSTEMS

# Subsidies for the Channel Tunnel

From Mr Angus Dalaleish. Your editorial (September 18) comes round to the view that subsidy will be necessary for links to the Channel Tun-nel. Subsidy may well also be necessary for the Tunnel itself to ensure completion. Politi-cians who have promised again and again that the whole thing and again that the whole thing could be done with private money, will be made to look foolish. Yet they could have avoided this embarrassment very simply if they had ini-tially asked themselves the question: How by joining two heavily loss making national rail networks by a very expen-sive tunnel, do you make a profit?" The mover is obvious. suspect that the promoters had a good idea of this out-come, but relied on the project-becoming "unstoppable," so that public funds would have to be made available to avoid the loss of face resulting from aba

The "everyone else is doing it" argument is a poor one. Those using high speed rail services are, in the main, the well-off and those with expense accounts, the last people who deserve to receive public hand-

As you hint, what is really eeded is a re-organisation of European air services with regard to both competition and traffic control. This very fa and efficient means of travel could then provide, as in the US, all that is needed in the way of communication with the heartlands of the EC.

Angus Dalgtetsh, Shouson Hill, Ruxbury Road, Chertsey

From Mr Stephen Timms. Sir, In Newham we are con-

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### Greens redux

From Dr Wolfgang Rudig. Sir, While I agree with most of your analysis (leader, Sepestimate the potential of the Green Party to establish itself as a force to be recknowd with. Despite all the green frenzy this summer, the opposition parties have moved further away from important "green" positions in an attempt to capture the centre ground. The three largest parties have moved closer together leaving a gap in the political terrain. Many British voters who

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vinced that Stratford rather than Kings Cross must now be considered properly for the second Tunnel terminal. Stratford will be up to £1 billion cheaper. It will also be better, with ample room for a surface level terminal, services and future expansion, plus superb motorway, rail and air access: Last week's fire safety report on the planned Kings Cross under-ground terminal shows sgain

how ill conceived it is. More broadly, we are propos-ing a national forum to develop a coherent framework for exploiting the Tunnel in order to ensure that the benefits are maximised nationwide. The forum needs participation by the private sector and by gov-ernment at the national and local level. We are hoping for

an autumn launch Now is the time for a re-assessment of the national response to the Channel Tun-nel. Otherwise, it's heading straight for the buffers. Stephen Timms,

ham Council, Ne Town Hall, East Ham, E6

From Mr David Sawers.

Sir, Your argument in favour of government assistance towards the cost of e new rail-way from London to the Chan-nel Tunnel would have been more convincing if you had spelled out the expected bene-fits more carefully. Many potential investment projects are abandoned because they seem unprofitable: government subsidies for such projects can only be justified if the benefits to the community as a whole exceed the cost of the subsidy. The relevant costs and benefits in this case would be those

arising from the construction

sented by Labour or the SLD.

an end to the Thatcher era.

of the proposed railway, com-pared with those related to a railway line which did not require e subsidy. If there will be a demand for extra capacity on this route, there should be some means of satisfying it at a profit. The first step to take if a project looks unprofitable should be to consider alternative solutions. I am surprised that you did not advocate such

Once a profitable scheme had been identified, it would be possible to estimate whether the benefits it produced to peo-ple who did not use were so much less than those produced by the present scheme that a

It seems unlikely that these benefits would be large: faster journeys might generate extra travel, but the effect on trade between Britain and Europe, and the effect of this extra business on the gains from trade, would probably be small to insignificant. Faster and cheeper transport mey se traffic in both directions, and so may encourage imports as well as exports - e point sometimes forgotten in

se discussions. The users of the new railway might be happy to get a better service at the expense of the tarpayers, but their happiness would not represent e case for a subsidy. If there did seem to be any

case for subsidising a high-speed railway, it would have to be compared with that for subsidising other modes of transport to Europe. Subsidies to ferries, for example, might benefit more freight traffic. David Sawers, 10 Seculeup An

Angmering-on-Sea Littlehampton West Susser

But if Labour's transition into a "traditional European social democratic party" is suc-cessful and given elactoral sucstrongly support radical measures such as an immediate shut-down of all nuclear power stations will now feel unrepress, the perfect conditions for The Green Party is well placed to capture most of the radical sentiment of British the endurance of the Greens would be created. And with an increasing shift of decision making to Europe from 1992, politics provided it manages to the British Green Party has a real potential to exert direct project a clear identity and smooth out its more idiosyn-cratic elements. This will not political influence with its conwin any seats in the next gentinental sister parties. Dr Wolfgang Rudig, Department of Government, eral election. Those who might vote Green may well vote Labour if there is a prospect of versity of Strathclyde,

### Seeing red

From Mr Desmond Goch. Sir, U.M. Spencer (letters September 13) might well have included British Gas and the area electricity boards in his criticism of British Telecom for its timing of reminder notices. These enterprises have still not realised that their commercial and industrial customers now adays process accounts for payment by computerised system that often require a settlement date that does not exactly coincide with their own monthly accounting dates. Neverthe-less, most cnstomers pey within the month. Bilious-coloured reminders create more work for credit controllers and achieve little hut the loss of customer goodwill. Desmond Goch, 4 Paddock Wood, Harpenden, Herts

### Demographics

From Dr Paul Johnson. Sir, Samuel Brittan's bullish account of the impact of east European immigration on the West German economy (Sep tember 14) needs to be set within the context of West Germany's current demographic prohlems. The latest OECD projections indicate that the country's working-age (15-64) population will fall from 42m today to 24m hy 2050, and over the same period the burdens of funding the state pension system will force the pension pay-roll tax np from 18.5 per cent to

something over 40 per cent. Mass immigration from East Germany (population 17m) can-not close the labour force gap, but it can add substantially to the financing problems faced by the West German social security system. Unlike guestworkers, immigrants cannot be sent "home" when their pro-ductivity declines. Today's immigrants are tomorrow's pensioners, and any new arrival aged 25 or above will be drawing a pension hy 2030, when the demographic pressure on the pension system will be at its peak.

Those long-term costs of the current immigration could be avoided if the immigrants were be denied participation in the West German social secu-rity system, but this would hardly show the West as an open and generous society. Dr Paul Johnson, The London School of Econo ics and Political Science, Houghton Street, WC2

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# FINANCIAL TIMES



Friday September 22 1989

# **Bundesbank warns on robust pace of growth**

#### By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

WEST GERMANY'S central bank, the Bundesbank, yesterday highlighted the "growing risks" generated by the robust pace of the country's export-led economic growth, indicating that it would raise interest rates further if inflation looked

like moving out of control. It said in its latest monthly report that the relative calm in prices should not lead to these risks being ignored. Renewed commodity price rises and the weakening of the D-Mark against the dollar meant that influences from abroad would

a significant rise in the low tend to move prices np. Moreover, domestic cost pressures would increase as a result of economic tensions caused by high growth. Thus, the Bundesbank added, "it would currectly be wrong to sound the all-clear."

There is no sign of an end to the high demands being put on the country's productive resources. The latest monthly inflation figures show a decline to an annual rate of just below 3 per cent. However, the bank said that in view of capacity bottlenecks,

real rate of private consumption would very probably lead to immediate inflationary teosions. (Next year brings the final round of tax cuts in the Government's reform package.) The bank noted that its mon-etary policy, including rises in the disconnt and Lombsrd interest rates, had been aimed at keeping inflation under control. Internationally, bowever, Germany's rates were still low. Lsst month the M3, the hroad monetary aggregate, rose by 5.25 per cent, slightly

up on July, but still in line with the Bandesbank's target for the year of shout 5 per cent. Not all economists share the bank's misgivings. Mr Norbert Walter, chief economist of Deutsche Bank, said this week that the marine for inflation

bettische Bank, sait dus week that the margin for inflation acceleration was fairly small. Higher growth and employ-ment and low inflation could ment and low initiation could be seen as a "golden age." He added: "Expressing satisfaction is oot, however, a German trait. The normal German reac-tion is to talk about Angst." The view that higher-than-

usual German economic growth must inevitably lead to bottlenecks and inflation overlooked the big rise in the labour force caused hy the

Ferranti may still he struggling in the water, but the maturing of those born in the post-war baby boom and the influx of ethnic Germans. This was a boost for the German economy. Mr Walter said that next year's wage talks were a source of justified con-cern for the Bundesbank, and be would raise rates further if wage deals weretoo high. Japan stresses strength of dol-lar, Page 4

struggling in the water, but the lifeboat is on the way. As the price of the banks' support the company must sell £100m of assets, besides coming up with new equity. But financing aside, the Ministry of Defence has made a public statement of its desire to see the commany its desire to see the company survive, and of its own willingness to put business its way. In a crisis with such deeply politi-cal undertones, this could be worth more than hankers' **New Polish** credit

credit. Reading between the lines, it would be surprising if the dis-posals did not consist of all or part of the ISC weapons busi-ness. Thus restored to purity, Ferranti would be much better equipped to attract equity backing. The company's pre-ferred option would doubtless be for an industry big brother to take a minority stake. That might not be enough; a 15 per cent equity mjection at say 50p

might not be enough; a 15 per cant equity injection at say 50p per share would raise just 556m, and the gap sounds rather bigger than that. But with a little belp from official quarters, something might be cobhled together. The MoD is plainly anxious to pre-serve a counterweight to the new enlarged Marconi, and might well prefer to see Fer-ranti continue as an indepen-dent entity. Though an ontdent entity. Though an ontright takeover still seems quite possible, one could also envisage the authorities leaning on

#### TVS/MTM

TVS was obviously taking a gamble when it bought MTM, which had a couple of past suc-cesses but hardly any current hits. The size of the risk has only just come home to inves-tors, judging by yesterday's 26 per cent fall in the share price. One could accent the explanate One could accept the explana-tions about the problems of the syndication market were it not for the fact that the prime syndication selling season is from September to May. The four month gap since then does not reflect too favourably on TVS's management reporting

and judging by events across the Atlantic, the culture may systems. The record of diversification by TV companies is hardly dis-tinguished; hut the current crop of ITV companies is all not have much longer to last in any case. too eager to expand ahead of the franchise auction late next year, as indicated by Thames's interest in the loss-making

TVS Share price relative to the FT-A All-Share Index

180 140

LEN.COLUMN

Rallying round to fix Ferranti

1986 87 88

Reeves Communications. Ironi-cally, TVS's ambitions may have left it more vulnerable to a bid ahead of the auction date, given that MTM is unlikely to make a profit for a year or two. Perhaps, like one or two other British companies which have bought too hastily in the US, it should have beeded the homily at the start of MTM's Hill Street Blues - "Let's be care-ful out there".

#### **BAT/Hoylake**

BA1/HOYIAKE Mr Ridley's first big decision on competition policy shows him sticking closely to the tenets of his predecessor: gear-ing is a matter for the market, overseas ownership is immate-rial and competition is all. This was to be expected from a man with Mr Ridley's reputation for dryness. But it is worth recalling that size and visibility apart, BAT is not the test case it looks. Hoylake being a mere shell,

Hoylake being a mere shell, referral on pure competition grounds would have been impossible even if desired. As for gearing, the only real argu-ment would apply to Eagle Star, and that is a job not for the competition authorities hut for the DIFS incurrence Diric for the DTI's Insurance Division. And perhaps above all, a cigarette manufacturer is short of friends. Nevertheless, there is no

denying that apart from the curious let-out clause on changed bid terms - it is hard to imagine terms dodgier than the present ones - the Govern-ment has given its blessing to the leverage culture. But in ideological terms it could scarcely have done otherwise;

# **High-speed** Channel rail link may cost £4.5bn

By Kevin Brown, Transport Correspondent, in London

THE joint venture company being negotiated by British Rail and two private sector consortia to build the Channel Tunnel link line might need to raise as much as £4.5m (\$7bn) after allowing for inflation but not interest charges.

This is the spproximate fig-ure being discussed between BR and officials of Trafalgar House and Peninsular and Ori-ental Steam Navigation. The total is higher than previous leaked estimates of between £3bn and £3.5bn becsuse it includes two significant new elements.

One is the cost of 60 environmental improvements in Kent and London which BR executives believe are essectial to get parliamentary approval for the project.

This work, which will cost "several hundred million pounds," is in addition to substantial tunnelling and other environmental concessions announced by BR in March. The total also includes £1.1bn for rolling stock, track

improvements and other costs relating to the period between the opening of the Channel Tunnel in 1993 and the opening of the high-speed line several years later.

BR regards these costs as an integral part of the high-speed line project and wants to include them in the financing



garlanded Vietnamese officer kisses his tearful Cambodian counterpart yesterday to bid farewil as thousands of Vietnamese troops drove ont of the northern Cambodian town of Sien Reap at the start of Hanoi's final withdrawl ending an 11-year presence in the country. Report, Page 4

# Thatcher warns against any weakening of West's defences

By Philip Stephens in Tokyo MRS Margaret Thatcher, Britain's Prime Minister, yes-terday foreshadowed her week-end talks in Moscow with Pres-ident Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, with a warning that the West must not react to his "bold and courageous ini-tiatives" hy weakening its defences,

Her comments in Tokyo, where she is on an official

US may seek to lift curbs on diplomats THE BUSH Administration is considering proposing the lift-ing of the long-standing curbs

on the movement of US and Soviet diplomats within the two countries. The initiative

yesterday. The proposal, called "Open Lands," is part of the Administration's effort to

prise open Soviet society and take the Soviet Union's glas-

Mrs Thatcher, who yesterday

nost reforms at face value.

he presented to Mr

eous leader that the Soviet geous leader that the Soviet Union has had while it has been under Communism." The West should do everything it could to support the "great his-toric movement" which he had set in motion.

The reforms, however, also signalled a period of great uncertainty as political expectations ran ahead of economic

**Parliament** votes itself a 150% pay rise By Christopher Boblaski In Warsaw

POLAND'S new Parliament has taken advantage of a slight hull in its hectic proceedings, swallowed hard and decided to give itself a 150 per cent pay

Problems over legislators' pay are common to many par-liaments, which must think of the awkward questions voters might ask, but is especially

might ask, but is especially acute in countries such as Poland. Here, its members are expecting soon to be asked to approve befty austerity mea-sures by the country's Solidari-ty-led Government. Nevertheless, almost from the beginning when Poland's 460 deputies in the Sejm and 100 Senators in the Upper Chamber were sworn in last July, realisation has been growing that something had to be done about the 100,000-210ty (about \$95) monthly allowance (about \$95) monthly allowance they had inherited from their

Since then, inflation has speeded up dramatically and parliamentary politics has become almost a full-time job with government coalitions. collapsing and reforming, new laws to be passed and the demands of voters to be

attended to. Under the present system, deputies get a wage from their normal place of work, where they retain their jobs, plus a parliamentary allowance. When parliamentary duties

were relatively light and deci-

mann's plan to spend a frac-tion of its cash pile to buy five per cent of TI Group. For once, though, the 8p rise in TI's share price to 483p sums up the situation fairly. The stake is very amicable: but Mannes-mann's willingness to buy in at 525p suggests strong confi-dence that the international joint ventures between the two will accelerate TI's growth in the medium term. the medium term. the medium term. Apart from the extra access TI bopes to gain to West Ger-many, there are other short-term benefits for TI's shareholders. With TI's meta-morphosis into a high-margin because and automotive engi-89 table, seal and automotive engi-neer complete, the group's shares had been languishing against the market for much of

the year. Given TI's ability to add Given TI's ability to add value to its purchases, an acquisition or two might have helped get the shares moving again. Since the balance sheet has been in a net cash position since February, it could have afforded a fair sized buy, but access to Mannesmann's fire-nower in funding a deal beins power in funding a deal belps

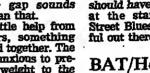
remove stock market worries about capital raising for a larger deal. Since only 10 per cent of Mannesmann's net TI has acknowledged expertise there, one speculates that the US will be high on the agenda.

#### RMC

Since RMC's half-year pre-tax profits were the best from the building materials sector. the 3p drop in the share price to 732p was mainly due to its candour about the industry. wide slow-down in demand. That RMC's DIY stores saw sales fall a tenth in August is no huge problem; they only account for 6 per cent of group-wide profits. And since new honsing takes just a quar-ter of RMC's UK ready-mix concrete and aggregates out-put, and its West German operations are strong, RMC has less to fear than some think from a British house-building

The central issue is RMC's expectation that UK demand for ready-mix and aggregates will fall in 1989's second half relative to 1988 and remain unchanged next year. If profits for companies like RMC, Tarmsc and Hsnson are to advance in areas like these in 1990, some big price increases will be needed. They may come, hut only as s result of oligopoly and the UK's chronic shortage of mineral reserves.

# age the authornes leaning on the institutions to come up with their share of the rescue money. Tory Governments are not supposed to do that, but with the Ferranti AGM due bang in the middle of the party conference, an exception could doubtless be made.



is discussing with Trafalgar House and Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation.

This is not thought to be an area of disagreement with the consortia since it could be financed from BR's own resources if necessary, reduc-ing the financing requirement for the joint venture company to about £3.4bn. BR executives say talks are

going on "almost round the clock" with the consortia, and that there is still hope that the project can be financed with-

project can be manced with-out government help. One possibility is that the cost of the environmental improvements identified since March could be reduced. However, this might threaten the success of the Pri-vate Bill BR hopes to table in November.

November.

The two sides are also dis-cussing innovative financing for a joint venture company which would make use of intermediate financing However, there are doubts

about whether such a scheme could work without a government financial guarantee, in view of the probable break-up and privatisation of BR after the next general election.

We cannot guarantee that we can square the circle, and if we can't we will have to go to the Government for help. But we are not st that stage yet," one executive said. Background, Page 8

• The inaugural demonstra-tion of France's new high-speed rail line between Paris and the West ran into difficulty on Wednesday when demonstrating trade unionists blocked the line and prevented the train from getting into Le Mans station. But the trial proved that the train is faster, moother and more comfort able than the existing TGV to Lyons, Page 2

visit, came as Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, Soviet Foreign Min-ister, presented Moscow's latest arms control initiative to **US President George Bush.** 

Mrs Thatcher, who yesterday discussed the progress of arms control negotiations during a brief meeting in Tokyo with Mr Dan Quayle, the US Vice President, has yet to study the details of the proposals which Mr Gorbachev wants to put st the top of their agenda on Saturday. British officials expect the

Soviet offer to include acceptance that the types of aircraft ture from Tokyo later today. included in any agreement should be widened and a sug-In an address to the Interna-tional Democratic Union - an gestion that limits should also be imposed on national ground international grouping of centre-right parties - she is expec-ted to voice her coocern about

Mrs Thatcher made clear at the trend of public opinion in a press conference that she other European countries towards rapid disarmament. was not prepared to be rushed into an accord in the current negotiations in Vienna on cenventional forces.

forces.

mis inacter, who yesteriday combined effusive praise for Mr Gorbacher's reforms with her call for the West not to drop its guard, will underline when she meets the Soviet Britain is also playing down suggestions that Mrs Thatch-er's meeting with Mr Gorba-chev could lead to a breakleader that she is determined to resist the denuclearisation though.

Mrs Thatcher will to seek to reinforce that message in a speech just before her depar-

**Court defines Commission powers** 

**Continued from Page 1** 

The most delicately-phrased part of the ruling relates to cases where the company tant passage, the Court under-lined that this national author-ity "cannot substitute its own appreciation of the nature of the proofs required for that of refuses to co-operate with the Commission. The jodgment says: "The Commission, on such an occa-

the Commission, whose evaluation of the facts and of the law sion, has to respect the proceare alone subject to the control dural guarantees of national law and must take note of the of the European Court of Justice.' The Hoechst case reprecompetent indicial anthor-

sented the first time a com-pany had questioned the Com-However, in another impor-

Eduard Shevardnadze, the Change. That was exactly the Soviet Foreign Minister who is today beginning two days of wrong time for Nato to reduce its defences.

Mrs Thatcher added: "Yon talks on arms control, human rights and other bilateral issues with Mr James Baker, do not prevent wars by disarmament. Yon prevent wars by quietly being prepared and having a sure defence." the US Secretary of State. Mr Shevardnadze was also meet-ing President George Busb

Her comments reflect Britain's concern to resist any pressure for the West to respond to Mr Gorbachev's initiatives with unilateral reductions in Nato forces. The two leaders will meet for three bours on Saturday morning and then resume their discus-sions over lunch before Mrs

Thatcher flies back to London

later that evening. British officials were stress-ing yesterday that she would be seeking a full briefing on Mr Gorbachev's assessment of the policies agreed at this week's meeting of the Soviet Communist Party's Central Commit-

Mrs Thatcher is also anxious to gauge the Soviet reaction to events in Poland and the recent flight of East German refugees to the West through Hungary.

of Europe. She described Mr Gorbachev Thatcher in blunt attack, Page as tha "most bold and coura- 4

mission's powers to demand information on suspected car-tels - as opposed to the valid-ity of data gathered in such

The Commission did evening

ally gain entry to the Frank

furt premises as part of its inquiry, which ended last year with the imposition of a record

Ecu60m (\$56m) fine on 23 pet

rochemicals producers.

sions taken elsewhere the arrangement worked. But now the self-employed, lawyers, doctors with private practices and farmers have

been suffering most. One owner of a private business, for example, says: "I know I'm getting ripped off by my employees because I'm not able to be there as much as I used to be but there's nothing I can do about it. I have to be in Parliament".

Even those with a joh find themselves worse off. An scademic who has

always supplemented his sal-ary with freelance work found most of his time taken up by Parliament and faced the pros-pect of relative penury for four years.

Finally, this week Parlia-ment amounced the deputies would have their allowances increased to zlotys 240,000 (just

increased to zlotys 240,000 (just over the national average industrial wage) and those liv-ing outside Warsaw, who are in the majority, would get 50 per cent more. It's a large increase in per-centage terms but not as ambi-tious as the suggestion put for-ward by the Peasant Party, ZSL, that MPs allowances be fixed at three times the fixed at three times the

Farmers had argued that soon MPs would have to cover the expenses of running an office in their constituencies and that in any case the time had come to treat MPs as prolessionals and not anateurs. It's an idea which most of Poland's new MPs, Solidarity

and Communist alike, agree with in their heart of hearts. However, they are appar-ently afraid to formulate it aloud since its time has not

quite yet arrived. Auschwitz site convent should move, says Glemp, Page 2

TI/Mannesmann It is only human instinct to look for the catch in Mannes-

Why is it better to be a lawyer in America, but a shareholder in Britain, when it comes to takeovers?

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WORLD WEATHER

#### A unions call for action tinued from Page 1 ownship businesses run by part of the continuing cam-paign of defiance mounted by aborators." Given historirestrictions on husiness anti-apartheid activists, which rity by blacks, this would was yesterday extended to

ade most of the retail secin South Africa. wever organisers of the on believe consumers will ble to meet basic needs for tnight from the remaining roved" black businesses, ney called for the protest peaceful, mindful of the news conferences in six South African cities. They included a large number of professionals who said they would emigrate that violent methods have used by activists to ree previous boycotts. The boycott can be seen as rather than serve.

### Goldsmith bid escapes MMC

rently the subject of appeal by BAT - Hoylake is expected to let its present offer larse. Mr Pat Sheehy, BAT chair-man, also said yesterday that the company was "determined to take suitable measures to provide a sustainable long-term increase in shareholder value". There has been pressure from institutional shareholders to devise a means of preventing a sharp share price fall if Hoylake is defeated.



Sonth Africa's military conscription laws. Some 780 white men pledged to defy conscrip-tion, the largest challenge to

the country's system of mandatory military service. Names of the conscientions objectors were released at



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equilibrium

SHARP DIFFERENCES of perception hang over the City market. Debate centres on whether there is too much office space. There is growing concern that the development response to high demand has

TIM

rant

To be sure, there is no simple answer. It is easy enough to measure the scale of office supply, much more difficult to estimate likely levels of demand. Four years ago, few disagreed that something had to be done to meet the space demands of the financial sec-tor, if not, it would go else-where. Now the expansion of the financial sector is uneven. with investment bankers never so busy and securities houses retrenching.

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There is e popular belief, not, it has to be said, based on any mathematical calculation or fine appreciation of supply-demand trends, that there cannot possibly be enough people to fill the offices sprouting out of the ground. It is all too

much. Certainly the stock market, Certainly, the stock market, whose view of what goes on in the property industry is unduly influenced by what happens in the City, takes a gloomy view of property com-panies. Clearly oppressed by the number of cranes on the

skyline, the market has put even the strongest investment companies at a significant dis-count to their asset values. Count to their asset values. Certainly, too, the property developers have been taking e coolar view of the prospects. The rush to develop is over. The rush to develop is over. Buildings bought for redevelop-ment have been put ont on abort-term leases to form the stock of the next development

surge. Further, the Corporation of the City of London has taken its own view. For the last 18 months it has been taking a more stringent view of plan-ning applications. Before the equity market crash of 1967 it was generally prepared to accommodate developers by giving a liberal interpretation to the planning regulations. It did not want to hinder development. All that has changed. The City Corporation does not want streets of empty build-

These are all cantionary beliefs that, combined with Chartered surveying prac-tices, which provide a good deal of the available research broader factors like the sharp increase in bank lending to on the City market, have been et some pains to assure any-body prepared to listen that, fundamentally, there is nothproperty companies, have helped to engender a feeling that there is trouble abead. Hence the property industry bas its own version of the dis-cussion about soft and hard ing wrong with the market: the long term is secure. There is, however, common ground that, in the short term, landings for the economy.

ITY OF LONDON

# PROPERTY

the market is swinging into greater equilibrium between landlord and tenant as the supply of available offices

declined fractionally over the month in the City core, the total at 5.8m square feet was 10

per cent higher than the monthly average for the first half of the year. In the City fringes, available accommodation increased slightly to 7.2m square feet and was 7.25 per cent higher than the first half monthly average. Debenham

Yet demand for offices has Yet demand for offices has remained firm and the take-up of space, putting aside the months of the summer holiday, has been higher than in the closing months of 1983. But the greater availability of space and increased choice for tenan-

CONTENTS D Property investment, Residential property. page 2. page 8. Investors, pages 2, 4, 7. properties, page 7. Relocation, page 8. The City In context, page 3. page 8. Editorial production: page 4. Micheel Wiltshire

T

#### investment Comparisons

NUMBER OF PURCHASES	1985	1986	1987	1983
ondon: City	18	12	20	8
ondon:West End	13	14	12	31
Rest of London	31	42	62	62
South-East	98	76	124	151
South-West	38	27	44	45
East Anglia	13	13	23	13
Vidlands	35	37	46	38
The North	34	32	61	69
Scotland	17	24	32	25
Nales	8	14	8	14
Northern Ireland	1	1	1	1
TOTAL:all IPO	305	293	434	459
NUMBER OF SALES (WHO	LE PRO	PERTIES)		
ondon: City	51	22	23	21
ondon:West End	35	43	53	44
Rest of London	62	86	120	109
South-East	54	86	146	151
South-West	27	34	56	69
East Anglia	8	9	29	18
Vidiands	27	58	71	102
The North	60	70	87	155
Scotland	17	29	32	93
Nales	3	7	19	13
Northern Ireland	3	1	2	3
TOTAL: all IPD	347	446	640	787

of years ago to point up the possibilities of over-supply. Now it believes the market is simply settling down. In its lat-

est market report, it pointed to the third successive six-monthly increase in unsatisf-ied demand for space. There is

a requirement, it calculated for

10.5m square feet. City bulls have already

seized on the Richard Ellis esti-

mate that the amount vacant accomodation, now at eight per cent of the total stock, will rise

to 11 per cent in 1990-91 and decline thereafter. The peak of

new supply was reached in 1988, Ellis considered. Baker Harris Saunders noted

that the lowest level of turn-

over in the City market over the last 10 years has been four per cent of the total stock. The highest has been 10 per cent. Looking at the supply pipeline

in relation to current enquiries

for space, BHS argued that "if current enquiries were satis-

fied and then demand fell back

to its lowest level for 10 years, there would still be no signifi-

There are 25m sq.ft. of poten-tial new office space in the pipelines of the City and Lon-don Docklands, Savills esti-mated But given the process

Pictured here: George Segei'a sculpture, called "Rush Hour," at the Broadgate development, next to London's Liverpool Street Station. Broadgate is being developed by Rosehaugh Stanhope Developments and the British Rail Property Boerd. More than £1bn of non-recourse or limitedrecourse finance has been reised for the project. Picture by Trevor Humphries.

ts has meant that leasing deals take longer to negotiate and that rents have stabilised, albeit at a high level. The range runs from £30 a square foot on the City fringe south of the River Thames to nearly £70 a square foot in the heart of

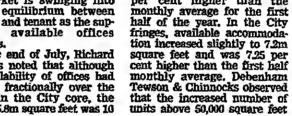
the City. Arguably, then, the market is healthier than it was two years ago when acute space shortages led to a rush among prospective tenants to shap up anything becoming available. The trick is to establish whether the market is settling down after abnormal condi-tions or eliding into the degrees tions or sliding into the depres-sion of excess. Jones Lang Wootton was one

mated. But given the present environment for property fin-ancing, it thinks that 20 per of the first surveyors a couple Continued on page 8

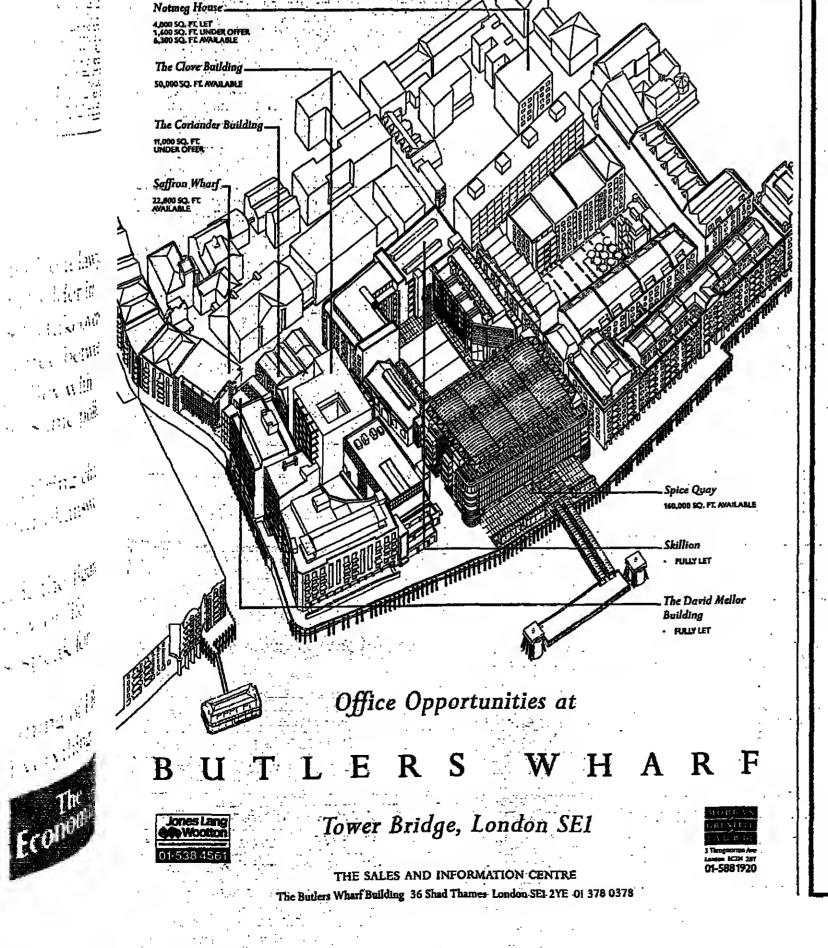
At the end of July, Richard Saunders noted that although the availability of offices had

. . . . . .

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becoming available "has had a significant impact on the sup-ply level."



1. 1. 1. 1. 1. <u>1</u>



TRAFALGAR HOUSE DEVELOPMENTS

LIMITED

PROMINENT a. projecting; conspicuous; distinguished; ~ce n., being prominent. New, 34,000sq.ft.~office building; now available for occupation.

# THE PERFECT DESCRIPTION







55 Old Broad Street, London EC2M tLP

### **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 2**

development

#### INVESTMENT TRENDS

# Influx of foreign funds

THE NOTION that the City of London is passing into foreign hands does not really stand up to close scrutiny. But the foreign presence in the invest-ment market is becoming increasingly important.

Much of it has come from two sources. Over the last year there has been a steady increase in the amount of Japanese funds moving into the City market. At the same time there has been Scandinavian buying.

The factors behind this for-eign interest are various. They start from the point that London is the main European financial centre and that therefore returns are likely to be steady and stable. They also embrace the perception that the UK is politically reliable

and not prope to upheaval. But the buying is also a response to internal factors. In Japan, the major life funds have a continual flow of cash which is looking for a home: property investment has been one outlet and it has spread across the Atlantic from the US where the Japanese have become market leaders in cities like New York and Los

the impetus to investment has rate, they are interested in the prestigious, in so-called "trobeen the relaxation of foreign phy huildings." Scandinavian buying, on the other hand, has tended to be in exchange controls that has allowed Swedish individuals. companies and funds a degree of flexibility.

smaller lot sizes for investment purposes, although, in the development sphere there are isolated large projects - that of Skanska and Windborne Loodon has not been the only destination of Scandina-vian property investment: there has been considerable boying in other European cen-International at Thomas More Street, for example. Further, they have followed up higher tres. But, like the Japanese, Swedish investors especially have been attracted to London

as the main European financial There has been a centre at a time when the European Community is lowersteady increase in the ing its internal trade barriers. amount of Japanese But the approach of the Jap-anese and the Scandinavians funds moving into the to the market has been differ-City market in the last The Japanese, whether mak 12 months ing investments down the

development route, such as Kumagai Gumi or Ohbayashi, yielding possibilities and this inevitably has pushed them or huying existing huildings, like Asahi Life, Mitsui or Sumiinevitally has pushed them towards the fringe. And there have been other foreign players in the market. Land Equity Group of Austra-lia was going to huy One Threadneedle Street from Eagle Ster Insurance for a tomo Life, have been keen to

buy properties in or near the core of the City. They have shown little interest in proper-Eagle Star Insurance for a whopping £82.5m, but failed to complete the deal. There has been US investment through the Prudential-Bache shareholding in Marketchief, the consortium, which bought Imry Merchant Developers and hence took control of develop-ments like the Royal Mint. The comhination of this activity has been the most important single factor in holding yields firm at about 4.5 per

cent in the City core and at just over six per cent in the outer areas. Chartered surveyors such as Richard Ellis, which have been handling some of the foreign investment, predict that yields will be maintained around this level

In some respects, the foreign investment in the market has stepped into a gap left by the domestic institutions. Although there have been some notable domestic pur-chases in recent months - by, for example, the Universities

THE CLIMATE has been kind Superannuation Scheme - the institutions have been coy to the City property interests of Prudential Portfolio Managabout City property purchases. Partly this has been because ers. But its very success in obtaining higher returns than the institutional average from the City has created its own the larger insurance companies and pension funds - Norwich Union is a case in point -were already in the market when the latest wave of foreign buying came. This buying has been a deterrent to purchase and an incentive to sell. There has also been the problems. According to the Investment

Property Databank, institu-tional property holdings in the City showed total returns in 1988 of 24.7 per cent and in 1987-of 39.8 per cent as-reuts There has also been the wider factor that the institudrove higher and pushed up

capital values. Prudential with 47 properties in the City of which 25 are classified as "meaningful" has

So, as Mr Christopher Edwards, senior executive at the Prudential, explained, the rebalancing of the property portfolio in the City involves three main elements: The sale of sites which the Prudential does not have the

capacity to develop itself. More sharing of property developments: hence its 50-50 venture with Wates City of London Properties on London Wail, in the north of the City,

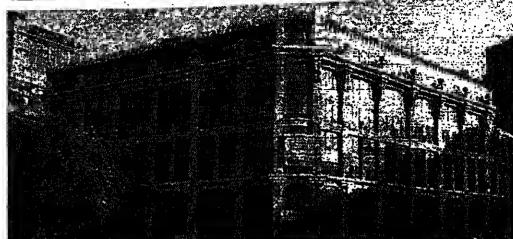
where the two have adjoining, properties. A readiness "to share as on-going investors some of the things we are creating: the.

has lead the Prudential to build up its research capabili-ties "to capture far more of the demand side of the equation, as Mr Edwards put it. There is comprehensive data about what is coming on to the market, much less on who will artive.

1980-88

The Prudential's time horizon is about five years: after that research works shows diminishing returns. But, within certain unspecified criteria on internal rates of return, it is above all a long term player in the market, unlikely to stop activity sim-ply because of short term ebbs

City of London capital transactions: purchaser type All transactions Overseas transactions Other 21% UK institutions 24% Overseas 39% Middle East 2% Europe 9% S andenzvia 2% .US and Canada 25 UK owner occupiers 6% ustralia 5% Others 3% Japan 52% UK property companies 28% Season: Richard Ellis Rees 1985 - 1989 (Q1 & Q2)



Leadenhell Court redevelopment: now Japanese-owned.

**#** 7

30

**IV** MOORGATE 63,700 SQUARE FEET TO LET New Headquarters building close to the Bank of England with car parking. Ready for fitting out at the beginning of 1990. 55 MOORGATE LONDON EC2 CONTACT SIMON WARD Jones Lang Wootton IV.MOORGATE 01-638 6040 AT 20 PLATER AND NEW DEVELOPMENT OFF BISHOPSGATE 2,000-47,000 SQ



ties under £50m.

The property industry had been hoping that domestic institutional spending in the City – and, indeed, elsewhere – would increase, partly as a means of mopping np bank finance used in speculative finance used in speculative development. Dependence on a few large institutions would relax if new investment tions have been cautious about building up their property vehicles emerged allowing the

investments in preference over others forms of investment. Major City purchases would further unbalance investment tles. portfolios where the property component would have enlarged simply by virtue of the increase in values over the last three years.

This is not to imply that the property-owning domsstic institutions have turned their back on the City. According to Investment Property Databank figures, half the capital value of institutional property portfo-lios is in London, and last year over half institutional capital spending on property was in London. The City has been an important element of the Lon-don spending. But there appears to be, with odd excep-tions, an institutional view

that enough is enough. Such an approach is at odds with that adopted by the largest property investment com-panies, like Land Securities MEPC and Hammerson, which

purchase not of whole proper-ties, but of portions of proper-But the planned vehicles simple property ownership trusts and property income certificates - were never hrought to market. The one single asset property company issue is dis-appearing. Yet there has been no hint of grief: what the industry once wanted, it has now forgotten.

now forgotien. This changs of heart has come about for two reasons. Firstly, the level of lettings has held up, which has meant that properties are easier to carry financially. Secondly, the foreign buying has underpinned the City investment market

ment market. There is a degree of confi-

dence that this underpinning will remain in place. Although few would care to predict whether Scandinavian invest-ment will be sustained, it is believed that the large Japa-nese life companies have arrived to stay:

have continued a steady pro-gramme of investment through PERFORMANCE COMPARISONS Total return per annum (%) 1963 1984 1085 1988 1987 1998 1961 1982

South-East South-West East Anglia	16.8 15.9 3.3	7.9 8.2 8.6	7.5 4.6 12.5	6.8 7.8 10.5	6.4 4.2 12.9	2.8 4.0 4.3	11.0 12.1 16.0	27.3 28.9 30.3	10.0 10.6 12.0
Midlands	15.4	7.8	6.3	6.4	4.1	3.3	14.6	27.2	10.4
The North Scotland	e.e 10.e	8.4 5.6	3.9 6.0	4.4	0 e.8	-2.5 0.0	17.9 8,7	29.3	8.8 e.0
Wales Northern Ireland	9.1 12.5	5.4 18.9	1.2	7.7 13.6	5.8 10.1	1.3	9.2 16.9	15.2 14.5	6.8 14.4
IPD offices	15.1	6.7	6.2	6.8	7.3	9.4	27.9	32.0	13.6
IPD Giaces	10.1	0.7	0.2	0.0		0.4	Source: Inve		

#### Property investment profile

# **Welcome returns**



City space let City space available

City fringe space let

this everage

mism.

led with gloom."

ON THE INSTRUCTIONS OF LAND SECURITIES PLC

City fringe space available

# **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 3**

June

274,436 5,847,603

7,194,184

958,923

# SUPPLY AND DEMAND

# **A diversity of views**

285,253

489,381

4,662,777

6,442,427

February 1989 March

OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE

Space let and available in the City and City fringe (in square feet)

222.601

475,575

6,552,708

5,324,348

"THERE remains underlying optimism about the City office market's ability to ride the storm. The only major dispute is how long the storm will last. There is suspicion in some circles that the rough-going may last longer than many expect

Solding.

THE PROPERTY OF

LARE FEET TOLD

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11.1

Surchaser,

FEELINGS of deja vu are an occupational hazard for experianced property industry observers. The above quote fits today's market conditions like a glove, but actually comes from the 1983 Financial Times City property survey. It could just as easily have been used in the mid-1970s recession and will, no doubt be resurrected some time in the mid-90s as we slifte yet again into one of those tronghs which seem to be opening every seven years

Anyone who has been invoign at least one property cycle tends to remain sanguine about the future, pulling in their belt a notch or two and waiting for the good times to roll again. The secret of sur-vival lies in having enough notches to spare - and many leading City developers grew more than enough extra fat. during the boom years."

But the stock market owea no loyality to the past. Share values have suffered badly in the shadow of warnings about a potential massive over-supply of office space and poor rental growth.

Forecasts of "Armaggedon" would be easy to ignore if they came from the headless young chickens who rushed around after the stock market crash, hysterical at their first taste of recession.

But the weight of some hefty City analysts fuels the pessi-mists. Mr Chris Walls at Kleinwort Benson, who has ridden a few property cycles in his time, dismisses the idea put about by most estate agents that the City is heading for a soft landing

Rents are heading downwards, rather than stabilising as vacancy rates look set to

rise to 14 per cent by next year, soak up much of the remain-he said in a market commender, although landlords may tary, ealier this year. have to look harder at letting tary, ealier this year. That is well above the 11 per incentives and multiple tenancent seen after the 1974 crash,

Feb-July '89\*

280.425

537,579

5,627,182

6,871,993

cent seen after the 1974 creat, when values slumped by 40 per cent. He found enough differ-ences in the structure of the market and corporate funding-since then to prevent a similar disaster, and pointed to most pressure falling on poorer qual-ity second-hand space. But the cavisate tended to be lost in headlines which tolled a death well for the City. It Derek Hammond, whose Project Management International is looking after some E30n worth of office develop-ment in the City, has already noticed some changes as the market softens. Financial contributions to tenants rose from 220 to 245 a sq ft over the last coupla of years as occupiers pre-leased early at the shelldeath nell for the City. It would be surprising if estate agents whose livelihood depends on a flourishing trade in City buildings did not have a ready answer to this pesaand core stage and fitted out buildings themselves. Now that trend is reversing.

Now that trend is reversing. On a area of egreement between Walls and the bulls is that greatest pressure will fall on older space as choice for tenants improves – although "old" can mean buildings put The time is gone when up as recently as five years

The weight of some ago. This shows the great danger hefty City analysts fuels the pessimists

of lumping all City space together to make broad generalisations. Even within a such smooth salesmen brazen out slumps with a painted smile and a condescending "we know a small geographical area there are different markets between new and old, large and small buildings, good and bad locabetter" shrug of a pin-striped shoulder. That cuts no ice with tions.

"I see no evidence of a City-wide over-supply," says Mich-ael Carragher, head of Hillier Parkar's central London research team. "But there will investor-clients who demand straight answers nowadays. - "Life will be a lot tougher," admits Rodney Petty of Weath-erall Green & Smith. "Everyone will have to work harder be pockets of considerable supply and areas of shortage." The EC1 and EC4 (western) postal districts, for instance. to find tenants and rents could eventually fall. But I'm not fil-

will continue to be under-sup-plied into the 1990s. Figures showing a massive supply of space coming on-stream around 1992 are decep-tive, as many schemes will be Rental growth (or decline)

will therefore vary across the City. But whatever the fate of adjusted or postponad in response to market conditions, its constituent parts, the City says. And he is confident and its builders will be judged as a whole by the stock marthat hidden demand for will

the experience of the task of the

cart industar an appro-

en bester sole offer en

het. This why interpretations of wide-ranging supply and demand statistics are so cru-cial. Interpretation is the key word, since these bare statis-tics seem to mutate according to who is making the observa-

April

245.99

5,749,002

451,406

6.648.883

May

324 208

5,933,380

331,143

7,081,170

Mr Walls quoted completions calculated by Applied Property Research of more than 16.5m sq ft of new space by 1991. Set against this, be warned it would be "dangerous" to assume that take-up levels of more than 6m sq ft a year set in the run-up to the Big Bang, would continue.

Between 1982 and 1984, Debenham Tewson & Chin-nocks was recording a far more modest 2.6m to 4.3m sq ft a year. A return to this "norm" would leave the City awash. But there are some willing to court this danger. Analysts at

Richard Ellis have actually increased their take-np fore-casts for 1989 and 1990 after detecting a current upsurge in demand and anticipating a number of major deals as professional and financial occupiers seek better or bigger prem-

"Recent reports on the "Recent reports on the demise of the City property market may be over-exagger-ated," suggests the latest Rich-ard Ellis bulletin. Take-up dou-bled to 1.2m sq ft in the second quarter of this year - which is pretty much Big Bang levels. Significantly, no building of more than 100 000 so ft was more than 100,000 sq ft was involved, showing a flourish-ing demand separate from the big professional groups often seen as tha potential saviours of the City. But almost 900,000 sq ft in

major units was under offer by the end of June, promising fur-fher high take-up figures as deals are signed and leading Ellis to raise estimates of take-up to between 4.5m and 5m sq ft this year - close to the record 5.2m sq ft it recorded for 1988.

After that the "soft" landing projected for the economy promises a 4m sq ft take-up in 1990, which is still higher than early-1980s levels.

Agents believe they have a more accurate picture of poten-tial demand than City analysts like Mr Wall because they pick

than expected, at the end of 1991, because of postpone-ments. By this time, Ellis predicts an 11 per cent vacancy rate, after which both supply and vacancies will drop away as economic prospects

Juiy

330.055

509,046

Richard Stunders & Parmers

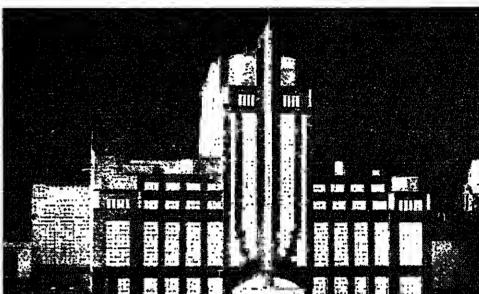
6,245,984

7,312,589

improve. The increasing overhang of second-hand space will produce a two-tier market, with any rental growth over the next coupla of years concentrated on the best buildings. But top values are still expected to stay within the £66 to £70 range until the end of 1991.

#### David Lawson

E View over the City, showing the Natwest Tower. Figures indicate a massiva supply of new space coming on-straam in 1992, but many of these planned projects could be edjusted or postponed to suit markat conditions. Picture by Alan Harper.





#### Landmark scheme

PICTURED, leit, is a model of One America Square, a 208,000 sq.ft office development being built by London's Fenchurch Street Station. The project, due for completion next summer, is a joint venture by Central and City and SC Properties (UK), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shimuzu Corporation, one of Japan's leading construction companies. The project, over 200 feet high, will have 15 office floors ranging from 7,500 sq.ft to 32,000 sq.ft., and has been designed for multi-letting. It is being built on a 1.1-acre site and will be partly constructed over the station and the adjoining railway viaduct. There will be a new public square on the north-east corner of the site.





FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22, 1989

# **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 4**

Conservation, re-building and "preserving the human scale"

# **Tough task for planners**

international commercial centre capable of holdings its own York, you would hardly con-sider doing so within the con-fines of a medieval walled city. Yet that was the task that the City Corporation took on when it threw away its first, overtly conservationist draft plan, just

over three years ago. Within a decade, the City proposed to renew its commer-cial accommodation, adding a

cial accommodation, adding a third more space to the 60m sq.ft of offices packed into its single square mile. The subsequent convocation of cranes and builders' trucks, the box steel girder skylines and the sudden, surprisiog "film.set" vacuums which "film-set" vacnums which appear behind familiar facades have become so much a part of the scene. Yet before the ten-year plan is half-way through, the main elements of it have been either achieved, or are on their way. Even discounting the

upgrading or complete renewal of existing space, over 13m sq.ft. of offices have already been added to the City's stock and half as much again has won planning consent and awaits developers' judgement of likely demand.

That would be impressive enough on a greenfield site. To have been achieved this within the confines of the City, a full third of which is designated as conservation areas, and withont having to capture more of the skyline, begs the question "why?"

Why risk the wrath of the preservationists, why even attempt to shake such a tight crushed mixture of gentile elderly and out-dated modern huildings into line with the

IF YOU set ont to plan an international standard proper-international commercial cenchi?

As the City's chief planner, Mr Peter Rees is best placed to answer that. He explains: "It was much too hig a gamble to allow the financial centre of London to disperse. We had to keep the core of the financial community healthy and preserve the gossip-network of people meeting and talking in restaurants, and wine bars, and pubs. The alternative cial accommodation has led Rees to towards a "not unplan-ned, hut more organic" approach to davelopment schemes. It was the rigid plan-ning strategies of the 1960s and 1970s that resulted in huildings so specifically aimed to fit the needs of their time so exactly that they now no longer work. approach of moving the new offices down the road to Dock-

lands would have risked all "It takes a long time to establish these networks; even in Battery Park there is not the that they now no longer work. Dogmatic planning, "cheap and cheerful" development schemes mass-produced hy contact between people that

Traffic-clogged streets remain a great

that

problem

emerge from the crumbly post-war years, resulted in the loss of the flexibility that character-ised earlier, Edwardian and you find across the road in Wall Street and outside Paris, Victorian office blocks. There, as Mr Rees says, "the architecture as such was largely on the front, the huild-La Defence is a non-starter." Mr Rees points out the huildings' size can have as much ing's statement was made in that way and the hullding behind was just meant to be practical working space." In practice, the once-lauded impact on informal communi-cations within a financial community as the critical mass of different businesses within an established location - "where you stack up a quantity floorhut now universally unloved buildings of the 1960s and 1970s have provided the developers and planners with the City sites that could be cleared in the first round of redevelopspace vertically, and you house everyone from one or a number of companies in a single huilding, people only tend to meet others from within the

same company or their imme-diate neighbours. "There is a different scale, ment. Re-huilding hehind retained facades has offered another way of regenerating without destroying the City's character. So, too, has the winand a different approach in London," he says. "Because of the size of buildings and the the size of buildings and the ning of new sites above rail environment, there is still a lines, as at the Broadgate

scheme hy Liverpool Station. But will the City buildings of the 1980s win the applause of tendency for people to like to have their own front door, and to nse it more. London is nowhere near as aggressive a place to walk around as Downoccupiers and passers by in ten or 20 years' time? It is said that anyone who uses a crystal ball has to be prepared to eat-ground glass. And with comtown New York, so there is that much more chance of bumping into people and talking." Preserving this human scale mercial space needs and archi-tectural fashions alike, change comes with sufficient speed while clearing the way for a radical upgrade of the commer-cial accommodation has led and unpredictability to defy

forecast. Nevertheless, Mr Rees hopes that the mix of huildings emarging in this round of development activity, and the flatter so-called "ground scapes" which have the inter-nal height and the flexibility of compliant architects and broadly welcomed by a public keen to see modern Britain

nal height and the flexibility of floorspace to accommodate a broad range of changing uses, will have far greater staying-power than the rigid slab-blocks of 20 years ago. As for their visual appeal, the jury will be out for quite a time. Speaking personally, Peter Rees thinks it is essential to have a range of architec-tural styles, and he echoes the annoyance expressed by plan-ners across the country at the annoyance expressed by plan-ners across the country at the supression of originality that comes from schemes for "me too" buildings. They are pro-posed hy developers following the lead of an original design that wins a hullding consent. Knowing that it is an accept-she chose they have architecable shape, they have architec tural clones run-off for their own site. It is a triumph of mediocrity over imagination that could well damn a number of the new City hlocks in future.

lower tides of weekday work-ers in and out of the City have turned into cross-waves of peo-ple travelling from east to west, from north to south, from unmoved homes to relocated. Like or loath the new-look buildings, at least the revised plan itself has allowed for unmoven nomes to relocated. offices. As he says, "a radial flow of office workers into a central husiness district is a very effective way to managing information age accommoda-tion without destroying the existing fabric of the City. And Mr Rees now believes that it is no longer the risk of an out-dated City hnt of a traffic-logged capital that poses the greatest threat to London'a position as an international and forth across London that presents a higger transport problem marketplace.

travel. It is the movement back

Not that he thinks an implo-

sion of corporate exiles from the City back into the centre

would, of itself, resolve that

problem - "it is impossible,"

he says, "to solve the conges tion without a massive invest-ment in public transport.

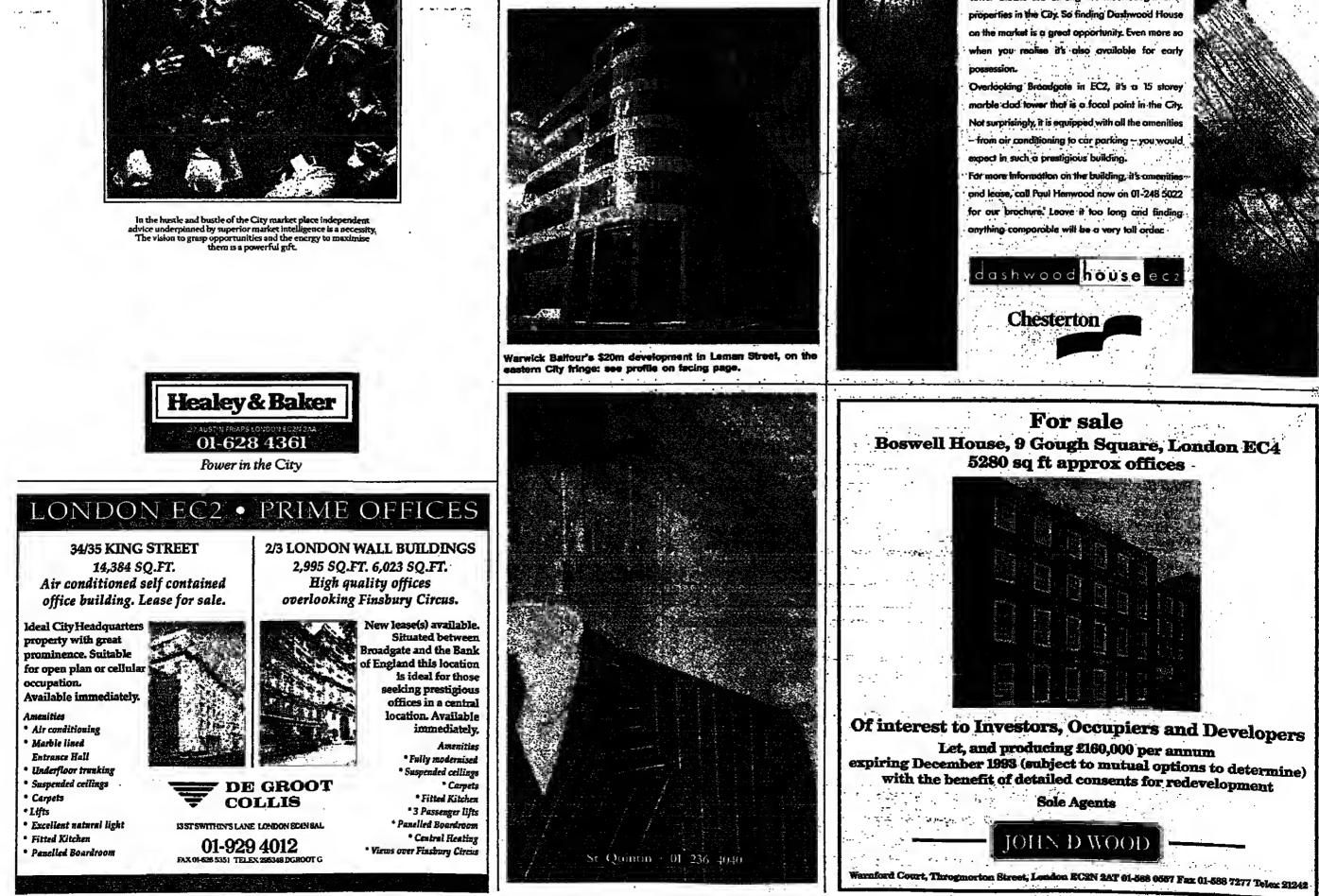
"If one thing 'kills' London and gives Paris the lead as a financial centre, it will be

John Brennan

transportation."

Additional crowds of City workers heading for the extra office space, and the construction work involved in creating it, provide many London taxi cab theorists' with a favoured explanation for the capital'a current traffic crisis. Not so, says Peter Rees. For one thing, because of the development work, there is actually rather less office space in daily use in the City than at the end of the

1970s. On the other hand, those





The city's newest buildings offer greater flexibility of floorspace to meet a broader range





-

bel is lite

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22, 1989

### **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 5**

#### PROFILE of a property developer on the City fringes: WARWICK BALFOUR

INSTINCT and empathy were once the stock-in-trade of top property developers. They relied heavily on "feel" for what to build by putting themselves in the shoes of potential tenants. Specifications were as likely to be on the back of an envelope as packed into fat. folders of market research and financial analysis. Instinct is less bankable

today. Giant companies running the gauntlet of computer-ised City analysis and suspi-close shareholders need a lot more evidence than envelope scribbles. But guts and flair still flourish among many smaller fish swimming outside the main stream. Warwick Bal-four is among the "hiddlers" which have grown fat by trusting instinct to provide the right buildings in the right piace.

To some misinstreamers they were the "wrong" buildings in some wary subplicious places: too sould viten everyone was thinking BE, too expensive too justify at local rent levels, and too remote from established office locations. But founder di-rector. Richard Balfour Lynn was happy to bet his instincts against conventional wisdom. TOSU me mainstreamers they init conventional wisdom. and a S200m plus portfolio plus some record rents achieved in former backwaters of Smithid and Victoria have proved

him right so far. These gut feelings played a major role in each stage of the company's short history since it was set up with a mere-25,000 m 1982 Balfour Lynn, a London Business School gradu-ate, had no property experi-ence, cutting his business teeth creating-medical and engineering companies. But he saw a niche market for residential development in the West End and followed his instinct to spare no expense on quality rather than maximising mar-

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This paid off with energetic sales and big returns for pri-vate investors, who kept coming back for more - and pull-ing in friends and colleagues to swell the company's potential backing. It also provided the bedrock for a move into commercial property development font years later. Citibank had become a com-

mitted investor for private clients; but only after checking. showing references from people who had already bought flats. With this sort of reputation. Balfour-Lynn was able to se up equity backing of more than owners," he says. "In the same som when he decided on the way, we like to have our own

biggest strength' switch into office development, again following a gut feeling that the residential market would become overblown

Doubters wondered at the price he paid for Warwick "Timing was our biggest strength," he says. "We got in and out at the right moment." He pluinped for the City fringes through a mixture of instinct and financial acumen. House in Cowcross Street behind Smithfield meat markets, particularly when he spent so freely on the 7,000 sq

'Timing was our

than sharing with others."

exploiting a niche market for

10,000 to 50,000 sq ft high-qual-ity office blocks in areas

around the City fringes, or

"secondary growth areas" as he prefers to call them.

the company's portfolio, others sold to institutions. As Bal-

four-Lynn points out, this is the first real opportunity for

institutional investors to buy property up to their standards in some of these fringe areas.

Investors are now becoming

David Lawson

Some will be absorbed into

ft: conversion "But I figured that if the Even if Warwick Balfour had been big enough to compete with the public developers market went well, we would recoup the cost and if it was alow the quality would be an advantage in attracting tencreating giant office blocks, Ballou Lynn would not have ants." In fact, he had no prob-lem achieving a record rent of found the party, judging the "big is beautiful" trend as a passing phase unsuitable for a £17 a.sq ft. .. company seeking long-term investments instead, he target-ted the demand from smaller Another half-dozen Smithfield schemes are lined up to continue this campaign of

businesses, either spinning out Potential tenants are taking longer to make decisions and seek

better terms." of the City or expanding under

their own steam. Smithfield/Clerkenwell, with its ease of access, mined uses and good restaurants, came out high on the list of places where he would like to have offices, so he figured that others would feel the same.

Victoria and City Road wave also good bets, while King's Cross 'had too many dark areas 'and docklands was just too big a building site. Other developers had already made similar assumptions, but Bal-four-Lynn felt they had made some important mistakes. and hung on.

Lower rents had encouraged many to build down to levels they felt could be justified by potential returns. Many build-ings were also multi-tenanted. lated groups are moving strongly into Smithfield and he expects rent levels to hit \$40 --although pre-letting is now a Balfour-Lynn felt his instincts about the residential market would hold good, and decided to spare no expense in creating a high-quality buildings thing of the past. preferably as self-contained

One of the company's big-gest projects is a 220m block in Leman Street, on the eastern adquarters. The logic was that demand had been stultified because City fringe, where demand is expected to be much more muted in future. But Balfourcompanies faced a choice of high-quality individual build-Lynn feels he has a powerful selling point in both the high ings a long way from the City centre or cramming into more accessible multi-tenanted quality of the block and the space. They would pay well above accepted rent levels for total occupation costs of £50 a sq ft - half those in develop-ments 400 yards down the road their own prestige buildings. "Britain is a nation of homein the City.

and an article

TRADITION dictates that when the City sneezes, the so-called fringe locations catch pneumonia. The pattern is no different from the world on a wider scale, where prosperons core regions suffer recession

less severly than provinces. The problem in testing this theory lies in pinning down business front door, rather these elusive "fringes" to take their temperature. They were clear enough during the boom, when developers swarmed out of the City core to plan a picket line of huge buildings around areas like Liverpool Street Station and Fleet Street because there was no room left in the centre to meet demand But this tide of activity transformed some fringes into prime areas and drew even more of central London into an amorphons grey area of City-related

"No-one talks about the Square Mile any more," says Simon Ward of Jones Lang Wootton. "The City is probably twice as big as it used to be." The massive Broadgate com-

plex, so long a barometer of finge rents, is now considered central by financial concerns which have drifted out as far as the Angel in the north and across the river in the south. Holborn is now a prime loca-tion for rapidly expanding legal and accountancy groups

"No-one merely talks about the 'Square

### Mile' anymore"

more aware of growth poten-tial, so yields are hardening. This is illustrated by the £47 a og fi paid in Warwick Balfour's as well as banks, and the mar-Artillery Row scheme in Victoket there is as tight as a drum

ria, originally costed at £18. The tide used to go out both ways to the West End and City," says David Todd of Edward Erdman. "Now it comes in from both directions." But while the water level "I was offered a fim profit on the site just after taking it over and the bank told me to take it," says Balfour-Lynn. But he followed his instinct may remain high in this peninsula of booming demand and short supply, it has begun to look shallow around other This instinct tells him that even with a softening property market there is still potential in fringe locations. Media-re-

fringes. Richard Ellis points out that vacancy rates are hitting 11 per cent compared with 4.5 per cent in the City core, and things are likely to get worse with speculative schemes proving harder and harder to finance.

The two most easily definable fringes - along the east and south of the City - are also the weakest in terms of potential rental growth. The strip dividing the core from Dock-lands has probably seen its best days for a while following a surge in rents to between £35 and £40 a sq ft.

Chris Sutcliffe at Sinclair Goldsmith is one of the few agents to feel there is more to New developments in fringe areas

# The market widens



come He professes a deal in his pocket at £43.50 a sq ft and the pocketial impact of a single occupier understood to have reserved Roy Properties' 60,000 sq ft Aliffe House.

Others, however, believe suc-cess will be limited to the best huildings, and letting incen-tives will increase as the mar-ket adjusts to some over-ambitious expectations. A

similar thing may be happen-ing on the south hank following deals by the Financial Times and Lloyds Bank for Regalian's two office blocks at the end of Southwark Bridge. This may have raised unrealistic hopes that less-impressive locations away from the river can claim top rents of around

The biggest uncertainty is the impact the second phase of London Bridge City could have in this market. Assuming that developer, St Martins, comes out relatively unscathed from the public inquiry, it will boast a prestige location opposite the Tower of London. But some

That may not be as much of

"Underlying demand has not changed over the last 18 months," he insists. "But with extra supply available, poten-tial tenants are taking longer to make decisions and negotiate better terms." This "wait and see" attitude

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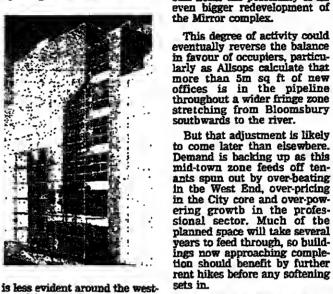
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SAUNDERS

E Above: progress being de on NFC's "City Forum" - the main contractor is Hunting Gate Construction.

Above, right: David Todd of Edward Erdman: "The tide is changing."

Balow: a Si5m office development in Mansell reet, due for completion by Margaretta next summer.



ern fringes. Expanding legal and professional groups took half the space let in the key area around Chancery Lane/ High Holborn, according to Chritions, boosting top rents by 25 per cent to around £50 a sq ft. Developers are now going like express trains to catch up - aptly enough, the Express

Some developers will be disappointed, however, after jumping in with ideas of achieving £40 to £50 a sq ft in fairly secondary locations. Even the 140,000 so ft pre-leased by brokers Smith New Court, next to Farringdon Station, is unlikely to have reached this initial value, particularly once letting incen-tives are taken into account.

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But developments just coming to fruition, such as Priest Marians' nearby 80,000 sq ft Herbal Hill scheme, are likely to be priced around the £40 mark - some £2.50 a sq ft higher than current rents. south of Clerkenwell Road, according to Mr Ward. This is mainly because of the steady stream of companies looking for top-quality freeholds or rea sonable rents on medium-sized blocks. Herbal Hill has been split into five buildings to target this market.

Values fall away by anything up to 55 a sq ft north of Cler-kenwell Road, but developers are still betting that enough companies will drift outwards to fill new space. Ian Hamilton of Hillian Barken points to the of Hillier Parker points to the dearth of high-specification offices for City support services such as computer compa-

building is set to provide another 300,000 sq ft of space,

marking the exodus of the newspaper industry from Fleet

The former Daily Mail build-ing could make way for the same amount and Holborn Via-duct station is being worked

up to hold some 600,000 sq ft. Beyond that, Robert Maxwell

still holds the possibility of an

But that adjustment is likely

Growth in values means Hol-

born is now experiencing its

own spin-off into cheaper areas like Clerkenwell and Smith-field, which are already pick-

ing up City and West End emi-

grants. Some are even trekking

as far north as City Road, now

fringe.

A DEVELOPMENT BY

Street

"Potenial tenants are taking ionger to make decisions and seek

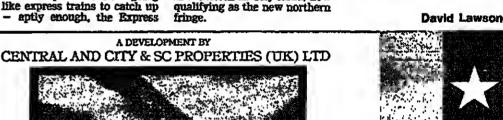
better terms."

nies. He expects them to pay around £30 a sq ft for buildings like the 19,000 sq ft air-conditioned headquarters London Merchant Securities is putting up as part of its comprehensive redevelopment campaign cen-tred around the Angel.

One of the most interesting developments to watch, bow-ever, will be a business park being created by Hunting Gate Construction for NFC Properties on a former BRS lorry depot, further aloug City Road,

Units run from 5,000 to 40,000 sq ft and rents are likely to be closer to £25 a sq ft. This type of flexible-use space fits more comfortably into the character of the new city fringes.

If it proves popular - and there are signs that Hillier Parker has already netted a couple of tenants - business "villages," rather than giant office blocks, could mark the new high-water mark for the City.



£40 a sq ft.

very big fish will need to be hooked to fill the 1m sq ft of space.

a problem as it first seems. Simon Ward points out that JLW knows of more than 50 occupiers still seeking buildings of 100,000 sq ft and more

around the City and fringes.

### uatity comes naturally

Why work in a congested urban ... communications network, environment, when you can choose its hardly surprising that a prime location for growth, in the natural beauty of Scotland.

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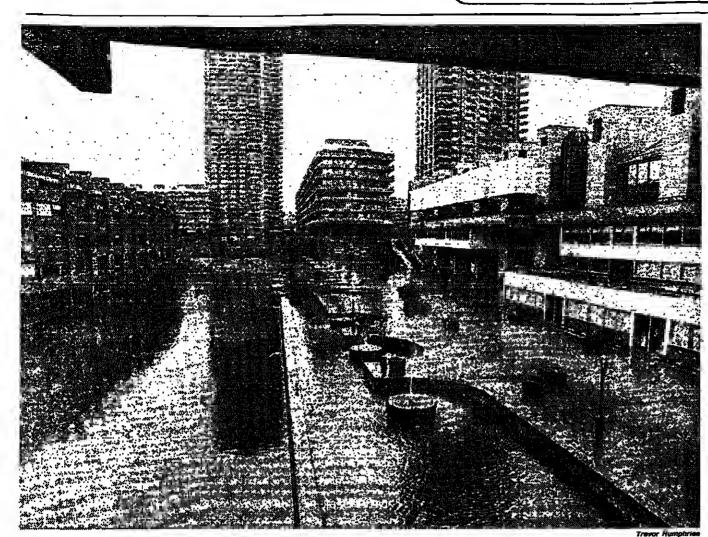
quarette Qua 208,000sq.ft. Offices To Let with 21 Car Parking Spaces. Saddlers House BAKER Gutter Lane HARRIS Cheapside

## **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 6**

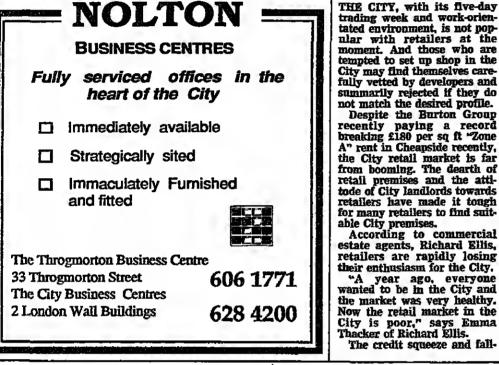
Retail and restaurant premises

Enthusiasm

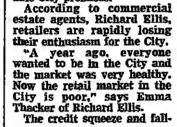
declines



In the Barbican, many private apartments and houses have now become company-owned.



ular with retailers at the moment. And those who are tempted to set up shop in the City may find themselves carefully verted by developers and summarily rejected if they do not match the desired profile. Despite the Burton Group recently paying a record breaking £180 per sq ft "Zone A" rent in Cheapside recently, ing City salaries are only partly responsible. City devel-opers are primarily in the business of providing the lat-est in prime office design. Although they see a small amount of the right sort of the City retail market is far from booming. The dearth of retail premises and the atti-tode of City landlords towards retailers have made it tough for many retailers to find suitable City premises. retail as an extra facility to offer incoming office tenants, they would rather have no retail at all than something



which could tarnish the image of a new office scheme. "The City developer's worst nightmares are, perhaps, sand-wich bars and pubs," admits one developer. "The argument is that sandwich bars often create litter and queues and that pubs will attract crowds which are likely to congregate on the pavement. But the real reason is plain old-fashi snobbery.

Many retailers find it

Scarcity of residential property in the City

# Limited sales activity

FILM CREWS love City Sundays. The 350,000 people who cram into work every weekday have then commuted away from busy streets, leaving only the tourists, the builders, and that small proportion of the 6,000 permanent residents whose City homes are not weekday retreats from the trains and tubes.

There would have been no such freedom to set up the cameras and occupy the streets a century ago when more than 100,000 people lived and worked inside the line of the old City walls. Victorian and Edwardian commercial developers pro-gressively absorbed the housing and by the beginning of the century the full-time

population was down to just 30,000. Wartime bombing and subsequent waves of office development pressed most of the remaining residents beyond the City

By 1971 there were no more than 4,200 full-time City dwellers - and many of those were not "residents" in the classic sense, being nursing staff staying in St Bartholomews' Hospital's hostels, or care-taking and security staff occupying tied apartment

Apart from the 2.014 flats and houses in the City Corporation's Barbican develop-ment, there have been only marginal addi-tions to the City's housing stock this century. Office values crowd ont housing schemes on commercial grounds, and the City imposes few of the housing-only restrictions common in less business-orientated local anthorities.

Because it is so unashamedly a weekday business district, homes in the City do not

rents of mostly paid by sand-wich bars."

credentials -"in the case of restaurants, landlords require

a good covenant," says Emma Tucker. Restaurant rents in

the City are roughly £25 per sq

ft on average, although £30 per sq ft has been achieved in

Often restaurateurs and

wine bar owners must make

do with basement space which would be unsuitable for office

premises. The point is that developers only want retailers who they feel will enhance

their schemes since the income from the retail element is tiny compared to that paid by the office tenants.

Keeping the retailers 'hidden' can be a bit of a battle.

Broadgate.

Restaurants are more welcome, provided they can con-vince the landlords of their have the metropolitan chic, or the accompanying values, of apartments in central Manhaitan. Indeed, on a foot for foot basis, City apartments are substantially cheaper than their West End equivalents.

Current prices of £76,000 for a large stu-dio flat in the Barbican and £275,000 for a full-scale four-bedroom flat with a 33rd floor view at the top of the Barbican's floor view at the top of the Barbican's Cromwell Tower appear as comparative bargains set against their high cost, short leasehold equivalents in Kensington or Chelsea. But, as Rachel Lund of the Barbi-can Estate Office concedes, living north of London Wall is not quite the same thing as living within a stroll of Sloane Square and so, "people either love or hate the Barbican." Barbic

Residents taking advantage of the Right-to-Buy legislation did give this con-

Right-to-Buy legislation did give this con-crete city a broad mix of owner-occupiers when the City Corporation started to offer 125 year leases on the flats in 1981. Since then, as Barbican manager David Amies confirms, weekday business-users have been bidding-out the residents and, "there has been a considerable shift in the mix of owners; the majority have become company-owned." Most of the other residential enclaves in the City along the Thames, in the Queen's

the City along the Thames, in the Queen's Way block where two bedroom flats sell in the £220,000 to £260,000 range, or in the recently completed, and significantly grander Seiffert-designed studio flats in this scheme, facing the Thames below St Paul's Cathedral, were priced up from £285,000. A four-bed duplex penthouses there would leave no change from £1.5m.

Properties.

ment area.

Apart from a number of apartments over offices, and the few surviving exam-ples of Edwardian or Victorian gentlepies of Edwardian of victorian gentle-men's apartment buildings on the City's western border, close to the Inns of Court, the City provides little scope for home-

hunters. The most significant recent addition to the City's *pied a terre* community was the 126 apartments which arrived on the mar-ket when Regalian Properties bought, and eleganity refurbished the 1930s serviced-apartments facing Charterhouse Square, since re-named Florin Court. Studio flats in 1954 coar leases there now

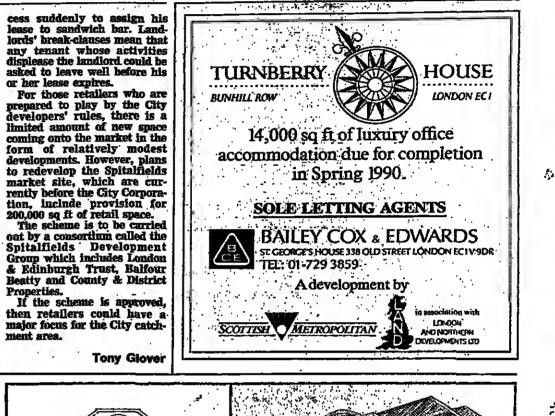
since re-named Florin Court. Studio flats in 125-year leases there now re-sell from around the £80,000 mark, prices that hardly have been dented by the chill wind blowing through the rest of the central London housing market.

central London housing market. The scarcity of homes in the City does insulate them from the extremes of price movements in the market, nationally. Res-idential properties in the City did not share in the spectacular price rises recorded in the West End or in Docklands in the mid-1980s, neither have prices been marked down as sharply in the sluggish market since then

Not that the City's housing market has been unaffected by the downturn. Prices may seem to have held well, but there has may seem to have held well, but there has been very little sales activity to test the theory. The number of company-owned properties means that few City flats or houses risk falling on to the "must sell" category and, with few buyers around, pro-spective rendors have simply deferred

John Brennan

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### **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 7**

Forecast of a tough three or four years ahead, but ...

# Optimism over market's longer-term prospects

PROFILE: MEPC. the property investment and development group

MEPC, the property investment and development group, predicts "a hard few years" for the City of London office market but believes that, in the long-term, the City will prove to be a good ation for well-managed

modern'office developments. The City is - and will

continue to be - the financial centre of Burope," says MEPC managing director, Mr James Tuckey, "but there will be a tough three or four years for the City as the office supply grows and rents go sideways instead of up." He is adamant, however,

that there is little chance of the City becoming a ghost

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town as companies relocate to less expensive locations "MEPC does not subscribe to the idea that you can conduct a securities business down

He adds that, in any case, "The City is - and

will continue to be the financial centre of Europe"

City rents are now "low " when compared with those achieved in the West End "people like Salomon Brothers" who left the City to cut costs may now want to start thinking about coming back." In the short-term, the gap

between City and West End rents is likely to widen - "in the West End, the vacancy rate for office space is about 2 per cent. In the City, it is 9 to 18 per cent and rising." But despite the fact that

there is no immediate likelihood of the City making a comeback as London's prime office location, MEPC is happy with its current City development programme. "When City rents jumped

from £30 to £60 per sq ft, following Big Bang, we didn't immediately rush out and buy City sites," says Mr Tuckey. The scale of MEPC's current City development programme. is a result of the purchase of the English Property Corporation in 1985, as well as the need to upgrade

existing investments. Under 20 per cent of MEPC's portfolio is made up of City . Investments at the moment. But this percentage is set to rise to the mid-20s, following the completion of Alban Gate. The major part of MEPC's City development programm is taken up by this one ment programme development. Alban Gate at London Wall will provide 400,000 sq ft of offices and is due for completion by the end of 1991.

Ownership of the site was a result of the company's "A bear market could

give tenants the whip hand"

takeover of RPC. The current asking rent for the space is 245 per sq ft. MEPC's next largest City scheme will provide 123,000 sq ft of offices at 12-15 Finsbury Circus. This is scheduled for completion by mid-1991.

A number of smaller projects are also scheduled to be completed by early 1991. These include 38,000 sq ft at 22-25 Austin Friars; 29,000

I New office buildings overlooking London's Roman Wall, MEPC's Alban Gate development will provide 400,000 sq.ft of offices Picture by Trevor Humphries.

and tear on City buildings is a greater problem than elsewhere in central London. The density of occupation as dealers' desks are crammed into shrinking workspaces,

Mr Tuckey believes MEPC's City portfolio represents "a nice spread of locations." However, there can be little doubt that even according to the company's own calculations much of MEPC's new City office space will be coming on stream at a time when City rents will be stagnating and letting comparatively hard to achieve But MEPC believes that the long-term view for its scheme is good. Unlike many developers,

sq ft at 69 Carter Lane; and

21,000 sq ft at 166-170

**Bishonsgate** 

MEPC does not believe in trading its completed schem on and its aim is always to retain 100 per cent of its portfolio. This means that MEPC is not dependent on making its schemes conform to the strictest institutional specifications.

Even so, in the past, the asset-value of a building has largely been calculated with institutional preferences in mind and MEPC has had to keep one eye fixed on the institutional ideal of a building let to a single tenant on a long lease.

However, the UK institutions have been net

sellers of commercial property over the last few years and the gap in the property market has been filled largely by foreign institutions who often have more flexible attitudes when valuing a commercial

MEPC believes that its long-term interest in its developments will help its schemes to weather the coming bear market in City

affice space. According to Mr Tuckey, "the institutional view is that the ideal office property investment is one which is et to one tenant. For some time we have thought this was outdated. In some cases, we would actually prefer a multi-tenanted building." A building which is

occupted by a single tenant on a standard 25-year lease may not look as good or be performing as well 10 years on as a multi-tenanted

building. MEPC believes that wear the constant coming and going

Developments in the City's central core **Demand for flexibility in design** 

PROFILE: Wates City a property company with major schemes under way

WATES CITY, as its name implies, is a property company walkways. which concentrates solely or the City market. However, the company believes that its commitment to provide property of an internationally high standard in the City core, coupled with direct management of its own properties, will enable it to weather a bear market. Wates City has a number of major schemes under way for example, Vintners Place, under construction on a river-

side site adjacent to Southwark Bridge, will provide 250,000 sq ft of offices. The new huilding will have a large central atrium enclosing an internal street at river

walkway level and is scheduled for completion in antumn, 1992. The scheme is being carried out in conjunction with

the Vintners' Company. At 100, Old Broad Street, Wates City is carrying out a 300,000 sq ft development with a retail content along London Wall, in conjunction with Friends Provident.

Wates City is also developing two new achemes, City Plaza, totalling 330,000 sq ft, and City Place, totalling 164,000 sq ft, which will combine with complimentary refurbishment schemes and an existing prop-erty, City Tower in Basinghall own planning hurdles. in the Street, to provide over 1m sq ft of space connected by covered

The new project will take place on sites stretching from London Wall to Fore Street. London Wall to Fore Street. The company firmly believes that the City's prime location will always be its central core – "the vitality starts at the centre and works out. The city core should contain the best offices and get the best rents. But it is precisely there that it is most difficult to obtain plan-ning consents."

ning consents." Constructing modern office premises in the middle of the City can be a developer's nightre. Unlike New York, where the buildings are set on a gridiron layout, City sites are irregular in shape. There is also a multiplicity of ownership which turns the assembly of a major site into a project in itcolf

Wates City believes that the key to successful office devel-opment in the City is to build modern office huildings with large floor areas, ideally 25,000 sq ft net, in the central core. The company has worked hard to assemble central sites large enough to support this type of scheme. Even then, the City core environment presents its

it means having the working environment they need. But cramped environment of the City, factors such as light angles have to be taken into account at the design stage, if planning consents are to be granted. In some schemes, parmulti-tenanted buildings impose severe demands on the management skills of the landlord Wates City helieves that

ticularly the smaller ones, Wates compare this situation "to trying to pour a building into a three-dimensional

The provision of good management services

is vital to tenants

mold." Flexibility of design is the key to being able to react to tenant-needs in a tough letting market, says the company. It is building the flexibility for multi-occupancy into its latest design and regards itself as a City ploneer when it comes to multi-occupancy buildings. It developed City Tower as a

malti-occupancy building in 1985 and has learned much from managing multi-tenanted buildings - "it's a 24-bour a day operation; you can't lock the front door.

quality space and facilities of an international standard, says Rents in the four-year-old building are currently £63-£74 per sq ft. Wates believe the tenants are happy to pay the £5-£8 per sq ft basic management if

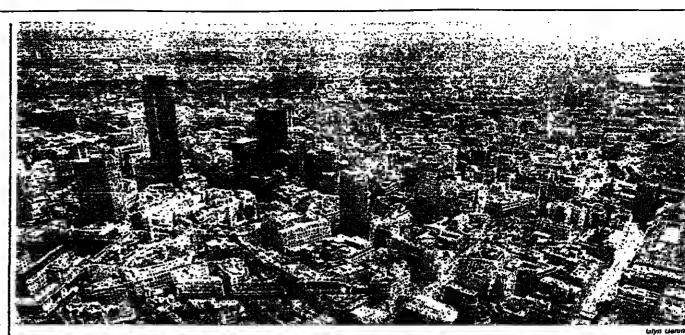
although surveyors have always regarded management as a poor relation to the business of developing and letting. it will be the key to success in a tenants' market. The com-pany is certain that most City ants would prefer to concentrate on their own business and leave the management of

the working environment to the landlord. This means the landlord takes full responsibility for items such as cleaning and maintaining common parts and washrooms and security.

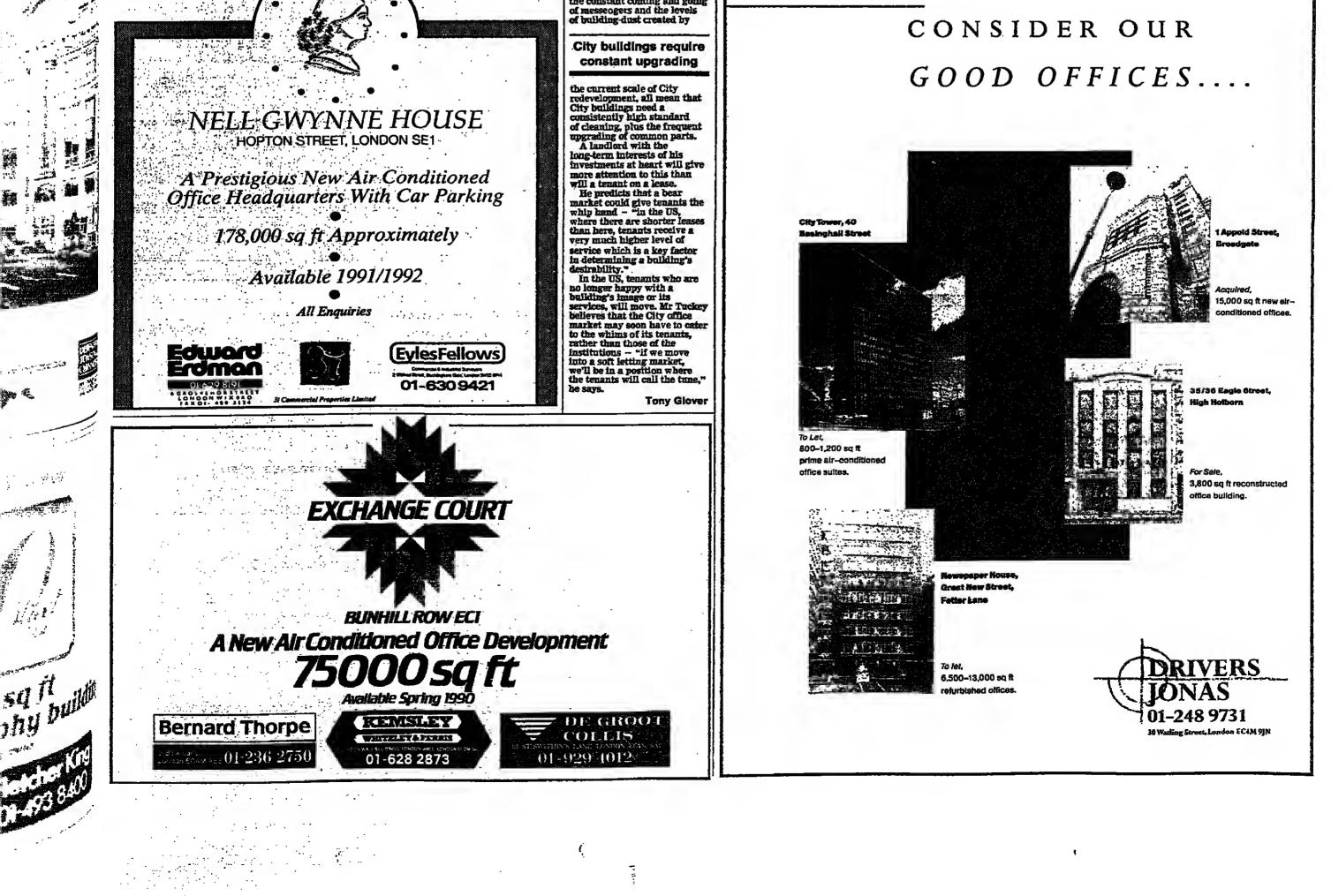
A spokesman compared the management service in Wates City's latest generation of buildings as being akin to run-ning an hotel, even to the extent of providing features such as swimming pools, sau-nas and a front-of-house ser-vice to book outside services such as theatre seats and hotel reservations. In a tough letting market, City developers can only succeed by providing top-

the company.

**Tony Glover** 



VII



### **CITY OF LONDON PROPERTY 8**

Business relocation

**Mountains on the move** 

Accommodation costs were

again a consideration but the

opportunity to go to Gloucester

was compelling because by its

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22, 1989

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THE PRESSURE, inevitably, is beginning to tell. As the world comes to view London increasingly as the financial heart of a unified Europe, most self-respecting foreign financial institutions not already there are seeking to insert the sharp end of their overseas effort into the Square Mile.

In the consequent jostling for space, blunt ends are being squeezed; rents have trebled to £70 per sq.ft., staff have become much harder to find and companies whose entire operations have historically occupied tens, if not hundreds, of thousands of expensive square feet within open cry of Liverpool Street station, are looking closely at their space and personnel requirements.

Some thinning-out is going on. To some extent, it was a process waiting to happen. Communications technology has for some time made location less critical for all but front line activities and with the cepital's flagging infra-structure under increasing fire, staff costs and availability were already under scrutiny before this latest foreign intru-sion into the supply and demand equation.

Decentralisation, anyway, is nothing new. The Location of Offices Bureau dld much in the 1960s and 70s to transplant hig space users in the provinces, though it was then perhaps an idea before its time.

THE CITY of London is not what it was - yet this is not a complaint about a fall in the moral standards of business or anything of that type, but rather an acknowledgement that the old labels do not fit any longer.

Once upon a time it could be said that the City equais finance, that it was simply the financial quarter, a discrete district with its own market. That is no longer the case, The City property market is part of

a wider whole. It remains the case, of course, that financial institutions of any size, both of domestic and foreign origin will want to retain a presence in the Sqnare Mile, somewhere near the Bank of England. But beyond that, the situation is much more fluid and the City is forced to compete for ten-

A few early departures in this latest exodus have almed no further than other parts of London. notably Docklands. But with Docklands' temporary PR problem stemming from mistimed transport arrangements, some refugees are heading for the wide, and usually

licer, open spaces. The banks are leading the way, with Lloyds going to Bris-tol. Barclays to Coventry, the a city which it views as of rising importance in the banking Bank of England to Gloucester and Chase Manhattan adding world, and it will be recruiting a further 700 staff locally, in addition to the jobs moved from London.

Staff-resistance to moving is not usually a big problem

any other office district.

**CENTRAL LONDON PROPERTY SERVICES** 

mouth who will be joined by a further 450 in a new building to be topped out in February. This move signifies local to its established quota in Bournemouth. NatWest last year moved its Sterling Payorganic growth, as well as a London cost-cntting exercise, and with a total UK workforce ments Department to Manches-ter, and Midland has long had of about 2,600, the hank will part of its operations in Shef-field though it says that no have a significant part of its operation out of central Lon-

other movements are immi-nent. Sadler's Wells Royal Bal-The Bank of England is tak-ing its Registrar department, which maintains the register of let, perhaps in pursuit of cul-tural middle management undimmed by London commutholders of Government securi-ties and gilt-edged stock, to a new 100,000 sq ft facility close ing, is moving to Birmingham. Lloyds' move is taking its personal banking operation with 700 jobs from Cannon to Gloucester city centre in 1991. 600 jobs - out of a total London complement approach-ing 4,000 – will go from its New Change Building near St Paul'a, together with about 25 Street to a building in Bristol, on the site of honded warehouses blown up as part of a Telethon appeal two years ago. Accommodation-cost is the per cent of staff currently fill-

Chase Manhattan, into decentralisation for some time,

already has 900 staff in Bourne-

Some thinning-out is inevitable in the crowded City

major factor but the bank ing them, the rest being minimised the risk to continu-already had 300 jobs in Bristol, recruited locally. ity of service; it isn't too far from London and has a pool of suitable school-leavers. Barclays, meanwhile, is mov-ing 1,000 head office jobs to

Some operations will go from four City addresses to three new buildings on the Westwood Business Park close to the University of Warwick, the major inducement being \$15 per so.ft., rather than £70 which begins to add np on which begins to and up on 150,000 sq ft. As Peter Thomp-son, director of Property Ser-vices, says: "Ours is a busi-ness, like many others, in which the winners will be those who can deliver excellent service competitively and at low cost. It makes sense to relocate those parts of our busi-ness which don't need to occupy central London loca-

which will be filled locally.

But he echoes the comments of several institutions when he adds a compelling second rea-son – "as changes in the

employment market maka it more difficult for us to find staff in the south-east of England, we shall be giving ourselves the opportunity to hroaden our recruitment base." Outside the mainstream financial sector, some companies no longer see a reason for a physical City presence at all. Busi-ness information researcher Dum and Bradstreet is moving

Dum and Bradstreet is moving its entire operation with 1.000 jobs from Clifton Street, EC2, to a new building beside the M40 at High Wycombe. Again there will obviously be cost-savings, but the move was also logistically appropri-ate in allowing the company's UK and European headquar-ters to get under one roof. All companies say that staff resistance is not a particular

resistance is not a particular problem, and all staff concerned have considerable warning so that every aspect can ba considered without hurry. Most companies arrange

moderate margin for manoeu-

familiarisation trips over the months, and sometimes years, before final decisions have to be made, and they provide all

information and every assistance that employees need to assess the new area, its housing and schools, and the overall package. The process is not cheap however. in 1988, the CBI estimated the cost to a company of a moving an employee at close to £10,000. An annual report by surveyor, Jones Lang Wootton, "The Decentralisation of

Offices From Central London, monitors the trend.

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It noted that the number of jobs committed to leave Central London in 1990 and beyond had already exceeded 10,000. In terms of overall numbers, this is not wholesale abandon-

ment and it has yet to have a noticable effect on the office market in Central London, but the trend is rising and there is a growing tendency for compa-

a growing tentency for compa-nies to go further afield. Most significantly perbaps, the report confirmed that the instigation behind most moves was not merely accommoda-tion control but increasingly the tion costs, but increasingly the cost and, more particularly. tha availability of staff.

John Worrall

### Search for equilibrium Continued from page 1

cent of the space proposed now will not be built. This, Savills suggested, will help to keep the market in equilibrium. ing arrangements which give a

Clearly, the surveyors have no reason to knock confidence vre because projects were costed off tha base of lower rental levels than those now in the market. But few will deny that the techniques of establishing potential levels of existing. Yet, it is probably fear of cor-porate difficulties which influ-ences sentiment about the demand are as yet crude and, for the international financial community, with its crucial role in the City property mar-ket, influenced by events out-City, manifest in the fear that there is too much building, rather than any conclusion side the UK. Nor can the level of demand in the City be wholly divorced from the and demand estimates. Add to the corporate factor, uncertainty which may be movements of the UK econ-omy, accurate forecasting of which is difficult.

caused by the imposition of Valua Added Tax and the Uni-form Business Rate, spice with Even assuming a sound market with supply and demand. broadly in balance, it is diffi-cult to imagine a repeat of the heady rise in rents between 1986 and 1988. Static rents the instances of backroom staff block the financial way out for amaller and medium-sized development companies which bought into the City, usually on the fringe, at fancy site prices and have since seen their cost calculations thrown out by the rise in interest rates and escalating construction charges

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been filled with investment it. That said, by far the greater from abroad. part of City development is in the hands of companies with sound balance sheets or financ-Tha main aource of funds has come from Japan. Compa-

nies and institutions have nies and institutions have taken the leading role in the purchase of properties over £50m. But there has also been significant Scandinavian activ-ity, helped by what is seen as aggressive lending by Swedish banks, especially around the City fringe and especially for

smaller properties than those favoured by the Japanese. For how long or in what quantities such funds will continne to arrive can only be conjectural. There will be bopes that the flow can be sustained, because there is a longer term financing problem to be addressed

The surge in City building has been partly financed by bank lending on a non- or lim-fied recourse basis. That medium-term bank lending at some

stage will have to be replaced. Prospects for a unitised prop-erty market have been dashed. There is no fresh flow of funds from that source. If the domestic institutions stand off from new investment, the foreign interest in the City market may have a much greater future significance than it has 110W. .

relocation outside the City, and

there are the ingredients for a cocktail of gloom. But, at the same time as there is domestic apprehension there has been a burst of confi-dence among foreign investors, impressed by the City's future as an international financial centre. The UK financial insti-tutions, either sated with property or indifferent to it, have If there is to be trouble in for the most part turned their the City, then the fringe is back on City property invest-probably the place to look for ment. The gap they left has

Old barriers have broken down The City in context

the Thames, not only near around London Bridge but furants and owner-occupiers like

ther to the west by Southwark and Blackfriars bridges. The second factor is thet the very pressures for space which prompted a building surge in the City itself, especially in the districts outside the historic core, prompted a surge of building elsewhere.

The genesis of Canary Wharf in London Docklands was the desire of Credit Suisse First Boston and Morgan Stanley to break out of the geographical confines of the City into less expensive phrpose-huilt

It has been the combination of specific pressures on space in the City and the space demands caused by economic growth in the sonth-east of England which have led to a proliferation of building across central London. The third factor is that the firmness of this demand has

not so far been dented. There have been few signs of any let-nps in the demand for space. What has changed rather is the speed at which the demand has been met in different areas.

The demand has been drawn, naturally, to the dis-tricts or buildings where the space has been available. When the shortage in the City was acute, banks like Salomon Brothers were driven to Victoria. When large buildings in the City were scarce, profes-sional firms began to find what they needed in the Fleet Street and Holborn areas.

Now the picture is shifting again. In the traditional offices areas of the West End of London like St. James's and Mayfair there is little space in which to build and development is for the most part confined to relatively small build-

east. Olympia & York, the Canadian developers of Canary Wharf, has made no secret of its intention to create another office centre which would would complement those of the West End and the City. Yet to snme extent this has already been done with devel-opments like Harbour Exchange, South Quay Plaza and so. In these office develop-

ments on the Isle of Dogs, where rental levels are affected by the Enterprise Zone tax concessions - the capital allowances and rates holidays - the rents at around £20 a square foot are less than half those of the City.

Yet, as a counterweight to the City, London Docklands has not so far succeeded. Nearly 9m square feet of office space has been completed. More than 25m square feet is on the way. Who will occupy this space is not clear.

"At this moment, I don't think it will be from the traditional City markets that we can expect our salvation," declared Roy Sunderland of Grant and Partners, long established in Docklands.Nevertheless, there is a movemen among the increasingly cost-conscious financial institutions in the City to shift staff, whose duties allow them to be be moved, out to less costly offices. This movement has been directed so far towards the City fringes, rather than to

Docklands.

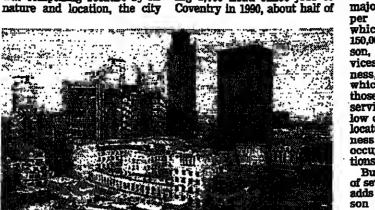
# **ROYAL MINT COURT EC3**

#### Several factors have been at play in this situation. The first is that the City itself has expanded its occupational, though not its administrative, borders as the pressure for

space has hullt np, and to some extent been satisfied, hy lts expansion as an international financial centre, New office areas have been sprouting np to the east in Tower Hamlets, to the north in

Hackney, to the west in what is now called the mid-town area of Holborn; also south of

AT 3/4





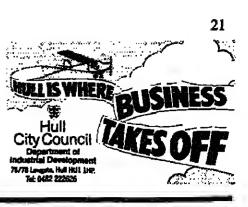


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# $(n_{1}, n_{2}) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$ , $(n_{1}, n_{2}) \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$ **FINANCIAL TIMES** 362 **COMPANIES & MARKETS**

Friday September 22 1989



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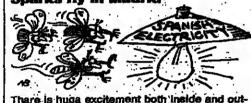
#### **Black night for** smiling horse



the business from Swed-ish engineering company Atlas Copco. Then yesterday the UK Trade and Industry Secretary, Mr Nicholas Ridley, referred it to the Monopolles and Mergers Commission. on the grounds that it could be bad for competition in the UK pneumatic tools market. So tha bid lapses. Page 30

Mobilising for Hungary In a cautious but highly organised drive to attract outsida investment to Hungary, a group of western financiars and the National Bank of Hungary have set up the First Hungary Fund-Potential Investors concerned about the risks in a country which has an inflation rate of 20 In a country which has an initiation random per cent and a non-convertible currency, can take heart from safety net proposals agreed with the authorities. Page 26

#### Sparks fly in Madrid



Thare is huga excitement both inside and outsida Spain as investors scramble for stock In the electricity utilities. The Interest has pushed the Madrid Bolsa index past its October 1987 pre-Big Bang high - as well it might, aince the alectricity companies account for around 15 per cent of the market's capitalisation. Page 23

#### Oil ministers gas in Geneva

Blue in Chile.

ALL NO.

Oll ministers from the Organisation of Petrolaum Exporting Countries gather in Geneva this weekend with oil markets at their most atabla for nearly four years - for which its mem-bers deserve littla credit; Opac production is now estimated to exceed 22m barrels a day -2m b/d above its self-imposed production cell-Ing. The United Arab Emirates and Kuwait are both producing at more than twice their formal guotas. But many think there is little chance of a breakthrough this weekend, Page 36

10.43551

The Sentiago Stock Exchange has been in gleom since May, falling by over 100 points in

nies are doing well and inflation is not bad. The reason is political. The fall was expected when

General Augusto Pinochet (left), whose poll-cles favoured the

four months, even

though Ch

business community, was defeated in the national plebiscite last October. Page 48.

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of MTM

the stops.

When Television South forked out \$320m last year for MTM, the Mary Tyler Moore company which pro-duced shows like Lou Grant and

Hill Street Blues, it pulled out all

American police cars, hired

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# Mannesmann and TI in strategic alliance

By Nick Garnett in London and Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

TWO engineering groups, TI of the UK and the much bigger Mannesmann AG of West Ger-many, announced a strategic alliance yesterday that is cemented by a five per cent stake Mannes-mann is taking in the British

concern. Both groups said that their long term goal, which could trig-ger a realignment of European heavy manufacturing, is to co-op-erate in technology and market-ing and jointly to explore acquisition opportunities. A joint company committee which will include Mr Werner

Dieter, Mannesmann'a chairman, and Mr Chris Lewinton, chair-man of TI, is being set up to examine the areas in which that two groups might work together. Mannesmann is to subscribe for 7.86m new TI shares at a price of 525p per share. Shares in TI closed in London at 483p, up 9p.

£959m last year. It made a pre-tax profit of £49.2m on turnover of £460.9m for the six months to June. Mannesmann stressed yesterday that as yet there were no concrete co-operation or acquisi-tion plans. The view of analysts

yesterday was that any business deals between the two groups

The German group, whose could be a year or two away. However, TI, which has been talking of adding a fourth engi-neering leg to its three core prod-uct areas, will get an early injec-tion of \$41m from what is likely to be a safe shareholder. Moreproducts include machinery, instrumentation, antomotiva components and large diameter tubes, had sales of DM20.4bn (\$10.5bn) last year. First half profits this year rose 28 per cent to DM179m. TI, which has been totally over, Mannesmann has agreed not to increase its shareholding in TI without consultation and TI restructured in the past three years and now mainly manufac-tures mechanical seals, small

has the right to place Mannes-mann's TI shares if the German company decides to sell them. "This is a strategic alliance, a long term study." Mr Lewinton said. "It will help TI to grow fas-ter. There are so many areas of persible competition the mehlem diameter tubing for the car and white goods industries and furnace equipment, had pre-tax prof-its of £85.4m (\$133.2m) on sales of possible co-operation the problem will be choosing the right ones." TI wants to expand in Ger-many, where its sales are just 270m, and Mannesmann bas a

large distribution and servicing network there. Mannesmann, whose order flow for machinery and plant jumped 54 per cent in

the first six months of this year, is keen to expand in the US where its sales are only 10 per cent of group turnover. Last year its Hartmann and

Braun process control subsidiary bought Applied Automation there. The US accounts for 45 per cent of TI sales. Mr Lewinton said there were

some complementary technolo-gies. For instance, Mannesmann makes process controls that might be linked with TI's production of advanced furnaces.

Both companies make automo-tive components. In February, TI bought Mannesmann's 60 per cent share in Mecano-Bundy, a West German maker of brake lines. Two years ago, Mannes-mann purchased Fichtel & Sachs, a big German motor components

supplier. Mannesmann's UK turnover is about DM750m. Two of the and mainland European beavy engineering companies. The

group's main subsidiaries merging of GEC's power engineering and factory automation businesses with those of Alsthom Demag, which makes industrial equipment, and Regroth (hydrau-lics) - have UK production plants, and Ficbtel & Sachs has of France last year is one of the few significant ones. Davy, the British contracting engineering group, and British Steel have both been looking to build partnerships in continental been considering setting up a plant in the UK.

Asked wby Mannesmann needed to take a stake in TI, Mr Lewinton said: "Dr Dieter says it will put a bit of glue between ns." Mr Lewinton predicted yesterday There have been more cross-border deals within mainland that there were going to be more cross-border deals in angineering as the liberalised European market approaches. "The domestic appliance industry has gone this way, as have the aircraft and automotive industries. Everything is turning on the clout you have. This theme is going to go through engineering. Formal co-operation agree-ments are rare between Britisb

Europe. Sulzer of Switzerland and Voith of West Germany have announced a merger of their paper-making machinery and flu-id flow technology divisions. Pan-European deals have been striking in electricity supply equipment, locomotive building and materials handling.

Europe.

However, there are more deals between European and US com-panies, while many European sectors remain fragmented. Lex. Page 20

# **TVS reveals substantial** losses at US subsidiary

Part of the incentive of the

#### By John Ridding and Ray Snoddy

founders of TVS and still its chief executive said : "I still have the full support and confidence of my board and major shareholders." TVS Entertainment, one of the UK's largest independent televiion companies, revealed yester-day it is suffering substantial losses at a US production com-pany which it bought last year, MTM deal was to provide an alternative earnings stream for £190.5m, as the cornerstone of its strategy of diversification. MTM, whose successful series have included Hill Street Blues, is expected to lose up to \$45m in should the company be unsuccessful in its attempt to regain its franchise.

the year to the end of October. - This means TVS, in spite of claiming tha third biggest share of UK television advertising, will see a sharp fall in pre-tax profits this year to between £10-£12m. This compares with £261m last year and £13.4m at the half-way

stage. The City reacted instantly to the unexpectedly severe news, and TVS shares fell from 261p to

declared a loss, But Mr Gatward

declared a loss. But Mr Gatward was unrepentant yesterday. "The strategy is as right now as it was two years ago when we started it. At least we will have an alternative business if we lose the franchise application," said Mr Gatward who will fly to Los Angeles this gradiend to oversee Angeles this weekend to oversee new cost-cutting measures. Mr Joe Indelli, MTM syndica-

The losses at MTM – the big-gest ever foreign acquisition by a British ITV company – throw into question the TVS strategy of tion manager, has already left the company and a replacement will be announced soon. diversification ahead of the com-petition, to win new ITV fran-chises when the current licences

Asked whether Mr Arthur Price, the MTM chief executive and significant shareholder and significant snareholder would remain at the company Mr Gatward said: "I will do nothing to damage the fabric of the com-pany and Arthor Price is part of the fabric." There was specula-tion yesterday that the problems could lead to the sale of MTM. Lex, Page 20



#### By Alice Rawsthorn in London

bled West German retailer whose COATS VIYELLA, the biggest shares resumed trading in Frank-furt on Wednesday, has widened to include the board of the industextile group in Europe, is still suffering from the depression in the UK textile industry and saw trial holding company represent-ing the country's trade union pre-tax profits fall from £76.0m (\$118.6m) to £55.2m in the first

half of the year. Sir David Alliance, chairman and chief execotive, said 1989 was "a very tough" year for the State prosecutors investigating allegations of fraud at Co op have searched the Frankfurt offices of the Beteiligungsgesellschaft der Gemeinwirtschaft AG (BGAG), group, but he saw signs of a modest recovery in some sectors. the trade unions' industrial holding company, which used to be Co op's main sbare-Despite the downturn, Sir David said he was "determined" to renew Coats' bid for Tootal, a holder. Meanwhile Co op shares were fixed at DM159 in Frankfurt yeslarge UK textile company which, like Coats, is a powerful player in the international market for sewing thread. terday, marginally down on the

previous day's close. Dealers are still puzzling over the unexpected demand for Co op equity. Some speculators had put in orders to buy "at best" in expectation of The Monopolies and Mergers Commission is now nearing the end of its inquiry into Coats' E395m bid for Tootal. The MMC report is due to be delivered to the Secretary of State for Trade purchasing at a price of DM20-30, but their orders, which had no ceiling set, were filled at a price many times higher than they and Industry, Mr Nicholas Rid-ley, on Tuesday. He should give his decision by mid-October.

expected. Investigations are already being condocted into the affairs of Co op's former managing board, as well as members of its £890.9m (£881.9m) in the six months to June 30. The UK textile interests, representing half of sales, suffered a sharp fall in profits. Coats was also hit by high inflation at its South Amersupervisory board and the accountants which approved its 1986 and 1987 results. State prosecutors are also thought to be looking into the conduct of five former Co op dir-Ican thread companies. Operating profits fell to £64.7m (£78.7m) and the interest charge - on gearing of 20 per cent - rose to £10.6m (£4.0m). ectors. The BGAG owned around 39 per cent of Co op's shares until December 1985, when, after the Earnings per share fell to 6.31p (9.71p). See Page 27 surprise cancellation of a

THE CRIMINAL investigation planned stock market flotation, it into the affairs of Co op, the trousold its stake to a holding company representing the co-operative retailing movement and others, including a bank set up by Co op itself.

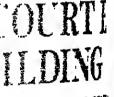
> Mr Jocbeo Schroers, a Frankfurt state prosecutor, refused to say whether the latest investiga-tions centred on current or previ-ous members of the BGAG's board.

> However, the latest news lends weight to the view that the rela-tionship between Co op and the BGAG, which had members on the company's supervisory board even after selling its stake, may have been more complex than first thought.

The BGAG, whose current chairman, Mr Hans Matthöffer, is a former German finance minis-ter under Mr Helmut Schmidt, confirmed the searches yesterday.

"We support the investigation and await a punctual explanation of the possible guilt," said Mr Karl-Heinz Stanzick, its spokes-

chises when the current licences expire in 1992, TVS is not alone in seeking to acquire a US production and dis-tribution company. Thames Tele-vision, the largest ITV company, is in negotiations to buy Reeves Communications for around form the fact it has just 1920. Mr James Gatward, one of the £60m despite the fact-it has just Now the



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 egy. It is also a strategy which is still tempting other British televi-ston and antertainment compa-nies. Thames Television, the largest ITV company is keen to buy Tokyo (Yest) 465 - 21.0 187.6 - 6 Reeves, an American programme distribution group, and seems keen to go ahead despite the fact that Reeves too is losing money 840 - 8 3334 + 4019 + 3124 + 4374 +

History Riceso Bk of Oanka Karjoga Bock Karjogasti Ngpon Chem Dikera Bock Sega Enter J. 24.5 at the moment. Mr James Gatward, one-time studie floor worker with the BBC, a founder of TVS and still 781<sub>8</sub> - 3<sub>8</sub> J 181<sub>2</sub> - 11<sub>4</sub> its chief executive, bought MTM in large part because he was wor-ried, above all else, that someone would take away his television New York prices at 12.30pm. . . . .  $\sim 10^{-1}$  $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Racal Elect} & 228 + 9 \\ \textbf{455} + 10 & \textbf{Racal Table} & 284 + 18 \\ 1977_2 + 77_3 & \textbf{Smith} (WLH) & 337 + 6 \\ 253 + 5 & \textbf{Stooliny} & 4191_2 + 51_2 \\ 37_4 + 9 & T1 & 483 + 9 \\ 414 + 16 & \textbf{Valls Faber} & 236 + 7 \\ 154 + 16 & \textbf{Faller} & 236 + 7 \\ 546 + 38 & \textbf{LASBO} & S32 & 2 \\ 546 + 16 & \textbf{LASBO} & S32 & 2 \\ 546 + 16 & \textbf{Rathes} & 277 & 4 \\ 364 + 16 & \textbf{Rathes} & 277 & 4 \\ 364 + 5 & \textbf{Surf Lis} & 192 & 63 \\ 474 + 5 & \textbf{Surf Lis} & 1090 & 13 \\ \end{array}$ 4.54 LONDON (Pence) franchise in the same way he had

seized the regional franchise from Southern Television in 1981. This time round, however, the threat comes not from a capri-cions regulator hut from tha cions regulator nut from tha marketplace. In 1991 the British Government plans to put all ITV franchises up to the highest bid-der, after a "quality threshold" has been observed.

cat is out of the bag **Ray Snoddy** A 199 1 10 examines the troubles TVS inherited with its \$320m purchase

> So James Gatward decided on a major diversification into both tha US production market and the syndication market – the sale to small town television sta-tions of library material already

shown on the networks. As he said at the time of the original MTM deal: "We were not from a film company, drove through the streets of London, taking City financial analysts back to their offices from the press conference. And the deal had the stuff of prepared to put our head in a bucket of sand while the Govern-ment decided our future and kicked the other end of our body.

And the deal had the stuff of drams and romance about it. A small south of England commer-cial television company, which did not exist 10 years ago and was having difficulty getting accepted as a major FTV network producer, was buying, if not the roaring hion symbol of MGM, at least the miaowing kitten of MTM that was a tongue-in-cheek smoof more it. But one television executive who knows TVS well said yesterday that, by trying to reduce the risk arising from the potential loss of a franchise, TVS had ended up putting everything at

"I can't believe that this com-pany, run by this board and management can win a franchise next time," said the executive who asked not to be named.

spoof upon it. It was the biggest ever foreign acquisition by a British ITV com-Ironically in trying to minimise the risks of the deregulation of broadcasting in the UK, TVS may have been caught by the after effects of the deregulation of tele-vision in the US.

The US syndication market nushroomed in the mid-1980s as new television stations competed for the limited amount of good quality "products" to show on their screens.

TVS may have bought at the top of the market before the shake-ont among such stations started to gather force and the syndication market turned soft.

ames Gatward watched his bad news happening before his eyes at the August board meeting of MTM in Los Angeles. Mr Joe Indelli, the syndication manager was about to present a written report suggesting sales would be much lower than expec-

The TVS chief executive said he saw the forecast being further downgraded by the hapless executive on the spot.

"I said fire him now. I will not tolerate this any longer," Mr Gat-ward said yesterday. The best advice TVS has at the moment is that the US syndica-

tion market is unlikely to pick op for the next 18 months and full recovery could be two and a half

years away. One of the issues now expected to go under the microscope is the original valuation of the MTM library by Merrill Lynch, the US ment banking group.

M r Gatward pointed ont yesterday that Merrill Lynch came up with a series of valuations based on different projections, ranging from \$300m to \$320m.

The value of the library under-pinned the deal, and the \$300m figure was seen as a disaster sce-nario. Now MTM's expected loss of around \$45m for the year suggests that Merrill Lynch's lowes estimate was too optimistic. As a result there could be a review of the original contract.

James Gatward was totally unrepentant yesterday and insisted his strategy was right. Ironically MTM's troubles have

come from the poor results of programme library sales instead of from television prodoction where many people thought the true danger lay. MTM, said the sceptics, was a company, whose best pro-grammes had already been writ-ten and whose best writers had

ten and whose best writers had already gone. In fact , in addition to the suc-

cessful Newhart series, now in its cessful Newhart series, now in its eighth season an new series, called FM, was picked up by the networks this summer and got good reviews. Thirteen episodes of Capital News, a new TV pro-gramme produced by MTM, will be broadcast by ABC next year. It may not be enough to make the bankers pur but it might keep the MTM kitten miaowing a little longer.

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Germany's trade unions are still living down the BGAG's role in Neue Heimat, once Europe's biggest private housing company, which was at the centre of a mismanagement and corruption scandal in the mid-1980s.

Since then, the BGAG has disposed of moch of its portfolio as part of a re-assessment of its functions and a drive to raise cash to belp cover Neue Heimat's problems.

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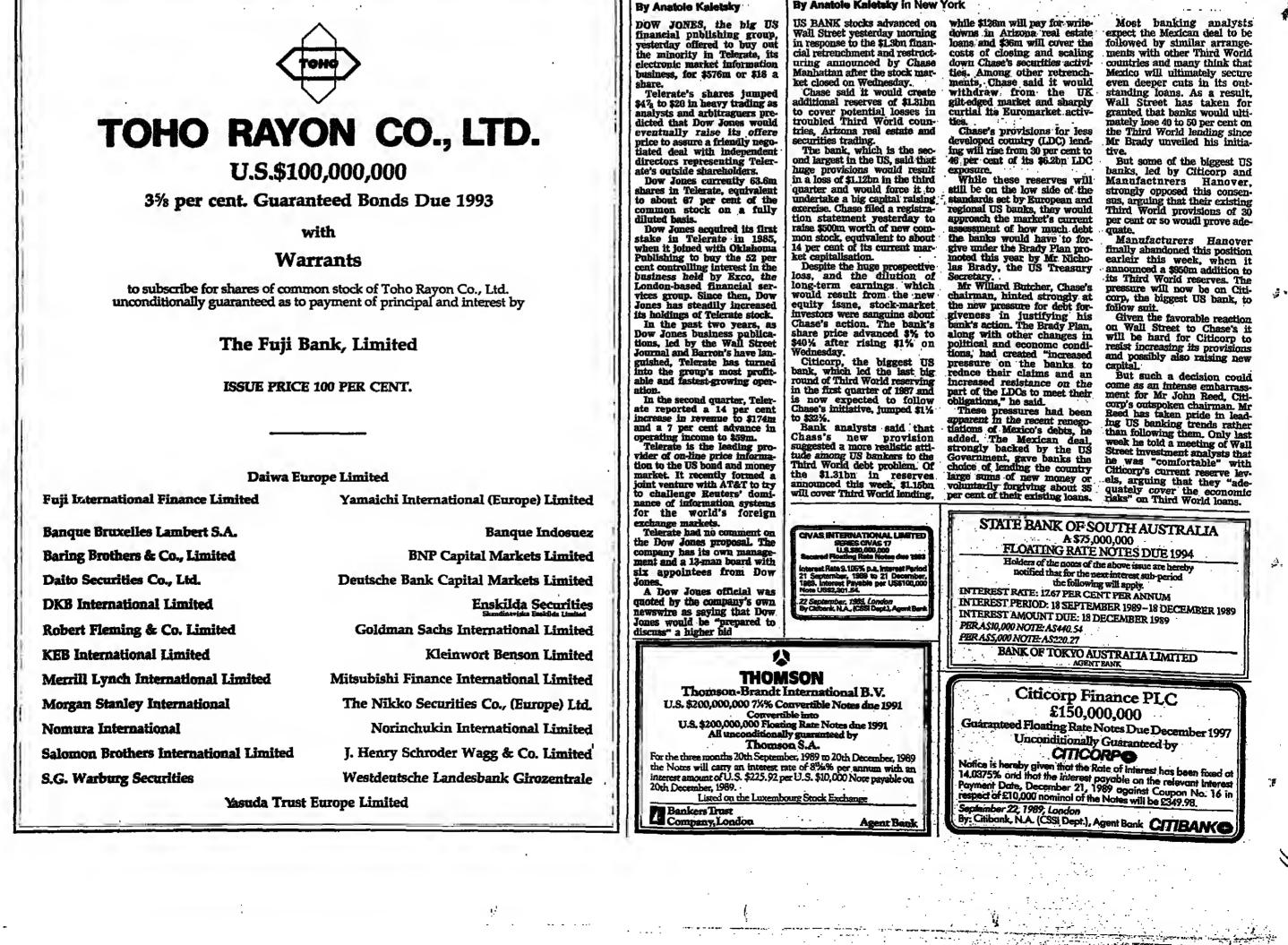
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### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

#### Suchard Strong earnings forecasts from St-Gobain flat profit cheer market for year

By George Graham in Paris

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ST-GOBAIN, the leading French glass, pipes and pack-aging group, has reported first half net profits up 15 per cent to FFr2.005bn (\$304m). Operating profits rose by 17 per cent to FFr4.75bn, and the

net profits included only FFr95m of exceptional income, compared with FFr443m stemming from asset sales in the first half of 1988, Overall sales rose by 12 per cent to FFr33.2bn.

The strong earnings, coupled with a dynamic Investment and acquisition programme, have encouraged Paris stock brokers, some of whom are forecasting profits of over

Frishn for the full year. This would be a gain of 25 per cent, after rising 60 per cent in 1988 and doubling in 1987. The company said its plate glass, bottles and insula-tion divisions continued to perform strongly in the first half, while the industrial ceramics, reinforcing fibres and paper and cardboard operations made further progress, and the pipes division showed a strong gain. St-Gobain said it had spent FFr2.83bn on capital invest ments in the first half, easily covered hy cashflow of FF13.96bn.

The company has recently embarked on a number of big expansions of its industrial plant, including a new float glass plant recently opened in the Isere region of eastern France.

The group also spent Fri339bn on acquisitions in the first half, including buying out minority shareholders in a number of subsidiaries but also taking controlling stakes in Sisa and Vetri, two Italian; packaging concerns, and buy-ing a substantial minority-stake in Essilor, the leading. French lens and spectacle

maker. Meanwhile, Essilor itself announced a rise in first half consolidated net profit to FFri62m from FFri44m. Turnover was FFr2.35bn against FFr2.11hn. Essilor said it expected similar growth in the second half. • Groupe Victoire, the French insurance group, sold its stake of about 4 per cent in sugar company Beghin-Say on Tuesday, Reuter reports from Paris. Shares in the sugar group, 60 per cent owned by Italy's Gruppo Ferruzzi, later rose almost 6 per cent on the Paris

By William Dullforce In Geneva JACOBS SUCHARD, the Swiss chocolate and coffee group, yesterday reported a 6.6 per. cent increase in first-half consolidated sales to SFr3.14hn

(\$1.87bn). It forecast a flat net profit performance for 1989 as a whole. Provided exchange rates and economic conditions remained the same, net earnings would be, almost unchanged at

approaches.

The most visible sign of

excitement is a current scram

ble for utility stock. That

scramble last week pushed the Madrid Bolsa index past its

pre-October 1987 high. The

electricity companies account for around 15 per cent of the market's capitalisation and

trading. Surprising huyers have stepped in, the bolsa is rife

with rumours about those who will, and London and Madrid

brokers, who had been recom-

mending clients to huy, are

Although some of the frantic trading may be speculative – the market expects Spain's

steep interest rates will start to ease early next year - there

appears to be a widespread per-

ception of the sector's profit-orientated thrust. Over the

past two years utility share prices had remained virtually dormant and they looked

increasingly undervalued as the Bolsa steadily recovered

house that has been prominent in the current rush for utility

The Fecsa crisis, caused in

cient funding structure, is his-tory and analysts have placed

"Investors have realised that

awash with orders.

confidence.

stock.

be, almost unchanged at around SFr300m. This is against the SFr307m posted last year before the windfall profit from Mr Klans Jacobs' losing battle against Nestlé for Britain's Rowntree was added. Profit growth will still be hampered this year by the performance of E.J. Brach, the US confectionery business. Jacobs Suchard hought it in 1987, and admits it made

1987, and admits it made the wrong management deci-

sion But the US business is expected to return to profit

next year. Excluding the US and "a few other special areas" operating earnings improved signifi-cantly overall in the first half, Jacobs Suchard said The group is spending heavily to launch its Milka

hrand chocolates on the Japanese market. It expects to mnhilise 100 new Japanese sales staff by the end of the year. It has still to complete the

restructuring of its confection-ery business in Europe. A new factory is being built

the sector has overcome its dif-ficulties and now has a clean bill of health," says Mr Pedro Taberna, head of research at Beta Capital, a Madrid broking in Berlin and production is being concentrated in a few locations.

of shares and bonds in Ham-bro's. These factors were offset With the negative effect of historically lnw world market by the effect of the movement of bond prices on the Copenprices for cocoa and coffee, the 6.6 per cent sales increase in the first half implied gains in The total book value of the market shares.

Baltica Hambro's investment Barket snares, Turnover in confectionery, 58 per cent of the total, rose by 7.8 per cent over the first six months of 1988. The coffee husiness recorded

a slight decline.



A Sevillana de Electricidad plant: wired up for expansion

rationalise domestic utilities. The second was a new tariff system, agreed in 1987, which, for the first time, provided for an equitable return, and took account of debt amortisation, capital investment, inflation, power generation and other variables when establishing the negotiated price of electric-ity. Tha dual medicine has

worked wonders. Research Associates, the Research Associates, the indepandant Madrid-hssed financial analysis, termed 1988 "a benchmark year" for the sector. Its detailed report, pub-lished this month, highlighted the positive funds from committees that the stilling

operations that the ntilities were able to generate last year. Mr Pedro Velasco, the electricity sector expert at Banco Hispano Americano, stresses the electricity companies have provided for all their capital investment up to 1995: "Their income for the next five years can all go to reducing debt and to paying dividends."

There is no doubt about the income. While the investment programme was tuned to an average 3.3 per cent yearly growth of electricity demand,

consumption leapt by 6.5 per cent last year and, according to Hisnano Americano's research team, should show a similar rise this year. "We are looking at the

part by an over-ambitious and trouble-prone investment pro-gramme and in part by a defiunderlying profits of the utility companies. We don't see them as quasi-bonds anymore," says Mr Lawson Steele, a senior London-based Spanish strategy officer at UBS Phillips & Drew. Corporate activity among the ntilities has matched the heightened market interest. Three companies in particular, Empresa Nacional de Electrici-

dad (Endesa), the state-con-trolled utility which was par-tially privatised last year and which is the largest of the electricity companies, the second ranked Hidroelectrica Espanola (Hidrola) and Union Electrica-Fenosa, the fourth largest company, are making head-

Charged atmosphere over Spanish utilities

nes for different reasons. Endesa, which accounts for 30 per cent of domestic output and is listed on Wall Street, shows its aggressiveness on two fronts. der, as a viable proposition. Union-Electrica Fenosa has gone out on a limb and started talking to West Germany's

On one hand it has unveiled a \$1hn investment project to huild thermal plants in Mexico. On the other it has dug itself deep in the domestic market by announcing, amid considerable surprise, it had acquired a 9 per cent stake in Sevillana de Electricidad, the fifth-ranked ntility, hased in southern Snain

Endesa says publicly it has no intention of influencing Sevillana's strategy and has simply made an investment in a company with a hright future.

tiative was as bold as it was controversial. Reports early in September that the Spanish Some utility watchers are not so sure. In part this is because Sevillana inavariably company, based in the north crops up whenever future western region of Galicia, planned to sell an initial 5 per alignments of the domestic sector are considered - and in part because Endesa might be cent of its stock to RWE, hrought a piqued response from Industry Ministry offi-cials who had known nothing worried about its future status as a privileged wholesale proabout such negotiations until

vider Under current sector rulings Endesa, which does not distribute direct to the consumer, has all its output hought by the private sector at a fixed price, regardless of whether the companies need snch supplies. Whether this practise will con-tinue in a deregulated future is an open question.

Mr Steele argues that Endesa ing into domestic companies," "smacks of monopoly" and it could further fall foul of EC says Secretary of State for Energy Mr Victor Perez Pita, enviromentalists on account of its dapendenca on coal. osa - RWE negotiations) is Research Associates, in its report, says private utility companies feel they are paying quite a different matter." Mr Perez Pita argues that no Spanish electricity company too high a price to Endesa for needs a "foreign technological the electricity they are obliged to huy, and after 1992 they will partner" and what the domes-tic utilities should be doing is he able to purchase extra forging sgreements among power elsewhere. his means electricity

against cost-cutting outsiders

thanks to its control of Red

Electrica Espanola (Redesa),

tha monopoly operator of the domestic high voltage network.

A foreign company is unlikely to view a parallel net-work, aimed at supplying, for

example, Basque and Cstalan industries near the French hor-

Rheinisch-Westfalisches Elek-

trizitatswerk (RWE), while the

public company sizes up the French threat and certain pri-

vate ones, such as the Basque-hased Iberduero, the third-

ranked utility and generally considered to be the best man-aged in the sector, are thought

to he reviewing potential

French advantages. Union-Electrica Fenosa's ini-

they read about them in the

utility contemplated an equity

deal with a foreign company,

and the message from the Industry Ministry was that it

did not like the development at

all. "We have nothing against

foreign financial investors huy-

and the second second

Never before had a Spanish

DE

market."

themselves. He admitted, however, the utilities were not a strategic from across the Pyre-Research Associates: "The possector barred to foreign intruders, and legally there was little sibility of Electricité de France the government could do. selling at competitive prices in Spain is an increasingly likely hypothesis, primarily in the wholesale-industrial end of the At Union-Electrica Fenosa Mr Victoriano Reinoso, direc-

tor-general, says he is "not aware" of any veto on partnerships with non-Spanish compa-Hispano Americano's Mr nies Velasco nevertheless believes Evidently concerned about the public company can more than adequately defend itself

"but (the Union-Electrica Fen-

the government's reaction, Mr Reinoso is cautious about equity negotiations with RWE, the eighth-ranked utility in West Germany. He stresses that discussion concerns tech-nological collaboration and possible joint ventures in third countries, where the two companies could exploit their thermal knowhow. his low-profile approach

is dismissed by most analysts, who believe the RWE talks go much further than is publicly somitted and Union-Electrica Fenosa could be hlazing a trail others will follow.

For the moment the most however, who is buying into the second-ranked utility Hid-rola? It has a market share of nearly 18 per cent and will, together with Iberduero, neces-carily he a abled arise on shield sarily be a chief axis on which future realignments within the sector must revolve. In a matter of days this month some 3 per cent of Hidrola's equity changed hands on the floor of the Madrid Bolsa and it is anyone's guess what has been pur chased in private dealing.

Some brokers point to a large domestic bank, and Banco Espanol de Credito (Banesto) is the one most often mentioned as the Hidrola raider. But after Endesa's plunge into Sevillana and the furore over Union-Fenosa's West German's links, the assault on Hidrola widely spread equity could be another rapidly established milestone in a utility sector that has saddenly woken up.

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Group equity capital increased in the first half from DKr6.17bn to DKr7.25bn. Group operating profits for the year are expected to be increasing attention on how the sector is now benefiting from two far-reaching and health-restoring recent devel-DARGEN goodwill write off con-nected to the acquisition in weather conditions affect April of a 9 per cent holding in earnings in the insurance Hambro's Bank. There was group. Jacobs Suchard announced opments. One was a complex asset swap operation in 1985, spon-sored by the government to

# bourse and closed 38 francs up **Insurance offshoot helps** Baltica rise to DKr354m

also a negative capital adjust

on June 30 was DKr560m.

hagen market

ment of DKr107m for the value

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen

BALTICA HOLDING, the parent company to the Baltica insurance, financial and related group of companies, increased first half operating profits from DKr30im (\$9.7m) to DKr30im (\$9.7m) to DKr354m.

This reflected a strong performanca hy the insurance group, with operating profits up from DKr280m to DKr409m. But after a capital loss of But after a capital loss of DKr32m, group net profits for the first half were down from DKr57Im to DKr32m. The capital loss included a

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#### FINANCE INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND

# Skoda 'needs to double output'

#### By Nick Garnett

SKODA, the Czechoslovakian car maker, needed to double its production capacity to survive and could only do this through greater co-operation with West-ern vehicle and component producers, according to the head of the country's vehicle aport agency.

Mr Andrej Barcak, general manager for Motokov, also said makers, Tatra and Liaz should makers, Tatra and Liaz should merge and a major effort was needed to reverse the country's declining production of motortion. Mr Barcak's views on Skoda run counter to recent state-ments from Government offi-cials. One was quoted early this year saying plans to raise output to 400,000 a year, which has heen under discussion, ware out of the question. cycles.

In an interview in Czechoslovakia. Mr Barcak said Skoda could remain a car producer were out of the question. "We have tried to get a decl-sion from the Government dur-ing the past two years," Mr but not at its present size. It needed to raise yearly capacity to et least 350,000 units - and perhaps 500,000. Skoda is expected to produce 183,000 Barcak said. Production of the Favorit cars this year, the same as in has been dogged by component snpply problems, particularly for carhurettors and shock

"To get to this higher level foreign investmeot will be nec-essary," he said. "That means

Skoda made 25,000 Favorits either licensing of an engine and components or joint devel-Skoda made 25,000 Favorits last year against a target of 40,000. Mr Barcak said compo-nent problems had eased and production of the Favorit this year was expected to be between 80,000 and 85,000 against a planned target of 100,000 opment and technical help." Such co-operation would be of much larger scale than that which has gone into Skoda's new front engined 1300cc

new front engineer houses saloon, the Favorit. This was styled by Bertone of Italy and has benefited from foreign technical help with the front axle and on noise reduc-100.000. The company would be in a position to halt the manufac-ture next year of rear-engined Skodas but these lower priced models appealed to a different ture of house so there was a type of hnyer so there was a marketing requirement to con-tinue making them, Mr Barcak added

In Czechoslovakia's commercial vehicle industry, Taira produces 15,000 trucks a year and Liaz, once part of Skoda makes 18,000. Thesa two groups should merge, Mr Barcak said though any new grouping would not include

Avia makes 18,000 small trucks e year in a co-operation agreement with RVI of France.

The trucks are based on those of the former Saviem company in France which is now part of BVL

The Czechoslovakia motor-The Czechoslovakia motori-cycle industry has been in steady decline for many years and its products are technolog-ically backward. "Production is 170,000 a year and falling." Mr

Barcak said. Both the CZ and the Jewa. had suffered by concentrating 90 per cent of their sales in the Soviet Union which accepted innovation very reluctantly. One of the CZ factories now makes car gearboxes and machine tools.

machine tools. "The whole motorcycle industry will have to be looked at," Mr Barcak said. "Current designs have no place on the western market." Total yearly sales for the Czechoslovakian vehicle and components industry, includ-ing tyre maker Barum, is Krs34bn (\$2.5bn when con-verted through Soviet roubles).

# Ciba-Geigy may invest \$646m in Connaught

#### By Peter Marsh in Geneva

CIBA-GEIGY, the Swiss chemicals and drugs group, plans to concentrate its worldwide vaccines development whee vacches development and marketing operations in Canada if it succeeds with its C\$764m (\$646m) bid for Con-naught BioSciences, the Toronto based vaccines maker. As part of this process. Ciba.

As part of this process, Ciba-Geigy would channel consider-able resources into Connaught, sald Mr Alex Krauer, chairman of the Swiss chemicals and

of the Swiss chemicals and drings group. Mr Krauer, whose company is the world's fifth largest pharmaceuticals business, said he could not speculate on how much money would be spent on building up the Canadian vaccine operations. "But it would mean more resources for Connaught than the company is getting at the moment. The deal would be in Connaught's best interests," said Mr Krauer.

Connaught's best increase, said Mr Krauer. Mr Krauer made his remarks as the takeover battle for Con-naught hots up. The Canadian company is subject to a rival merger proposal from institut Méricuz, a French vaccines producer which is controlled by Rhône-Poulenc, France's biogest chemicals company. biggest chemicals company.

# Connaught shareholders vote next Thursday on whether to accept the Institut Mérieux proposal – which would be effected by a share swap rather than by the Cha-Geigy offer. Mr Krauer said that under his company's plans for Con-naught, development of Ciba Geigy vaccines now in the research phase would be trans-farred to Canada. These vaccines, which are

34) 9

ferred to Canada. These vaccines, which are based on new ideas in genetic engineering, are being devised in a joint venture set up by Ciba-Geigy and Chiron, a Cali-fornian bistechnology com-

formian bistechnology com-pany. The Ciba-Geigy bid for Con-naught is being made jointly with Chiron, although Ciba-Geigy would put up most of the cash for the acquisition should it go ahead. Mr Krauer said he had spe-cial hopes for three vaccines being developed by the joint venture with Chiron which would be against malaria, her-pes and a form of hepatitis known as hepatitis C. The ear-liest these products would be or sale would be 1992 or 1993 and the biggest markets for them would probably be in North America.

# **Chargeurs doubles profit**

while operating profit climbed to FFr422m from FFr302m.

Chargeurs pointed out that its first-half accounts were strongly influenced by one-time factors. Among these, it noted a non-recurring gain of FFr692m from the previously reported sale of its Spontex

reported sale of its Spontex cleaning products unit. Partly offsetting this gain, the company had restructuring charges of FFr128n for some of its textile operations and FFr58m of start-up costs for its 10 per cent stake in the com-munications venture British Satellite Broadcasting.

### **Rieter expects good results** By John Wicks in Zurich

RIETER Holding, the Winterthur based perant com-pany of the Swiss industrial concern Rieter, expects "good final results" again for the cur-

for 1988. Earnings this year have been at last year's levels in staple-fibre machinery and the Uni-keller division but results were "well below budgeted levels" in 26.6 per cent to e new high of chemical-fibre machinery.

Your success comes from taking risks. Ours comes from spreading them for you.

LINDE, the West German industrial group which pur-chased the privately-owned Lansing forklift truck maker last year, announced yesterday a big redevelopment of the British company's Basingstoke site which could cost up to £40m (\$25.3m). The development will include a new assembly and machining plant on Lansing-Linde's 40 acre site in Hamp-

shire.

tainly be above £20m, he said and this did not include £5m to be spent on improving produc-Mr Henrich Heitmann, a member of the Linde parent board, said that the changes would not fundamentally alter the size of the Basingstoke tion technology before the new

absorbers.

factory was built. High capital costs of equip-ment needed to stay in the

workforce but the company did want to improve efficiency. competitive lift truck industry are believed to be one reason want to improve efficiency. Mr Heitmann, o former why Sir Emmanuel Kaye, the founder of Lansing sold out to senior manager at car maker BMW, declined to confirm the 540m figure and said that investment had not been approved yet by the board of Linde whose products include kancar of Bulgaria. industrial gases as well as lift

will use production technology similar to that used by Linda at its plant in Aschaffenburg, Germany and at the Fenwick forklift truck company in France which Linde also owns. All engineering and productrucks. The investment would cer-

Linde. The German company is one of the world's two largest forklift makers, alongside Bal-The new Basingstoke plant will use production technology

tion of standard so-called counterbalance forklifts is to be moved to Germany while Bas-

ingstoke becomes the Linde group's centre for producing warehouse-type trucks like narrow aisle vehicles. Linde did not produce such vehicles

did not produce such vehicles in Europe before the purchase. Of the total yearly produc-tion last year of 4,000 trucks at Lansing-Linde, about 900 were counterbalance trucks. The Lansing name will disappear from virtually all trucks sold outside the UK. There will be a small exchange of models between Germany and the plant in Wales which will be Linde'e centre for trucks above 5 centre for trucks above 5

CHARGEURS, the French airline and textile holding com-pany, more than doubled con-solidated net profit in the first half of 1989, but warned that its second-half operating profit will come under pressure because of a strike at its athline unit in Iniz, and August AP-DJ reports. The company said unaudited figures showed its consolidated

net profit for the first half at FFr921m (\$139.7m), up from FFr921m a year earlier. Consol-idated revenue rose 75 per cent over the same period to FFr10.470bn from FFr5.980n,

SFr1.69bn, but this was due partly to the takeover of the German chemical company

Net profits for the January-July period are said to have been "better than expected,"

rent year. In 1988, net profits had jumped by almost 75 per cent to a record level of SFr73.8m (\$43.9m), ...

The company reports a further 7 per cent rise in turnover for the first seven months to an SFr1.05bn in spite of lower sales of machines for the processing of chemical fibres. In 1968 sales had risen by

Gundernhausen.

although apparently there will be no sharp increase for the year as o whole similar to that

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ć,

**Notice of Redemption** 

#### **Rockwell International** Corporation US\$ 300 000 000.-10%% Notes due 1992

Notice is hereby given that pursuent to the provi-sions of the ebove-described Notes («the Notes») Rockwell International Corporation has elected to redeem all of the outstanding Notes on October 25, 1989 at the redemption price of 100%% of the principal amount thereof, together with interest accrued to October 25, 1989.

On October 25, 1989, the Notes shall become due and payable. Notes should be presented for payment together with all unmatured Coupons, failing which the amount of the missing unmatured Coupons will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Payments will be made in Unit-ed States dollars at any of the offices listed beiow.

Coupons due on or before October 25, 1989 should be detached and collected in the usual manner. On and after October 25, 1989, the date fixed for redemption, interest on the Notes will cease to accrue.

Zurich, September 22, 1989

Union Bank of Switzerland, Zurich as Principal Paying Agent

Fiscal and Principal Paying Agent

Union Bank of Switzerland Bahnhofstrasse 45 CH-8021 Zurich

Paying Agents

Union Bank of Switzerland (Luxembourg) SA 36-38, Grand-Rue 2011 Luxembourg

Union Bank of Switzerland 117 Old Broad Street London EC2N 1AJ

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Avenue des Arts 35 1040 Brussels

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Mainzer Landstrasse 48 6000 Frankfurt am Main

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AT EMARKA

FINANCIAL TIMES FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 22 1989

# INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

# Dairy Farm Elders IXL increases earnings by 37% rises 26%

By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

to \$49m in first half By Michael Marray in Hong Kong

DAIRY FARM International the food retailing and manufacturing company within the Jardine Matheson Group, has reported a 26 per cent increase in profits, after tax and minorities, to HK\$383m (US\$49m) for the six months to June, buoyed by good performances from operations in Hong Kong, Australia and the UK. Turnover for the six-month

http://www.comment.com/ period rose by 20 per cent to HK\$9.2bn. An interim divi-dend of 9 cents per share has been declared, against 7 cents at the halfway stage in 1988. In Hong Kong, Dairy Farm operates supermarkets drags.

operates supermarkets, drugs-tores and delicatessens, as well as the 7-Eleven stores, which it acquired from Jardine Pacific earlier this year. During the first half it opened 21 retail outlets, as well as 15

retail outlets, as well as 15 new Maxim's restamants. The company also continued its expansion into Taiwan, where it now has 14 supermar-kets; and two drug stores, while it recently signed a new joint venture agreement to develop a chain of supermar-kets in Thalland. Kwik Save, the UK saper-market chain which is 25 per-cent owned by Dairy Farm.

cent owned by Dairy Farm, and in which a standstill agreement on further, share, purchases by Dairy Farm recently expired, also made a significant contribution, with its own 33.7 per cent increase in profits. The original acquisition, in 1987, was financed partly by a US\$200m issue of convertible cumulative preference shares listed on the Luxembourg stock exchange. Preference dividends totalled HK\$51m during the

first half, bringing Dairy Farm's attributable profits down to HK\$332m compared to HK\$252m last time.

ELDERS IXL, the Breweries in Canada and Scot-Melbournebased international tish & Newcastle in the UK. The sales revenue figure of brewing, agribusiness and A\$17.6bn represented a 15 per cent increase, and compared with annual revenues of finance group, announced a one-for-six scrip issue yesterday, after reporting a 37 per cent jump in annual earnings A\$14bn reported by its nearest rival, the Coles Myer retailing group, and A\$11.1bn by Broken and revenues of A\$17.8bn (\$13.5bn), the highest ever for an Australian company. Hill Proprietary (BHP), Austra-Figures for the year to Jime showed a record operating profit of A\$615m after tax but before abnormal items, com-

ha's largest company. A breakdown of earnings fig-ures showed that improved performances from brewing. pared with the previous year's A\$448.6m. Both figures include the equity-accounted earnings resources, finance and investments offset a major setback in agribusiness. The biggest contribution

of the 42 per cent-owned Elders Resources NZFP group. Including abnormal items, came from brewing, with low-er-than-expected profits of the reported figure was A\$653.3m, down 5 per cent from A\$685m. The items cover foreign exchange gains, com-modity futures losses, provi-sions for doubtful debts, equity investment profits and Elders A\$530m before interest and tax. This compared with the previ-ous year's A\$657m, which has since been adjusted to A\$429m to allow for head lease rental costs arising from the PubCo joint venture in the UK. transactions involving Molson The group said Courage pro-

duced its best-ever sales and market share figures. But in pointed remarks directed at the UK authorities, the group called the blocking of its take-over of Scottish & Newcastie "surprising" and spoke of "confusion" in the UK brewing industry because of the "unfortunate findings" of the Government's brewing report and subsequent decisions.

For the agribusiness operations, the group described earnings before interest and tax of A\$66.2m as "particularly disappointing" compared with A\$157m the previous year. The larger-than-expected decline arose from a "series of unfavourable economic and climatic factors" along with heavy futures trading losses in the US grain business. Elders Investments contrib-

uted A\$101m in earnings before interest and tax, against a loss last year of A\$17m, and A\$96m

came from the sale of various equity investments including Metal Box group. Another A\$90m came in pre-tax earnings from Elders Finance. which made more than A\$140m in provisions, and A\$78m in pre-tax earnings from Elders Resources.

Reported interest expense amounted to A\$201m, down from last year's level of A\$315m, which has also been adjusted downwards in light of the sale of Elders' BHP shareholding and its redemption of A\$860m of preference canital. The group announced an unfranked final dividend of 11 Australian cents to make a total of 20.5 cents for the year, up from 17.4 cents. The one-for-six scrip issue does not qualify for the final dividend. Riders is currently subject to a A\$3.00 per share takeover bid

# by Harlin, a company associ-ated with Mr John Elliott, the

### BFr2.5bn first half profit figure for ACEC-UM

ACEC-Union Minière, the newly merged engineering and non-ferrous metals arm of Société Générale de Belgique, has reported net profit for the first half of 1989 of BFr2.5bn, **Reuter reports from Brussels.** The combined profit of the merged companies has been calculated retroactively, since they did not formally merge until the end of July. No theo-

no spokesman was immediately available. retical comparison for first half A BFr1.7bn rights issue hy the firm at BFr250 per share 1988 was given. Union Minière alone boosted consolidated net profit to BFr7bn in the first half from began yesterday and is due to run until October 5.

chairman, and senior Elders executives. Earlier this week Harlin confirmed it had picked up some 285m of the 318m Elders shares which had been offered to Elders shareholders by Petitio, a joint venture between the AFP group and Goodman Fielder Wattie.

Harlin had underwritten the offering, which was made on a one-for-five basis at A\$3.00 per share. Harlin is meanwhile standing in the market to buy shares at A\$3.00 under an arrangement designed to give Elders shareholders the choice of selling as well as buying Elders shares at A\$3.00.

This offer to buy is due to expire next week, but already it is clear that Harlin will emerge with more than 50 per cent control of Eiders. Unsur prisingly, yesterday's results had no impact on the Elders share price, which remained steady at A\$3.00.

BFr2.8bn in the whole of 1988.

largely because of exceptional income from the sale of share-

Engineering group ACEC, whose chronic financial diffi-culties were the major reason

for the merger with Union Min-ière, turned in a slight first

half profit, the statement said.

It gave no further details and

holdings, ACEC-UM said.



25

**Subordinated Variable Rate Notes** with a maturity of 12 years

Notice is hereby given that for the three months interest period from September 21, 1989 to December 21, 1989 (91 days) the Senior Notes and Subordinated Notes will carry interest rates of 14.0375% and 14.1875% respectively. The interest payable on December 21, 1989 for the Senior Notes will be £349.98 and for the Subordinated Notes £353.72.

By: The Chase Menhattan Bank, N.A. London, Principal Paying Agent September 22, 1989

#### **SMART FIVE LIMITED**

(Incorporated with limited liability in the Coyman Islands)

¥6,500,000,000 57/16 per cent. Secured Notes Due 1992 (the "Fixed Rate Notes")

¥2,500,000,000 Step-up Coupon Secured Notes Due 1992 (the "Step-up Notes")

¥1,000,000,000 Floating Rate Secured Notes Due 1992 (the "Floating Rate Notes")

Secured by a Charge on a Portfolio of Fixed Rate Bonds with an aggregate principal amount of U.S. 388,059,000

In accordance with the Description of the Floating Rate Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period 22nd September, 1989 to 22nd March, 1990 has been fixed at 6 per cent, per annum and that the Coupon amount payable on 22nd March, 1990 will be ¥3,016,667 per note of ¥100,000,000.



The Sumitomo Bank, Limited (Agent Bank)

# Pacific Dunlop means growth

Wherever you look, Pacific Dunlop means growth. It is reflected in our earnings and the strength of our growth rates. Our latest results reinforce this.

### Perlis raises turnover by 23% By Lim Slong Hoon in Kuala Lumpur is offering an interim post tax dividend of 8 per cent. Profit

levels are expected to be unchanged for the remaining July to December period.

PERLIS PLANTATIONS, the diversified Malaysian gronp which is making a one-for-three bonus issue, has reported a mid-year 46m ringgit (\$17m) bottom-line profit gain follow-ing a 23 per cent rise in turn-over to 959m ringgit. Profit before tax was lower, however, at 67m ringgit

The bonus issue, announced earlier this year, would lower the group's net tangible asset backing per share from 3.45 ringgit to 2.59 ringgit, while against 55m ringgit for the pre-vious nine months to June last net earnings at 24 sen per share would fall to 21 sen. • Shareholders of UMW year. Perlis Plantations said improvements from its various

Holdings, the Malaysian auto-motive group, have refused the board's debt-to-equity convercompanies and better yields from sugar cane contributed to sion plan that promises to the higher revenues. Sugar, the group's core business, provides repay 45m ringgit of an out-standing 105m ringgit debt. more than three quarters of the profits; its other businesses . UMW had proposed a 53m ringgit debt and equity restructuring scheme a month are in palm oil, rubber, prop-

ago in order to settle part of the loan and, at the same time, expand its share capital by 40 erty, and hotels. After-tax profit was 42m ringgit. On the basis of its enlarged 245m ringgit capital, because of the 61m ringgit capper cent to 162m ringgit. The element in the scheme that was rejected called for a italised bonus issue, the group

The Alliance Textiles wool-

9m ringgit debt settlement in sm ringgi debt settlement in cash, 3m ringgit to be written off, while the 35m ringgit bal-ance converted to equity at 1.10 ringgit a share - far below the 3.20 ringgit a share value now traded.

UMW had hoped to carry out the debt and equity conversion by October 1, so its rejection means it must now ready 1m ringgit to settle immediately outstanding interest charges, Other elements of the restruct-uring scheme have been approved. They cover new share issues and share swaps to regain majority control of UMW Toyota Motor, the Toyota car assembler and dis-tributor; and Seablanc Kredit, a hire-purchase and finance

company. UMW said the group was still likely to fulfil its 52m ringgit pre-tax profit, previously predicted, in spite of the rejec-tion to its debt restructuring.

# **Renoul restructuring aids path towards profitability**

#### By Terry Hall in Wellington

TROUBLED industrial and finance group Renouf Corporation has cut its net losses to NZ\$29.43m (\$17.34m) for the year to June 30, compared with a loss of NZ\$401.23m for the previous year. Directors say they believe

they can return to profit this year. This would be due to the restructuring aunounced last month of NZ\$1495. worth, of

has now written off NZ\$56m debt with nine European banks, as well as hopes for an from the value of its commerimproved trading performance from its Alliance Textiles subcial property portfolio over the past two years. sidiary, Renout Properties and its international investments. The debt restructuring cut NZ\$20m in annual interest pay-

len group incurred beavy losses due to low domestic demand because of the poor state of the New Zealand econ-ony and the liberalisation of ments. Renoul Properties wrote down the value of its proper-ties by NZ\$31m in the year. It imports. Mr Andrew Strange, the managing director, said

that future prospects looked good for the Kirkcaldies and Staines retailing group, which was showing a significant rise in turnover and profitable trad-

He said the company's debt reconstruction would cnt NZ\$20m a year in interest pay-ments, strengthen the balance sheet and reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

	GIM Interim Report Highlights 1989
Profit	<b>+32%</b>
Earnings per o	ndinary share +25%
Dividend per o	
Operations	
ASIA	
Hong Kong	All operations performing well with 21 new outlets opened
	Maxim's shows good profit growth with 15 new outlets opened
Taiwan	14 supermarkets and two Mannings now open
Thailand	New supermarket joint venture established
AUSTRALIA	Market share increasing. South Australian market entered

SIMON KESWICK, Chairman

Hong Kong, 21st September 1989

	Six most	udited) the ended June 1988 HK\$m	Year ended 31st December 1988 HK\$m
Sales	9,201	7,644	17,582
Profit after texation and minority interests Preference dividends	<b>383</b> (51)	305 (53)	773 (105)
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	332	252	668
Earnings per ordinary share	24.3¢	1 <del>9</del> .4¢	51.5¢
Dividends per ordinary share	9.0¢	7.0¢	25.0¢

Incorporated in Bermude with Emited Eablity

33rd Floor, Windson House, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong Telephone: 5-8376483, Telex: 73642 DFARM HX, Facsimile: 5-774573

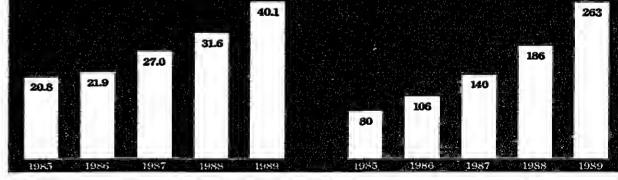
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For the year ended 30 June 1989, here is what we achieved.

Earnings per share**	40.1 cents +27%
Profit*	AS263M
Sales	A\$4500M +25%
Dividend for year**	17.0 cents +29%

\*After tax attributable to shareholders. \*\*Adjusted for 1:10 bonus share issue on 31 March 1989

Compound annual growth since 1984 is 18.2% in earnings per share, 32.9% in profit and 24.5% in sales.



Earnings per Share - Cents

Profit - A\$ Millions

Pacific Dunlop's businesses and brands are market leaders -Ansell (now including Edmont), GNB Batteries, Telectronics, Olex Cables, Repco, Pacific Brands, and South Pacific Tyres.

Our positioning and presence in the high growth Asia/Pacific region places Pacific Dunlop where it counts.

Wherever you look, Pacific Dunlop's businesses are positioned to continue their growth in the 1990s.

> Further information about Pacific Dunlop may be obtained from: 500 Bourke Street Melbourne Australia 3000 Telephone; 61-3-602 4244 Facsimile: 61-3-602 5625

PACIFIC·JUNLOP People, ideas, technology.

#### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS September, 1989 NEW ISSUE This announcement appears as a matter of record only. Hungarians throw open investment frontiers NISSAN DIESEL MOTOR CO., LTD. I a cautious, but highly-or-ganised drive to attract outside investment to Hun-gary, a group of western finan-ciers and the National Bank of spending and a big cut in state subsidies. Finally, there is the uncer-tain political dimension. Early next year, Hungarians go to the polls in the first free elecvears. vears. • The NBH has committed itself to provide limited protec-tion against exchange rate tion against extinating that depreciation of the forint against the US dollar on all interest and dividend income. • The fund will not be liable Hungary have set up the First tions since 1947. Hungary Fund. The fund, which will raise U.S.\$200,000,000 However, the Hungarian authorities have agreed to build a number of safety valves \$50m through a private placement, will take direct equity or to Hungarian taxation. If, in 35/8 per cent. Guaranteed Bonds 1993 future, it became liable, the NBH would indemnify the fund for any Hungarian taxes paid or withheld. equity-related investments in Hungarian companies. It will focus primarily ou start-np into the fund. These include: • Agreement by the NBH to provide a basic put option after December 31, 1994 - that is with companies, joint-ventures and some of the more successful components of the state-run Warrants to subscribe for shares of common stock of sector Judy Dempsey "The key emphasis will be on those companies which are Nissan Diesel Motor Co., Ltd. reports on a exporting to hard currency countries," said Mr Janos Bar-tha, the deputy director of the National Bank of Hungary The Bonds will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by concerted drive The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited to bolster the (NBH). The fund has been formed by Mr George Soros, the New York financier, who, in recent years, has played a key role in Hungarian **ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.** corporate It has also supplicited that the fund will not be able to invest in industries considered sensitive to Hungary's security interests: the defence industry, for example. Nor will it allow the fund to invest in under-de-veloped land for speculative reasons. providing research and train-ing grants for Hungarians, Mr Andrew Sarlos, a Canadian investor, Bear Stearns, the US sector with western capital Daiwa Europe Limited investment bank, and the after the first five years of an NBH Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited **IBJ** International Limited The investment advisor to investment. The fund will also have to the fund - First Hungarian Investment Advisory - is 50 per cent owned by NBH. International Finance Corpo-This provides an investor with a one-time opportunity to sell all, or part of its shares to obtain government approval for any investment where for-Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited **Fuji International Finance Limited** eign ownership would exceed the NBH at a price equal to the initial buy-in price (less any distributed capital gains), and 50 per cent. For its part, the fund does not intend to invest more than ration (the private sector affili-ate of the World Bank which Saitama Finance International Limited New Japan Securities Europe Limited has already committed \$7.5m to the fund) will have a 20 per cent stake and the balanca in dollars. • The investor has the option **Swiss Bank Corporation** Yasuda Trust Europe Limited to sell all its shares to the NBH at a price equal to the initial buy-in price (less any distrib-nted capital gains), in the event of any changes in laws, regulations and government policies which could adversely will be owned equally by Mr Sarlos, Mr Soros and Bear 25 per cent of its assets in any particular industry. Diversity is the main point here. **Banque Indosuez Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.** Stearns. Inevitably, there are ques-**BNP** Capital Markets Limited tions, not the least of which is just how risky is an equity Baring Brothers & Co., Limited investment in Hungary? affect the fund's aims. This **Goldman Sachs International Limited Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** Inflation is running at 20 per cent, foreign debt at \$17.5bn is one of the highest per capita within the Eastern bloc, and option can be exercised at any time within the first five years, **Kyowa Finance International Limited** but only if 10 per cent or more Kleinwort Benson Limited of the fund's shares exercise the forint, the Hungarian curthis option. Mito Europe Limited Merrill Lynch International Limited • There is also a deferred put rency, is not convertible. No one doubts that Hungaoption. This starts in the sixth year of the fund and provides the option to sell all, or part, of an investment to the NBH at Okasan International (Europe) Limited ry's fight for economic survival **Morgan Stanley International** over ensuing years will entail draconian curbs on consumer Shearson Lehman Hutton International J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited **Taiyo Kobe International Limited** Sumitomo Finance International Wako International (Europe) Limited Universal (U.K.) Limited Closing prices on September 21. Change to Change to 20 1003, 101,401, 0 30 1003, 101,401, 0 30 0003, 1001,402, 0 30 973, 977, 0 30 984,401, 0 30 984,401, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,991, 0 50 982,993, 0 50 983, 994, 000, 0 54,401, 0 55,031, 00, 5,401, 0 56,401, 0 57,973, 774, 00, 0 54,401, 0 54,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0 54,581, 00, 5,401, 0< Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an au US DOLLAR S.G. 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### Taiwan to crack down on share manipulation

the net asset value per share between the sixth and tenth By Alison Maltland in Taipei

> TAIWAN'S stock market watchdog has decided on immediate measures to reduce rampant manipulation of share prices by groups of The local Securities and

Exchange Commission (SEC) is asking the Stock Exchange to stop providing computerised information about the number of investors quesing up to buy or sell a stock when it has moved up or down by the max-

chairman of the SEC, sain this information was "misleading" since it was open to manipula-tion by investors wanting to give the impression of a heavy build-up of demand. Instead, he said, the SEC

instead, he said, the SEC was asking the exchange to publish price earnings ratios for each stock, as well as the average dividend payment made by the company over the past three years, to try to immune the custive of investmprove the quality of invest-ment decisions.

iso intends to increase the daily share price fluctuation limit to 7 per cent.

15 per cent of its assets in any stock market, where share prices have more than doubled this year and the value of single company. Nor will it invest more than

this year and the value of inmover on some days has been ahead of the volume in New York. Other potentially far more stringent measures are taking longer to see the light of day, however. Debate is continuing

gains tax introduced with irastic consequences for prices ast autumn. Some observers believe the sales tax will be watered down from 2 per cent riginally mooted to less than 1 per cent because of invesors' opposition.

Charterhouse

buy-out fund

to launch

By Nikki Tait CHARTERHOUSE, the UK merchant bank, is launching a £100m fund, which will invest in "corporate restructurings, recapitalisations and management buy-outs and buy-ins in Continental Europe.

The fund, Charterhouse

European Partners, is being

This announcement appears as o matter of record only.

September, 1989

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NEW ISSUE

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Bank of Tokyo Capital Markets Group

New Japan Securities Europe Limited

Ssangyong Investment and Securities Co., Ltd.

Crédit Lyonnais

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation

at Banking

**Towa International Limited** 

Yamatane Securities (Europe) Ltd.

Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft

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FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

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Hungarian bankers say that the initial response from the West has been encouraging.

about \$43m. Longer term, the fund may consider listing its shares on the fielding Hungarian Stock Exchange. But the immediate

The fund has already raised

or withheid. • No restrictions on the repa-triation of the fund'e dividend income, capital gains or assets. In return for this safety net, the Hungarian anthorities, mindful of their own political and ideological commitments

mindful of their own pointage and ideological commitments, have in turn set out a number of preconditions of their own. For example, the NBH can veto any investment. It has also stipulated that the first man will not be able to

immn 5 per cent daily limit. Mr Danng-Yen Ln, vice chairman of the SEC, said this

Early in October, the SEC

The moves are part of an uphill struggle by the short-staffed SEC to regulate Taiwan's easily manipulated

over a proposal for a share transaction tax, which would replace a controversial capital



# **BANDAI CO., LTD.**

#### U.S.\$100,000,000

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**ISSUE PRICE 100 PER CENT.** 

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icial Times Ltd., 1989 action in whole or in part in any form not perm autoiled by DATASTREAM international. formed in conjunction with five Continental organisations - four of which already have formal links with Charterhouse. These include Matuschka Group, an independent West

German financial services group in which Charterhouse holds a stake of around three per cent; Basinvest, the "merchant bank" set up in late-1987 by Banco di Sicilia, and in which Charterhouse is a shareholder; the Banco Santander Group of Spain, with which Charterhouse recently formed an alliance; and the Swedish Alven Forvaltnings investment company, which Charter-house set up, together with two Swedish industrialists, in

1986. The fifth partner is Credit National Group in France, which undertakes a mixture of commercial banking, equity investment and corporate advisory work.

advisory work. These organisations, the founder limited partners, plus Charterhouse are putting np about 35 per cent of CEP's funds. The balance is coming from a couple of Japanese organisations, three US inves-tors, and a number of other UK and European institutions. The aim is to make around 12 to 15 significant invest-ments, but Charterhonse stresses that the fund will not be concentrating principally on MBOs.

### Credit rating first for ABC

By Andrew Freeman

ARAB Banking Corporation (ABC) has become the first Middle Eastern bank to receive an international credit rating, following an announcement yesterday hy Standard & Poor's (S&P), the US rating

sgency, S&P has assigned an A- ratour may assigned an A- fac-ing to ABC's long-term certifi-cates of deposit (CDs) and senior long-term Eurobonds, while the bank's short-term CDs are rated A-2. S&P said the rating was

based on the bank's position as one of the leading financial institutions in the Middle East, its ownership by the gov-eruments of Abu Dhahi, Kuwait and Libya, its strong management system and the good quality of its commercial loan portfolio. The main offsetting factor was ABC's large portfolio of rescheduled loans to developing countries.

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### **INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS**

# Eurobonds boosted by flurry of new issues

By Andrew Freeman

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MARKETS

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manipulat 2 1 2 States A LATE FLURRY of new issue activity thrust the Eurobond market forward yesterday, while behind the scenes the market practices committee of the International Primary Markets Association was meeting to discuss recent developments of syndication procedures in

#### INTERNATIONAL BONDS

the dollar sector. Paribas Capital Markets was the lead manager of a \$175m reopening of an earlier fiveyear deal for Oesterreichische Kontrollbank (OKB) brought by JP Morgan, taking the issue size to \$300m. Yesterday's bonds were reoffared at a spread of 45 basis points over tha equivalent Treasury, in

that equivalent Treasury, in line with the existing paper. There was general comment that the terms were tight, an opinion partly conceded by Paribas which pointed out that the deal was a reopening. Most comment, however,

concerned tha underwriting fee, which was fixed at % point. Until now, US-style fixed ÷ ..... price reofferings have allowed -

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES								
Sorrower IS DOLLARS	Amount m.	Coupon %	Price	Maturity	Fees	Sook runner		
Dest. Kontrolibank(e)	175	.9%	101.80	<b>1994</b> .	4	Paribas Capital Market		
NEW ZEALAND DOLLARS	75	133	101.95	1992	15/1	Fay Richwhite		
CANADIAN DOLLARS Benerat Elec.Cap(Canada)(a)♦ Creditánistalt-Bankvarain(c)♦	200 50	103g 103g	1015g 1015g	1904	13/14 13/14	Bankers Trust Int Creditanstall-Bankvere		
Swedish Export Credit(a)	300	114	101.2	1992	152/78	Svenska International		
D-MARICE European Patent Org.(a)	150	74	1013	1999	13/14	Drosdner Bank		
IEN ISLK-CGER IFICO(d)	300	5.925	1011	1991	1 <sup>1</sup> 8/58	Nippon Credit Int.		

. e) Fungible with existing \$175m lass

% point fees for syndicate basis. Although the lead man-ager would not elaborate, it is Three leading houses are inderstood to have declined thought the proceeds were, swapped into fixed rate yen. the OKB deal because they were unwilling to contradict Bankers Trust brought a their representations to poten-tial clients that reofferings.

(GECC), guaranteed hy the par-ent company. As the underly-ing government market fell away, the GECC bonds were trading on fees at less 1% bid, would have fixed fees of % Paribas said it had discussed the question of the fee with both the horrower and its rivals, and had decided on % a spread against Canadian Treasuries of around 52 basis point on the joint grounds that it was not a completely new points, inside the launch spread of around 57 basis deal and that fees should be negotiable on a deal-hy-deal

the paper was tight, and it is understood that some houses declined their invitations. However, they said the combi-nation of tha name and the C\$200m five-year deal for Gen-eral Electric Capital (Canada) guarantee should ensure the deal'a ultimate auccess, and that there would be good insti-tutional demand in Europe and Canada at lower levels. Proceeds were swapped into float-ing-rate Canadian dollars. In Germany, the first Euro-bond issue for the European Patant Organisation, a Munich-based agency currently

points. At that level, traders said hrought by Dresdner Bank.

The DM150m 10-year deal offered a 7% coupon and was priced at 101%.

Dresdner was quoting the paper outside fees at less 1.95 bid, amid comment from other leading German banks, mos: of which declined their invitations, that the terms were extremely tight. The decision to classify the borrower as a supranational aroused mixed views, with some bankers querying the status for such a new rganisation in the market. Top supranational oorrowers like the World Bank pay no listing fees, while others pay reduced listing fees. Elsewhere, Creditanstalt-Bankverein launched a C\$100m

five-year deal for itself, of which C\$50m remains on tap. The bonds, issued at 57 basis points over Canadian Trea-suries, were trading on fees at

Fay Richwhite increased to NZ\$75m Wednesday's NZ\$50m deal for Telecom Chrporation of New Zealand, amid specula

on Tokyo with Euroyen short future

By Katharine Campbeli

THE SINGAPORE International Monetary Exchange plans to launch a short-term Euroven future, effectively challenging an almost identical contract cstablished in Tokyo earlier this year.

Simex takes

Terms of the three-month future, to be introduced on October 27 as Simex moves into new premises, differ from the contract on the Tokyo International Financial Futures Exchange only in sn far as settlement terms are priced off the Singapore interank offered rate (one hour earlier to coincide with

The Tiffe product is the new exchange's one successful conened when the Federation demanded a report on the subtract, averaging a healthy 35,000 lots a day. But some potential customers of Simex have complained about the inadequacies of the trading custom in Toburo - described ject, to be presented at the annual conference of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (losco), be system in Tokyo - described as "primitive" hy one Japanese banker in London. While the order matching returned to the drawing board.

However, the report was published as planned yester. day. It was presented to the conference by Mr Jeffrey Knight, chief executive of Lon-don's International Stock system is itself performed electronically, members at present have to feed orders over the telephone to exchange officials - a cumbersome arrangement Exchange and chairman of the working party which produced the report. The publication fol-lowed intense last-minute that will apparently take Tiffe

some time to alter. Simex's president Mr Ang Swee Tian said that a number negotiations between the Ger-man and Britisb camos. As part of a deal to gain German support, Mr Knight agreed to make the German views clear of Japanese institutions ontside Tokyo had approached the exchange with the idea of listing another Euroyen future. to the conference. He also "They are quite happy with the liquidity our trading sys-tem provides" he noted. altered the wording of a resolution to be put to the conference

on the report, apparently leav-ing room for the preferred Ger-man method of assessing capi-The ten most active traders in the new product during its first three months will share tal adequacy to be added at a between them the proceeds of later stage. the exchange's clearing fees. Since Tiffe was established

next month to find ways of altering the proposals to meet in June, it has been eyed as an important competitor, although the Tokyo exchange the German complaints. Mr Knight privately expressed confidence earlier this week has so far been nnahle to wrest mnch Eurodollar related business from Singapore, that it would be possible to patch up differences which trades an average of between 15,000 and 20,000 Eurodollar futures contracts a The dissension arises from diversity in existing national methods of assessing capital adequacy. The system used in the US and UK, and which was day. Simex is having to run hard to keep ahreast of its Jap-anese competition in the derivrecently adopted in Japan, favours a risk based approach. This involves looking at the stives area, and will also find it hard to turn to its own advantage the development of after-hours electronic trading level of risk arising from a firm's exposure to the market, to default from clients, and so systems around the world.

# Germans back down on capital plans

#### By Richard Waters

Exchanges backed down from

However, it will not become

CONFERENCE

clear until next month whether

the proposals can be altered to

out throwing away all pretence

The initiative was threat.

Further talks will he held

reflect the German views with-

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its outright opposition.

017

to harmonisation

on. Hedging reduces the leval of risk, and hence the capital THE INTERNATIONAL initiative to harmonise the capital backing needed. requirements for securities firms appeared to have been salvaged yesterday when the Federation of German Stock

The German approach arises from the fact that securities husiness is conducted through the country's hanks and so is regulated hy the hanking authorities. These tend to focus on credit risk, end impose a minimum level of capital backing for securities businesses. The German Federation claims, hy adopting the risk based approach, losco is barming the country's universal hanks hy putting them at a disadvantage to non-bank securities firms.

27

The report provides a frame-work for assessing capital adequacy. It was set out in general terms to win support within losco and is intended to be refined in future to narrow the scope for difference.

The capital adequacy test should take into account three different types of risk: • A base requirement to cover

unmeasurable risks. • Position (or market) risk. Any assessment of this would take account of the volatility of share prices and the extent to which a firm hedges its expo-sure. It also depends on the size of each position compared to the total market for the par-ticular security, since a large stake is difficult to liquidate witbout depressing the price. Settlement risk. This takes into account the risk of a counterpart defaulting hefore a deal is settled. It depends in part on the settlement system since there is less risk when there is simultaneous exchange of

money and securities, The document does not spec ify what should count as capi-tal (in particular, whether securities firms should be able to add in subordinated loans).

The UK yesterday failed in its attempt to become an active losco member. The organisa-tion voted to allow the Department of Trade and Industry only non-voting affiliate status. The DTI, which had wanted the more significant associate membership, is understood to bave heen turned down because losco's presidents committee did not want to encourage other governments to apply. The DTI had argued it was a special case, since it directly regulates some aspects of the securities industry.

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# Treasuries recover as Fed funds rate dips steeply

By Karen Zagor in New York and Rachel Johnson in London

per cent.

changed.

FT-ACTUARIES-SHARE INDICES

a water way and share the state of a state of the state of the state of

in late August.

increase by 0.8 per cent.

There was some nervous

noted.

selling ahead of the meeting, though the central bank's deci-

sion not to raise interest rates

point

US TREASURIES yesterday day's losses in quiet mid-ses-revision of second-quarter GNP 1 (2) 1 (2) sion trading.

In the early afternoon, the 1 1020 bellwether 30-year bond was up a point at 991, yielding 8.14 per cent. At the short end of the 11 28.55 yield curve, the two-year issue was unchanged, yielding 8.26. -----per cent.

#### GOVERNMENT BONDS

- - 232 ----Fed funds, the rate at which banks lend to each other, AT 175 7523 traded at 8% per cent through the early afternoon.

Some analysts were surprised that the funds had fallen so far from Wednesday's 9% cent. The dollar fell slightly. At mid-day the US currency was changing hands Y145.35 and DM1.9445 in light trading in New York: . . for the time being came as no

Treasuries received some BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS growth to 2.5 per cent from 2.7 Week Month ago ago Change Yield -3/32 11.14 11.10 -2/32 10.38 10.33 -3/32 9.46 9.42 Wall Street had not expected 13.500 9.750 9.000 9/92 1/98 10/08 UK GILTS 105-28 96-16 96-00 this second revision to the GNP figure, which had been adjusted up from 1.7 per cent 8.000 8.125 US TREASURY 96-31 99-25 +3/32 8.15 +7/32 8,14 6,10 8,10 8/99 8/19 95.6447 +0.001 5.33 5.34 105.0627 +0.096 5.15 5.15 JAPAN No 111 6/98 The debt market is now No 2 5,700 waiting for today's release of 6,750 6/99 99.1500 -0.200 8.87 6.93 6.78 GERMANY personal income and consump 98.5822 -0.073 8.89 8.88 97.0700 -0.040 8.57 8.57 tion spending for August. Per-sonal income is widely expec-ted to rise hy 0.3 per cent while expenditure is expected to FRANCE BTAN S.000 OAT 6,125 7/94 CANADA \* \$.500 10/98 99.7000 -0.100 9.55 9.52 9.45 7.250 7/99 100.3200 -0.040 7.20 7.23 7.13 NETHERLANDS AUSTRALIA 12.000 7/99 92.1765 -0.687 13.45 13.10 13.00 morning session Prices: US, UK in 32nds., others in decimal THE BUNDESBANK policy notes New York London closing, "denotes New Yields: Local market standard meeting came and went yester-Technical Date/ATLAS Price Sources day leaving the German gov ernment bond market little

surprise. "Rates are certain to volumes and a slight easing in go up another 50 basis points at some stage. The fundamenprices during the day. In the cash market, the 6½ per cent bund due January 1999 ended tals demand it," one analyst to yield 6.90 per cent, very slightly up on the day before. The market experienced low

THE FRENCH Treasury bond market also had a slug-gish day. "It's a horribly slow time. We still seem to be in the summer doldrums," one dealer 10.61 said. Investors continued to be S.93 9.14 drawn to the German and US bond markets. Prices remained steady. On the Matif futures 8.30 8.15 exchange, the December bond 5.05 contract was quoted down eight basis points at 108.06 at the end of the day, after a 8 68 morning low of 107.8.

> THE UK government bond market opened ¼ point lower, which dealers hlamed on overbearish comment in the press following Wednesday's money supply and industrial output Gilt futures drifted % point lower in the morning, then a further 4, while the cash mar-ket eased '4. "It can't be called a very reactive market," one analyst said.

#### LONDON MARKET STATISTICS

and share the second second **RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY** . · These Indices are the joint compliation of the Financial Times. Same 13 Fails 91 British Funds

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

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Tokyo).

less 1% bid. Proceeds were swapped into floating-rate US dollars.

tion that it may have over-syn-dicated the original deal. This was strongly denied hy the lead manager.

	the institute of	f Actuaries a	and the Faculty of Act	tuaries	- Corporations, Dominion and Foreign Bonds
	EQUITY GROUPS	Thursday S	eptember 21 1989	Wed Tue Mon Year Sep Sep Sep 390 20 19 18 (approx	Financial and Properties
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بېرى	6 Mechanical Engineering (56)	38.18	0.35 4.19 17.80 12.43		I shares, due September 26. British the third most widely-tradad com- 1,107 calls and 842 puts. Tha most
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Ferranti has already sold 50

remain was already over the per cent of these to Aeritalia and it is thought the Italian aerospace group probably has an option to buy the remaining

half stake. The sale price could

o OTE, another Italian company from the ISC stable. This

makes communications

systems for the police and fire systems for the pouce and the brigade, traffic control systems and cellular radios. OTE could be of interest to

any of Europe's major telecoms

groups interested in getting a foothold in Italy - such as Alcatel of France, Siemens of

West Germany and Ericsson of

· Zonephone, the group's tele-

point operation. Ferranti pio-neered the concept of telepoint,

which allows people to make

calls from tiny pocket phones provided they are within 100 metres of base stations.

total consideration could be as

much £90m, meaning Ferranti could receive nearly £50m.

t was awarded one of four

Sweden. It might fetch £50m.

# **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# **RMC up 34% despite** housebuilding downturn

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

RMC Group, the world's biggest producer of readymixed concrete, increased pretax profits by 34 per cent to \$115.5m during the first six months of this year. The rise reflected a big

28

increase in West German prof-its and further growth in UK construction output, in spite of a sharp fall in housebuilding.

Mr Jim Owen, managing director, said UK profits would grow more slowly in the sec-ond half with high interest rates expected to have a greater impact on housebuilding and sales of DTY products.

UK operating profits rose by 29 per cent to £67.2m. This was mainly due to a 6 per cent increase in concrete volume and a 5 per cent increase in aggregate sales. Mr Owen said only a fifth of the group's UK concrete sales went into hous-

ing. He said there was concern He said there was concern that high interest rates might curtail UK commercial and industrial development next year but there was no sign of

Nonetbeless he did not expect UK concrete and aggreest cement manufacturer,

BRENT WALKER, the fast

growing leisure and property group which recently bought

the William Hill and Mecca

betting shops, almost doubled pre-tax profits to £30.04m for

the six months to July 16. The rise from £15.39m axceeded the most optimistic

Extraordinary profits of \$39.47m arose from casino dis-

posals. Pub disposals worth

29.5m were taken above the line in trading profits for the brewing and leisure division.

Interest charges were £18.67m,

against £1.23m last year. Turnover of £203.02m com-

pared with £52.14m, and oper-

ating profits were £48.11m

trading profits from £5.1m to

By Lisa Wood

City forecasts.

against £16.45m.

gate sales would grow much during the next 13 months. The group was optimistic about prospects in West Ger-many, where RMC is the largest concrete producer. Profits there jumped from f1L2m to f21.6m in the first half.

Mr Owen said the West German construction market had been in the doldrums since 1985 but had staged a strong recovery this year.

Sales of concrete in West Sales of concrete in West Germany were expected to increase by about 9 per cent this year. Sales in France would also rise this year but only by a small amount next year. FMC is one of the two largest concrete producers in France. It also has interests in the

It also has interests in the Netherlands and Spain, Europe's fastest growing con-struction market. First half profits in the US were hit by industrial action at its joint venture with Lone

Star in California and by exceptionally wet weather in the eastern states. This also curtailed profits from Blue Circle, the UK's larg-

Jim Owen: optimistic about prospects in West Germany

which also has investments in this part of the US. Turnover at RMC rose from \$992.4m to £1.2bn while earn-

ings per share increased 25 per cent to 32p. The interim divi-dend is 5.8p (4.6p). See Lex



out of every five MTS shares, with MTS to pay simulta-neously £12.55m to acquire Alpha Gamma.

MTS rejected Twigrealm's offer, describing its as "unwel-come" and "derisory". Twigrealm said Alpha

Gamma's proposals should be rejected because shareholders would lose control of MTS without being able to realise their investment in full.

They argue that even if the stock market values MTS stock market values MTS shares at the pro-forma net asset value of 275p per share, then shareholders who are mable to achieve a full dis-posal of their holdings through the partial offer could stand to lose.

Twigrealm says that for every 100 shares held only 40 can be certainly sold under the partial offer. With the balance valued at 275p each the value of the original holding would be £313.8, compared with their own offer of £350.

Alpha Gamma and the board of MTS claim that should shareholders wish to sell their entire holdings they will prob-ably be able to do so because of indications of support from institutional investors and that on flotation the shares would be valued in excess of 372p.

Twigrealm currently holds irrevocable andertakings to accept the offer with respect to abont 24.5 per cent of the existing MTS shares.

# Rival enters | Multi-million pound car boot sale Hugo Dixon looks at the parts Ferranti may need to offload

tors, such as Aerojet, Pratt & Whitney and Rockwell, which all use Marquardt as subcon-tractors could be interested in

buying it. It has turnover of

£70m.

to keep.

A NYBODY INTER-ESTED in buying clus-ter bombs, petrol pumps, industrial lasers or pocket phone businesses might be advised to contact Baring Brothers, Ferranti Interna-tional Signal's merchant bank

adviser. This follows yesterday's statement from the defence electronics group that it was hoping to raise about \$100m from the sale of some of its peripheral husinesses. Ferranti has been forced to

make these disposals as a result of the suspected fraud in fraud scandal its International Signal and Control (ISC) subsidiary, which could knock a £150m hole in its

Although Farranti falled to specify which businesses it was looking to sell, it would seem that everything apart from its main electronic systems businesses – Ferranti Defence Systems and Ferranti Computer Systems - is poten-tially open to offers.

The prime candidates for dis-posal are two parts of the ISC inharitance which are fairly low-tech and have never been fully integrated into the Ferranti group: • Marquardt, which is best known for making the Rockeye

small in their respective marcluster bomb. The company, based in California, is also a supplier for "Big-Eye", a top secret chemical weapons proj-ect, and the Combined Effects kets. trial Electronics are businesses making petrol pumps, microwave repeaters, software for computer-aided engineering systems and industrial lasers. There would probably not be Mission, a follow-on from Rockeye. Other US defence contrac-

awareness and the more rigor-

ous approach to waste dis-

£18.72m.

posal.

By Nikki Talt

#### **Environmental awareness** helps treble Caird profit By Vanessa Houlder

**Blacks claims realistic** 

strategy for Goldberg

CAIRD GROUP, the waste The company has commissioned the first independent environmental audit in the UK disposal company, more than tripled pre-tax profits from £1.46m to £4.84m for the year ended June 30. Turnover increased from £3.85m to and will release the results with its annual report.

The breakdown in profits was as follows: landfill £1.21m; dry waste and transport Mr Peter Linacre, chairman, £570,000; special waste treat-ment £1.1m and industrial sersaid that a principle factor behind the results was the increase in prices resulting from greater environmental vices £1.22m.

Under the umbrella of Indus-

Earnings per share increased from 14.27p to 23.54p, and a rec-ommended final dividend of 4p makes 6.5p (4p) for the year.

receipts could be about £45m, about \$120m (£76m) a year, is profitable and might sell for analysts suggest. • Ferranti Business Communi-▶ ISC Defence Systems, based in Lancaster, Pennsylvania. This makes fuses and printed circuit boards for the defence cations, with turnover of about £25m, is a distributor of tele-communications switchboards in the UK. In the UK. It could be attractive to any-body wishing to get close to business telecoms users. The main candidates would be Merindustry, although analysts doubt whether it has much value as a going concern par-ticularly after the current

cury Communications, which bought Telephone Rentals – a similar but larger business – Its assets, however, could be of interest to a company sup-plying components to the civil-ian electronics industry and last year, and companies positioning themselves for the Gov-ernment's major review of teleand it might therefore sell for eriment's hajor review of the come policy next year, which is expected to lead to further opening up of the market. • A number of companies, based in the UK, which fall under the Ferranti Instrumen-\$30m to \$40m - if a buyer could be found.

There are a number of other businesses, which are not absolutely cen-tral to Ferranti's defence electation umbrella. These include Mitchell Hydraulics, which makes seals for submarines; tronics activities, but which the company would in normal circumstances probably prefer maxes seals for submarines; Weapons Equipment, which manufactures bomblets to go inside cluster bombs; and air-craft equipment. Possible acquirers are other UK defence • Ferranti Industrial Electronics. This is a mish-mash of businesses, based in Dundee, which have never made much money because they are all too

UK heences to operate tele-point services earlier this year, but it has been slow to build the necessary infrastruc-ture - partly because it has been strapped for cash.

a single buyer for all these businesses, although one large group might be prepared to acquire them and then sell on

the parts it did not want. Total

Zonephone might be of inter-est to Racal Telecom, the UK'a suppliers such as Lucas, Astza and Hunting. Elmer and Laben, two Italleading mobile communications company. It was not awarded a telepoint licence. As part of any sale, venture capi-talists who hold a 40 per cent ian defence businesses which are also part of the ISC inheristake in the company would have to be bought out. That

tance. Elmer makes radio communications equipment and Laben manufactures space and nuclear electronics measurement systems.

### **Dominion suspended** pending announcement By Clay Harris

SHARES in Dominion International, the financial services and property group, were suspended yesterday pending an announcement next week about its financial position. At the suspension price of 52p, Dominion is valued at £36.5m. The suspension followed a review of Dominion's operations by Mr Carl Open-shaw, who became managing director in July. He refused to elaborate on the contents of next week's announcement.

However, analysts are expecting the company to make heavy provisions against certain investments and possi-bly to seek a cash injection through a rights issue. Dominion has not borrowings of £39m against not assets of £24.8m on its March 31 balance sheet. The company's ability to maintain its dividends at 5.5p, or indeed

• A stake in Intex Holdings, a company set up with the inten-tion of becoming the world's first fally automated futures exchange. Dominion's investment cost £5.7m, yet Intex is showing a net deficit on assets. Film Finances, a film insurance company, is still treated as an asset held for disposal even though the planned sale looks unlikely to proceed. • The 1989 accounts list £3.58m in recoverable advance corporation tax among debtors, but UK activities accounted for only 20 per cent of turnover

3 1

last year and an unquantified proportion of Dominion's pre-tax profits of 25.44m. Attention will also focus on the value of Dominion's com-

puter leasing activities and Spanish property holdings. All in all, one analyst said

yesterday that, on present o pay any, is also in question. knowledge, he doubted that There are several areas of Dominion's break-np value

£38.9m. Savings of about £4m were made from the closure of the Tolly brewery in Ipswich, £2.1m to £2.9m. COMMENT one of the Tolly Cobbold and A 19.5m profit taken above the Cameron breweries bought last year from Ellerman. Ninety per line from the disposal of pubs surprised the market, although cent of Whyte & Mackay, the whisky company, is being sold in a management buy-out for £161m

**Brent Walker doubles to £30m** 

The lower contribution of £2.9m (£6.5m) from the stadi-ums and clubs division reflected the sale of six casinos, Turnover at the Interna-tional Sporting Club increased because the level of stakes was more disposals as well as acquisitions in the pipeline, have boosted sales since taking reduced.

Brent Walker said the 119 betting shops bonght from Grand Metropolitan in January had proved extremely worthwhile

Earnings per share jumped to 39.17p (15.01p), and the interim dividend is raised to 5p Leisure developments contributed £5.5m, compared with (4p). The brewing and leisure divi-£4.3m last year. sion boosted its contribution to

Goldcrest, which is being sold to a management-bny out team, increased its profit from

brewers generally are tending to favour such flattering accountancy methods. Con-versely, the market had expected a bigger contribution from leisure developments, which should make a dynamic impact in the second half. Pubs, with

off the tie, while hotels, includ ing Le Touquet in France are doing well and five new hotels are under construction. The market, still reflecting concern over the dealing orientation of the group, including the Wil-liam Hill acquisition, is for-

casting up to £71m for the full

year, giving a prospective p/e of stx times - the cheapest stock in the leisure sector.



83-year old former chairman. Twigrealm yesterday offered 350p cash for every MTS share, valning the company at £9.18m Only the previous day, Alpha Gamma raised its own partial offer to 372p for two



Once again The Brent Walker Group has shown rapid growth and a continuation of impressive results. Receot developments and acquisitions have contributed to an increase in profitability proving our strategy and diversification within the leisure industry is improving the quality of the Group's earnings and broadeoing its trading and asset base.

The investment in the William Hill betting shops, one of the largest bookmaking chains in the world, gives the group four main divisions - Pubs and Brewing; Hotels and Leisure; Bening Services and Leisure Development. These core activities provide the Group with s balance of profitability, cashflow and quality assets and earnings.

#### VENUY THE BRENT WALKER GROUP PLC WORKING FOR PLEASURE

BLACKS LEISURE, the camping goods and sportwear retailer which is making a \$32m all-paper bid for A Goldherg, tha Glasgow-based retailer, has sent a final circu-lar to shareholders. In it, Blacks points to the losses made by Goldberg in the first five months of the current

**Meggitt attacks USH** 'catalogue of disasters'

trading year, and claims to

Meggitt, the specialised engineering group, yesterday posted the offer document for its £115m hostile takeover bid for United Scientific Hold-ings, attacking what it described as a "catalogue of disasters, financial problems and management disarray" at the defence equipment manu-

facturer. USH shares closed 1p lower yesterday at 170p. This compares with tha 144p value of Meggitt's all-share offer and the 157p value of its partial cash alternative.

#### Lower oil prices hit **Triton Europe**

Triton Enrope, tha Bristol-based oil and gas

exploration and production company, blamed lower crude oil prices for annual profits of £3.24m, less than half the comparable £7.12m.

The company added that the lower prices had also reduced the development pro-

In the 12 months to May 31 turnover fell from £33.26m to £26.98m. Earnings per chare were 1.98p (4.32p).

Mr H Brewer, chairman, said the results of drilling in the Bagneaux field had been pleas-ing and all five Dogger wells drilled to date had been successful.

we start work at Goldberg the better", it says. Meanwhile, Blacks says that in the wake of a marketing agreement between LA Gear, the US footwear company, and pop-star Michael Jackson, it has taken over fim-worth of orders in seven days. Blacks has the UK distribution rights to LA Gear sports foot-wear, clothing and access-orles.

ories. Blacks shares rose %p to 8%p, while Goldberg recovered

10p to 154p.

exceeded 50p per share. concern: **Colorvision profits warning** 

#### By John Thornhill

to pay any, is also in question.

Colorvision, yesterday warned. spending. that pre-tax profits for the past year were likely to be alightly less than last year's £3.62m. The company blamed the unusually warm summer, a slower rate of shop openings, and lower levels of consumer

However, Mr Neville Michaelson, chairman, said the problems had been temporary and that sales were now surg-ing ahead. "Next year will be a terrific year for us, especially if interest rates fall." he said.

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Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the grant of permission to deal in the Ordinary shares of 10p each in Brandon Hire PLC in issue and to be issued on the Unlisted Securities Market. It is emphasised that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing, it is expected that dealings will commence on 28th September, 1989.



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Particulars relating to Brandon Hire PLC will be available in the statistical services main-tained by Edel Financial Limited and copies may be obtained during normal business hours on 22nd and 25th September, 1989 at the Company Announcements Office. The Stock Exchange, 46-50 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1DD and during normal business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) until 5th October, 1989 from Singer & Friedlander Limited, 21 New Street, Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4HR.

22nd September, 1989



### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

## **Poor UK textiles** depress Coats Viyella to £55.2m

#### By Alice Rawsthorn

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COATS VIYELLA, the textile group which hopes to bid for Tootal, yesterday announced a fall in pre-tax profits from £76m to £55.2m in the first half of 1989.

The decline reflected the intensely competitive state of the textile industry.

Coats, which has interests in the sewing thread market and in engineering as well as tex-tiles, increased sales to £890.9m (£881.9m). The weakness of UK textiles, where Coats is a major player in home textiles and clothing, dragged operating profits down to £64.7m 100 (£78.7m).

100 A The impact of more favourable exchange rates on the translation of overseas earn-ings produced a gain of 21.3m. But Coats did not benefit from a pensions holiday this year -in the first half of 1988 it received a \$45 m pension coa 2 10 ST 11 received a £4.5m pension contribution.

Coats was also hit by the impact of increased interest rates on higher borrowings. Its gearing rose to 20.4 (14.6) per cent in the first half and inter-1 400 est payable more than doubled to £10.6m (£4m).

The contribution from 

(9.71p) but the interim dividend is held at 3p.

#### **O COMMENT**

This time last year Coats Vivela plunged the textile sec-tor into gloom by unveiling an unexpectedly dreadful set of interims. This time the City's interins. This time the Cry's expectations were so very low that the plunge in profits from 276m to £55m was greeted almost with relief. The outlook for Coats' spinning, weaving and apparel interests is cer-tainly cheerier given that the stronger dollar should lessen the pressure from imports in the pressure from imports in 1990. Yet home textiles are still haunted by high interest rates and it is difficult to see how and it is difficult to see how the UK recovery could be strong enough to offset a poorer performance from South America: The City expects profits of £130m this year. But it is far from san-guine about the logic of taking over Tootal – the Monopolies and Mergers Commission per-mitting – at a time when Coats is still struggling with the afternath of the Notting-ham Manufacturing and Coats

ham Manufacturing and Coars Patons acquisitions. All in all, it will take a long, long time for Coats to recapture confirelated companies fell to fi.lm for Coats to recapture confi-(f1.3m). Coats paid f18.7m dence and the shares will lan-(f20.7m) in taration. Earnings per share slipped to 6.31p guish - on a prospective p/e of 12 at 172p - until it does.



Sir Ronald McIntosh, left, in conversation with Sir Peter Cazalet, his successor as chairman

## **APV** relies on food processing

#### By John Ridding

APV, the food and drink processing equipment mann-facturer, yesterday announced pre-tax profits of £24.2m for the six months to June 30, an increase of 15 per cent over the comparable period. period. The company also announced its move into the

filling machinery industry filling machinery industry with the Sam purchase of 55 per cent of Orimann & Herbst which is based in West Ger-many. Earlier this month, APV gave way to Klöckner-Werke, the West German steel and capital goods group, in its bat-tile for control of SEN, a manu-facturer of bottle-filling equip-

The profit improvement reflected strong demand in APV's core food processing operations. It was limited by the loss of profits from the printing machinery business sold in February, and by increased losses at its Euro-man characterism.

#### · COMMENT pean chemicals operation. Sir Ronald McIntosh, who is

ł,

£53m.

There is a prima facie case for questioning the benefits of the

succeeded by Sir Peter Cazalet as chairman at the end of the month, said that while the results showed steady progress they were not strictly comparaprinting business disposal, given that the loss of profits was not compensated for by was not compensated for by interest savings or invest-ments. But last year the busi-ness was being dressed up for sale and such a performance would have been hard to sus-tain and costly in terms of cap-ital expenditure. More impor-tantly, APV is now better focused and has the resources to argued its core husinesces ble because of the disposal of the printing business, which added about £3.2m to last year's profits. This loss was not compensated for by interest on the net proceeds of But despite the strengthened balance sheet, which saw gear-ing decline to 20 per cent from 80 per cent, the interest charge only fell to 52.9m (54.3m).

The strongest trading perfor-mance came from liquid food, which raised profits to £14.1m (£9.9m). Dry foods increased profits to £9.5m (£7.8m). Group turnover increased to £382.9m (£373.7m). Earnings per share were 5.4p (4.8p) and the interim dividend is raised

to 2p (1.8p).

with help of US acquisition By Alan Cane LOGICA, the computing anticipated poorer results; as it Turnover outside the UK is, the shares seem very rea-

services company, showed strong growth in turnover and profits in the year to June 30, aided by a substantial contri-bution from Data Architects, the US company bought last vear.

Turnover improved 32 per cent to £179.5m (£135.9m) while pre-tax profits rose 28 per cent to £18.8m (£14.7m).

to £18.8m (£14.7m). Earnings per share, bowever, rose only 10 per cent, from 18.1p to 20p, reflecting some dilution as a result of the Data Architects acquisition. Revenues and earnings fell slightly below the company's own hopes and analysts' pre-dictions at the beginning of the year, as growth in the US and the UK failed to match expecta-tions, reflecting a general slow-down in computing services. The business had been grow-ing at 25 per cent or more annually but had now slowed to somewhere between 15 and 25 per cent. In the circumper cent. In the circum stances, Logica's results pleased both the company and the market, which pushed up the shares 15p to 354p.

was, for the first time in the 20 years of Logica's existence, greater than bome revenues sonably priced. The company has performed strongly in the with significant exports to the sectors and has managed to acquit itself well in the diffi-US and Japan. Results also included a full

Logica shows strong growth

year's contribution from Data cult finance sector where other services companies have come to grief this year. It is begin-ning to build a useful cata-Architects which in 1989 accounted for 20 per cent of Logica's turnover. The com-pany said: "Although perfor-mance of the merged operations fell short of our best logue of software "package such as Bess, Fastwire and ON/ 2 which have broad applica-tions in electronic banking, expectations, we achieved our and which have considerable potential for generating profits. strategic objective of establish-ing a substantial base in North Mr David Mann, Logica's man-aging director, believes there will be considerable opportuni-America".

The final dividend is 2.1p making 3.1p for the year, an increase of 35 per cent on the previous total of 2.3p.

#### COMMENT

scale projects where an organi-sation — the retail banks are an example — has to overhaul its entire computer systems. Analysts believe the company is well managed and is making theory if unsattantian wood Unlike some of its competitors, Logica warned last year that the hectic pace of growth in the computing services busi-ness could not be sustained. A steady if unspectacular prog-ress. They suggest profits for next year in the region of £22.5m giving a multiple of 15 times historic earnings. recent decline in its share price seemed to be the result of persistent selling by those who over-estimated the severity of the warnings and wrongly

## **Electronics expansion for CSI**

next three years. Network designs and engi-neers electronic products, such es televisions and refrigera-tors, incorporating European component technology. In 1988, Network made pre-

tax profits of £427,000 on turnover of about £12m. Net assets at the year end were £596,000.

Westpool Investment Trust sbowed a pre-tax profit of £5.25m for the eleven months ended March 31 1989, compared with £4.1m for the previous year Earnings were 3.78p (2.95p)

Westpool up £1m

defence, transport and energy

ties for the company in envi-ronmental areas such as radia-

tion monitoring and very large

29

basic. The dividend goes up from 1.8p to 2p with a final of 1.65p; in addition there is a special

dividend of 0.5p.

By Vanessa Houlder YULE CATTO, the speciality

Speciality chemicals

**buoy Yule Catto** 

chemicals, building materials and plantations group, yester-day announced a rise in pre-tax 12 profits from £7.61m to £10.4m. 6 1 3 1 <u>1 2 3</u> for the six months to June 30, Turnover increased from 193.54m to £121.8m. The company said that pros-pects for most of its industrial · · · · · ·  $1 \le \Sigma_1$ · · · · <del>· · · ·</del> · ·

operations were reasonable in spite of fears of recession.

The star performer was the speciality chemicals division, which raised its pre-tax profits by 56 per cent to £9.62m; although this was boosted by 1 27 25 the scheduling of large annual contracts. The division also benefited from a reduction in

the prices of raw materials, 20 Building products improved 20 per cent to \$222in (£1.84m). 1.11 1 1 10.0 However profits from the agri-culture and land division fell by 6 per cent to £817,000, reflecting the weakness of

in Revinex Australia, a manufacturer of synthetic latex. Earnings per share improved. by 34 per cent to 6.7p. The interim dividend is raised to 1.9p compared with 1.6p last

#### COMMENT

time.

Yule Catto is now reaping the benefits of declining raw material prices having ridden out the rise in prices having finden out the rise in prices in 1988. That provides a comforting back-ground while they contend with possibly depressed demand in parts of the UK economy. Also in its favour is economy. Also in its favour is a good geographic spread and range of businesses which should give it a good deal of protection against a UK (eco-nomic), downturn. And although lower profits are expected from the plantations activities, they have been reduced to less than 10 per cent of the business and so

OFALLOUR RESOURCES **JIR GREATESTASSET ISA** WEALTH OF IDEAS. the second second second

By John Thornhill Cannon Street Investments, ths industrial holding com-pany, has bought Network Group Holdings, an electronics concern, for a maximum £20m. The initial consideration of

52.5m cash is based on war-ranted profits of not less than 5525,000 for 1989. Further pay-ments may be made over the

to expand its core businesses, possibly through another size-able acquisition. That said, the interest charge remains sur-prisingly high given the flood of disposal proceeds. Margins are up to 7 per cent, with fur-ther scope for improvement, and orders are a healthy 16 per cent ahead of last year. For the full year, analysts' pre-tax fore-casts range from 258m to 262m,

for a prospective rating of about 10.5 at the mid-point. The stock has defensive merits relating to the underlying growth in demand for food processing equipment and is looking a little cheap.

prices for crude palm oil and natural rubber later. Central and finance : costs. increased by 76 per cent to £2.25m, reflecting higher inter-est costs and increased borrow-

cent of the business and so should not prove a particularly heavy brake on progress. After increased by 76 per cent to 52.25m, reflecting higher inter-est costs and increased borrow-ings of £19.8m. An extraordinary item of 5566,000 stemmed from the sale 556,000 stemmed from the sale ratio of 10.5. of its 25 per cent shareholding

#### **DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED**

	Current payment	Date of payment.	Corres - ponding dividend	Total for year	Total last year
Antofagasta	8	Dec 8	- 4	• •	13
AVPint	2	Nov 9	1.8	-	4.8
Bentalis	0.8	Nov 10	0.55	-	3.5
Bilston Enamela§ int		Nov 2	1.5	<b>-</b> ·	4.2
Bousteadint	·0.51	Nov 13	0.3		1.1
Brent Walker	57	Jan 2	4.	· -	· -11
Cairdfin	41		3	6.5	4
Coats Viyeliaint	3	Jan 2	3	-	. 9
Dowding & Millsfin	1.52	Nov 2	1.29	2.32	. 5
Glasgow Income int	0.5	Nov 30	-	-	
Great Southern 5	2.61	Nov 2	2.3	-	7
Johnston Press	1.5	Nov 17	1	-	3.5
Kwik-Fit	1.04		1.04	-	2.4
Laportaint		Nov 10	5	-	13.7
Logicafin	21	Nov 8	1.6	. 3.1	2.3
Morrison (Wm)int			0.275*	-	1.15*
RMC	5.8	Dec 1	4.8	-	14.5
Schrodersint	a	Nov 7	8.	-	19.5
Secure Trust	2.5	-	-	-	-
SWP Group §fin	0.5		· -	0.5	-
Tas Storesint	1.5t		1		2.625
Vestpool investfin	2.1511	Nov 18	1.45	2.5	1.8
fule Catloint	1.9	Nov 10	1.6	-	3.8

Dividends shown pence per share net accept where otherwise stated. "Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. fOn capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. §\$Unquoted stock. @Third nal of 2.50 for st.# For 11 n and incl her 30 period to Sep

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For the six months 28th September, 1989 to 28th March, 1990

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 5.45 per cent. per annum, and that the interest payable on the relevant Payment Date (as defined in the terms and conditions being, 28th March, 1990 against Coupon No. 1 will be Yen 270,260.

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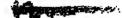
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## **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# Agreed Desoutter bid referred to MMC

#### By Nildd Tait in London and Robert Taylor in Stockholm

world.

Hobson

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1984

immediate resignation of Mr

Share price (pence)

THE 189m agreed bid by Atlas Copco, the Swedish engineer-ing company, for Desoutter Brothers, the UK manufacturer of electric and pueumatic power tools, is being referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission Commission.

The decision by Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Secretary of State for Trade and Industry, to refer the offer was announced yes-terday as the bid reached its terday as the bid reached its first close. The offer had the backing of the Desoutter fam-ily and directors, speaking for over 50 per cent of the shares. It now lapses. Yesterday, the Desoutter price fell sharply - down from 689p to 575p. Atlas was offering

700p per share. However, Atlas made it clear that it bad no intention of dropping the proposed pur-chase, which would make it the fourth biggest power tools manufacturer in the

"We are committed to carry through this deal," said Mr Michael Treschow, president of the company's technique divi-sion. "This is based on a long-term strategic decision and not on any short-term calculation." He said he did not under cent.

stand why the bid was being referred. "We will lose momen-tum as a result and it will mean some administrative bas-

sie," Mr Treschow said. The DTI said the decision, in accordance with a recommendation from Sir Gordon Borrie, director general of fair trading, centred on the possible effects for competition in the UK market for pneumatic power tools.

The market is thought to be worth around 250m and the merged companies would have had a market share of about 50 per cent. Atlas, the jargest player in the market, is understood to take about 35 per cent. and Desoutter, some 15 per

About 40 per cent of sales go to large industrial users, who are believed not to have been particularly troubled by the

The third player in the mar-ket is US-based Ingersoll-Rand, prospective marriage. The rest is accounted for by smaller customers, who purchase but it has a much weaker position, while Bosch, the large through third party distribu-One of the concerns believed

West German group and a leeder in power tools in Europe, has only a minuscule share of the UK pneumatic to feature in the reference deci-sion is the possibility that the tools market. greater market power of the In making the reference deci-sion, UK authorities are also merged group might lead to a growth in "exclusive" distribu-tion arrangements, or some

thought to have considered whether preumatic power tools can be substituted with. form of this. Although the market is electric power tools. However, Although the market is believed to be fairly open to import competition, the authorities appear to have been concerned that no one else was poised to tackle the position of Atlas and Desoutthey are understood to have taken the view that pneumatic tools - driven by air - offer sufficiently greater power and accuracy to constitute an independent market.

## Hobson changing course again

#### By Clay Harris

MR RICHARD THOMPSON chairman of Queens Park Rangers, is taking the helm at Hobson, a company whose abil-ity to change direction without warning might be envied by some of the football club's

players. Mr Thompson was yesterday named chairman of Hobson, which came to the USM in 1984 as the patent bolder for an alu-mininm die-making process and later abandoned this to hny overseas traders selling tolletries to Africa and the Caribbean.

Since 1987, Hobson has con-centrated its expansion on sev-eral Midlands-based companies which fabricate alumining products such as windows and

Stanley Sharp, chairman, and Mr Gerrard Ceclich, another doors. Yesterday it changed course egain, saying it planned to downgrade, and eventually to sell, these manufacturing busidirector. Mr Terry Plammer, chief executive, said Mr Thompson's accession to the chairmanship was likely to signal a period of

The decision led to the

at Hobson.

1969

at Hobson. Mr Thompson yesterday. bought 2m Hobson shares to raise his personal holding to 5.7 per cent. Another 34 per cent is owned by Hawknote, a private company controlled by Thompson family interests, including the new chairman's father, Hillsdown Holdings co-founder Mr David Thompson. In the year to March 31: Hoh-

son reported pre-tar profits of \$708,000, barely half of the pre-vious figure, on sales ahead to \$17.5m (\$15.2m). Ironically, the manufacturing businesses were the bright spot in the 1988-89 results, coutributing 37 per cent of pre-tax profits and helping to offset problems in African trading subsidiaries.

ish aluminium extruder in March 1987. Until this summer, it also owned and operated a health and leisure chub.

By John Thornhill

SHARES in HunterPrint Group

yesterday tumbled 22p to 175p

as the specialist printing company warned that profits for the year to October 1 would be about £2m, a substantial reduc-

tion on analysts' previous fore-

increased acquisition activity

directors.

In the year to March 31, Hob-

Hobson sold its money-losing die-making process to a Swed-

**Reduced mortality leaves** Great Southern lower By Rachel Johnson

said

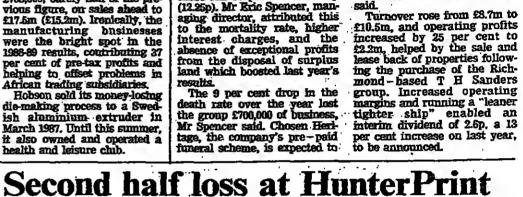
provide some insurance THE SLOWDOWN in the national death rate was blamed for a fall in interim profits at against the slowdown. Promoted through charities such as Age Concern, it made a "positive contribution" to oper-ating profits of £187m (£126m). The scheme has doubled in the last discussion of the scheme has doubled in the Great Southern Group, one of the UK's two quoted funeral

The pre-tax balance for the first half of 1989 was £171m -a fall of 2 per cent on the last six months to boast a membership of 15.000. "The provision of the scheme is corresponding six months of securing the future of our business against the mortality rate," Mr Spencer

Fally diluted earnings per share fell 30 per cent to 8.08p (12.25p). Mr Eric Spencer, man-aging director, attributed this to the mortality rate, higher interest charges, and the absence of exceptional profits from the disposal of surplus land which boosted last year's results

The 9 per cent drop in the death rate over the year lost the group £700,000 of business, Mr Spencer said. Chosen Heritage, the company's pre-paid funeral scheme, is expected to

• The move to the new fac-



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#### Interim Statement

#### 21st September, 1989

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are pleased to annource the placing and

introduction of a total of 40,872,989 Ordinary

**PACIFIC HORIZON INVESTMENT** 

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shares of 10p each with tatarisd Warrands at

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## **Reckitt & Colman buys** Spanish babycare group

#### By Lisa Wood

consumer products group, has bought Nenuco, a privately-owned Spanish babycare com-

RECKITT & COLMAN, the care business and growth in

southern Europe. The addition of Nenuco to

Reckitt's existing Spanish com-pany would increase sales hy 40 per cent. The acquisition was intended to reinforce the Spanish husiness in personal care product categories, a sector expected to enjoy strong growth and developmeni Reckitt had also planned to enter the blow-moulding mar-

the new factory had been the right thing to do and that it would prove its worth once HunterPrint sorted out these The move to the new factory in Corby, where the company hit unforeseen start-up production problems, mainly caused by late delivery of equipment, leading to reduced profitability.
 Recruitment of skilled staff, which continued to prove difficult leading of the stamant temporary problems. He did not know how long that would take but suggested that busi-ness would be coming through

ment, Funday Times, and the Sunday Correspondent's colour magazine, he said. "We are not worried about where the husiness is going to come from, but we have to get the productivity

at the right levels in the early months of 1990. The company had recently won contracts to print the Sun-day Times' children's supple-

Interim Statement	pany. The consideration was not 40 per cent. The acquisition disclosed, but industry observ- was intended to reinforce the	casts of \$4.5m, and the \$5.45m made in 1937-83.
21st September, 1989	ers estimated it to be about Spanish husiness in personal care product categories, a	At the halfway stage, Hun- cult because of the stagnant months of 1990, terPrint recorded pre-tax prof- housing market and led to The company had rece
2131 Department, 1900	Nenuco is the leading baby sector expected to enjoy care brand in Spain, with an strong growth and develop-	its of £2.31m and enggested ubindgeted overtime and won contracts to print the s then that it would make a simi- training costs. day Times' children's sur
The Directors of Schroders Public Limited Company have resolved to pay an interim dividend for the year	estimated current turnover of ment. Pta2.5bn (fil3m). Reckitt had also planned to	I lar return in the second half. • A three-week industrial dis- ment, Funday Times, and However, Mr Michael Hunter. Dute over job losses in the Sunday Correspondent's co
ending 31st December, 1989 of 6p per share on the	Mr David Saltmarsh, Reck- enter the blow-moulding mar- itt's company secretary, said ket and the acquisition acceler-	chairman, said yesterday that financial printing division magazine, he said, "We are the company had traded at a which severely affected its worried about where the h
Ordinary Shares of £1 each and on the non-voting	the acquisition satisfied two of ates this as the purchase	loss in this period
Ordinary Shares of £1 each. This dividend is the same	the group's strategic aims: includes fixed assets and stock development of its personal of Tarraco-Plastica,	The losses were attributed to half : we have to get the producti three main reasons: Mr Hunder said moving to right."
as the interim dividend paid in respect of the year ended 31st December, 1988.	Secure Trust up 21% to £1.96m	
The divide deall be early on 7th Mourse has 1000 to	By David Lascelles, Banking Editor	
The dividend will be payable on 7th November, 1989 to shareholders whose names appear in the Register of	Secure Trust Group, the included £789,000 in investment	
Members of the Company as at 12th October, 1989.	financial services company income from customer bal-	
	last year, yesterday announced Mr Henry Angest, chairman,	
The profits of the Schroder Group for the first six	a 21 per cent increase in pre- tax profits. said business volume was also up. The company had added	
months of 1989 were higher than in the same period of	This was based on pro forma 3,500 customers to its bome accounts assuming the pro-	
the previous year.	ceeds of the flotation in the its main line of business. Insur- same period last year.	
	Profit was £1.96m, up from vices improved as well.	
120 Cheapside, London EC2V 6DS	1.62m pro forma. This result The interim dividend is 2.5p.	INTERIAR ANNOUNCERATION
	USM placing Brandon Hire	INTERIM ANNOUNCEMENT
ne vypenia všila na se na se na	for Essex joins USM	
		Half year to 30th June 1989
	Furniture with £7.4m tag	
This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland Limited. It does not constitute an invitation to any person to	By Vanessa Houlder By Vanessa Houlder	
subscribe for or purchase any new ordinary shares of R1 each	Essex Furniture is coming to Brandon Rive is due to become the USM via a placing which the latest addition to the	<b>Financial Highlights</b>
GENBEL INVESTMENTS LIMITED	values it at £4.29m. The com- pany manufactures and retails the USM with a placing which	rinancial migniights
(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 05/32379/06)	upholstered furniture. values it at 17.4m. The joint brokers. UTC Seco-Brandon, based in the west	
"GENBEL"	rities and R A Coleman (North   and south of England hires	
Rights offer of 5,632,882 new ordinary shares of R1 each at R53 (South African currency) per new	shares at 50p, raising year ended April 30 1989 the	
ordinary share to the holders of ordinary shares in Genhel Investments Limited on the basis of 15	5760,000. Dealings are expected to its of £822,000, against	
new ordinary shares for every 100 shares held.	start on October 3. Essex makes upbolstered Singer & Friedlander is plac-	TURNOVER £1,202.1m up 21%
Particulars of the new ordinary shares are available in the Extel Statistical Service, and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours up to and including 25 September 1989 from	furniture which it sells direct ing 2.21m shares at 74p to raise to the public through its four about £1.47m for the company.	
Company Announcements Office, The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the	edge-of-town retail outlets. A further 250,000 shares are It made profits before excep- being sold by a director. Deal-	
Republic of Ireland Limited, 46-50 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1DD, and up to and including 6 October 1989 from:-	tional items and tax of ings will start on September 28. \$590,000 (£421,000) for the The broker is Stock Beech	TAXATION £115.5m up 34%
Laing & Cruickshank Gencor (U.K.) Limted	year ended June 30. Securities.	TAXATION £115.5m up 34%
Piercy House 30 Ely Place	New Techel	
LONDON EC2R 7BE EC1N 6UA	Newman Tonks buys in Germany	EARNINGS PER
Barclays Registrars Limited New Issues	By Richard Tomkins, Midlands Correspondent	SHARE 32.0p up 30%
6 Greencoat Place	NEWMAN TONKS, the institutional investors on his	SHARE <b>32.0p</b> up <b>30%</b>
22 September 1989 LONDON SW1P 1PL	tural hardware group which retained as an investment.	
	has been expanding in the US Newman Tonks will add and Europe, yesterday made a Normbau to a European net-	
	further move into the conti- work of architectural hardware	DMDEND 5.8p up 26%
SANWA AUSTRALIA	It has acquired the private- includes Wehag in West Ger-	
LEASING LIMITED	DM35m (114m) in shares Shares Share and Telesco in	
1,020,000 Warrants to purchase one share of	Normbau, which made pre- Disquin in France	
Common Stock of the Company Pursuant to Section 3.03 of the Warrant Agreement between the Guaranteed Floating Rate	year to December 1988, makes Tonks chief executive, said the	
Company and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Notes Due 1993 In accordance with the conditions	hardware such as nylon door the group's presence in the	
of the notes, notice is hereby given	ries and fittings for handi. Kets when Nam have and reach mar-	RMC Group p.l.c.
<ol> <li>On May 19, 1989 the Company's Board of Directors declared a two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend.</li> <li>On May 19, 1989 the Company's Board of Directors declared a two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend.</li> <li>On May 19, 1989 the Company's Board of Directors declared a two-for-one stock split effected in the form of a stock dividend.</li> <li>On May 19, 1989 the Company's Board of Directors declared a 20th September 1989 (9) days) the notes</li> </ol>	capped people. The company range complemented the door has factories in Renchen. West	
2. As a result of the above, as of Jone 2. 1989, the Warrant shares have will carry an interest rate of bero adjusted in accordance with Section 4 of the Global Warrant, so	Germany, and in Bischwiller, by Wehag to the distributive	RMC House, High Street, Feltham, Middlesex TW134HA
that three (3) shares of Common Stock shall be deliverable upoo payments will be as follows: exercise of one Warrant. Notes of A\$100,000	in Austria and Spain. Newman Tonks has distrib-	Operation interaction in a state of the stat
Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Brussels Office, as Warrant Agent THE SANWA BANK LIMITED	5.88m shares in Newman many words for	Operating internationally in Austria, Belgium, France, Holland, Israel, Portugal, Republic of Ireland, Spain; United Kingdam, USA and West Germany.
September 18, 1989 Brussels Office, as Warrant Agent Agent Bank	Tonks. Of these, 3.12m bave mony years in the Ok and, been conditionally placed with US.	, opani, one wigdow, what ond West Germany.



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# HAVING TOO MANY AREAS OF EXPERTISE IS OFTEN THE SAME AS HAVING NONE.

He who tries to do too many things, ends up doing none

of them well. It's an old cliche, but nowhere is it more true

than in the complex arena of investment banking.

While other investment houses have been busy

diversifying, Security Pacific Hoare Govett has concentrated on building an integrated team of experts

IT



TAKES

to work in select areas: UK and International Equities,

Corporate Finance, Interest Rate and Currency Risk



Management and Specialised Banking. Areas in which we've gained a reputation for excellence.

We aren't all things to all people. But then, we

aren't trying to be.

EDGE

Tuskar

calls for

By Graham Deller

I£8.9m via

rights issue

TUSKAR RESOURCES, the

## UK COMPANY NEWS

Laporte

Share price relative to the

# Laporte Industries makes £46.5m at halfway stage

#### By Vanessa Houlder

LAPORTE INDUSTRIES, the speciality chemicals company, yesterday unveiled pre-tax profits of £46.5m for the 26

weeks to July 2. This compares with taxable profits of £50.6m last time, though this was boosted by an exceptional credit of £11.6m arising mainly from the sale of surplus land. Turnover increased from £252.2m to £304.5m.

advance from the wholly-owned Laporte activities, tem-pered by a flat result from Interox, the peroxygens busi-ness jointly owned with Sol-

the second half performance should, as usual, be stronger than the first.

business, which has suffered from the introduction of liquid detergent in Europe, demand stabilised and the second half will benefit from some modest improvements in prices.

treatment chemicals. The absorbents business moved ahead although pet litter products' sales were slightly down due to the mild winter.

The performance of the elec-tronic chemicals and services business was slightly below that of 1988 due to some soften-ing in the semi-conductor mar-ket.

(5p).

#### • COMMENT

Recently Laporte has been breathing sighs of relief at the apparent ending of the growth apparent entities of the growth in the popularity of liquid detergents among European consumers. As a result, the tide has probably turned for the washing, powder market and its additive perborate, witch is made by Laporte's winch is made by Laporte's Interox business. Interox is also benefiting from the move away from chlorine-based bleaches to hydrogen peroxides, although growth may be tempered in the short term by

aheady held in a rights issue underwritten by Kleinwort Benson. The new shares will

be priced at 160p, compared with Colefar's share price which was unchanged at 171p yesterday. UBS Phillips &

Dublin-based oll exploration group, is raising IS8.9m (57.73m) through a fully underwritten rights issue. FT-A Chemicals Index The company is to issue

The company is to issue 28.54m shares on a 1-for-4 basis at 33p. The shares closed 2<sup>1</sup>2p higher at 56p yesterday. A sizeable proportion of the proceeds will be used to develop further the group's exploration interests in Cal-umbia's Lience Restin

exploration interests in Cal-umbia's Lianos Basin. In April, Tuskar arranged interim finance for evaluation of an oil find at Rubiales and the drilling of the Manacaclas 2 well, and 53m will be used to repay that debt. A further sum of approximately 53m will finance ongoing development of the Rubiales programme. The company said that a fur-ther seismic survey indicated that recoverable reserves at Rubiales erceeded original estimates of 250m barrels. The oil is relatively heavy, at 14 to 15 degrees API, and

The oil is relatively heavy, at 14 to 15 degrees APL, and analysts have expressed con-cern at possible production problems, due to the nature of the oil and the remote location of the field. However, Mr. Mike Doherty.

However, Mr Mike Doherty, managing director, said that the group did not expect any difficulties. It intended to build an upgrading plant on the field to increase the grav-ity of the oil to about 22 degrees API, he added.

#### an 83 per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £2.7m on turn-over of £19m in the year to **Marley in Holland**

Marley is, through its Marley Foam automotive subsidiary, to form a joint venture with Davidson Instrument Panel Textron, a subsidiary of Tex-tron of the US. The joint company, to be named Davidson Marley, will make and sell automotive instrument papels and related

3 4

-3

instrument panels and related products in Europe. Manufacturing facilities are to be established in Born in the Netherlands.

Preedy and Dillons News-

#### **NAV** increases at **R&M** American

River & Mercantile American Capital and Income Trust, reported a net asset value 43.67p per capital share and 51.71p per income share at t JL, agai

# **A RECENT DEAL REAPED** INTERESTING DIVIDEND

While few issues seem as diverse as Third World debt and the environment, they've now been linked io an innovative "debt-for-nature" swan. In this swap, Third World debt is purchased by industrialized natioos and donated to the debtor governments to reclaim land for environmental preservation.

At Salomon Brothers, for example, we recently purchased a significant amount of outstanding Costa Rican debt for the Kingdom of Sweden. In return for Sweden's forgiving the debt, Costa Rica committed to protect a 210,000 acre tropical forest.

By giving aid in this form, Sweden helped not only Costa Rica, but the entire world, because Costa Rica was able to maintain natural resources iostead of baving to sacrifice them for sbort term gains.

As for us, we were able to play a part in the largest debt-for-oature swap to date. More than that, we had the chance to help enrich the world. In a much different way than investment banks usually do.



## An exceptional gain of about £15m is expected in the second haif from the sale of a quarry in Redhill, Surrey. The result reflected a strong Excluding last year's excep-tional gain, earnings per share increased by 23 per cent to 21.5p. The dividend was increased by 16 per cent to 5.8p (So)

The company said it expec-ted little change in trading conditions with the result that

At Interox, strong demand for hydrogen peroxide was off-set by production problems in Australia. In the perborate

Inorganic and organic speci-ality products had a good first half as did paper and water

## Colefax seeks £6m to expand By Alice Rawsthorn

COLEFAX & FOWLER, the COLEFAX & FOWLER, the furnishings company which decks out the grandest of homes, is asking shareholders for £6.3m in a one-for-five rights issue to finance expan-sion, starting with the acquisi-tion of LM Kingcome, a furni-ture buckness for up of 1 du ture business, for up to £1.4m. Mr David Green, chief execu-tive, said the extra capital would enable Colefax to buy "complementary businesses" in the home furnishings sector and would provide funds for organic growth.

Colefax is offering one new share for every five shares

**Dowding & Mills rises** to £9.32m

ALTHOUGH THERE was a slowdown in the second half, Dowding & Mills lifted its pre-£7.15m to £9.32m, in the year ended June 30 1989. Mr Peter Hollins, chairman of this electrical and mechanical service organisation, said that since the end of June pro-duction had improved in all divisions. But there were forecasts of a downturn in the UK; if that happened he was confi dent the overseas companies would help to counterbalance that

largest subsidiary, Yorkshire Weekly Newspaper Group, and strong advertising revenues, contributed to a 46 per cent rise in interim profits at John-ston Press, newspaper pub-lisher and printer. Sales to Harrods help Bilston progress Emphasis on sales promotion\_ and the cost-cutting measures made by USM quoted Bilston & Battarsex Raamels are showing through, and helped increase the pre-tax profit by 45 per cent in the first half of 1989.

The result of £2.97m com-pares with £2.03m previously and was achieved on turnover up from £17.15m to £19.99m.

ker to the issue. In the last year Colefax has staged a series of strategic acquisitions. It strengthened its presence in the US by buy-ing Cowtan & Tout, the wallpa-per business, and the acquisi-tion of Jane Churchill gave it a second brand name in the UK. Colefar presently amounced US. NEWS DIGEST

Colefax recently announced



tal products division. After

tal products uvision. After these better-than-expected results, the shares rose 16p to 516p. Given analysts' forecasts of about £100m excluding exceptional items, that puts the shares on a reasonable rat-

ing of 11.5.

April 30.



32

# **Gontinuing strength** oforderintake gives grounds for confidence

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Six months to 30 June 1989 £m	Six months to 30 June 1988 £m	% change
Turnover	383	374*	+2
Profit before taxation	24	21	+14
Earnings per share	5.4p	4.8p	+12
Dividend per share	2.0p	1.8p	+11

\*Includes £30m (1989-nil) relating to the printing machinery business sold in March 1989.

Extract from the statement by Sir Ronald McIntosh KCB, Chairman of APV plc

## APV has made steady progress during 1989. Demand for food processing machinery has remained strong in our principal markets and margins have improved.

At the end of June 1989 the order book was 16 per cent higher

than a year previously. This trend has future growth. APV is well placed continued in the third guarter. The disposal of the printing machinery business has sharpened the group's focus, putting more emphasis on its core activities where

there are excellent opportunities for

#### The world's food engineers.

to take advantage of these opportunitias. The continuing strength of our order intake gives grounds for confidence.



that. Therefore, he was "cau-tiously optimistic" of improved results for the current year. Sales in the year totalled £67.3m (£52.3m). Earnings came to 6.42p (5.15p) and the divi-dend is raised to 2.32p (2p) with a final of 1.52p. At the end of the year gear-ing had been halved to 9.6 per cent.

Ratners to sell ten properties for £25m

Ratners Group, the high-street jewellery chain, is to sell 10 properties in England and Scotland. Ratners is expected to gain about £24.7m cash - 50 per cent over book-value from the sale, of which £19.3m should be received on Septem-ber 29 this year and the balance on the same date next year

The properties and busi-nesses are to be bought by two partnerships which are being established between a subsidiary of Batners and private investors and which will carry on the businesses. The partner-ships will last for eight years and, on termination, the busi-

nesses will revert to Ratners which will be entitled to take a 25-year lease on each of the properties.

The proceeds will be used to repay part of Rainers' UK bor-

#### Queen's Moat buys property developer

Queen's Moat Houses, through its subsidiary Queen's Moat Property Group, has agreed to purchase MJ Ashford, a property development and construction group based in the West Midlands. The initial consideration is £6.05m, to be satisfied by the issue of 5.22m shares of which 3.48m are being placed in the market. Further consideration, in instalments up to a maximum of £19m, depends on annual profits up to 1992.

### **Johnston Press** moves ahead 46%

raised to 1.5p (1p) on earnings up 35 per cent to 7.9p (5.86p).

Mr Fred Johnston, the chairman, said the group had also expanded its customer base. and increased profits in printing and typesetting.

#### Boustead improves 21% to £2.21m

Boustead, the overseas trader and industrial holding group with operations in the UK, Singapore, Brunei and South-East Asia, increased pre-tax profits 21 per cent from £1.83m £2.21m in the half-year to June 30.

T&S suffers 16% The company ascribed the decline to £1.19m advance to strong organic growth, increased efficiency and the contribution from in spite of a matching increase" in confectionery mar-gins, T&S Stores, the tohacco-nist and newsagent, reported acquisitions. The figures for 1968 have been restated. Turn-over rose sharply to £42.21m (£30.25m), with £28.27m (£20.86m) from the UK and £13.94m (£9.39m) from overpre-tax profits 16 per cent lower in the six months to July 1 1969. from £1.42m to £1.19m - came on turnover of £65.04m (£64.1m). Current sales were

Earnings worked through at 2.27p (1.73p) and the interim dividend is lifted to 0.5p (0.3p)

Mr Tommy Macpherson, hairman, said that prospects in the markets and countries in which the company operated varied from continued buoyancy in Sonth-East Asia to weakness in certain sectors in the UK.

From sales 20 per cent-higher at £2.06m (£1.7m) this maker of hand-decorated enamel boxes and clocks pro-duced a profit of £215,009 (£148,000). Sales to Harrods helped

The profit figure - down

per cent.

The

46.01p a year earlier. Earnings per income share were down at 3.85p (4.28p) and the second interim dividend is lifted to 1.6p (1.5p). achieve 23 per cent growth in the UK, while the US per-

The company said that after a third interim dividend of 1.6p (1.5p), it intended to recomformed particularly strongly in an overseas sales increase of 18 mend a final of 2.2p (1.9p), for a

total of 7p (6.4p) for the year. In yesterday's edition, a ver-sion of these results was incor-Sales in the third quarter continued to be buoyant. The timing of price rises and the issue of annual catalogues rectly attributed to River & Mercantile Trust, which has not have been hrought forward reported this week. which should benefit the busy

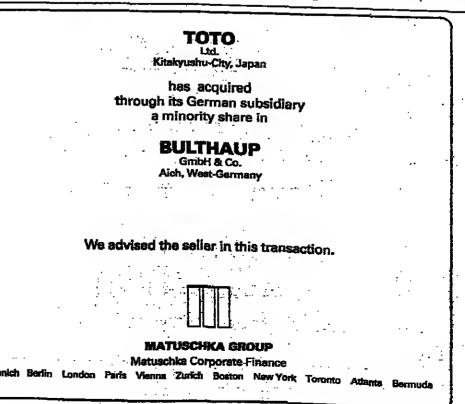
Christmas ordering period. Earnings in the half year moved up to 3.3p (2.3p) and the interim dividend is 1.75p (1.5p). SWP at £1.19m and sees no slowing

SWP Group, the building products company which came to the USM last October, reported pre-tax profits up 59 per cent In spite of a "material from £746,000 to £1.19m for the

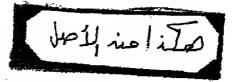
year to end June. Mr Robert Stickings, chair-man, said that, after two months of the present year, order books were at record levels and there had been no reduction in the level of business as a result of the downturns in retail spending and

housing starts. In June the company acquired Crescent of Cam-bridge and the figures have ahead of budget, the company interim dividend is raised to 1.5p (1p), payable from earnings of 3.62p (4.19p) been prepared on a merger accounting basis.

per 5p share. A final dividend of 2.5p is forecast. accounting passs. Turnover was £2.25m higher at £10.52m. Earnings per share came out at 3.1p (1.97p). A maiden dividend of 0.5p is pro-An extraordinary debit of £2.61m related to the group's acquisition in May of Alfred posed.



An excellent result from its



### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

## **Reduced demand clips Kwik-Fit**

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#### John Thomhill

Contraction of the second

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WIK-FIT Holdings, the car arts specialist in which Contiiental, the West German tyre manufacturer, recently revealed a 10 per cent stake, vesterday announced a marginal fall in interim pre-tax profits from £9.83m to £9.62m. But Mr Tom Farmer, the company's founder, chairman, and chief executive, defiantly declared. "As far as the man-agement, and the 8,000 Kwik-Fit fitters are concerned, this company is not for sale." As for Continental, he said:

"We regard them as we regard any other shareholder. No tyre manufactorer has to buy a stake to build a relationship with Kwik-Fit. All they have to do is offer us competitive Drices."

Kwik-Fit does not buy tyres from Continental, the world's

fourth largest producer. In the half year to August 31, operating profits advanced 9 per cent to £10.41m (£9.58m) on turnover ahead 22 per cent at £97.07m (£79.68m). Higher interest charges of £1.47m (£568,000), however, checked the pre-tax advance. The pre-tax fall had been

caused by a decline in con-sumer spending, resulting in

The effect of high interest rate and the prolonged hot weath combined to hit interim figure from Bentalls, the Kingsto upon Thames-based dept-

ment store group. At the pre-tax level prits fell from £1.16m to £623.0 in the half year ended July 2 on

sales down to £31.85m (2m). Earnings were 0.94p (76p); the interim dividend is epped

up to 0.6p (0.55p). Lasyear's

total was 3.5p. There was an extra dinary gain of £222,000 on the isposal of the removal and pository

business.

Interest

rates hit

**Bentalls** 

only modeate progress in the group's established centres. Explaining this fall-off, Mr Farmer sad, "If you are finsh and you ret a hole in your exhaust then you get a new one. If yol do not have the money, then you get a baked bean can md put that on." But he remained confident

Bnt he remained confident that business would pick np again. "Bople have to buy our product: at the and of the day." Most a the increase in sales

had come from the 36 new cen-tres aquired or opened during the priod. although these mide to contribution to profits after ibsorbing start-up costs. In otal, Kwik-Fit now operates 11 centres in the UK and

on the continent Fily diluted earnings per shae fell by nearly 15 per cent to 760 (4.420) because of the increased number of shares in issie. The interim dividend is

#### urhanged at 1.04p. COMMENT

By Maggie Urry

WM MORRISON Super-

markets, the Yorkshire-based food retailer, yesterday reported a 21 per cent rise in

reported a 21 per cent rise in interim pre-tax profits from £13.84m to £16.72m. The period covers the 27 weeks to August 5, compared with 26 weeks the previous year, and the current financial

year will be 53 weeks. The shares slipped 3%p to 176%p, Sales rose hy 35 per cent from £275.86m to £372m, with 5

percentage: points of the gain coming from the extra

week's trading. About 17 points

of the gain came from new stores, net of two closures and existing stores contributed 12.9 percentage points. Mr Ken

The attractions of Kwik-Fit for styre manufacturer, or anyone. softe in that matter, or anyone of for that matter, are clear see. A proven retail formula, a "obsession with quality," and an aggressive and innova-

Kwik~Fit Share price relative to the FT-A All-Share Index 180 160 140

120 100 1987

They would have a hard joh arguing that they could run the business any better, and would almost certainly have to consider paying a very high

Morrison, chairman, said this represented significant prog-ress even allowing for infla-

Mr Morrison said that tight

control of overheads, the new distribution centre, an improved sales mix, and

reduced store opening costs

meant that operating margins

rose from 4.7 per cent to 5.1 per

cent. However, a £2.9m swing at the interest level to a charge

of £1.6m, held back pre-tax

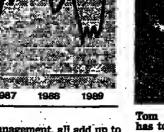
profits growth. Eight stores were opened

during the last financial year

and three will be opened in the current year. There are eight

more stores in various stages

of development.



a highly successful business with excellent long-term growth potential. But potential predators may well think twice before tangling with the formi-dable Mr Farmer, who would surely mount a robust defence.

Tom Farmer: no tyre maker has to buy a stake tive management, all add up to

Kwik-Fit is probably right in believing that sales have been deferred, not lost. A recent study suggested there was an epidemic of bald tyres on the road and many of these will be replaced come the next icy spell. On full-year pre-tax prof-its of £20m, the prospertive its of £20m, the prospective multiple of 17 looks high, but investors should perhaps hang on, either for any short-term excitement or for the longerprice. The figures were slightly disappointing, especially in the earnings department, but

**Copson** to raise £8.2m

#### By Richard Tomkins,

HARRISONS & Crosfield, the F COPSON, the plumbers' and builders' merchant, is raising 68.2m through a rights issue to help finance its diversification into the hotel and nursing home businesses.

The change of direction follows the assumption of board-room control by the Chatwani brothers, who displaced Mr Richard Thompson as a major shareholder and director in March

approval, Copson will make a seven-for-11 rights issue of 4.52m shares at 195p a share. The Chaiwanis, with 16.3 per cent of the issued equity, will take np 400,000 of the shares. The proceeds will be used to finance the recently agreed purchase of the Hare and Hounds Hotel in Speen, near Newbury, Berkshire, and the Conifers Nursing Home in Hambleton, near Preston, Lan-

The Hare and Hounds, cost-ing £1.93m, has 31 bedrooms and planning permission for another seven. The Conifers, costing £1.45m, is registered for 52 residents and has plan-ning permission to accommo-

sition follows Copson's pur-chase of the Letchworth Hall Hotel in Hertfordshire earlier said yesterday that the bal-ance of the rights issue pro-ceeds would be used to buy further hotels and nursing

Mr Ackroyd said the group preferred not to use sale and leasebacks to finance develop-

ment, or to issue new shares. The need for cash in the husiness held the divideod increase to 9 per cent, to 0.3p (0.275p). Earnings per share were 24 per cent ahead at 5.06p

## High level of mergers contributes to Schroders' rise

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

tion.

#### By David Lascies, Banking Editor

SCHRODERS the City of London finatial services group, made the profits in the first half this year than profits compared favourably the first half, this year that, it did in 1989 As is, chymary, the group of 1987, before the market did not putch any figures. But Mr Cage Mallinckrodt, "executive sairingn, said "All" The result was beloed by a

takeover battle for Gold Fields, to which Schroders was adviser and earned a large

high level of mergers and ment, venture capital, property and securities businesses were all doing well, Mr Mallinckrodt acquisitions business, where Schroders is a market leader. The six months included the said

unchanged at 6p. Any adjust-ment will be made at next year's annual meeting, Mr Mal-linckrodt said.

The interim dividend is

The investment manage-

## Harrisons & Crosfield moves into petfoods with £44m buy via rights

Midlands Correspondent

chemicals, agribusiness and builders' merchants group, vesterday moved into the petfood business, and at the same time prepared to vacate its niche in the speciality flavours and fragrances market.

Announcing an agreed £44m offer for Edward Baker Holdings, a petfood maker and flour miller, the group also unveiled plans to anction off Felton Worldwide, a US-hased company which supplies flavours and fragrances to food and per-Subject to sharebolders' sonal products manufacturers.

Edward Baker has grown rapidly in recent years, mainly on the strength of its Omega brand dry and semi-moist pet products. Pre-tax profits have increased sixfold since 1984 to £3.5m for the year to October 1988 It sells about half its annual output of 40,000 tonnes to the Continent, and a new factory is currently being built. Net

cashire.

favourable exchange rates helped boost the taxable profit of Antofagasta Holdings, the UK-quoted group with a wide 30

> impact of the high copper price during the past 18 months that Cerro Negro, a copper mine in Chile previously written-off by its owners, has eliminated all its debt and made a taxable profit of more than £4m in the six months. Antofagasta's share, included for the first time, was £1.39m.

Earnings per share nearly doubled to 42.3p (21.9p), and the interim dividend is being lifted 50 per cent to 6p (4p) partly to reflect the better results but also to reduce further the disparity with the

The pre-tax contribution from mining increased from £3.89m to £6.89m. Results from the railway operations also improved, from £1.69m to £1.73m, because of increased minerals and copper traffic. Interest on £21m in bank

By Christopher Parkes, Consumer Industries Editor include International Flavours assets are around £10m. The acquisition will he and Fragrances of the US and financed by an allotmeot of Quest, a subsidiary of Unilever, which are currently jostling for world market leadership. Harrisons shares at market value and a loan note alternative for up to 20 per cent of the mented flavours and fra-grances industry has heen total price.

Mr George Paul, group chief executive, said perfood fitted neatly between the company's animal feed and human food interests.

Invitations to tender for Felton International were being sent out following three serious approaches in the past few weeks, Mr Paul added. The company, based in New Rapidly changing fashions have also raised the pressure

York, turned over \$75m last year on sales of food flavour-ings, soluble spices and esseotial olls used in perf-

"The sort of price levels we have been offered indicate the for \$25m when turnover was \$:0m. The operations of Pauls, business is worth more to someone else than it is to us," its existing UK specialist company were merged with Mr Paul said. Companies likely to bid Felton later in the same

Strong copper price lifts Fags

deposits outside Chile, about financial controller, said the half in US dollars, jumped from £347,000 to £2.34m. But £1.1m of the increase was accounted for hy exchange gains being taken above the line for the first

Associated companies contrihutlons came to £4.3m (£2.01m). Apart from Cerro Negro, Madeco, the copper tuhe maker, put in £2.1m (£1.58m), the telecommunications business contributed £508,000 (£431,000), and the share of Banco O'Higgins was

The following companies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the pur-pose of considering dividends. Official indica-tions are not available as to whether the dividends are interims or finals and the sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on na & Crosfield Oct. 18 500. 21 Oct. 1 Sep. 25 Sep. 28 Sep. 27 Sep. 29 TODAY basefase-Bodiord (William), Breedon, Filotax, Guidehouse, Highland Participana, IRG, Lib-erty, Maceitan-Gientivet, Otiver, PML, Poly-pipe, Spear. lloy (Ben) FUTURE DATES arvey & Thompson .. interima-Brownakor

range of interests in Chile. Profits went up from £8.7m to time, £15.3m in the half-year to June

company was "very confident" about the second half. Copper prices were bolding up well and output at the 65 per centowned Michilla mine was being boosted gradually by 50 per ceot by the year end, so increased output should comprices.

pensate for any drop in metal Railway operations continued to do well and Banco O'Higgins was likely to be the only Chilean bank completely free of Central Bank debt by

33

Concentratioo in the irag-

gathering pace lately, as manu-

Research and development

costs are rising sharoly, driven

by demand for more "natural"

products which require consid-

erable investment in rare

on flavour and fragrance mak-ers to increase their output of

Harrisons bought Felton

from its family owners in 1985

skills.

new sensations.

facturers seek critical mass.

term appreciation. Wm Morrison advances 21%

the full year. As a result gear-ing would rise to 50 per cent by

the year end, and would

increase again the following

date another six. The Hare and Hounds acomi-

The cost of expansion is pushing up the company's gearing. Capital expenditure in the first half was £28m and Mr Martin Ackroyd, finance direc-tor, said it would be £75m for this year for £4.25m. Copson

**Birse offer** 

for sale oversubscribed

By Vanessa Houlder The hasis of allocation of

shares in Birse Group, a con-struction and plant hire company, will be revealed today. This follows the announce-ment by Schroders, the group's sponsor, that the offer

scribed. The offer of 15.9m shares at 120p has valued the company at £76.5m and will raise about £17.7m in new money for the company,

So substantial has been the

£300,000 (nil). Mr Christopher Jowett, the end of 1989. Mr Jowett



final. for sale has been oversub-

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent STRONG copper prices and

\$ 340

g Golden Dairy, which makes lozzarella cheese at its mod-arn facility at Llanefont, Angle-sea, North Wales. It exports to Japan, France and Germany. The acquisition takes, effect from October 6. BEAZER'S US subsidiary,

Beazer Materials and Services, has sold its interest in Agri Di-agnostics to Union Carbide for approximately \$4.5m (\$2.88m). EVANS HALSHAW has acquired Godfrey Motor (Cardiff) for £4.15m cash. In 1988 Godfrey made pre-tax profits of £558,000 on turnover of £25.5m; showed net tangible assets were £1.96m. FIRST LEISURE CORPORA-

TION has exchanged contracts for the acquisition of a number of development sites, resulting in a £20m expansion of its dis-cotheque and tenpin bowling activities. GLAMAR GBOUP has

acquired Scanam Hosiery for an initial £385,000 plus deferred consideration up to a maxi-mum of £300,000 subject to future profits.

AMEBCAN BUSINESS SYSTE'S US operating com-pany Danka Industries, has comfited the acquisition of Gradar of Baltimore, Mary-landor \$600,000 (2384,600), of with \$400,000 is payable in Sciember 1990. ADMORE FOODS is acquir-g Golden Dairy, which makes

. . .

HUNTINGDON INTERNA-TIONAL has acquired Kansas City Testing Lab, which has offices in Kansas City, Miss-ouri, Topeka and Shawnee Mis-sion, Kansas and Tulsa, Okla-homa. The company is a leading supplier of Geotechni-cal amirpomental and chemiscal, environmental and chemistry tewsting services in the region. In 1988 it made reve-

region. In 1988 If made reve-mets of some \$3m. KLP GBOUP is huying Eros Mailing and Decron Displays and the business of ARA Advertising from a subsidiary of Cresta Holdings for \$2m in cash. G F LOVELL rights issue taken

up in respect of 2,429,271 ordinary shares (81.2 per cent). MAGNET GROUP has sold and 1800 each. PENTLAND is making an

haddeness of the source of the agreed 33p per share cash offer for Accord Publications, valuing it at £2.2m. There is a loan note alternative. Accord incurred a pre-tax loss of £593,000 (2255,000 loss aftar an exceptional charge of £224,000) for the six months to end-June and there was a loss of 7.9p per share (2.5p). A statement said exchanged contracts with Brit-ish Aerospace Pension Fund Trustees for the sale and lease-back of the company's head

warehouse at West Bromwich.

The premises, built for £1.31m the poor trading performance in 1988, were sold for £1.35m. had continued into the current The premises, built for £1.31m in 1968, were sold for £1.35m. NESTOR-BNA has agreed to acquire the assets and under-taking of Woodlands Nursing Home in Sleights, Whithy, North Yorkshire from the Benet Partnership for £175,000. PARKWAY has sold Blackburn Print, D & R Litho and the husinesses of Portland Press and Clanic Press for a total of £500,000 comprising £202,195 in cash and £237,605 in the form of repayment of inter-group half year and it was clear that the hope of an improved out-come for the full year would not be fulfilled. SOUTHNEWS has acquired the Fulham Times for £240,000, with £55,200 being paid ini-tially, from its managing direc-tor D Hetherington. Fulham Times publishes three editions of a free weekly newspaper cir-

culating in the SW areas of of repayment of inter-group indebtedness. A further sum London. It recently acquired two editions of the publicaup to £50,000 may be payable depending upon the utilisation by Blackburn of past tax tions, together with the assets and liabilities of their former publisher Metropolitan Com-

munications, an associated company of Fulham Times. The purchaser has also pro-cured the discharge in cash of ALAN PAUL has entered into an agreement with Portsea Island to acquire the 14 Stand-Alone salons comprised in Portsea Island's hairdressing division known, as the Head Shop group, for £500,000 to be satisfied by the issue of 277,778 new ordinary shares valued at 1800 esch the initial consideration of £814,00 due from from Fulham Times to Metropolltan.

SPECIALEYES: At its annual meeting, Mr Andrew Noble, chairman, said that there had been little sign of a revival of demand. The high-street shops had been trading satisfactorily, though the in-store concessions had been disappointing. The shares fell 7p to 50p on the news.

WYNDHAM GROUP has been awarded the Volkswagen/Audi franchise for the Cardiff and Newport areas.



## **Rustenburg Platinum** Holdings Limited Reg. No. 05/22452/06

## Lebowa Platimum **Mines** Limited

Reg. No. 63/06144/06

(Both companies incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

## Highlights from the Chairman's Reviews by Mr. P. F. Retief

#### **Rustenburg** Platinum

Gross sales revenues for the year have risen substantially to exceed the R2,93 billion mark and operating profit approached R1,6 billion. Distributable profit of R595,7 million exceeded last year's profit by R211,2 million or 55%. During the five years since 1984 when the distributable profit. amounted to R100,1 million, Rustenburg's distributable profits and dividends have increased at an average growth rate of 42,9% and 38,0% per

annum, respectively. The final dividend was increased to 185 cents, making tha total dividend for the year 300 cents, which is an increase of 36% over last year Operations at the new Precious Metals Refinery at Rustenburg commenced in March 1989. In terms of Rustenburg's commitment to maintain its position as the major producer and to further reduce its risk profile, Rustenburg

- is incurring capital expenditure on projects thet will reduce its unit operating costs either directly or by increasing the recovery of platinum group metals, and

 is planning to expand its platinum production significantly.
 The forty-third annual general meeting of Rustenburg Platinum Holdings Limited will be held in Johannesburg on 25 October 1989 at 10h 30.

#### The Platinum Market

The platinum market is changing in respect of both supply and demand. On the supply side, the emergence of new producers indicates that the platinum business will become increasingly competitive for producers. Competitive ability, not only in terms of unit costs per ounce but also the quality of marketing networks, will thus assume increasing importance in the coming years.

The autocatalyst demand remains the largest single application for platinum. Considerable developments have occurred in the last year which will considerably enhance the prospects for the long-term growth of demand. Platinum is becoming an established part of the investor products market worldwide and is now finding a place as a serious contender for loog-term holdings by small investors.

Copies of the annual reports and chairman's reviews may be obtained from the London Secretaries, Barnato Brothers Limited, 99 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 3XE.

The year again saw a healthy increase in gross sales revenue of some 31% to R68,5 million, notwithstanding that the mine was still in an expansion phase and the increased milling rate of 50 000 tons per month commenced only in August 1989. Profit before taxation increased by 61,1% to R28,7 million. An increased final dividend of 5,0 cents per sbare

Lebowa Platinum

(4,0 cents per share) was declared, making a total of 7,5 cents per share for the year The present plan is to further increase the milling

rate to 70 000 tons per month as from August 1991 and this will be funded by the Company from income earned.

If current nagotiations regarding additional expansion opportunities are successfully concluded your Company will become one of the lowest cost platinum producers having two relatively large production units. Given the low production cost, the large reserves held by your Company adjacent to these production units and the tax shields that would be available for increasing production, these developments will place your Company in an enviable position to meet the challenges and opportunities of the nineties.

The eighteenth annual general meeting of Lebowa Platinum Mines Limited will be held in Johannesburg on 25 October 1989 at 09h 30.

The bearer shares and the participation certificates of BBC Brown Boveri Ltd, Baden/Switzerland are listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange

as from 11th September, 1989.

The listing has been sponsored by

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Schweizerische Bankgesellschaft (Deutschland) AG

Birmingham Midshires **Building Society** £150,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1998 Interest Rate: 14.0625% per annum Interest Period 21 September, 1989 to 21 December, 1989 Interest Amount per £5,000 Note due 21.12.89:£175.30 Interest Amount per £50.000 Note due 21.12.89; £1,753.00 ٠ Agent Bank Bating Brothers & Co., Limite

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## THE PROPERTY MARKET

# Interest in the side streets

be smaller guys always get squeezed, sighed John Radgick. Indeed, they do in the property market - not just speculators and traders but also owner-occupi-

ers. Mr Radgick is an auctioneer at Sallman Harman Healy and he was talking about the effect of higher interest rates and the uncertainty which has appeared in the market for smaller business premises.

This is an undocumented area of the property market where evidence of performance is largely anecdotal. The institutions are not much inter-ested in properties of multiple occupancy, except for rela-tively small investments in specialised trusts. It is a sec-tion of the market with rhythms and responses quite different from, say, town cen-tre offices. Often it is the mar-

ket of the side streets. As a general observation, the supply of smaller premises has diminished in parallel with supply of premises of more than 5,000 square feet, in the view of King and Co, chartered

surveyors. Further, the strong demand by users to buy their own units appears to have been partially checked by the cost of money. hut the strong demand to rent small amounts of space remains intact. That said, the market is

extremely fragmented: what

#### By Paul Cheeseright

leases or sells in one street is no guide to what will happen may appreciate. If a company around the corner. When it comes to ownership, different groups have different perceptions of property. To the north east of the City

of London, where there is a substantial and commercially active Asian community, there is a vast amount of small husiness people with the entrenched view that owner-ship of property is the best investment," said Peter Tobin of Strettons, chartered survey-ors active in the area. sion benefits.

Yet, on top of this hase, there is now the hazardous ele-For domestic husinessmen, ment of the high interest rates. It has worked in two ways. First of all it has forced a good the motives are rather differ-ent. Ownership of the place of ent. Ownership of the place of work, once a business is rea-sonably established, is fre-quently seen as an extension of ownership of the home: paying a mortgaga is prefarable to paying rent. As Richard Norton of Leaf, deal of property out on to the market. Holding charges ara too expensive to sustain. John Burgess, a director of CSL Group, which runs the London Small Business Prop-erty Trust, has found that

RENTAL GROWTH (%)

Retail

3.5 0.8

Office

21.5

5.4

Norton. accountants, explained, purchase not only takes a business out of the properties praviously offered for purchase bnt rejected as

Year to July 1989

Quarter to July 1989 Month of July 1989

ever-increasing rental market but provides an asset which too expensive have started to coma back again, but at a lower price.

At auctions, Mr Radgick noted, sellers have dropped is borrowing to buy, the inter-est payable attracts tax relief. Sale of the premises and the reinvestment of the funds in their reserves by about five per cent for better small properties and by about 15 per cent for poorer quality premises. But the buyers have been in the the business means capital gains tax can be rolled over. And, Mr Norton noted, if a buiness has a self-administered wings. For them, purchase is made more difficult not only by high interest rates but also pension fund, this fund can acquire the property, lease it back to the husiness and use by a growing insistence among the banks on conservative valthe revenue to enhance penuations of the properties in question, often attaching to them only a forced sale value. Here then is a softer market. No doubt just what Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, had in mind when he pushed interest rates np.

Industrial

26.9

6.8 3.6

But, by contrast, this factor appears to have had little effect on leasing. The two parts of the market are linked to the extent that much recent development has been directed at owner-occupi-

19.9

4.8

1.8

All Property

ers rather than at tenants: a quicker return on investment and no management problems afterwards. Also, the desire of developers to extract more value from their sites by providing B1 - general business use - accommodation created a shortage of more basic shed premises at a time of, in the south east at least, intense economic activity.

Strettons have a tale from the unfashionable and scruffy district of north east London, but close to the City, where a warehouse lay three quarters vacant for four years, was given a capital value of \$300,000 in 1982 and is now attracting total rents of £200,000 a year. There appears to be no slack-

ening of the tempo. Granby Martin, letting mainly 900 square feet sheds for London Small Business Proparty Trust's development in Leyton, north east London, said that this year rents had moved up from £7,50 to £9.50 a square foot. Of 15 units, 13 have been let on leases of three years and two are under offer. To the extent that it is possi-hle to generalise, these experi-ences suggest that at the small end of the market there is little of the uncenticipate which is

WHEN the work has finished this site will be Silverman's Yard in Shoreditch, north east of the City of London. It is just about on the City fringe, but, says Henry Harrison whose company Blythe Projects owns the development, this is an

area where there are no estab-

Mr Harrison is projecting

tished values.

This means that if owner-oc-cupiers of the new units are to be attracted then the develop-ment has to set off from a modest site value. of the uncertainty which is starting to be reflected in CBI sales at the rate of 2200 a square foot for a gross floor area. On small unit developbusinesses aurveys. But small businesses probably lag the large and the property indus-try lags the economy.



space is not good for the deal oper: hence the selling is is based on the gross area, rater than the net as would be case in a large City un block.

units with an average size of 2,000 square feet. This approach opens up more diverse forms of finane-ing. Mr Harrison is working to arrange with a building soci-ety a commercial mortgage at a residential rate, so that notential buyers can be offered Working the projected wis prices back to the site wind Mr Harrison said "If you th developer] are paying 25 a cent - that's £50 a square for in this case - then it word out about right." But the twist in this partic

But the twist in this particul-lar scheme is that it is party work space and party resident tial; the owner-occupier can live above the shop, so to speak. This approach is unusual, "slightly planeering," eir purcha

as Mr Harrison put it. There have been similar develop-ments in London Docklands to exploit the fax shelter market. In this case there will be 22 units with an average size of

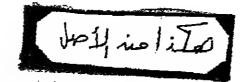
potential buyers can be offered a financial package to fund

Silverman's Yard could be a sefuge, Mr Harrison hopes, for mail businesses offering ser-tices to the City.

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## **COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE**

World's thirst for oil takes the pressure off Opec

## **Bush letter** stirs up world coffee markets

#### By David Blackwell

36

THE LETTER sent earlier this week by President George Bush of the US in response to Colombia's plea for help in reviving the international coffee agreement has certainly stirred up the world's coffee markets.

Overnight New York prices rose sharply, the March ara-bica contract putting on 2.5 cents a lb to close at 84.75 cents a lb. Yesterday London rohusta prices opened sharply higher. November reaching £818 a tonne before retreating to close at £787 a tonne, a fall of £2 on the day. But New York again moved ahead in early trading.

President Bush's reply to President Virgilio Barco was published by the Colombians in Spanish and translated back into English. Analysts in Lon-don yesterday said the US etance towards the coffee agreement had not changed, but further statements over-night from the White House had been over optimistic because of the translation. An English copy was not avail-

The markets are monitoring the situation closely and responding quickly to any sug-gestion that the coffee agree-ment could be revived during the annual meeting of the International Coffee Organisa-tion which starts on Monday and runs for a fortnight. Analysts are sceptical that

coffee export quotas will be restored, however, because Brazil, the world's biggest pro-dncer, has said it is quite happy with a free market. One of the main reasons the coffee agreement collapsed in July was Brazil's refusal to contemplate a reduction in its export guota.

President Bush reiterated in his letter to the Colombians the two key stumbling blocks between the US and the coffee agreement - sales of coffee to countries ontside the organisa-tion at discounts to the price paid by members, and the quota system not allowing consumer countries to have as much of the top quality arabica coffees as they wanted.

President Bush is to meet President Barco in Washington next Friday to discuss the anti-drugs war and the coffee agreement. While President Bush has sent Colombia \$65m in aid towards its drugs crackdown, a fall in coffee prices of 50 per cent since the agree-ment collapsed is expected to

Organisation of Petro-leum Exporting Coun-Oil price tries gather in Geneva this weekend with oil markets more stable than they have 20 been since nearly four years ago, when oil prices took a big plunge as Saudi Arabia tried to 18 re-establish its share of the world market by increasing

production. The meeting of Opec's eight-member Ministerial Monitoring Committee, whose brief is to review market conditions, will be attended by a number of other ministers as observers. If a concensus were reached about how to address overpro-duction or quota problems, an extraordinary ministerial meet-

ing could be convened. Brent crude oil has been hovering near \$18 a barrel for weeks on end, while West Texas Intermediate Crude has been selling for nearly \$20. Most Opec crudes, particularly Middle Eastern crudes which tend to be chemically heavier with a higher sulphur content, have been going for much less. Dubai crnde oil has heen Sea crudes. quoted on spot markets at under than \$16 a barrel.

**By David Blackwell** 

Council.

record highs.

STOCKS of wheat held by the

five big exporting countries are set to fall by the end of the

1989/90 season to levels not

seen since the so-called "world

food crisis" in the mid-1970s, according to the latest report from the International Wheat

Concern about the adequacy of stocks has not, however,

een reflected in current mar-

ket prices. In contrast the mid-

1970s saw wheat prices at

Aggregate total supplies in the group - the US, the EC,

Analysts are again talking about "missing oil" the des-crepancy between what Opec is Opec members probably deserve little credit for this stabelieved to bs producing, inventory levels, and estimated consumption. With much of bility. Although a major dis-rupting factor in the organisa-tion was removed late last year the supposed missing oil at the end of last year found eventuwhen Iraq rejoined the quota system after being given a quota equal to that of Iran, ally to have gone up in smoke in power stations, almost no one wants to take the risk of

Brent blend crude (\$ per barrel) W Ta M YA 16 12 1968 1989 Source : Petroleum Argun

being wrong again hy predict-Opec quota discipline has still on the other hand, there is a possibly tempting analogy with 1987, in which having snc-coeded in getting writes have deteriorated badly. Opec pro-duction is estimated to exceed duction is estimated to exceed 22m barrels a day, which is 2m h/d above Opec's self-imposed production ceiling. What has saved the cartel has been the world's appar-ently unquenchable thirst for oll along with supply disput.

Wheat stocks reach 'lowest since mid-70s'

demand.

ceeded in getting prices back to a reasonable level following oil, along with supply disrup-tions which have continued to the crash of 1986, Opec mem-bers spoiled the market hy affect the availability of North

Mr Phillip Morgan, an ana-hyst at Citicorp, reckons that Opec production has risen to 25m h/d, and with UK North Sea production gradually recovering, the market is threatened with an excess that

oil is reckoned to be contributing already to the greenhouse effect.

Although refining margins dipped in July refineries did not cut back on runs of crude oil and margins have since recovered. This indicates refiners are seeing a strong level of demand for oil products which

encourages them to keep buy-ing crude oil and processing it. Some industry analysts believe the Paris-based Interna-

believe the Paris-based Interna-tional Energy Agency, which monitors oil for the industria-lised countries, may be undar-estimating world oil consump-tion by more than 500,000 barrels a day. Mr Mehdi Varzi, of Klein-wort Benson, says oil consump-tion is rising by more than 2 per cent annually, which could lead to considerable tightness in the market some time in the next two years. relations have become progres-sively strained since the cease-

in the market some time in the next two years. Many of the Opec countries are plainly unhappy that Opec's \$18 reference price for a basket of crudes is still being missed by a wide mark, and there is plenty of finger-point-ing, especially by Opec mem-hers which are producing at capacity and arebadly in need of increased revenues. fire between Iran and Iraq over a year ago. Kuwait's relations with Iraq are also strained by

of increased revenues. The fingers, of course, are pointing mainly at the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait, differences among the Opec members on oil matters as well. The fact that the Saudi could drive down prices. This, however, would definitely be a minority view. The concensus is rather that like last year, the unaccounted for Minister, Mr Hisham Nazer, will not attend the meeting this weekend for medical reasons has lead many to believe

Steven Butler suggests oil ministers meeting in Geneva this weekend will postpone tough decisions there is little chance of any output to 13.5m b/d at the Opec hreakthrough. ministerial conference in June. Kuwait has been making the case that both Kuwait and the It would appear in any case that the Saudis do not have too

MIM Holdings to build

£11m UK lead smelter

much leverage left. Last year the Saudis sharply increased UAE need to receive a realistic increase is their quotas. It production in order to make their point about quota disciappears Opec may have made a fundamental error by not compline, and also to put pressure on Iran to accept a higher Iraqi promising in June. Saudi Arabia, for its part, as quota allocation.

Opec's largest producsr appeared unwilling to sacrifice formal market share as This time it is Kuwait and This time it is known and the UAE which would be the recipients of any "message" from the Saudis but neither would be hurt significantly by a fall in prices. If the Saudis formal market share as expressed by its quota share. In the event actual market share and price have been sac-rificed as a result. But it remains an open question whether even higher quotas would have restrained produc-tion by Kuwait or the UAE. The execution of 16 Knwaitis by Saudi Arabia yesterday will not promote goodwill between these Arab neighbors, whose relations have become progres. decided to break quota by a wide margin and spoiled the market, it could come creaking home quickly.

Aside from the issue of quota busting, there is a long agenda at the meeting which ranges from discussions of proposals for a new permanent quota system and long-term strategy to reorganising the Opec servetariat.

with Iraq are also strained by lack of progress in resolving their border dispute. Mr Varzi said: "Relations between Gulf producers have an almost unprecedented degree of fluidity." This com-plicated the task of resolving But in an atmosphere of rela-tively high oil prices, compared to recent years, there is proba-bly not enough pressure on the ministers to take any decisive action. This meeting is more than likely to be a testing ground for the real battles: which will probably be fought: out at the regular meeting in November, where Opec will have to approve a new produchave to approve a new production agreement.

India places contracts to supplement sugar stocks By K.K. Sharma in New

The weath

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INDIA has finalised contracts for the importation of 200,000 tonnes of sugar to overcome domestic shortages and plans further purchases if these are needed.

The sugar shortage has led to a sharp rise in prices when demand is rising because of several Hindu festivals in the next few weeks.

The shortage comes as as The shortage comes as as campaigning for the Indian general elections is warming up. Opposition leaders are blaming the Government of binging The contracts were announced yesterday hy Mr Sukh Ram, Minister for Food and Civil Supplies. He said they had been awarded at \$517 to \$59 a tourse.

to \$519 a tonne. An earlier bid was reopened because unregistered suppliers did not furnish bid bonds in time. Mr Ram said he would permit further imports hy unredistand complians if they more interesting the suppliers if they provided bonds. These imports would be in addition to the

would be in addition to the 200,000 tonnes. Sugar industry sources said they had recommended that 500,000 tonnes should be imported this year to tide the country over the festival sea-son. The Government has agreed to imports of this quan-tity but it is impossible to arrange additional purchases during the few weeks of the festival season. The present shortage is said to be due to a fall in produc-tion of cane - land has been diverted to other crops - and to the smuggling of sugar to Nepal and other countries.

**Optimism** grows on ITC deal

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By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

THERE was a growing expectation yesterday that agreement could be reached between the 23 countries of the International Tin Council and its creditors, who have set a deadline of September 30.

Creditor banks and brokers claim they are owed £513m from the collapse in 1985 of the ITC's tin price support scheme but have indicated they would be willing to accept £182.5m.

Delegates from the ITC coun-tries started two days of talks in London yesterday, attempting to agree a formula to raise the cash.

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390/4 389/4 370/4 343/0 348/4

71.35 73.12 72.52 73.25 73.25 71.15 59.90

41.72 43.30 44.30 42.10 45.75 45.95 42.60

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prices tripled, and the Soviet Union made unprecedented purchases. Since then oil says. The IWC has left unchanged its July forecast for total world prices have dropped and the wheat production in 1989/90 at market has come to grips with the unpredictability of Soviet 532m tonnes - second only to the 1988 record of 538m tonnes. Nevertheless, production will In addition exporting counbe below consumption for the third year in succession.

tries have improved handling, storage and transport facilities, The forecast for coarse eliminating the need to carry such a large volume of stocks from one harvest to the next. Farmers are also able to grains has been revised down-wards to 814m tonnes from July's 840m tonnes, with production in western Europe notably lower because of the dry summer. respond quickly to production incentives, bringing the risk of a return to surplus, the IWC

## US farmers uneasy about plan to boost planting

Canada, Australia and Argen-tina - are forecast at 226m

tonnes this year, the same as

in 1988/89. Their combined exports will rise to compensate for reduced availability in

smaller exporting countries,

leaving their stocks 6m tonnes

lower at 33m tonnes. The IWC points out that the

group's combined exports have

risen to 90m tonnes from between 55m and 65m tonnes

Various factors are cited for

the current lack of market

reaction. In the mid-1970s oil

in the mid-70s.

#### By Nancy Dunne in Washington

AMERICAN farmers are imeasy about a plan hy the US Agriculture Department which is expected to boost US wheat production, add to surplus stocks and lower prices. The scheme, announced last

Farmers who increase their subsidies and encouraged to planting will however, have respond to market signals. But less protection from governfarmers are loathe to forego Mr Barry Jenkins, communi-cations director of the National the protection of price sup-

On May 31 Mr Yentter announced that producers would have to set aside 5% of their wheat acreage to be eligi-

1989 is now estimated at 2.06bn bushels. The USDA believes the changes in the programme will raise the number of planted wheat acres from 67.5m to 69.6m and expand

By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent MIM Holdings, the Australian MiM Holdings, the Australian mining and metals group, is to become a substantial force in the battery lead recycling busi-ness in Europe by spending £11m on a new, high-technol-ogy smelter at its Britannia Refined Metals plant in North-floot Kent and by hugher

Refined Metals plant in North-ileet, Kent, and by huying Chloride's battery recycling business in the UK. Mr Peter Slaughter, manag-ing director of MIM's UK sub-sidiary. said: "Britannia is already the largest primary lead refinery in Europe and now plans to expand in the recycling industry." Financial details of the deal-for MIM to buy Chloride Met-als, which has a well-estab-lished battery collection,

and Noranda Minerals, the Canadian mining company, will today open a A\$20m gold and silver refinery in Sydney, writes Chris Sherwell. The plant, with an annual capacity of 300,000 or of gold and 3m or of silver, is said to be the only one in the world dedicated solely to treating precions metals-bearing scrap, residnes and mine product from the raw state through to gold and silver. lished battery collection, gold and silver. It has been developed by Pacific Precious Metals, in breaking, smelting and refin-ing operation at Wakefield, Yorkshire, will be revealed in about two months when the sale is completed. which MIM and Noranda each have, 40 per, cent stakes. Toll-treck Systems, a precious met-als-investment company, holds The Northfleet smelter will

231/4 236/0 245/0 235/4 235/4

Dec Mar May Jul Sep Dec

228/4 235/4 240/0 242/0 237/0 234/0

232/4 259/6 244/6 247/4 240/0 237/2

228/6 236/0 240/4 242/6 237/4

pleted by the middle of 1991 and have an annual capacity of 40.000 tomnes.

It will replace a small fur-nace which currently refines up to 10,000 tonnes a year of recycled lead. • A consortium linking MIM and Noranda Minerals, the

50 per cent since the agree-	stocks and lower prices.	cations cirector of the National	On May 31 Mr Yenner	67.5m to 69.6m and expand	The wordineer enternet will	albanacentiant company, noms	
						the remaining 20 per cent.	ing to agree a formula to raise
cost it \$400m this year.	week by Mr Clayton Yeutter,	said: "Our people are very per-	would have to set aside 5% of		oped by MIM in conjunction		
In further developments yes-	the US Agriculture Secretary,	yous about this. It was just a	their wheat acreage to be eligi-		with Australia's Common-		
terday it was announced that	will give producers the option	few years ago that we had	hle for government payments.	programme would allow the	wealth Scientific and Indus-	the US and West Germany, the	settlement was made at the
both Mr James Murphy, the US	of planting all the land on	1.9bn bushels in storage.	But the drought which reduced	maintainance US food aid com-	trial Research Organisation. It	consortium says the plant will	last ITC session and this week
		Nobody wants to go back to	production of winter wheat has				considerable pressure is on
Dauster, bead of the Brazilian	wheat and add 5% more, while	that kind of situation."	left stocks at their lowest in		outside Australia and the first		
Coffee Institute, would attend	still receiving government pro-	Mr Yeutter has often said US	years.	ers after two consecutive years	to be used for recycled lead.	in that country's balance of	have not agreed to pay their
the ICO talks.	duction subsidies if prices fall.	farmers must be weaned off	Production of all wheat for	of drought.	The plant should be com-	payments	ehare.
					the second se		

			ORLD COMMODITIES PRI	CES		
LONDON MARKETS	COCOA - London FOX Efforme	LONDON METAL EXCHANGE	(Prices supplied by Amalgameted Metal Trading)	New York	COFFEE "C" \$7,500/be; centa/lbs	WHEAT 5,000 bu min; cents/60/b-bushel
COPPER prices eased further on the	Close Previous High/Low	Close Previous High/Lo		GOLD 100 troy az; \$/troy az	Clove Provious High/Low.	Class Previous High/Low
LME yesterday, cash metal falling £12	Sop 750 732 754 730 Dec 808 784 607 779 Mar 765 746 766 744	Aluminium, 58.7% parity (\$ per tonne)	Ring turnover 18,425 tonne		Dec 83.84 62.55 65.00 83.25	Dec 393/6 391/6 394/0 39
to £1,813 a tonne - a discount to the	Mar 765 748 766 744	Cash 1063-6 1556-7 3 months 1670-2 1885-6 1675/16	1643-4 48 1653-6 1870-2 30,215 lots	Close Previous High/Low	Mer 86.08 84.75 86.90 85.50	Mar 392/6 390/2 392/6 385
three-month price of £3. Tha decline,	May 770 752 773 750 Jul 783 785 787 765		Pling turnover 32,900 tonne	Sep 365.8 364.9 0 0 Oct 366.3 365.7 366.5 364.5	May 85.00 87.21 89.00 87.70 Jul 90.25 89.55 91.00 90.00	May 874/6 371/6 874/6 371 Jul 346/4 343/4 346/4 346
mainly in morning trading, followed	Sep 796 781 796 781	Copper, Grade A (2 per toane) Cash 1612-4 1624-6 1613/18		Oct 305.3 305.7 306.5 364.5 Nov 306.6 306.0 0 0	Sep 91.05 01.15 91.75 91.75	Jul 340/4 343/4 346/4 346 Sep 351/6 348/6 351/6 34
liquidation by commission houses and was stopped by substantial merchant	Dec 823 806 826 510	Cesh 1612-4 1524-6 1613/18 3 months 1815-7 1819-20 1639/18		Dec 370.3 370.1 370.6 368.8	Dec 94.95 93.58 94.50 94.50	
buying. Traders said the market was	Turnover: 10505 (4574) lots of 10 tonnes IGCO Indicator prices (SDRs per tonne). Daily	Leed (2 per tonne)	Ring turnover 4,600 torne	Feb 374.2 374.0 374.5 373.1 Apr 375.2 373.1 377.8 377.0	SUGAR WORLD "IT" 112,000 fbs; cents/fbs	
axpected to remein voletile over tha	price for Sep 20 895.03 (894.25) :10 day average	Cesh 489.5-70 480-71 470.5/46		Jun 382.4 382.3 581.8 . 381.8	Close Previous High/Low	LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lbs; conts/lbs
ahort-term, with Comex still leading the	tor Sep 21 820.40 (822.01)	S months 484.5-5 465-5 467/462	9 471-2 454.5-5.5 460-9 12,391 lots	Aug 305.5 395.4 0 0	Oct 14.45 14.19 14.46 14.20	Close Previous High/Low
way, eithough general sentiment	COFFEE - London FOX E/tonne	Nickel (\$ per tonne) .	Ring turnover 774 torste	Oct 390.8 390.7 0 0	Jan 13.10 18.10 0 0	. Oct 71.70 71.15 71.77 71
seems to indicate e short-tarm test of	Close Previous High/Low Sep 770 777 800 775	Cesh 11000-100 11250-350 11200	11150-200	PLATRIUM BO troy oz; S/troy oz.	Mar 13.96 13.09 13.96 13.67 May 13.73 13.45 13.74 13.50	Dec 73.52 73.17 73.62 73
downalde chart areas. Three-month aluminium, which have been in	Nov 787 789 818 785	3 months 10850-700 10920-6 10900/1		Close Previous High/Low	Jul 13.55 18.30 18.55 18.38	Feb 72.92 72.87 73.25 72 Apr 73.57 73.75 74.05 73
contango all this week, reilled from s	Jan 797 776 818 790 Mar 511 790 830 807	Tia (\$ per tonne)	Ring sumover 340 torne	Oct 478.1 478.2 478.8 475.5	Oct 13.15 12.90 13.14 13.05.	Jun 71.25 71.50 71.75 71
two-yeer low of \$1,645 e tonne to close	May 630 810 845 622	Cesh 6100-20 6089-91 3 months 8200-20 6185-200 8200/61	8050-70 50 2160-70 \$200-25 5.329 lots	Nov 478.8 478.9 0 0	COTTON 50,000; cents/lbs	Aug 69.90 09.90 70.00 89
slightly ahead on the day. The morning	Jul 850 825 855 840 Sep 872 846 873 862	Zinc, Special High Grade (\$ per tonne)	Pitng turnover 11,050 tonne	Apr 484.5 484.8 484.8 484.5 483.0	. Close Previous High/Low	
market had been unsettled by market	Turnover: 7684 (3051) lots of 5 tormes		1635-7	Jul 487.5 487.6 487.0 487.0 Oct 491.1 491.1 483.0 483.0	Oct 71.90 - 73.70 73.55 71.90	LIVE HOGS 30,000 lb; centa/lbs
talk of substantiel arrivals of	ICO Indicator prices (US cents per pound) for	Cash 1630-40 1840-5 3 months 1630-5 1834-6 1835/15	10 1525-8 1635-40 13,554 lots	SKLVER 5,000 troy oz: cents/broy oz.	Dec 72.81 74.25 74.10 72.70	Close Previous High/Low
aluminium in LME warehouses this week. Cocca prices were boosted by	Sep 20: Comp. daily 86.65 (67.98). 15 day aver- age 69.95 (70.98)	Zind (S per tonne)	Ring turnover 3,150 Ionne		Mar 74.00 75.40 75.10 78.80 May 74.85 76.28 76.00 74.80	Ort 41.00
French trade house buying; charts	SUGAR - Londen POX (\$ per tonne)	Gash 1580-90 1800-10 3 months 1570-5 1550-6	1574-5	Close Previous High/Low	Jul 75.15. 78.27 76.00 75.05	
point to further gains.	Rew Close Previous Higt/Low	3 months 1570-5 1550-6	1567-70 1575-85 5,149 lots	Sep 518.1 511.9 519.0 513.5 Oct 519.2 513.2 0 0	Oct 69.00 70.40 69.80 89.00	AND 44.42 44.80 44.92 44.
	Oct 318.80 311.43 378.80 313.00	SPOT: 1.5795 3 monthar: 1.5506	6 months: 1.8434 9 months: 1.5274	Nov \$23.8 \$17.5 0 0	ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lbs; cents/lbs	Jun 46.87 48.97 47.00 48
SPOT MARKETS	Dec 320.00 \$14.00 \$13.00 \$13.00 Mar \$11.00 304.40 \$11.00 304.40			Dec 527.8 521.5 528.0 519.0 Jan 530.5 524.5 0 0	Close Previous High/Low	All 47.22 47.05 47.40 47.
Crude oil (per barrel FOB) + or -	May 305.60 299.40 305.00 299.00	POTATOES - BPE 2/mme	LORDON BULLION MARKET	Mar 539.2 633.1 540.0 531.1	Nov 136.75 135.15 137.25 138.80	Oct 42.60 40.60 40.60
Dubel \$15.55-5.65g + 0.08 Brent Blend \$17.80-7.90w + .025	Aug 301.00 296.00 300.80 295.00 Oct 290.20 287.00 290.20 267.00	Close Previous High/Low	Gold (fine cz) S price E egutysient	May 547.4 541.2 544.0 541.0 Jul 555.8 549.4 553.5 549.0	Jan 134,15 133,50 134,80 132,30 Mar 133,80 132,75 134,00 151,30	42.66 0 42.
Brent Elend \$17.80-7.90w + .025 W.T.I. (1 pm est) \$19.80-9.85q + 0.20	White Close Previous High/Low	Nov 138.0 138.0 137.0 135.0	Cicse 353 4-363 4 229 4-230 4	Sep 564.5 656.1 568.5 560.0	May 133.15 131,95 132.15 131.15	
Oli preducta	Dec 401.00 397.00 401.00 397.00	Feb 168.0 165.0 Apr 204.5 207.9 205.0 197.8	Opening 363 1-384 229 1-230	Dec 576.7 570.3 0 0	Jul 138.06 131.30 131.00 131.00	PORK SELLIES 40,000 lbs; cents/lb
(NWE prompt delivery per tonne CIF) + or -	Mar 387.50 381.00 387.00 382.00 May 384.00 878.00 382.50 378.00	May 233.0 235.0 229.0 225.0	Morning fix 362.95 230.259 Alternoon fix 362.8 229.649	COPPER 25,000 the; cents/ibs		Close Previous High/Low /
Premium Gasoline \$216-218 +7	Aug 382.50 375.00 379.00	Turnover 761 (554) Join of 40 toones.	Alternoon fix 352.8 229.549 Dey's sight 353-1-354 1	Ciose Pravious High/Low		Feb 48.75 49.50 49.50 46.5 Mar 48.82 49.52 49.50 155
Gas Oli \$172-174 +3 <sup>1</sup> 2 Heavy Fuei Oli \$92-84 +5	Oct 371.00 263.80 370.00 364.00 Dec 368.00 358.80 366.00	SOYABBAN MEAL - BPE Stones	Day's low 36212-363	Sep 136.80 137.50 137.80 135.50		May 80.10 50.80 60.50 8.80
Naphtha \$156-158	Mar 367.50 355.80 365.00 363.00		Coine S price E equivalent	Oct 130.30 130.95 0 0 Nov 125.40 129.00 0 0		Jon 49,50 \$1.00 50,55 49,00
Petroleum Argus Estimates	Turnover: Raw 4800 (3603)lots of 50 tonnes. White 2334 (836).	Close Previous High/Low Oct 148.50 149.00 148.00	Mapielast 372-377 235-238	Dec 126.50 126.70 127.80 125.50	Chicago	Aug 48.70 48.10 48.80 48.70
Other + or -	Paris- White (FFr per tonne): Dec 2635, Mar	Dec 145.00 147.00 148.00	Britannia 372-377 235-238	- CRUDE OIL (Light) 42,000 US gails S/barrel	SOYABEANS 5,000 bu min; cents/500b bushel	·
Gold (per troy oz) \$ \$363.5 Silver (per troy oz) \$ 515c +1	2550, May 2528, Aug 2514, Oct 2470, Dec 2440.		US Eagle 372-377 235-238 Angel 372-377 235-235	Latest Previous High/Low	Close Pravious High/Low	·
Silver (per troy oz) 515c + 1 Platinum (per troy cz) \$475.75 + 1.15	CRUDE OIL ~ IPE S/barrol	Turnover 15 (5)lots of 20 tonnes.	Krugerrand 363-386 22912-23112	Nov 19.75 19.66 19.96 19.65		
Pelladium (per troy oz) \$140.25 -1.5	Close Previous High/Low	FREIGHT FUTURES - STE \$10/index point	New Sov. 85-85 533, 8412	Dec 19.55 19.45 19.72 19.40	Nov 552/6 575/4 553/4 575/0 Jan 592/6 555/6 693/4 595/2	the house of the
Aluminium (free market) \$1645 -5	Nov 17.78 17.68 17.60 17.74 Dec 17.65 17.57 17.70 17.63	Close · Previous High/Low	Old Sov. 85-86 - 5334-5432 Noble Plat 481.45-489.1 304.3-309.35	Jan 19.40 19.26 19.48 19.32 Feb 19.24 19.11 19.35 19.10	Mar . 604/4 598/2 . 606/0 . 597/0	
Copper (US Producer) 1425-145c -3c Lead (US Producer) 40.5c +1.0	Jan 17.50 17.52 17.45			Mar 19.13 19.00 19.19 19.05	May 613/4 606/0 814/0 605/4 Jul 615/0 609/2 615/4 609/0	
Lead (US Producer) 40.5c + 1.0 Nickel (free markel) 515c -10	IPE Index 17.70 17.60	Oct 1483 1489 1566 1545	Silver is p/fine to US cts equiv	Apr 19.05 18.94 19.12 19.01	Aug 604/0 602/0 605/0 604/0	CANADA
Tin (Kuala Lumpur Market) 21.78r -0.08	Turnover: 6529 (5139)	Apr 1590 1599 1390	Spot 323.60 511.25 3 months 335.15 577.75	May 18.00 18.88 19.05 18.98 Jul 18.92 18.70 18.95 18.92	Sep 587/0 590/0 .596/4 557/0 Nov 584/6 585/0 680/0 51/0	
Tin (New York) 571.0c -1.5 Zinc (US Prime Western) 80.275c -0.100	GAS OIL - IPE \$/tonne	Jul 1401 1396	3 months 335.15 522.75 5 months 349.05 633.75	Aug 18.90 18.75, 18.80 18.87		The Financial Times proposes
Cattle (live weightit 136.890 + 1.09"	Close Pravious High/Low		12 months 387.85 856.95	HEATING OIL 42,000 US galis, conts/US galis	SOYABEAN OR 60,000 lbs; cents/tb	to publish this survey on:
Sheep (dead weight) 142.63p + 10.5°	Oct 169.75 186.75 171.00 188.75 Nov 167.75 184.75 169.00 188.75	Turnover 397 (447)	TRADED OFTICKS	Latest Previous High/Low	Close Previous High/Low	
Pigs (live weight)† 109.36p -0.85*	Dec 100.25 103.75 107.25 105.50	ORANS - SPE Stone		Oct 5740 5655 5780 6700	Oct 19.33 19.11 19.37 19.06 Dec 19.79 19.57 19.65 10.52	7t/ November 1989
London deily sugar (raw) \$351.0y +0.4	Jan 184,50 162,25 165,80 164,25 Feb 151.75 159,50 161,50	Wheet Close Provious High/Low	Aluminium (99.7%) Calls Puts	Nov 5795 5708 5850 5755	Dec 19.79 19.57 19.65 19.53 Jan 20.03 19.62 20.10 19.78	
London daily sugar (while) \$429.5y + 1.0 Tate and Lyle export price \$337.5 -0.5	Mar 157.50 155.00 158.75	Sep 104.35 104.25 104.50 104.35	Safike price \$ lonne Nov Jan Nov Jan	Dec 5850 5770 5890 5800	Mar 20.41 20.28 20.45 20.20	For f fall editorial synopsis and
	Apr 164.00 152.00 155.00 154.00 May 152.50 151.00	Nov 106.60 106.80 107.10 106.80	1550 .133 132 6 15	Jan 5790 5728 5625 5785 Feb 5670 5618 5729 5655	May 20.70 20.51 20.90 20.55	ativertisement details, please
Barley (English feed) £108.5x Mauze (US No. 3 yellow) £123.5	May 152.50 151.00 Jun 152.60 162.00 152.50 151.50	Jach 110,60 119.65 111.20 110.60 Mar 113.60 113.60 114.15 113.80	1650 59 59 31 52 1750 15 30 89 110	Mar 5450 5386 5455 5430	Jul 21.12 20.92 21.20 20.90 Aug 21.10 20.92 21.05 21.18	
Wheai (US Dark Northern) £124	Turnover 15155 (8193) lots of 100 tonnes	May 117.10 117.10 117.40 117.10			Sep 21.10 20.92 21.05 21.15	Stephen Duniar-Johnson
Rubber (spot) \$ 57.59p		Jun 118.60 118.60	Copper (Grade A) Calls Pute	May 5125 5041 \$125 6080	SCYABEAN MEAL 100 TONS SAID	ou 8101 21: 752 4580
Rubber (Oct) 9 60.50p		Barley Close Pravious High/Low	2750 170 160 62 127 2850 114 116 105 180	COCOA 10 tonnes;\$/tonnes	Close Previous High/Low	
Rubber (Nov) \$ 61.250 -0.25q Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Oct) 237.0m +0.5			2550 114 116 105 150 2550 72 81 162 243	Close Previous High/Low		Or write to him at:
	FRUIT AND VEGETABLES	Nov 103.50 103.40 103.55 103.50		Dec 1058 1051 1094 1055	Oct. 188.3 187.9 188.8 186.1. Dec 184.5 183.2 184.6 181.7	Financal Times
Coconut oli (Philippines)8 \$511.25v +6.25 Palm Oli (Malavslan)5 \$327.5w +7.5	Homegrown pears are sbundant, with Comice 30-40p a ib and Comference 25-40p,	Jan 107.50 107.45 107.50 Mar 110.60 110.45 110.60 110.50	Collise Nov Jan Nov Jan	Mar 1088 1048 1082 1054	Jan 185.3 182.1 188.4 191.0	FT Publications Inc
Copre [Philippines)\$ \$315 +20	reports FFVIB. Larger sizes of French	May 112.65 112.65 112.75	760 64 89 29 44	May 1101 1053 1104 1067 Jul 1120 1051 1118 1064	Mar 182.3 181.0 182.6 180.0 May 181.7 180.2 182.0 178.0	id Foot 60th Street
Soyabeans (US) £175	Willaims ars 35-80p (35-45p). Homegrown	Turnover: Wheat 463 (159), Barley 106 (32).	800 . 38 54 53 69 * 850 27 44 55 39	Dec 1162 1120 1165 1135	May 181.7 180.2 182.0 179.0 Jul 179.0 178.5 179.1 177.0	Ner York
Cotton "A" Index 82,45c Wooltops (64s Super) 600p -6	Bramley cooking apples 20-40p, English Damsons 50-75p and New Zealand kiwitruit	Turnover loss of 100 tonnes.		[	Aug 177.5 176.0 177.5 178.0	N 10022
wetwee to a start and	18-250 each are unchanged. The season for	PIGS - BFE (Cash Seniement) pike		ndbiCE8	Sep 174.0 173.0	
£ a tonne unless otherwise stated. p-pence/kg.	homegrown stick beans 60-00p a lb is	Close Pravious High/Low	700 92 27 750 78 64 72 49	REUTERS (Base: September 18 1931 = 100)	MARZE 5,000 bu min; centa/56to bushel	FINANCIAL TIMES
e-centa/lb, r-ringgit/kg, y-Oct/Nov, x-Oct/Dec.	almost over, but other vegetables, including broccoll 40-85p, courgettas 35-50p, leeks	Oct 134.5 134.5 135.0 134.0	750 78 64 22 49 800 49 42 43 77	Sept 20 Sept 19 -minth ago yr ago	Ciase Previous High/Low	EUROPE SALEMESS NEWSPAPER
t-Aug/Sep. v-Sep/Oct. w-Oct. g-Nov. z-Dec.	40-60p and potatoes 10-17p. remain	Nov 139.0 139.0 138.0 137.0		1863.1 1890.7 1907.3 1859.5	Dec 231/4 228/4 232/4 228/4 228/6	

135.0 134.0 138.0 137.0 125.0 124.5 122.0

134.5 139.0 125.0 125.0 122.0

134.5 139.0 125.0 125.0 118.5

142 (22) lots of 3.250 kg

Nov Dec

132.70

128.57 129.50 129.66 131.66

DOW JOHES (Base: Dec. \$1 1974 - 100)

129.77 · 130.89

Spot Futures

11 22 41 30 50 77

Nov

86 48 22

Dec

84 40

Brent Crude

1700 1750

-centa/lb, r-ringgit/kg, y-Oct/Nov, x-Oct/Dec Aug/Sep. v-Sep/Oct. w-Oct. q-Nov. z-Dec nission average tatatock prices. change from a week sgo. \$London narkat, §CIF Rotterdam. 🖨 Buillon markel

£ a tonne unlesa otherwise stated. p-pi

uce 25-40p

polatoes 10-17p, remain Salad prices are stable this bes 40-50p, round lettuce 25

each, cucumbers 30-60p. calery 30-60p a head and watercreas 30-40p a bunch.

broccoll 40-65p. courg 40-60p and potatoes 1k

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### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

# Lively finish to a dull trading session

THE LONDON equity trading session came to life in late dealings yesterday when a sui-den revival of takeover activity sent shares up to their best lev-els for the day. The closing flurry put something of a gloss on what had earlier been another halting and thiulysession came to life in late traded equity performance. The Bundesbank's decision

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to leave credit policies unchanged soothed the latest round of interest rate worries, but in fact the market was not. ed on economic factors vesterday

News that US Real GNP had slowed in the second quarter unsettled London only because there were fears that Wall

Early trading saw the Footsie Index ahead by nearly 8 points Account Dealing Dates \*First Dealings: Sep 4 - Sep 18 before nervousness sparked by the US GNP data took London 00 2 Sep 14 Sep 28 Oct 12 briefly into negative territory. The final upturn, which fea-Last Deallage: - Sep 15 - Sep 29. Oct 18. tured a number of Footsie stocks, including Reuters, Asda Bep 25 Oct 9 Oct 25 and BAT Industries, left the FT-SE Index 11.1 points up at New Sale dealings may take place trut. 2.00 an two besiness days certier

880.9. Turnover, remained unexcit-Street might open lower. When ing with Seaq volume at 413.8m shares against the the New York market came in firmer, London turned its 514.7m of the previous session. Once again, tradding volume was enhanced by activity in Jaguar as the London market attention back to more local. The season of interim trad-

ing reports from leading UK companies continued, with good results scattered across the range of industrial stocks. responded to persistent hints that General Motors of the US or one of the Japanese car

**Building Materials** 

manufacturers might follow Ford into any battle for the UK luxury car maker. But traders were also busy trying to puzzle out the potential implications for Jaguar's future of the Golden Share, which blocks a full takeover of the company before 1991.

The speculative activity which featured the final bour of trading showed itself mostly in the food retailing sector, where Asda, the food and gen-eral retailer, returned to the limelight.International blue chips were mostly sidelined, with a handful of notable exceptions. Renters closed strongly as Dow Jones, the US publisher and securities data

firm, offered to buy the equity it does not already hold in Telerate, the US bond data report-

ing concern. Giaro shares, which helped unsettle the market earlier this week when they fell heavily despite a strong rise in profits, had an active session yester day. After falling in early trad-ing, the pharmaceutical group went ahead in late dealings when US buyers followed the view taken by two leading British securities houses - that the fall had been overdone and sbould be regarded as an opportunity for the large investment funds to increase their boldimngs of Glaxo shares.

	F	INAN	CIAL	TIME	\$ \$T(	OCK	INDICES		
	8ep 21	Sep 20	5ep 19	8ep 15	Sep 15	Yoar Ago	1989 High Low	Since Co High	Low
Government Seca	85.78	\$5.86	85.88	85.88	85.68	86.97	89.29 83.75 (6/2) (14/6)	127.4 (9/1/35)	49.18 (3/1/75)
Fixed Interest	96.09	96.18	96.20	96.20	95.64	98.00	99.59 95.21 (15/3) (13/6)	105.4 (28/11/47)	50.53 (3/1/75)
Ordinary Share	1952.9	1954.5	1948.3	1958.9	1949.7	1440.7	2008 6 1447.8 (5/9) (3/1)	2008.S (5/9/89)	49.4 (26/6/40)
Gold Manue	208.9	203.5	203.8	204.1	207.1	162.7	207.1 154.7 (15/9) (17/2)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71)
FT-SE 100 Shere	2380.9	2369.8	2361.5	2373.8	2366.5	1788.7	2426.0 1762.8 (5/9) (3/1)	2443.4 (18/7/87)	986.9 (23/7/84)
Ord. Div. Yield Earning Yid %(full) P/E Ratio(Net)(☆)	4.18 9.95 12.11	4.17 9.99 12.07	4.18 10.01 12.04	4.09 9.57 12.21	4.11 9.92 12.15	4.79 12,03 10.09	Basis 100 Govt. 8 Ordinary 1/7/35, 6 FT-SE 100 31/12/6	Gold mines 12/3	
SEAQ Bargains(5pm) Equity Turnovar(5m)† Equity Bargains†	22,979	24,509 1075.68 24,965	23,053 907.07 23,902	21,430 654.36 25,054	30,678 1352,65 31,992	20,888 1069.89 22,240	S.E. ACT		20 Sep 19
Shares Traded (ml)† Ordinery Shere Index	, Hourty cl	441.6	347.3 Osy's Hig	344.9	654.1	353.0 Low 194	Gill Edged B Equity Barga Equity Valua	ins N	19 84.1 /A N/A /A N/A
Open 1958.4 1958.0	11 a.m. 1956.2	12 p.m. 1954.8	1 p.m. 1948.8	2 p.m. 1949.0	3 p.m. 1951.8		n. 5-Day avera 7.7 Gill Edged 8	ige irgains 76	1.0 80.3 (A N/A
Open         10 a.m.           2375.3         2376.3	11 a.m. 2572,7	12 p.m. 2371.5	Day's Hig 1 p.m. 2306.0	2 p.m. 2365.4	Day'a \$ p.m. 2369.2		m. SE Activity 197	N. 1, tExcluding b ses turnover, 1	A N/A tra-market

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

Volume Classing Day's 400's Price change

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The following is based on trading volume for most Aloba securities dealt through the SEAQ system vesterday until 5 pm.

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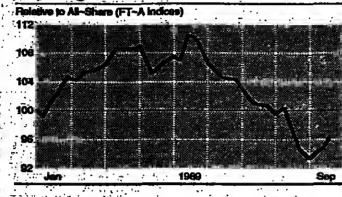
American activity in Asda

Asda enjoyed a late run on ye more talk of imminent take-over activity. The shares moved up smartly from the day's low of 188p to 197%p, a gain of 7% on the session. Turnover was particularly brisk, and by the close 17m shares had changed hands

The story that set the price moving was that Asda had turned down an offer of 237p from a North American consortium. Asda would not com-ment; its practice is not to respond to market speculation. However, some operators in the market were taking the story seriously, with buyers moving into the stock in decent sizes. One US securities house in particular was seen buying up large lines of stock

at 289p, 291p and 294p. The company mentioned as behind the supposed consor-tium offer was Loblaw, a large Canadian retailing group which is part of the holding company run by the North American Weston family. In the UK Mr Garry Weston is chairman of Associated British Foods, which in the past has been named as a possible buyer of Asda.

asoned market observers of Asda were taking a senguine. view of the latest speculation. They pointed out that there are a number of large positions in Asda currently in the inarket, Asda corrently in the marker, made up of sizeable chunks of stock bought when the pilcs was above the 2009 level. The recent weakness, in Asda shares has put those specula-tive holdens under, pressure, and the tempiation imat be for them to talk the stock back up above, 2000 before selling out and another a loss



#### Wellcome falls

duced excellent figures. But it seems a shade unfair that RMC Reports of a potential rival closed down on the day after such really good news, thought for Retrovir, the anti-Alds drug manufactured by Well-come,were greeted with scepti-Mr Mark Gibbon of the BZW cism by some analysts but brought a dip in the Wellcome. buildings team remains posi-tive on the stock : "RMC's share price. Mr Kab Foo of growing overseas exposure, Robert Fleming said that the results of a major US trial of now 44 per cent of operating profits, and the group's finan-Imuthiol, made by Institut cial strength means that we continue to believe the shares Merieux of France, will shortly be published. If the new drug gets US regulatory approval, deserve a premium rating to Merieux expects to market it in France in the first half of next year and in the US soon after-

At Nomura Research, Dr Erl-Continued speculation that ing Refsum doubted if Imu-General Motors, the world's thiol, no newcomer to pharmalargest car manufacturer, might soon be taking a stake centical specialists, will have much effect on Retrovir sales. Howver, since its medical propin Jaguar, to rival Ford's declared intention, pushed the erties contrast with Retrovir's, Jaguar share price even higher on the London market yester-day. It was also suggested that the two might be used as a combination treatment. Well-come shares closed 11 down at Japanese and European car 664p. manufacturers might be inter-

. It was an active session for Renters as the shares first reacted sharply to a substan-tial placing of stock, and then ested in acquiring Jaguar Some 11m shares were traded, down on the 15m totals of the past two days, but buy-ing pressure pushed the price "align" another 48 to 550p. Conswung upwards as a planned deal by Dow Jones in the US turned the market spotlight on the data information sector. At the close of the London ses-Jaguar another to to about con-Jaguar "shares" were also sion, US buyers helped push. Renters shares to 9520, a net exchanged in the options mar-

stakes held by one of its news-paper stakeholders - News International was suggested as FT-A All-Share Index 1250 the likely name.

Not long after the successful completion of the deal, news came from the US that Dow Jones was offering to buy out the remaining shares in Teler-ate, its US bond information service which is widely used by Wall Street trading bouses. The London stock market was favourably impressed by the terms of the proposed deal. The announcement that

Mannesmann, the German, steel and machinery manufacturer, had acquired a 5 per cent stake in TI group, by way of new shares, sent the share price rising, to close at 453 up 9 on the day. The Mannesmann stake has been taken at 525p a share, against 474p for TI stock in the market ahead of the DEWS

Midland jumped 9 more to 384p, with demand building up late in the session, after yet more tales of imminent takeover developments emanating

from Hong Kong. Hongkong & Shaghai Bank was said by speculators to be about to seek Bank of England permission to increase its holding and then launch a full bid, while another suggestion was that the bank was about to announce a buying in programme for its own stock. A more, plausible story, accord-ing to dealers, was of a stock shortage.

Other banks progressed with Barclays settling 4 up at 538p and NatWest the same amount up at 845p. TSB drew support on the basis that the shares are substantially undervalued and that a European predator may be waiting in the wings: TSB shares were finally 3 higher at 121p. A late run took the merchant banks higher.

" News of a 95 per cent increase in interim profits from Brent Walker pushed the share price up by 10 from its opening, but it soon fell back and



ings. Telecom moved up 9 to 225p and Electronics 16 to 384p. Software group Logica raced up 15 to 354p after the prelimi-nary profits advance from £14.74m to £18.84m.

The announcement by TVS that MTM, its US film and tele-vision subsidiary, would make a loss this year sent the shares down by 69 to 192p. Blacks Leisure rose % to

8%p on the news that the company had contracted Mr Michael Jackson, the popular trans-

**COMPANY NOTICES** 

De Beers Consolidated Mines Limited

STE \_\_\_\_\_Statchi & Saatchi ..... agreed bid with Coats Viyella. Another busy day in the building sector saw top of the range profits from Steetley and Tarmac boost both stocks, the

tle for control of Tilbury Con-tracting looked like going Tilbury's way as the saga drew toa close - the bid from Lilley ends at 1 pm today. Turnover in Tilbury totalled meagre 19,000 shares, which with Lil-ley claiming to speak for some 48 per cent of Tilbury stock and likely acceptances of possibly a further ½ per cent, indi-cates that Lilley may fall tantalisingly short of the 50 per cent mark.

Elsewhere, there was plenty of big action in the house-

builders: Barratt Development slipped 2 to 191p amid talk of some big chart-inspired switcbing activity out of Barratt and into Beazer, with the latter closing a shade off at 192p.

Volame Citalog Day's OCC's Price clang

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Interim results from Laporte were given a very warm recep-tion, the shares closing 16 higher at 516p.

Dalgety were a firm market, rising 10 to 414p on hopes that the group will soon find a buyer for Gill & Duffus, its commodities operation. There was also some talk that Mr Robert Holmes a Court has been adding to his 5.6 per cent stake, although yesterday's turnover indicated that he was not a buyer during the session.

Other market statistics. including FT-Actuaries Share Index and London Traded Options, Page 27

PUBLIC NOTICES

MMC INVITES EVIDENCE

atlantic performer, to design and market a line of its LA Gear fashion footwear and raise I£8.9m, in the ratio of one-for-four at IR33p. The Racal twins staged a strong rally after the recent bout of weakness triggered by numerous profits downgrad-

Thursday.

Argit Group \_\_\_\_ Arg. Brit. Foods

Brit. & Canant.

News of a 27 per cent fall in half-year profits failed to unset-the Coats Viyella, which closed 2½ higher at 172p. Turnover was busy for the stock, with 5.8m shares changing hands in what dealers said was lively two-way business.

Tootal rose 3% to 131p on hopes that the Monopolies Commission will clear the

clothing. The news also helped Goldberg, the Scottish retailer, latter closing a few pence ahead at 300p on turnover of 1.8m and the former a good 6½ higher at 419½p. The long-drawn out bid bat-the for control of Tilburg Confacing an unwanted all-paper

bid from Blacks. Goldberg shares ended 10 higher at 154p, with one analyst describing the announcment of the deal with Mr Jackson as "extremely well-timed." The closing date for acceptances of Blacks offer for Goldberg shares is next

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and avoiding a loss. 2. .

RMC anti-climax ...

A slight sense of anti-climax. upset RMC shares which, having raced up to 743p early in the session; came off pretty sharply to end the day a net 3 off at 782p; turnover in the stock was a relatively thin 1.4m shares

The interim figures from RMC were at the top end of market estimates, with pre-tax profits for the six months com-ing out some 34 per cent higher at £115.5m, compared with £86.2m last time, and the fine best expectations. Sector specialists are taking the view that much of the good news in building shares has already been discounted in share prices earlier in the week when Tarmac and Steetley pro-The interim figures from.

when Tarmac and Steetley pro-

and management appoint-ments, involving the resigna-tion of three directors and the

appointment of two executive directors and one non-execu-tive, writes Nikki Tait.

Yesterday, Mr Martin Tay-

kar, deputy chairman, said the changes were designed to give

greater recognition to the group's US interests and to "the younger\_talent" within

the company. They were all, he said, "entirely amicable".

John Raos become executive directors of Hanson. Mr Clarke,

who is 48, joined the company in 1973 when it acquired Sea-

coast Products and has been an

associate director of Hanson

Department of the

Mr David Clarke and Mr

per ye Jaguar shares have climbed 153p since Ford announced its intention of acquiring a stake in the British luxury car

in the british likery car maker. A City analyst said of the rise in the shares: "It has reached the silly stage. The market is not working on fun-

**NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1989** 

**APPOINTMENTS** 

MENT LOWIS (489., CAMADUANS (4) Brenkueser, Galactic Res., Newsta Galdhada, Sonora Gok, BULDHOD (4) Bathur, Danbury, Wagins, CHENCALS (3) Cambridge Inotope, Gaynor Gp., STORES (3) Black Leleure, Next, Specialeyse, ELECTRIGALS (3) Denetron, Porward (60., Star Corp., ENDMETERING (3) Lee (Arthur), Plansomes, Ficherch Gp., HOTELS (1) Harmony Leleure, INDUSTRIALS (7) Bodycote Harmony Leleure, BUDISTRIALS (7) Bodycote Hermony Leisure, R Int., Brit, Blackton Harmony Leaura, INDUSTRALS (7) Bodyce Ind., Brit, Blackatok, Gurndens, Cheatarguata, Raligut, Spander, Wills, LESEURE (1) TVS Estantainment, MOTORS (8) Appleyard, Cook (C.C.), Cowie (7), Hartwell, Lancester, Trimoco 11/spc 98, PAPERS (2) Haraceprint, Pariporty, PROPERTY (2) Grainger Tst., Merchart Man, Esta, TEXTILES (3) Jerome, Machary, STET; TRUSTS (2) Garanger Tst., Merchart Man, Esta, TEXTILES (3) Jerome, Machary, STET; TRUSTS (2) Garanger Tst., Merchart Man, Esta, TEXTILES (3) Jerome, Machary, Stett; TRUSTS (2) Garanger Tst., Merchart Smith New Court PL, OLLS (1) Sandplow ICE (1) Acorn

day-to-day running of the busi-

marketing at Computerland

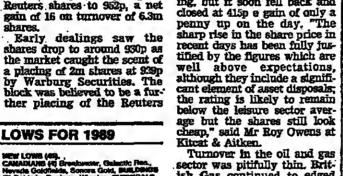
CAL GROUP has appointed

Mr Richard Kuras as dealing

director of CAL Futures, and

Dess.

Europe.



Turnover in the oil and gas sector was pitifully thin. Brit-ish Gas continued to edged higher, closing marginally harder at 20%p, still belped by perceptions that the com-pany's exploration and production area will provide a rapidly growing contribution to Gas profits in the next few years.

The smaller stocks provided a couple of interesting features, Tuskar Resources closing 2% ahead at 56p despite news of the rights issue to

#### (incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Begistration No. 11/00007/06 NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF DEFERRED SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER PAYMENT OF COUPON NO.83

With reference to the notice of declaration of childred advertised in the Press on 16th August, 1999, the following information in published for habbes of share warrants to beaver. The childred of 62.5 cards per share was declarate in South Aldrean cummery. South Aldrean non-existent starstrukture' tax at 6.4575 cents per share will be deducted from the deklored psychie in respect of all share warrant coupons heaving a not dividend of 54.0825 cents per strum.

armon. The divident on human phases will be pold on or after 9th November, 1989 equilat somender of coupon No. 85 deteched from share warrants to bearer as under:-(a) At the offices of the following continental paying agents:

L'Europeenne de Banque	Banque Grucelles Lambert	Generale de Banque		
21 nue Lafithe	26 Avenue Masnix	3 Montagne du Parc		
75428 Paris	1050 Brussele	1000 Brussels		
Credit Suicee	Union Bark of Switzerland	Swiss Bank Corporation		
Paradepiatz 8	Barmhofstrame 45	1 Anacherworstadt		
8021 Zurich	8021 Zurich	4002 Bagle		
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2 Boulevard Royal

Exampleurg Payments in respect of coupons indged at the offices of a continental paying agent will be mode is South Africas currency to an authorised dealer in exchange in the Republic of South Africa noninted by the continental paying agent. Instructions regarding disposed of the proceeds of the payment as made can only be given to auch authorised dealer by the continental paying agent concerned. (c) At the Securities Department of HIII Semuel Bank Linkled, 45 Beach Street, London, ECCP 2LX. Unlear parcons depositing coupons at such office request payment in rand to an authorized to acupants lodged on or prior to fait November, 1980, at the United Kingdom currency equivalent of the rand currency value of the dividend on 2nd Cebbes, 1960; or (i) In respect of coupons lodged after 1st November, 1980, at the prevailing rate of sociating on the day the proceeds are reactived, through an authorised dealer in exchange on the day the proceeds are reactived, through an authorised dealer in exchange on the day the proceeds are reactived, through an authorised dealer in exchange to the second of the Second and currency and Samuel Bank Linkled. Coupons must be left for a laws four class days or paymine of heir Samuel Bank Linkled.

exchange in Johanneeburg to the Securities Department of Hill Semuel Benk Linned. Coupons must be left for at least four clear days for exemination and may be presented any veeklay (Saturday excepted) between the hours of 10.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m. United Kingdom lacome tax will be deducted from payments to any person in the United Kingdom to rangect of coupons deposited at the Securities Department of Hill Samuel Bank United, these such coupons deposited at the Securities Department of Hill Samuel Bank United, where such deduction in made, the net emount of the dividend will be the United Kingdom currency squivalent of 40.675 cents per abuse antwed at as follows:

South African Currency Cents Par Share Amount of divisiond declared Least South African non-resident Shareholders' tex at 13.50% Less: U.X. Income tax at 11.50% of the gross amount of the dividend of 62.5 cents

For and on behalt of ANGLO ALERICAN CORPORATION OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED O A Williamson

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The Company has been requested by the Commissioners of Intend Revenue to state: Under the double tax agreement between the United Kingdom and the Republic of South Atrice, the South African non-resident shareholders' tax applicable in the dividend is allowable as a credit against the United Kingdom tax payable in respect of the dividend. The deduction of tax at the reduced rate of 11.50% instead of the basis De Beers rate of 25% represe of 13.50%

Dy Beers Consolidated Mines Limite

#### **RIGGS NATIONAL CORPORATION** USD 100,000,000 FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED NOTES

1996 In accordance with the provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for the period 20th September 1989 to 20th December 1989 the notes will carry a rate of interest of  $9\frac{1}{16}$  pet per annum with a coupon amount of USD 229.08

CHEMICAL BANK

AS AGENT

#### RIGGS NATIONAL CORPORATION USD 60,000,000 FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED

**NOTED 1996** In accordance with the provisions of the notes, notice is hereby given that for period 20th September 1989 to 20th December 1989 the notes will carry e rate of interest of 9% pct. per annum with a coupon amount of USD 230.66.

CHEMICAL BANK AS AGENT

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#### 5 (ABA) 6 PROPOS MERGER OF WATER COMPANIES

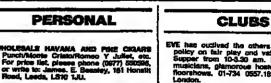
The Monopolies and Mergers Commission would like to bear from any person or organisation with information or views on the proposed merger of The Coine Valley Water Company. The Rickmansworth Water Company, The Rickmansworth Water Company, The Rickmansworth Water Company, and the Lee Valley Water Company, The Lee Valley Water Company is controlled by General Utilities ple. General Utilities owns other water enterprises in the United Kingdom and is itself owned by Compagnie Generale des Eaux. The Commission will be looking at the possible effects of the proposed merger on the public interest. The Commission would like evidence in writing by Monday 2nd October 1989 to be sent to:- The Reference Secretary (Water Merger Inquiry), Monopolies and Mengers Commission, New Court, 48 Carey Street, London WC2A 2JT

#### APPOINTMENTS

#### **ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE**

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FINANCIAL TIMES

appointed legal adviser to the BBC. He joins the Corporation on November 6 from the Environment, where he is Seagram International. deputy solicitor, and will succeed Mr Anthony Jennings who has retired. FOOD BROKERS has appointed Mr Gavin Brown,

**SRAGRAM INTENATIONAL** has appointed Mr John Brindle as president and chief. executive officer of the Chivas Glenlivet group. He joined the company last year as vice president, business development, from William Grant & Sons where he was marketing director.

Mr John Hartrey has been 🔳 Mr Gareth Roscos has been appointed vice president commercial director of the Mumm Martel group. He will be based in Paris, and was vice president, marketing, of

Hanson encourages "younger talent"

1987.

tor.

became senior vice-president in

As already announced, Mr. Radolph Agnew, former chair-man of Consolidated Gold

Helds, which was acquired by Hanson earlier this year, becomes a non-executive direc-

The three resignations are those of Mr John Pattisson, Mr Hugh Ashton and Sir Gordon

Booth, a non-executive direc-tor. Mr Pattisson has been with

the group since the sixtles and

became an executive director in 1981. Mr Ashton joined from Schroders, the merchant bank, in 1985. Sir Gordon Booth was appointed in 1981. Hanson said

Mr Mike Mason-Williams as associate director. Mr Philip O'Neill becomes an associate director of CAL Investments. Mr Mason-Williams has also commercial director, to a new " post with overall responsibility been appointed a director of for four departments -information technology, credit Euro American Group, as has Mr Peter Astley-Sparke. control, distribution, and Mr Bob Parkes has been finance.

promoted to stores CELLNET has appointed Mr Stephen Brewer as director development director of HABITAT from operations of marketing. He was head of director, and Mr Bob Graham

HANSON, UK-based and president of Hanson indus-conglomerate, has made a tries, its US arm, since 1978. Mr scries of main board changes Raos, 40, also joined Hanson and management appoint-Industries in the 1970s and an associate director of Hanson industries in the 1970s and an associate director of Hanson an associate infector of Hanson since 1981, is becoming deputy chief operating officer in the UK, while Mr Graham Drans-field, Mr Malcolm Ablett and Mr Stephen Park - all in their thirtles - and are being made associate directors. Analysts saw yesterday's changes principally as a desire by Hanson to promote some of

Mr David Ormerod, (left) deputy managing director, will succeed Mr Peter Sim (right) as managing director of LEGAL & GENERAL PROPERTY on October 1. Mr Sim is leaving to

to operations director from senior regional controller of BhS.

 Mr Rob Searles has been appointed market development director of JOHNSON MATTHEY catalytic systems division. Further appointments made to the European autocatalyst team include Dr Pelham Hawker, sales and marketing director, Dr Dennis Webster, technology director, and Mr John Sykes, general manager, UK operations. The appointments follow recent egislation to limit car exhaust

emissions.

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Legal & General

property chief

as "a rising star", and a possi-ble contender for more senior office should Lord Hanson and form his own property com-pany, Wildoak Properties. Mr Ormerod will be responsible for 23.5bn worth of property Sir Gordon White, chairman of Hanson Industries, decids et some stage to retire from the investments owned by Legal &

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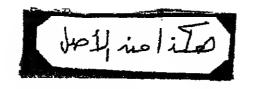
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$\gamma = r$	10 Options Terraco, Mercelon ANY 10.5 (0000 813500 in Managed Greats	Internal Jon 196 Fil.         2933 0         255.4         —         Property (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         291.0         255.4         —         Austrice (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         201.0         255.4         —         Austrice (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         201.0         257.7         —         Full State (State (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         200.2         201.7         —         Full State (State (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         202.2         201.3         …         Hange Pen Fill State (State (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fil.         202.2         201.3         …         Full Pen Pen Fill State (State (ALL):           Jacopied Pen Fill Fill         227.2         201.3         …         Full Pen Pen Fill           Jacopied Pen Fill Fill         227.2         201.7         …         Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill           Jacopied Pen Fill         227.2         220.7         …         Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill           Jacopied Pen Fill         227.2         220.7         …         Fill Pen Fill Pen Fill	Wilding         713.0         0483 301770         017           Wilding         713.0         0403 301770         017           Wilding         713.0         0403 301770         017           Wilding         0403 301770         017         017           Wilding         0403 301770         017         017           Wilding         107.0         100.0         0         07           Wilding         107.0         107.0         017         017           Wilding         107.0         107.0         017         017         017           Wilding         107.0         107.0         107.0         017         017         017           Wilding         107.0         107.0         107.0         017         017         017         017	a UKAni L 102 1228 14958 -011 - Bit miting Bar frag. 227.5 231.6 -0.1 - 5 miting Var Fa 407.5 422.7 +0.4 - 5 miting Var Fa 407.5 422.7 +0.4 - 5 miting Var Fa 407.5 422.7 +0.4 - 5 miting Var Fa 407.5 250.5 -0.1 - 1 miting Var Fa 407.9 250.5 -0.1 - 1 miting Var Fa 407	pan lect. 226 6 229.4 12.7 bai Bond Fund	Surrect Series A         153.5         -11           Upper (IA)         115.5         -12           Upper (IA)         115.5         -12           Upper (IA)         114.7         40.2           Upper (IA)         124.7         40.2           Upper (IA)         124.7         40.2           Upper (IA)         110.3         -0.1           Upper (IA)         110.3         -0.1           Upper (IA)         110.3         -0.1           Upper (IA)         114.2         -1.4           Upper (IA)         114.2         -1.4	Miller Iver Estamment         217.1           Biller Burgbaar         217.1           Biller Burgbaar         217.1           Miller Prime Res Proc.         90.4           Miller Bergbaar         107.4           Miller Bergbaar         107.4           Miller Bergbaar         1107.4           Miller Bergbaar         110.7           Miller Bergbaar         110.7           Miller Bergbaar         110.7           Miller Bergergaar         112.5           Miller Bergergaar         112.5           Miller Bergergaar         112.5           Miller Bergergaar         121.7           Biller Bergergaar         130.4	
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· :	Inder Linden	Interest         2012         2013         -0.2         - Uniterest Marg           Max Annual         2010         2014         -0.2         - Original           Max Annual         2010         1074         -0.1         - Pension Wang           Max Annual         2010         1074         -0.1         - Pension Wang           Max Annual         2022         2024         -0.1         - Active State Fight           Max Annual         1002         2024         -0.1         - Active State Fight           Max Annual         1002         2024         -0.1         - Active State Fight           Max Annual         1002         2024         -0.1         - Active State Fight		national 134.1 347.1	analared Acc. 297,1 375 9	Winslade PL, Exterr E/3 IDS         0.942 521           wetshevi Trad Fd 20         510.3         681.5         42.970           Topeto Fd (2)         107.4         244.8         -0.273           Trade Trade Fd 20         105.4         244.8         -0.273           Carry Fd (2)         200.8         341.9         -0.273           Carry Fd (2)         200.8         541.9         -0.273	Y         Normal Resident Char.         102.8	
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ر میں میں	UK Sear to: Fakatt 1223 - 1263 - 0.6 - 6 Emotes Metro - 1226 - 1273 - 0.6 - 6 Elabel Metro - 1210 - 1273 - 6 Survive Metro - 1215 - 1176 - 40.3 - Fi Survive Metro - 1215 - 130.6 - 0.7 - 0.6 WK Metro - 1215 - 130.6 - 0.7 - 0.6	Dept V         Dept V         Dept V           P Technic Gyr         122-1         200-1         Hit Frage           P Technic Gyr         122-1         200-1         Hit Frage           P Technic Gyr         122-1         122-0         Hit Frage           P Technic Gyr         1172-3         112-9         Hit Frage           P Technic Gyr         1177-3         112-9         Hit Frage           P Technic Gyr         1177-3         112-9         With Frage           P Technic Gyr         1177-3         112-9		Dred int Dep. 157.5 165.8	inte a Management of the Dir	Soic Grit,	Pers Acc trail	-
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are are	Bailing in Accission         749.3 </th <th>angel Fruitsen Accom.         356.8         374.5        </th> <th></th> <th>Franciscon         171.9         182.0        </th> <th>babi Lash Ser 3        </th> <th>Minisoper (Ldp)         257,1         372.0         -0.6           Schward (Lap)         357,23         365.3         -0.5           PPP F and (Lap)         357,23         365.3         -0.6           Schward (Lap)         -357,23         365.3         -0.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -357,23         365.3         -0.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -354.0         351.6         361.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -354.0         351.8         -0.5           Property (Lac)         -353.6         365.1         -0.5           Property (Lac)         -353.6         365.1         -0.6           Property (Lac)         -357.4         409.1         -1.2           Property (Lac)         -357.4         -0.0         -0.0     <th>Capital Growth</th><th>Mary Fand.       122.3       123.8       124.8         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       124.8       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Fa into       125.9       135.9       -       -         Press Fa into       125.9       105.9       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       126.3       126.4       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       120.2       137.1       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -</th></th>	angel Fruitsen Accom.         356.8         374.5		Franciscon         171.9         182.0	babi Lash Ser 3	Minisoper (Ldp)         257,1         372.0         -0.6           Schward (Lap)         357,23         365.3         -0.5           PPP F and (Lap)         357,23         365.3         -0.6           Schward (Lap)         -357,23         365.3         -0.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -357,23         365.3         -0.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -354.0         351.6         361.6           PSP F and (Lap)         -354.0         351.8         -0.5           Property (Lac)         -353.6         365.1         -0.5           Property (Lac)         -353.6         365.1         -0.6           Property (Lac)         -357.4         409.1         -1.2           Property (Lac)         -357.4         -0.0         -0.0 <th>Capital Growth</th> <th>Mary Fand.       122.3       123.8       124.8         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       124.8       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Fa into       125.9       135.9       -       -         Press Fa into       125.9       105.9       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       126.3       126.4       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       120.2       137.1       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -</th>	Capital Growth	Mary Fand.       122.3       123.8       124.8         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       124.8       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Marg Fa into       118.5       125.9       -         Press Fa into       125.9       135.9       -       -         Press Fa into       125.9       105.9       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       125.9       -       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       126.3       126.4       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into Fa into       120.2       137.1       -       -         Press Fa into Fa into       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       120.8       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -         Press Pare Deposit Fa limit.       101.5       132.5       -       -
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## FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

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Current Unit Trust Prices are available on FT Cityline. To obtain your free Unit Trust Code Booklet ring the FT Cityline help desk on 01-925-2128

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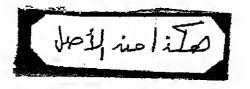
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## FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE

## LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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798 647 Mortand $\beta$ 788 $19.05$ 4.6 $1.5$ 17.1 58 $1.5$ Cant. 100 y 50 +2 3.0 1.9 8.0 8.4 449 284 Scott & New 20p. of 374 -2 10.83 22 3.9 15.4 200 195 arts $\beta$ 184 -2 5.0 3.9 3.6 9.0 1 377 275 Apr 6 From 10 8 317 +2 1 45 53 2 1 5 73 2 1 5 73 2 1 5 75 2 1 5 75 2 1 5 75 3 5 1 5 2 5 0 1 5 75 2 1 5 7	265 1705cbnie Grazp 10p, 176m -1 7.62 0 6.1 0 57 47/City Centre Ret 6 49 5 m 11 2.7 3.0 16. 112 6375carth Tag System. 94-17	170 1156 marrange Teh 20py 145
and all 22 Work & Durity: B 474 +1 77 (1 4.2) 19 12 6 421 1 2 12 mm (151 (1.) 100, B 381 11.07 4.4 3.7 (6.) 535 500 Yrong Brew & 50p, γ 521 10.2 1.8 2.6 28.4 774 1110 wors Group 10, a 249 -2 6.7 30.1 5.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.3 15.	L393 1229 507 62. YS0	14 68Warting Strategic. 104 +2 (18c) 414 .0 93 55HBerry, Sich 106 + 78 12 20 8.2 8.0 735 45210hmse Cleaner, y 739 12312.6 4.2 121 250 1858 retaints Grap 5. 2 284 +6 16,72 2.4 4.5 11 5
BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS 536 329/AMEC 500	1461 1075 meters 87040, 103 v 137 at +1 1.0 3.21 1.0 31.6 7 42 16 196007 Notes 10 - 7 27 41 1 2 3 12 1 3 20 12 4 527 517 517 610 Corono Y 50	112 70% Just Robber
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268         175(Bellway         B         192         -1         110.0         3.5         6.9         5.5         121         BibitaneyschieGr 2b y         83         5.6         2.5         9.0         3.9         96         458ellwinch 10py         46a         3.75         910.9         61         195         170 House of Lensey         173         10.0         1.3         7.7         13.1           261         151         153         +2         4.5         7.6         3.9         4.3         111         991n         Shape 50        y         10.0         1.3         7.7         13.1           261         151         Berkeley Groupsg         153         +2         4.5         7.6         3.9         4.3         111         991n <shape 50<="" td=""> </shape>	257         359 address from p         277         101 (24) (32) (24) (25) (26) (26) (26) (26) (26) (26) (26) (26	International action         Internati
93       b5H8ammer Homes 10p, v       70       28       3.9       5.3       6.3       170       115Hoope Robinson 10e. B       151       -2       14.5       2.5       40.1       134         209       165Barrat Dev 10e. B       191       -2       15.39       +9.9       6       66       511Hollas Group 5n       54       31       11.8       7.7       94         208       173Belleway       B       192       -1       10.0       3.6       5       52       121       111Homsyncht Enz Dy       53	30       205/Vister In	1/74       1/74
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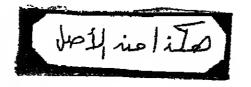
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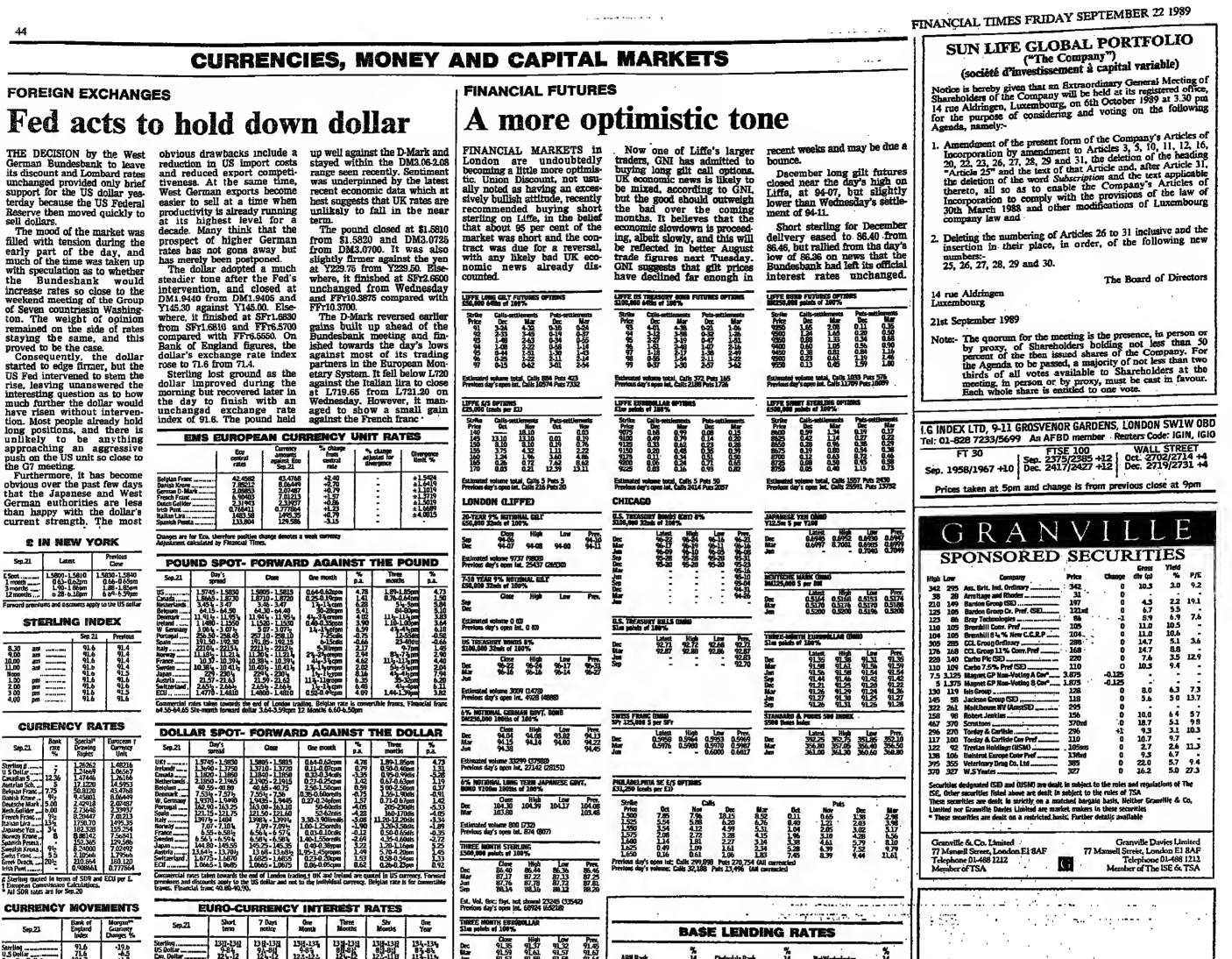
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LEISURE 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	TEXTILES - Contd         TRUSTS, FINANCE, LAND - Contd           1999         Stack         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           1999         Stack         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           1999         Stack         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           215 1161 cols 100.00         215 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           215 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           215 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Pre           216 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           216 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           216 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           216 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           216 200 200 200 000 Fre         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           218 1161 cols 100.00         Price - Witt Cwr Gr't Fre           218 1161 cols 11 4.1 6.4         1022 4130 000 - 200 000 Fre           218 200 000 Fre         200 200 Warmas         100 200 000 Fre         100 000 000 0000 000 000	OIL AND GAS - Contd         MINES - Contd           1989         Stack         Price         -
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Interpret ASD 25         V7         InterpretASD 25	1172     376     68+2     68+2     760+2     100     102     100     1	320       2750 Darger Olli       44       44       45
37       228 Mother Visco 59.0       32       34 <t< th=""><th>242 300 Protein Transport</th><th>CONSISTING         Construction         Construction</th></t<>	242 300 Protein Transport	CONSISTING         Construction         Construction
1         1	1989         + sr         Otr         Int/         1947         900 Transmither         1947         900 Transmither         1947         900 Transmither         1940         121 5.6           Bight Low         Stack         Price         -         Net         CW/IG*L         100         75% Transmither         Transmither         91.6          21.0         5.6           Investment Trusts         92         STR Pacific Intrusts         91.6          21.1         6.2         1.6         91.6          21.2         1.0         5.6           Investment Trusts         92         STR Pacific Intrusts         91.6          21.1         8.0         3.2         1.4         2.7         1.2         1.4         2.1         1.0         1.0         3.0         91.5         1.4         1.9         1.4         1.9         1.0         4.0         1.0         3.0         91.5         1.4         1.9         1.0         1.0         3.0         1.0         3.0         91.5         1.1         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0         1.0 <th>III         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIIII         absolute         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII</th>	III         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIII         absolute         IIIII         absolute         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII
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Garages and Bistributors         Los 1 (22) (25)         Los 1 (22) (25)         Los 2 (25)         Los 2 (25) <thlos (25)<="" 2="" <="" th=""><th><math display="block">\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc</math></th><th>58       415. Atricantid, 35c</th></thlos>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	58       415. Atricantid, 35c
 115       308 Accord Pail Sp       372       443.4       2.114.2       4.2       726       1100 meer Carp. 120       1105       312.2       84.6         170       1364 Accord Pail Sp       9       6.0       1.8       5.4       133       200       1100 meer Carp. 120       1105       312.2       9.3       112.2       84.6       2012       1100 meer Carp. 120       1105       2012       1100 meer Carp. 120       105       2012       1100 meer Carp. 120       105       2012       1100 meer Carp. 120       105       2012       112.2       12	101       74Encion Trast 8	1289       1128/rre State Der, 106
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PAPER, PRINTING, ADVERTISING         225         105/13         5.2         5.1           Silanta States         7	129       112       113       -1       144       -1       -4       63       378 ortiand Trasts	13       38and London 152
 ADVERTISING       100       101	11000, Warrants	218HP Goldmins 25c.       24       4       12       4       12       4       12       4       12       4       12       4       12       4       12       3       -       3       -       3       -       10       10       10       10       12       4       12       12       12       4       12       4       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       12       <
49       43 <td< th=""><th>110       Vylantx, o Lumico M., vylanty, diama and the set of the set</th><th>103     7847 or synth NL.     85     -1     42     100 wilders     44     100 million     52       101     376 street     100 million     32     100 million     24       101     376 street     100 million     24       102     376 street     100 million     24       103     376 street     100 million     24       104     376 street     100 million     24       105     376 street     100 million     100 million       105     387 street     120 million     100 million       105     397 street     120 million     20       107     397 street     100 million     32       109     790 street     100 million     32       109     790 street     100 million     32       101     397 street     100 million     32       101     398 street     110 million     32       102     101 million     32     101 million     32       103     398 street     110 million     32       101     398 street     110 million     32       102     101 million     32     101 million     32       103     101 million     100 million     32</th></td<>	110       Vylantx, o Lumico M., vylanty, diama and the set of the set	103     7847 or synth NL.     85     -1     42     100 wilders     44     100 million     52       101     376 street     100 million     32     100 million     24       101     376 street     100 million     24       102     376 street     100 million     24       103     376 street     100 million     24       104     376 street     100 million     24       105     376 street     100 million     100 million       105     387 street     120 million     100 million       105     397 street     120 million     20       107     397 street     100 million     32       109     790 street     100 million     32       109     790 street     100 million     32       101     397 street     100 million     32       101     398 street     110 million     32       102     101 million     32     101 million     32       103     398 street     110 million     32       101     398 street     110 million     32       102     101 million     32     101 million     32       103     101 million     100 million     32
44       321       173       22       F100       22       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32       24       32	250 240 monorate inv. former 78	33       Polymetric intervent in the state       122       3       016       4.0       0.0       0.16       4.0       0.0       0.16       4.0       0.0       0.16       4.0       0.0       0.16       4.0       0.0       0.16       4.0       0.0
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German Bundesbank to leave its discount and Lombard rates unchanged provided only brief support for the US dollar yesterday because the US Federal

filled with tension during the early part of the day, and much of the time was taken up with speculation as to whether the Bundeshank would increase rates so close to the weekend meeting of the Group of Seven countries in Washing-ton. The weight of opinion remained on the side of rates

US Fed intervened to stem the rise, leaving unanswered the interesting question as to how much further the dollar would have risen without intervention. Most people already hold long positions, and there is

that the Japanese and West German euthorities are less than happy with the dollar's current strength. The most

Sep.21	Latest	Previous Close
C Spot 1 month 3 months 12 months	1.5800-1.5810 0 63-0.62pm 1.90-1 86pm 6 28-6.16pm	15830-15840 0.66-0.65pm 1.88-1.85pm 6.69-6.59pm
Economic antenia	ions and discounts an	aly to the US dolla

		Sep.21	Previou
8.30	an <sup>4</sup>	91.6	21.4
9,00 10,00	ant	91.6 91.6	91.4 91.4
11.00 Noon	ant	91.5 91.6	91.4 91.5
1.00	p#	91.6	91.6
2.00	pm	91.6 91.6	916
4.00	pm	91.6	91.6

Sep.21	Bank rate %	Special Drawing Rights	European † Currency Unit	Se
Sterling # u S Dollar Austriao Sch. Belgan Franc. Danish Krone Deutsche Mark Neth, Gulder French Franc French Franc Japanese Yen Swedish Krona . Swedish Krona . Swedish Krona . Swedish Krona .	7.920025528 . 5.92	1.26262 1.37446 1.37446 17.1220 50.8120 9.35801 2.47918 2.73645 8.20447 1750.70 182.328 8.88142 152.365 8.24000 2.10566 210.854 0.908661	1.48216 1.06567 1.26166 14.5953 43.4768 8.06449 2.07487 2.33937 7.01213 1495.35 155.254 7.55841 129.566 7.02492 1.79566 180.120 0.777564	UKt - Irelan Conad Nethe Beigle Desma W, Ge Portug Spale Halty Norwa Swede Japan Swede Japan Swede Japan Conta
& Sterling quote † European Com	ed in tern wission	ts of SDR and Calculations.	ECU per £.	pressi

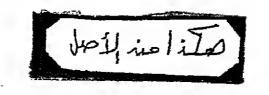
Sep.21         E         S           Argentiza         1026,80-1035,05         650.00-655.00         Sep.21         E           Argentiza         1026,80-1035,05         650.00-655.00         Sep.21         E         Sep.21         <	1311-1311         1311-1311 <t< th=""><th>Sep         91.45         91.47         91.46         91.49         Ada           Ext. Vol. (soc. first, not. shown) 56.12 (45950)         Ada         Alli         Alli           Protions day's open im. 26/79 (25940)         Alli         Alli         Alli           THREE MONTH EDROMEANS, DM tor packs of 109%         And         Ass.         Ass.           Dec         72.52         92.51         92.57         Ban           Jan         92.69         92.69         92.77         Ban           Sep         92.80         92.79         92.80         92.70           Jan         92.69         92.69         92.73         Ban           Sep         92.78         92.80         92.77         Ban           Freelous day's open int. 17630 (16757)         Ban         Ban         Ban           Freelous day's open int. 17630 (26757)         Ban         Ban         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2382.0         2457.0         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2453.0         2457.0         Ban           Mar         2464.0         2460.0         2453.0         2457.0         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2473.0         2460.0</th><th>dom &amp; Company     14     Comes Bk. N.East     14     Nor       Biled Tras Bank     14     Co-operative Bank     914     Nor       Biled Tras Bank     14     Co-operative Bank     14     PRI       field tras Bank     14     Contrs &amp; Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Contrs &amp; Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Contrs &amp; Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Denhar Bank PLC     14     Rr       ath of Banuda     14     Equational Bank ptc     14     Rr       ank of Banuda     14     Exeter Trust Ltd     144     Ror,       ank of Banuda     14     First National Bank PLC     15     Stan       ank of Rora     14     First National Bank PLC     15     Stan       ank of furia     14     Robert Franser &amp; Purs.     14     Unit       ank of furia     14     Guinoses Mahoo     14     Unit       ank of furia     14     Bank Mapping Pic.     14     West       ank of furia     14     Bank Mapping Pic.     14     West       ank of furia     14     Bank Nores Mahoo     14     West       ank of furia     14     Hapophite Trust Pic.     <t< th=""><th>%       Westmisster     14       them Bank Ltd     14       wich Geot. Trust     14       WAThankes Limited     14       Wathankes Limited     14       windle Bank PLC     15       aphael &amp; Sons     14       usering Grantee     144       i Ba of Scotland     14       uf Trost Bank     14       b &amp; Willious Back     14       b &amp; Willious Secs.     14       and Charlered     14</th><th>JOTTER PAD CROSSWORD No.7,044 Set by VIXEN</th></t<></th></t<>	Sep         91.45         91.47         91.46         91.49         Ada           Ext. Vol. (soc. first, not. shown) 56.12 (45950)         Ada         Alli         Alli           Protions day's open im. 26/79 (25940)         Alli         Alli         Alli           THREE MONTH EDROMEANS, DM tor packs of 109%         And         Ass.         Ass.           Dec         72.52         92.51         92.57         Ban           Jan         92.69         92.69         92.77         Ban           Sep         92.80         92.79         92.80         92.70           Jan         92.69         92.69         92.73         Ban           Sep         92.78         92.80         92.77         Ban           Freelous day's open int. 17630 (16757)         Ban         Ban         Ban           Freelous day's open int. 17630 (26757)         Ban         Ban         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2382.0         2457.0         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2453.0         2457.0         Ban           Mar         2464.0         2460.0         2453.0         2457.0         Ban           Sep         2378.0         2473.0         2460.0	dom & Company     14     Comes Bk. N.East     14     Nor       Biled Tras Bank     14     Co-operative Bank     914     Nor       Biled Tras Bank     14     Co-operative Bank     14     PRI       field tras Bank     14     Contrs & Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Contrs & Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Contrs & Co     14     PRI       erry Ausbacher     14     Denhar Bank PLC     14     Rr       ath of Banuda     14     Equational Bank ptc     14     Rr       ank of Banuda     14     Exeter Trust Ltd     144     Ror,       ank of Banuda     14     First National Bank PLC     15     Stan       ank of Rora     14     First National Bank PLC     15     Stan       ank of furia     14     Robert Franser & Purs.     14     Unit       ank of furia     14     Guinoses Mahoo     14     Unit       ank of furia     14     Bank Mapping Pic.     14     West       ank of furia     14     Bank Mapping Pic.     14     West       ank of furia     14     Bank Nores Mahoo     14     West       ank of furia     14     Hapophite Trust Pic. <t< th=""><th>%       Westmisster     14       them Bank Ltd     14       wich Geot. Trust     14       WAThankes Limited     14       Wathankes Limited     14       windle Bank PLC     15       aphael &amp; Sons     14       usering Grantee     144       i Ba of Scotland     14       uf Trost Bank     14       b &amp; Willious Back     14       b &amp; Willious Secs.     14       and Charlered     14</th><th>JOTTER PAD CROSSWORD No.7,044 Set by VIXEN</th></t<>	%       Westmisster     14       them Bank Ltd     14       wich Geot. Trust     14       WAThankes Limited     14       Wathankes Limited     14       windle Bank PLC     15       aphael & Sons     14       usering Grantee     144       i Ba of Scotland     14       uf Trost Bank     14       b & Willious Back     14       b & Willious Secs.     14       and Charlered     14	JOTTER PAD CROSSWORD No.7,044 Set by VIXEN
<section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header>	ImagesImagesPart of higher German the money markets. don three-month inter- as unchanged at 13%- cent before and after desbank meeting. The London was relaxed, o expectation of any in bank base rates in future. Dealers admit 	PRATES         EDE integer           Treasury Bills and Bonds         EDE integer           7.96         Three year         8.27           8.08         From year         8.27           8.08         From year         8.15           8.13         Serie year         8.15           8.13         Serie year         8.15           8.13         Serie year         8.15           8.14         10-mar         8.15           91.494         7.29-7.26         7.00 -           7.55-7.455         -         -           -         7.55-7.455         -           -         10-mar         92-93         0.75           -         7.55-7.455         -         -           -         7.55-7.455         -         -           -         7.55-7.455         -         -           -         7.55-7.455         -         -           -         10-124         10-124         -           10-214         10-134         10-2-104         -           10-214         10-2-104         -         -           10-214         10-2-104         -         -           10-2-104 <th>Ball BL of Kurkatt         14           EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXC           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Mater         F1.300         42         17.50 a         71         1.4         -           Index C         F1.320         126         13.00         71         1.4         -         -           Index C         F1.320         126         13.00         71         1.4         -         -           Index C         F1.320         163         450         2         8.50         30         350           Index P         F1.330         59         1.50         82         550         30           Index P         F1.335         45         1.420         -         -         -         -           Oct. 89         Nov. 89         D         -         -         -         -         -           Index P         F1.335         45         1.420         -         -         -         -</th> <th>HANGE 37 90 Last Stack - 5 361.00 x. 90 - Fl 320.06 - Fl 320.06</th> <th><ul> <li>ACROSS</li> <li>ACROSS</li> <li>Fish ross, as he ordered (3)</li> <li>Fish ross, as he ordered (3)</li> <li>Childity about the Geman calculators (6)</li> <li>Schuldity about the Geman calculators (6)</li> <li>Sensible though outmoded wear for a bishop (5)</li> <li>Back a relentless associa- tion (6)</li> <li>People leaving teams ring for replacement (9)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>Stay to drink some wine (7)</li> <li>Stay to drink the feast when the served (1)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li></ul></th>	Ball BL of Kurkatt         14           EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXC           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Series         Vol         Lost         Vol         Lost         Vol           Mater         F1.300         42         17.50 a         71         1.4         -           Index C         F1.320         126         13.00         71         1.4         -         -           Index C         F1.320         126         13.00         71         1.4         -         -           Index C         F1.320         163         450         2         8.50         30         350           Index P         F1.330         59         1.50         82         550         30           Index P         F1.335         45         1.420         -         -         -         -           Oct. 89         Nov. 89         D         -         -         -         -         -           Index P         F1.335         45         1.420         -         -         -         -	HANGE 37 90 Last Stack - 5 361.00 x. 90 - Fl 320.06 - Fl 320.06	<ul> <li>ACROSS</li> <li>ACROSS</li> <li>Fish ross, as he ordered (3)</li> <li>Fish ross, as he ordered (3)</li> <li>Childity about the Geman calculators (6)</li> <li>Schuldity about the Geman calculators (6)</li> <li>Sensible though outmoded wear for a bishop (5)</li> <li>Back a relentless associa- tion (6)</li> <li>People leaving teams ring for replacement (9)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>The peiscon having a meal in a new cafe - a terrible place (5)</li> <li>Stay to drink some wine (7)</li> <li>Stay to drink the feast when the served (1)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li> <li>Stay to drink with the heart wood (6)</li></ul>

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#### WORLD STOCK MARKETS • :-

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	AUSTRIA September 21. Seb. + 6r Austrian Airlines (2,940.  -20.	FRANCE (continued) September 21 Fri: + or -	GERMANY (continue) September 21 Des. + or	ITALY (continued) September 21 Urs + or	SWEDEN September 21 Krener + ar-		CAR	ADA	
	Confidence 13,700	Acjonari-Priotz	Bayer 307 -0.9 Bayer Syne 407 BallW 425.5 45.5 Barry Venter	Saffa A	AGA 8 (Free) 241 +1 Alfa-Land 8 (Free) 122 +7 Asta A Free 550 -5 Asta 8 (Free) 645	Sales Stock High Low Class Chang	Exist Stock High Law Close Chag	Sales Stock High Low Close Chrup	Sales Stock High Low Close Chog
	Landordalk         1200         -30           Perisonser         1100         -30           Belainghaus         23550         +30           Samperit         228         -2           Stepr-Dahnier         139         +6           Veitscher King         1040         +15           Verband         1280         -           BELGEVALUDCENEBOURG         -         -           Bezeinneber         21         Frit, + 4er           Arbed         6,0500         +60	Base and Circ         425            Barcardor Circ         424         +3           Barlin Circ         424         +3           Begin Say         704         +6           Da Corts         472         +2           Beagards         730         -14           Beagards         730         -14           Beagards         730         +3           Control         224         +5           Colling         277         -1           Control         272         +3           Control         274         +5           Control         275         -13           Control         1771         -1           Control         2724         +5           Control         1773         -22           Control         1773         -22           Control         777         -3           Control         1773         -22           Control         777         -1           Control         777         -1           Control         777         -1           Control         777         -1           Control         77	Barer         1007         -0.9           Barer         407         428.5           Barer         428.5         455           Barer         428.5         455           Barer         428.5         455           Barer         428.5         455           Barer         126         413           Bill         126         413           Brown Boxer1         105         405           Contenential &         1205         420           Contenential &         1204         445           Dudget Bett         728.5         -25           Datable Bett         728.5         -25           Datable Bett         220         455           Descarbe Batest         220         455           Descarbe Bate         220         455           Descarbe Bate         220         45           Descarbe Bate         220         46           Descarbe Bate         220         42	Saffa A         11.200         -30           Saffa A         2540         +10           Saffa A         2540         +20           Saffa A         2540         +20           Saffa A         2540         +20           Saffa A         10.920         +22           Shill P70         1335         -43           Tore safes         27.455         -65           Tore safes         27.500         -500           NETREELANDES         2000         -0.0           Aster         21.550         -0.0           Actor         11.4.50         +1.2           Aster         37.500         -0.0           Actor         11.4.50         +4.8           Actor         11.4.50         -0.4           Aster         57.60	Accs & Freed         Accs         Accs	TORONTO           2pm prices september 21           Custations in cents unless matrice 5           Substation in cents unless           Substation cents unless           Substation in cents unless           Substation cents unless un	5000 CHUHK 6 f 524 54 54 54 2005 CHUHK 6 f 524 54 54 2005 Chaefis Silb 161 151 7255 Consert 171 161 151 45170 Common 2004 163 405 34680 Conserts 3354 531 231 35 + 3 500 CHU A f 504 64 700 Churan des 328 36 28 - 3 5420 Convert 8 5731 163 21 152 500 Convert 8 5731 163 21 152 500 Convert 8 5731 163 28 37 77009 Convert A 1 534 52 87 77009 Convert A 1 534 54 07 77009 Convert A 1 534 55 00 1500 Domism B 470 455 000 1500 Domism B 11 11 11 + 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2000 Reyrock 1 53 - 8 8 672874 Renisance 522 - 7 - 22 + 1 4202 Reaps 1 512 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 683 Rio Argem 625 - 25 - 25
	Becarr B         15,500           Chreat CSR         6,120           B 120         +90           Gobera         6,270           Da. AFV1         258           Cohront         19,000           Debatze         6,520           Dobatze         6,520           Dobatze         6,520           Dobatze         4,520           Dobatze         4,520           Dobatze         4,520           Dobatze         4,520           Dobatze         4,520           Dobatze         4,410           Dobatze         12,494           Dobatze         12,525           Dobatze         12,525           Dobatze         12,515           Cohropt         12,515           Dobatze         12,515           Dobatze         12,515           Dobatze         12,525	Credit Akiload         1175         -19           Damat         1.000         +30           Datas         4.640         +205           Dolfmar Ming         0.14         +19           Damat S.         2.1040         +25           Datas S.         2.1040         +25           Datas S.         2.1040         +25           Earc         637         +17           Bicconfiltre         1.150         +35           ElbAquitane         568         +6           ElbAquitane         542         +4	Jungsmert,         113,3         143,2           Bresker Stat         344,7         140,2           Fig Kapelficher         432         12           Fridsmellshotel         432         12           Genetheiner         739         10,2           Genetheiner         739         10,3           Genetheiner         769         10,5           Genetheiner         163         13,3           Happ (Jog, 32,2         10,0         19           Heinter Perf.         578            Heritz         22,5         10,0           Heritz         22,5         14,0           Horitz         22,5         14,0           Heritz         22,5         14,0           Horitz         22,5         14,0           Horitz         22,5         14,0           Horitz         23,4         14,0           Horitz         23,4         14,0           Horitz         25,6         12	Bole Incore         175.60         -27           Borgenally Webry         118.50         -7.5           Budenature-Tel         12.60         +0.3           Omiter Parse         172.60         +0.3           Omiter Parse         78.00         +1           Odd         54.93         +1           Odd         127.29         +0.1	Wates B if red         1454         1-4           SwitzErikanin         1454         1-4           SwitzErikanin         9.200         70           Ada isi ul         9.200         100           Ada isi ul         1438         -13           Bakter Hid Prg         103         -1           Bakter Hid Prg         2270         10           Bank Len         3230         -15           Brown Dover         5.065         -35           Brown Dover         5.065         -35           Citau Gegr         4.440         -0           Belders Hid Prg         3177         -435	Strife Bit Mondi ST17, 311, 311, 311, 511, 512, 512, 511, 511, 511, 511, 5	TCCD Denieson A 495 490 4200 + 3 6006 Deniam B 1 470 455 400 1600 Deniam S11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6010 Deniam S11 553 554 55 10006 D Tachie S11 553 554 55 10006 D Tachie S11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6010 Deniam S11 11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 Deniam S1 11 11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 Deniam S1 11 11 11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 Deniam S1 10 11 11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 Deniam S1 10 11 11 11 11 + $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 PCA Ind S10 87 01 41 11 - $\frac{1}{2}$ 6020 PCA Ind S15 11 11 15 11 11 15 6030 PCA Ind S15 11 11 15 11 15 6030 PCB Ind S15 12 13 13 13 6030 PCB Ind S15 12 13 13 13 6030 PCB Ind S10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	$\begin{array}{c} 33000 \ \text{Mcin} \ \text{H}^{1} \ \text{f}^{2} \ \text{Si}^{1} \ \text{I}^{2} \ \text{Si}^{1} \ \text{I}^{2} \ \text{Si}^{1} \ \text{I}^{2} \ \text{Si}^{2} \ \text{I}^{2} \ \text{S}^{2} \ \text{S}$	400 Socca C 200 221 323 - 4 14633 Socra C 300 221 323 - 4 2000 Soors Can S144 14 14 300 Show Can S144 14 14 300 Show Can S124 122, 124 14 2018 Show Can S40 394 397 1806 Show Can S40 394 397 1806 Show Can S40 394 397 1806 Show Can S40 15 15 15 - 4 28600 Sonora 140 153 140 + 2 4405 Sonora 151 317 15 4102 Spar Aaro 1 512 124 124 14466 Soco A 522 122 224 124 14466 Soco A 522 122 24 124 14466 Soco A 522 122 24 1 1466 21 224 - 12 1466 21 224 - 12 1466 21 224 - 12 1466 21 224 - 12 1466 21 224 16 16 21 224 - 12 16 250 Torra Mm 41 23 41 16 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
	Do. AFV         1089         +10           Generate Bank         6.240         +10           Do. AFV1         6.400         +10           Generate Bank         6.400         +10           Generate Bank         5.850         +650           Jon AFV1         22.560         +650           Jon AFV1         23.550         +650           Do. AFV1         3.670         -10           Do. AFV1         3.670         +10           Do. AFV1         3.670         +10           Do. AFV1         3.670         +10           Do. AFV1         3.670         +10           Do. AFV2         3.620         +50           Restrigger         3.620         +10           Do. AFV2         3.620         +10           Do. AFV1         4.700         -40           Pan Stotions         12.500         -5           Raffwere Thte         2.500         +50           Do. AFV2         5.900         +50           Do. AFV2         5.900         +60           Do. AFV2         5.900         +60	Extr         1646         r42           Flactist         210         -0           Protectore Lyon         740         +10           Protectore field         740         +10           Frontager field         740         +10           Gamtont Gost 0         -650         +139           Gan Cockfordian         878         45           Gan Cockfordian         879         -1           Haperion         1169         +6           Imatel         1169         +6           Imatel         1265         -7           Imatellized for         1305         -7	Industrie Wieffer         338         144           Kall & Salt         241         453           Kanifad         571         453           Kanifad         571         453           Kild         289         -05           Kildering Warte         123.5         4.5           Kildering Warte         1200         +15           Latinger         40.5 mr         +6           Latinger         40.5 mr         +6           Latinger         40.5 mr         +6	20.00000000000000000000000000000000000	Eina         1995           Ba. Prig.         1390           Ba. Prig.         1390           Heikersterk (Bd)         5,925           Ba. Prig.         348           Jacobis Stateri         7,275           Jacobis Stateri         7,275           Jacobis Stateri         2,255           Jacobis Stateri         7,275           Jacobis Stateri         2,255           Jacobis Stateri         2,255           Jacobis Stateri         2,255           Jacobis Stateri         1,270           Da Prig. Certs         415           Lawis and Ger.         1,270	$\begin{array}{rrrr} \begin{array}{r} 25200 & {\rm BC Phones $10^{\rm b}}{10} & {\rm Rb}_2 & {\rm 16^{\rm b}}_3 + {\rm 16}\\ {\rm fTrd Runnear $17^{\rm tr}_4 & {\rm 17}_4 & {\rm 14^{\rm b}}_4 & {\rm 14^{\rm b}}\\ {\rm 10840 C2L B & {\rm 15^{\rm tr}_4 & {\rm 17^{\rm tr}_4 & {\rm 12^{\rm tr}_3 & {\rm 17^{\rm tr}_4 + {\rm 14}}\\ {\rm 200 C2L B & {\rm 15^{\rm tr}_5 & {\rm 10^{\rm b}}_3 & {\rm 10^{\rm tr}_3 & {\rm 10^{\rm tr}_3 & {\rm 11^{\rm tr}_3 + {\rm 14}}\\ {\rm 200 C2C B & {\rm 16^{\rm tr}_5 & {\rm 16^{\rm tr}_5 & {\rm 10^{\rm tr}_3 } $	200 7075 3 20 2075 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	20400 Normatas F \$154, 15 154, + 17 336221 Normatas F \$154, 15 154, + 17 336221 Normata \$257 254 254 3301 Narten \$227 225 225 254 13501 Narten \$1 \$227 225 225 255 18567 Nor Tai \$224 225 225 255 18567 Nor Tai \$24 236 236 - 18 2115 Northest \$35 95 95 05 746241 Nova 1 \$958 94 05 746241 Nova 1 \$958 94 05 200 Noveroo \$114 114 114 10200 Noveroo \$134 134 134 10100 Nursac \$105 105 105 107 4 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 221 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271 + 1 \$500 Oregat Hyd \$271 271 271	$\begin{array}{c} 2370 \ \mbox{ for stars B} & 2373 \ \ 234 \ \ 2372 \ \ 2343 \ \ 2374 \ \ 375 \ \ 2374 \ \ 2374 \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ 375 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
	Do. AFV         3505         -45           Softm         13,805         450           Softm         13,805         450           Statag         113,800         450           Statag         114,425         450           Tassequero         8,710         +120           Do. AFV         8,610         +100           Do. AFV         8,610         +100           Do. AFV         9,900         +150           Do. AFV         9,770	Internal         17.30         +1.           Internal         17.00         -5           Internal         17.00         -5           UTMH         -4.825         -1.0           Internal         7.44         -4           Linnal         -7.24         -4           Linnal         -7.24         -4           Locatance         546         +40           Locatance         546         +410           Locatance         546         +4           Auson Shaw         87         +10           Matea SA         377         +1           Matea SA         -3         +29           Matea SA         -3         +40           Matea SA         -4	Interior         2605         120           Interior         372         14           PWA         316.5         14           PWA         32         49           Promage         340.5         16           Resented a         1727         142           Resented a         307         1           Da. Pref.         200         14           Resented a         302         14           Schemackill Berl         304         12           Resented a         302         14           Schemas         302         14           Schemas         302         14           Schemas         402         14           Schemas         402         14           Schemas         406         177           Schemas         406         177           Stationer         402         14	Robics         112.60         41           Repets         61.60         41           Repets         250.60         42           Vitit         111.10         45           Vitit         111.10         41           Vitit         111.10         41           Vitit         111.10         41           Vitit         111.10         41           Vitit         115.50         40.5           Waters         115.50         40.5           Bergen Bast         212.00         41           Dam Rootis CuRR         113.00         42           Dam Rootis CuRR         113.50         -0.5           Dyot Inf.         94.00         -1           Ethem         20.60.00         -1.5           Statum         131.50         -0.5           Statum         131.50         -1.5	Mag. Cicking Pig.         1,100         +10           Misras (Ref)         1,100         +200           Misras (Ref)         1,500         +200           Misras (Ref)         1,500         +70           Deckson (Reg)         8,500         +70           Oct-Satirities         1,325         -20           Parges Hidg         1,810         -7           Parges Hidg         1,810         -7           Satelan (Ref)         1,800         -10           Da Gannab         3,970         -30           Satelan (Ref)         1,300         -100           Da. (Patca)         2,250         -45           Satelan (Ref)         1,300         -25           Satelan (Ref)         1,340         -25           Satelance         340         -25           Satelance         1,340         -25           Satelance         1,3770         -10	2000 Canadra 2016 2016 2016 2016 2017 2000 Canadra 2017 2018 2019 2019 2010 Canadra 2019 2019 2019 2010 Canadra 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2010 Canadra 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2010 Canadra 2019	1990 Hayes Lol 3054 1946 134 1990 Heres Lol 2051 23 21460 Hermio \$154 155 13 4460 Hermio \$154 155 14 1690 Horstand 1 335 94 460 Horstand 1 335 94 1690 Horstand 1 335 94 1692 92 92 - 14 10779 H Bay Co \$365 35 35 35 35 25 - 14 1692 95 100 204 8 569 5 35 35 35 35 14 57278 Imp Cel A 569 5 35 55 35 4 - 14 1096 95 Inco \$394 96 35 55 35 4 - 14 2200 Intopac \$94 96 35 24 24 4 4	1785 Osharwa A f S294 23 2 23 2 3 54029 PWA Corp S10 2 13 4 13 4 3 S07000 Pguria A 1 35 5 0 4 03 1 500 PanCar P 326 2 23 2 23 4 - 1 1050 Panes A 1 22 12 12 12 1 106 Planet A 1 20 20 20 11650 Planet A 1 20 20 20 11650 Planet A 1 20 20 20 11650 Planet A 1 20 2 20 2000 Poco Pet 39 8 6 5 55 1 23000 Poco Pet 39 8 7 8 15 2 13 8 2000 Powr Cor 1 515 15 2 13 8 200 Powr Pin 200 19 2 2 3648 Provigo 39 9 8 2 8 2 54415 Ranger 36 5 6 4 8 4 - 1	1300 With Bis 5 State 1444 1447 4 1300 With Frater 5162 1614 1614 1612 - 4 S214 Vicces1 6 520 1914 1914 - 14 S210 Weathin S314 914 814 2410 Weathin 522 415 42 + 14 2100 Weathin 542
	BERMARK Suptamber 21 Kr + or Ratica Hidgs	Permit Ricert 1/510 47 Permit Stand 1/502 47 Permit S.A. 577 4 Pattern S.A. 777 4 Permit S.A. 777 4 Permit Scand 1/129 44 Permit Scand 1/129 44 Proteining An 779	VEW	Bactimus (gca A)         151.20         -1.5           Council          164.00            Council          164.00            Real chattifer          163.00         -1           March flatta A          43.00            March flatta A          43.00            Statta flatta A          43.00            Statta flatta A          43.00            Statta flatta A           43.00            Statta flatta A           43.00            Octata flatta A           43.00            Statta flatta A	Union Bank				
	Battica Hidgs         526.5         -0.7           Carisberg         1330.6         -9.4           Cap Handesbank         256.9         +1.5           Den Bankesbank         874         +1.5           Den Bankesbank         276.9         +1.5           Excl. Andete Bank         276.8         +2.3           Excl. Andete Bank         -278.7         +42		Viat	Starthani 1107.50 1-0.5	Do. Ptg	·····	IND	ICES	
	200 Rules         200 R           PIS leaks         3075.5           GN Great Mardic         804.7           I.S.S. B Systems         824.4           Jycke Bank         45           Nove Norviset         900           How Norviset         297.5           How Norviset         297.5	Rocset-Uclaf         2,175         45           SULC         821         -1           Segen         1,557         -13           Seconda         8077         -14	ITALY September 21 Line + er-	SPAIN September 21. Pis.% + er Nanco Silber Vir	SOUTH AFREA Sector 21 Band + ar- Abertan 225 +025	NEW YORK DOW JONES Sep Sep Sep S 20 19 18	ep 1989 Since compilation	Sep. Sep. 21 20	Sap. Sep. 1989 18 18 Hi3H LOW
•	Jyske Bank 455 Nomfisk Kolol 500 +4.8 Nove Kordisk 377.6 -1.2 Prinstander	Saint Louis         1.535         +12           Saint Louis         1.070         +18           Scheider         880         +9           Sch Star         1.060         +25           Seffineg         512         +2	Banco Cont'la	Barco Exterior	Autied Testa 86 Angle Am Doal 80 Angle Am Corp 99,25 +0.25	4industriais 2683,89 2687,51 2687.50 267 Bone Bonds 92,97 92,69 92,64 92		Alt Ordinaries (1/1/80) 1714.8 1734.0 Alt Minlog (1/1/80) 838.8 843.2 Australa	849.1 843.9 875.1 (29/3) 652 6 (7/4)
	Superior	Sefineg 512 +2 Sieco 600 -1 Side Ressignoi 1,280 +10 Soc. Geo. de Fr 530 -2 Soc. Geo. de Fr 530 -22	108	Barsto         1,140           Criven Hispania         1,440           Cov, Haples         1,440           Cov, Haples         1,440           Days Maples         1,440           Bars         2,510           Bars         3,320           Dectra Visgo         285           HLCS         570           Errors         450	Definitio         48         42           DidA Galilo         10.5	Transport 1457,33 1450,21 1442,21 145 Itellities 207,43 216,55 216,49 20	9.72 1532.01 959.95 1532.01 12.32 G/50 G/11 G/9/870 60/7/320	Credit Ainten 00/12/842 443.96 441.50 BELGEREN Brussels SE 0/12/809 6702.10 6706.17 6 DENMI ASIK	
	September         21.         Mile         + 6r -           Amer	Site Resigned         600	Cartano         1.460         +5           Connettr         3.540         -18           Connettr         4.105 yr         -12           Oxite         5.097 ns         -51           OwnSto Ballson         2.814         +14           Dericht         9.000         -110           Erfemia         7.760         -290	Energia Ini Art	Destimat Edd 1226 Oriefonzen 44.650.35 East Rand Edd 13.250.4 Elantisand Edd 13.250.4 First Nat. Bink 18.750.15	STANDARD AND POOR'S	40.ay's Kingh 2703.46 (2709.35) Low 2672.49 (2675.91)	Copenhagen SE (3/1,639)         332.77         532.45           File AkeD         Unitas General (1975)         722.7         751.3	332.95 333.87 356.65 0.2/71 275.49 (27/2 733.1 758.7 81.5.8 (18/4) 722.7 (21/9)
	Heldamark K Free 153	Total-Petroles Fr	Field 7/500 -111 Do, Priz 7/390 -73 Fields 62265 +65 Fondiaria 64,500 +500	Errors 460 -3 Esp Continen Wit	Gold Fields SA	Composite t 346.47 346.55 346.73 54 Indeputies 345.60 345.98 346.18 39	0/40 (3/1) 0/9/898 0/6/329 135 405.27 318.66 405.27 3.62	FRANCE CAG General (31/12/82) 543.7 542.6 Int. Tendance:00/12/880 124.3 124.5 GERMANY	541.6 540.6 543.7 (21/9) 417.9 14/11 124.4 125.4 125.9 (6/9) 97 5 (27/2)
11 <u>-</u>	Rent 527.5 +35 Rymmet 111 +13 Rokia 107 +10.5 Pahlola B 107 +2	Union immob Fr         623         -2           Valeo          905         +1           Valeo          905         +1           Valeo          905         +1	Gemena         2,430         +17           Generali Assear         45,200         -300           Gitardini leds         5,569         +9           IFI Arts         28,150         -100	Berkund	Litanet 604	Reserved 31.03 32.95 33.13 34	276 33.59 24.30 33.59 8.64 (7/89 (3/1)) (7/8/97) (1/19/74) 1.59 196.37 154.98 196.37 4.46	FAZ Aktien (31/12/58) 674.93 674.79 Commerzbank (1/12/53) 2019.4 2015.0 Bax (30/12/67) 1611.42 1612.87 1	671.56 664.21 685.92 (8)(9) 535 78 (27/2 2009.0 1986.1 2053.1 (8)(9) 1595.7 (27/2 614.16 1605.11 1657.61 (8)(9) 1271.70 (23/2
	Ramma-Repola	GERMANY September 21 Day, + # -	Raicement	Petrolans (21a Esp)	Netcor 10.25 +0.05	James Mit. Value 379.14 378.83 379.50 57 HASDAQ Desposite 466.72 467.05 466.89 46	0,191 03,02 01,900 025,44,402 2,64 384,54 305,24 384,54 29,31 02,770 03,10 02,24,690 (9,12,172 7,57 471,86 378,56 471,86 54,87	Honea Konea Hang Seng Bank (31,71,64) 2665.75 2631.20 2 IRELAND ISEQ (H-2) (4/1,/88) 1754.74 1751.65 1	
	Watstashin	AB5	Manet Marel 2 198 ar -11 Mellekera	Serie 367 -9 Serie 510 Serie 120 120 40.4 Taburate Elec 124 40.4 Taburate 94512 Telefonica 205.542	Sale Holdings		0.2/73 0/1) 0.2/94979 031/10/72 Sep 8 Aug 25 year ago (approx.)	ITALY Bance Cont. Ital. (1972) 709.90 712.14 JAPAN	736.54 727.95 734.84 (31/8) 577.49 (28/2)
3	FRANCE September 21 Frs. + ur - Accor	Altianz Ad	Biller-Lanza         95,000           Motolitan         2,375           Motolitan         3,720           Predi Su         3,720           Predi Su         3,720           Predi Su         3,720           Supervision         7,620           Supervision         3,460	Telefanica         225.5         64,           Torras Grapol         1.890	SA Browns	S&Pindustriai div. yight 2,89	3.70         3.39         3.60           Sep 8         Aug 30         year ago (approx.)           2.85         2.83         5.23	Winder         04/15/491         34/745.02         34/70.58         3           Totro SE (Topilo)         44/1469         2633.52         2615.58         2           METHERILANDOS         CES TU Rin Gen (End 1983)         64)         272.9	2723 2713 2723 0.9/91 2083 0/1
		I Bakemork			AUSTRALIA (motioned)	NEW YORK ACTIVE STOCKS	TRADING ACTIVITY	NORWAY Osin SE (2/1/83) 685.92 688.8	209.4 208.6 210.5 (8/5) 106.7 (1/3) 685.95 672.28 642.28 (12/9) 467.17 (2/1)
	JAPAN September 21 Yen + 87 - Aliconoto 22 (20 1+70	September 21 Yex + or - Japan Baffa 2000 -10	September Z1.         Yes         + sr	Supposition 21         Yes         + sr           Takara Sinza	September 21 Aust5 + or - Mill 250 -0.07 McParson 110 -0.03	Wednesday Stocks Closing Change Wednesday traded price on day Southeast Bask 1,612,300 26/2	t Volume Sep 20 Sep 18 Sep 18 New York 136.640 136.658 137.640	Press, press         1135.86         1129.10         1           SUNGAPORE         SUNGAPORE         1394.97         1	127 46 1133.44 1217 44 (20/6) 804.62 (6/2) 599 27 1404.51 1420.52 (13/9) 1030.69 (4/1)
	Aliananota 2,820 +70 Akebono Brake 995 -5 Ali Bianan Ake 1,920 +10	Japan Badio 2,000 -10 Japan Steel Wits 1,060 , Jap S Battery 1,130 +HO	Nikko Ser	Takara Sheze         1.040         +30           Takash/anya         3.300         +290           Takash/anya         2.400         -20	Mayre Michiess	Portland 1,302,900 23% + %	Amer. 12,156 9,685 9,419 KaShaO 137,051 136,708 105,052	SOUTH AFFICA	

Artstom Brate         970         -10           All Bispon Ak         1,520         -10           All Bispon Ak         1,520         -10           Annada         1,590         -200           Annada         1,290         -200           Annada         1,290         -200           Annada         1,200         -200           Annada         1,200         -200           Annada         1,200         -200           Annada         1,200         -200           Antita         1,200         -200           Antita         1,200         -200           Antita         1,200         -200           Antita         1,200         -200           Acatita         1,200         -100           Acatita         1,200         -100           Acatita         1,200         -100     <	Allera         2000         Hippen Moto         2500           Kanetesker         3.850         Hippen Kond         1.550           Kanetesker         3.740         Hippen Kond         1.550           Kanetesker         3.740         Hippen Kond         1.550           Kanetesker         3.740         Hippen Kond         2.300           Kanena Elect Power         4.400         Hippen Maat Pack         2.300           Kanna Elect Power         4.400         Hippen Nater         1.400           Ronza Paint         1.000         Hippen Nater         1.810           Konta Elect Power         4.400         Hippen Seiton         1.620           Kantaki Steol         624         Hippen Seiton         1.620           Kantaki Steol         624         Hippen Seiton         1.620           Keitonman         1.3700         Hippen Seiton         1.620           Kohtonman         1.3700         Hippen Seitan         7.700           Kohtonman         1.3700         Hippen Statan         7.700           Kohto Mig         1.430         Hippen Statan         7.700           Kohtonman         1.3700         Hippen Statan         7.700           Kohto Mig         1.4	Tates         Tates         2,400	Protiand       1,302,400       23 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	SOUTH AFFRICA JSE 600 C399/789       JALO DE 2730.06       JSE 0       1577.0       1557.0       JSE 0       Cold       1910.0       J910.0       J910.0
Email         2780         10           Pane:         7100         23           Feld Constrant         3600         70           Feld Statut         3600         10           Feld Statut         3600         10           Feld Statut         3600         10           Feld Statut         3600         400           Feld Statut         1280         400           Feld Statut         1290         400           Feld Statut         1270         400           Genet Constant         1280         400           Feld Statut         1270         400           Feld Statut         1270         400           Head Microbit         1270         400           Head Microbit         1270         400           Head Microbit         1270         400           Head Microbit	MET 2,330 + Penta Ocum Con 1,310 Mater Elect, Witz, 2,250 + Pionet 4,470 Matexabite Koto 2,250 + Prime Mat Park 804	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	<section-header><text></text></section-header>	r hand-delivery nta on lago and as ver oit wich ton geles mi spolis ork hphia Argh puis ncisco tle Sord agton real wa nto uver all 1-800-344-1144. 00-543-1007.

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3pm prices september 21

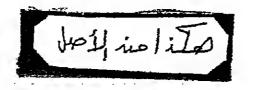
## NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES

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3pm prices september 21	NEW YC	AN SIUCK EACH	ANGE COMPOUND		Crige
Ch'ge 18 Month P/ Sts Close Prov.	Ch'ge 12 Month P/ Sta Cices Pres. High Low Stock Div. Yicl. E. 100ettigh Low Quala Cices	12 Month Chige 12 Month Pf Sis Clove Prov. Mich Law Back Div. Vid 5 100-1676 Law Back Clove	Chine 18 March Prote Cione Pres. High Low Stack Dw. Yit E 10045gh Low Cash Cione 104, 94, Cashid 1.08 13, 1358 54, 85, 55,	Carge 12 Mouth P/ Sta Close Prev. High Law Stock Div. Vis. 5 100cHigh Law Cools Close 354 232 Landst 20a 5 19 254 251 234 251 - 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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43 <sub>8</sub> 33 <sub>9</sub> AMCA 12 <sub>8</sub> 34 23 117 33 <sub>8</sub> 31 <sub>2</sub> 35 <sub>2</sub> 34 05 <sub>9</sub> 43 <sub>2</sub> AM Ind 11 259 55 <sub>9</sub> 55 <sub>9</sub> + 3 <sub>6</sub> 23 <sup>1</sup> <sub>2</sub> 2395 <sub>8</sub> AM Ind 2 9.1 7 213 <sub>8</sub> 213 <sub>9</sub> 213 <sub>6</sub> 96 455 <sub>9</sub> AMR 911653785 <sub>2</sub> 713 <sub>9</sub> 213 <sub>9</sub>	յչնել չ/Դվթերուման / Համա թյել մչեկ թրութի մչենա։ 6.7 11 1896, 665-ի 50-ի, 50-ի, Օչ, Տեյթոր⊋ w: 55 6-ի, 6-ի, 6-ի,	1812 E74 DelE pr7.40 8.8 21000 174 774 774 74 4 4 274 244 DE pr7 275 11, 1 254 224 304 - 4 344 E pr7 244 Dele pr7 275 11, 1 254 224 304 - 4 344 204 Dele pr7 28 95 80 241 34 - 4 344 204 Dele pr7 28 95 81 242 242 242 - 4	244, 224, Grosen 100, 235, 393, 237, 247, 174, 174, 174, 174, 174, 174, 174, 1	40 22 UbbyCp 10 29 21 70 37 56 36 37 4 4 2	14 4 Outlind 28 1.1 13 9 7 7 7 9 52 Deshvid G8 1.1 13 9 7 7 7
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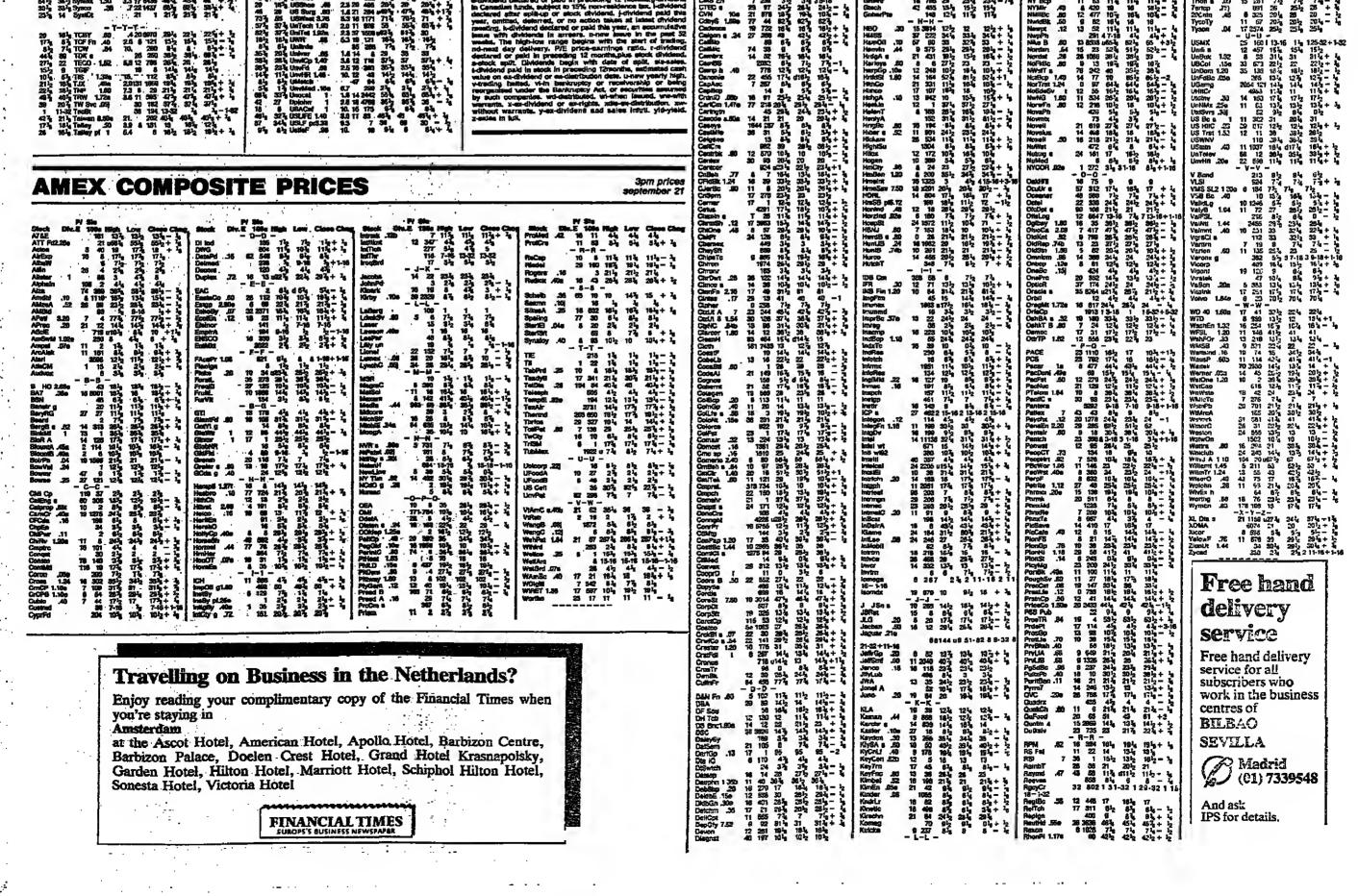
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# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

## Friday September 22 1989

1987 1988

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Pinochet in a national plebi-

scite in October 1988, he explains. The business commu-

nity has been the favoured child of the military regime's free market policies, and a

return to democracy - likely

to be accompanied by labour union activity and higher taxes

- was not necessarily regarded as a positive business

But the political situation was offset by anticipation of a

#### WORLD STOCK MARKETS

## AMERICA Dow rises after economic reshuffle

#### Wail Street

A SLOW day on Wall Street saw equities moving broadly higher yesterday in quiet trading, writes Karen Zagor in New York

At 2 pm. the Dow Jones Industrial Average was up 8.55 points at 2,692.44. Volume ou the New York Stock Exchange was moderately light, with fewer than 100m shares chang-

ing hands by 1 pm. Among broader market indi-ces, the Standard & Poor's 500 was up 1.95 points at 348.42 at 1 pm, the New York Stock Exchange Composite rose 0.96 points at 193.41 and the American Exchange Composite

added 0.89 points to 379.90. The utilities sector was the only Dow Jones stock average to fall. At 1 pm, the Dow Jones Utilities Average was down 0.06 points at 217.37. Stocks received some sup-

port from the deht market where US treasury bouds moved modestly higher. In midsession trading the Trea-sury's benchmark 30-year bond was up & point at 99%, yielding 8.14 per cent.

The Federal Reserve did not interveue in the open market when Fed Funds, the rate at which banks leud to each other, were changing hands at 8# per cent.

Both stock and boud markets were encouraged by a

#### EUROPE

Daily (million) 225 Average daily 200 161,480,000 

NYSE volume

Y HALF 125 7 8 11 12 18 14 18 18 19 20 21

September 1989 downward revision in the sec-

ond quarter gross national product, which was reported as growing at an annual rate of 2.5 per cent, revised from 2.7 per cent, Wall Street had not expected this second revision to the GNP. The growth rate is tha lowest since the GNP expanded at an annual rate of quarter 2.3 per cent in the fourth quarter of 1986. The implicit price deflator, a

\$25%, after leaping \$7 to \$28% the previous day. The closed-end investment company's measure of inflation, was left investmeut adviser, Alliance Capital Managemeut, said it unchanged at 4.6 per cent. The dollar traded on a firmer could not account for the stock's dramatic movement.

note in the early afternoon, in spite of reports that the Bund-eshank council in West Ger-First Liberty Financial Corporation plummeted \$2% to \$8% after a local Atlanta paper said the thrift would report many had left interest rates unchanged. There had been earlier speculation that West fourth quarter pre-tax losses of \$17m resulting from the sale of German rates would be lifted after the meeting. At midday,

the dollar was trading at Y145.90 and DM1.9480, above the Y145.18 and DM1.9425 late its mortgage-backed securities portfolio. Telerate surged \$5% to \$20%

Wednesday in New York. after Dow Jones suggested acquiring the remaining shares A number of bank issues outstanding in Telerate for \$18a-share. Dow Jones already moved higher, with traders sxpecting them to increase their loan loss provisions, in keeping with moves by Manuholds about 66.2 per cent of Telerate's stock. Dow Jones facturers Hanover and Chase gained \$% to \$37%. New Jsrsey Steel plunged \$1% to \$16% in over-the-counter trading after Manhattan earlier this week.

Citicorp rose \$% to \$31%. Bankers Trust gained \$% to \$51% and J.P. Morgan was up \$% at \$40%. Chase Manhattan added \$% to \$40% to trade near its 1989

kin and Jenrette removed the issue from his "buy" list. Among other steel compa-nies, USX gained \$% to \$33% while Bethlehem Steel was up high of \$40%. Manufacturers Hanover was also quoted near its year high of \$44%, at \$43%, \$% at \$33%. un \$%.

\$% at \$33%. In the airline sector, AMR fell \$% to \$78%, USAir fell \$% to \$47%, Delta Air Lines dipped \$% to \$71% and Pan Am was unchanged at \$3%. Among hlue chip issues, Coca Cola was unchanged at \$62%, IBM was up \$1 at \$117 and Merck was up \$% at \$72%. First Bank Systems gained \$% to \$21. Shares have fallen from \$23 at last Friday's close after the commercial banking group said it would increase its loan loss provision in the third quarter by \$35m compared with \$20.6m in the second

Spain Funds plunged \$31% to CANADA

> TRADING was moderate and stocks mixed to slightly higher as the Toronto composite index fell 3.2 to 3,903.3 Rises outpaced falls by 244 to 217 on volume of 15.5m shares.

Industrials were mixed but oils and metals were firmer. Connaught Bioscience rose again, gaining C\$% to C\$13% on continuing speculation of a connterhid

But the upturn was not sup-

ported hy market volume, writes Michiyo Nakamoto in

The Nikkei index posted a

gain of 274.44 to close at 34,745.02, its highest level since August 25. Turnover stayed

noderate at 655m shares, only

slightly higher than the 648m traded on Wednesday. The day's high for the Nikkei was

34,758.50 while the low was

Advances led declines by 636

to 307 while 179 issues were

unchanged. The Topix index of

all listed shares advanced 17.94

arbitrage trading. Five new

Tokua

34,536.65.

an analyst at Donaldson Luf-

#### **ASIA PACIFIC**

# Chile retreats despite profits growth

Barbara Durr explains why Santiago has not fulfilled expectations

1984

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42.0

1.9

7 Amounts are in millions of dollars valued at the December 1986 explange rate of 240.01 Children perces to the dollar. Sources: Reseits 1988, Santiago Stock Exchange and Superintendency of Stock, Securities and Insurance.

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SANTIAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

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ONTRARY to euphoric a number of overly optimistic broker predictions — the Sant-iago Stock Exchange has been in a saw-toothed descent since May.

The exchange's general index fell from 637.23 on May 31 to 531.40 on September 15. The select index, composed from the 40 most actively traded stocks of the total of 203, subsided from a 47 per year are still strong. Mr Fernando Alvarado, the cent increase for the year to Superintendeut of Stocks, May to just a 15 per cent gain Securities and Insurance, has predicted that profits will rise for the 12 months to mid-September ing last year's 22 per cent rise. Gross domestic product growth for 1989 is expected to be 8.5

The slide comes as several international investment funds are gearing up to funnel \$120m or more into the Chilean equities and securities markets. The unhappy coincidence was especially acute last week when the market took a strong dive, just as a Salomon team was globe-trotting to sell shares in its \$60m Chile Fund. Citibank is bringing in two small funds of \$4m each; Battarymarch is aspected to deriver \$10m to \$15m to Chile through its Luxembourg-based Equity Fund for Latin Amer-ica; and three other international funds are in the proposal

Yet the Santiago market's prolonged dip has little to do with Chile's economic fundamentals. Company profits this

Mr Tomas Hatton, one of Chile's most prominent stockbrokers, a partner in the old-guard firm of De la Cerda, Hat-ton, Palma Stock Brokers, is forthright about tha slide. "There is clearly no economic ason for the drop in the mar-

tet," he says. Mr Hatton believes that the shallow market, with many small and few institutional investors, has been responding largely to political events.

No. of companies listed

Turnover ratio by value

by 20 per cent in 1989, follow-

per cent, with inflatiou run-ning at the relatively low rate of 16 per cent.

Value traded (USSm)† Market cap (USSm)

Logic would have indicated a sharp decline in the market after the defeat of Gen Augusto Many small speculators, who had aimed to reap nearimmediate, 50 per cent profits from a scramble for Chile's limited amount of shares, despaired and left the market. Pension funds held back

partly because precise regula-tory rules for how they can invest, including a rating of company shares, are neither approved uor officially published. The regulations and rat-ings should be out by the end of October. At the same time, the pension funds say that they have no need to move quickly; that they will pick their shares, and their moments, carefully to minim-ise any upward effect on the market.

market. In December, Chile holds free congressional and presi-dential elections for the first time since Geu Plnochet took over in a coup in 1973. The leading oppositiou candidate, Mr Patricio Aylwin, is widely expected to win. The business community is sceptical at best and hostile at worst to the idea of an opposition government. However, life will go on after

However, life will go on after nert March, when a democrati-cally elected governmeut takes office. After 45 years on the exchange, Mr Hatton hazards the guess that people will then realise that that the new gov-ernment is not as bad as they forward an and that the market

feared - and that the market will stabilise.

## **Relief on interest rates** gives shares a late boost Tokyo

IN CONTRAST to the pattern of the previons two days, a number of markets yesterday found an extra inch of pace after a sluggish start, writes Our Markets Staff.

FRANKFURT closed mixed in nervous trading, as the market awaited the outcome of yesterday's Bundesbank meeting. Key interest rates were eventually left unchanged, and blue chips improved after hours.

Some of them, indeed, had found willing takers before the official close. The market indices were middling, with the FAZ 0.14 lower at 674.93 and the DAX down 1.45 at 1,611.42 However, Hoesch was DM7.70 better at DM268.50 by then, Deutsche Bank closed DM4.80 higher at DM678, and Siemens rose DM3.70 to DM602.70, once again breaching the DM600

barrier.

the OMF 50 index eased 0.31 to 527.89.

ket analysed its news that con-

solidated net profits more than doubled in the first half. After

stripping out an exceptional

item the profits showed a steep

fall from the same period a

MILAN saw its late come-

back in banks, which con-tained the retreat in the Comit

index to 2.24, at 709.90. Good

continued.

office furniture company, which gained FI 5 to FI 295 Rhône-Poulenc, the chemiamid coutinued speculation cals group, recovered some of about Bührmann-Tetterode's Wednesday's losses after its purchasa of two speciality takeover intentions. **BRUSSELS** saw most stocks chemicals units from the US and the UK. The investment certificates gained FFr8 to FFr562 after falling FFr32 the

make gains in moderate trad-ing on the first day of the new trading account. The cash market index, however, eased 4.07 previous day. Speculation about how the state-controlled to 6,702,10. Cockerill, the steel maker, company will finance the deal saw record turnover as nsw stock issued in a recent public Chargeurs, the airline and textile holding company, fell FFr52 to FFr1,1213 as the mar-

offer made its entry into the markst. Some 1.3m shares changed hands and the shares were quoted BFr36 down at BFr258. Acec-Union Minière, the recently formed engineering and non-ferrous metals arm of Société Générale de Belgique,

to 2,633.52 and, in London, the ISE/Nikkei 50 index rose 1.91 to 2,016.64 dropped BFr246 to BFr440 on the first day of its FFr1.7bn

rights issue. However, it had issued 2.175m shares at BFr250 each.

d mareir

Although the recovery in the yen offered some encourage-ment to investors, the rise in share prices was largely attri-buted to index-linked buying

supermarket chain rumoured to be the target of a hid, topped the volumes list with 15.2m shares and rose Y410 to Y2,450. Another sector which has IN A SHOW of resilience, equities rose sharply yesterday on a round of small-lot buying.

seen bid speculation is the chemical industry. Nippon Chemical, a maker of inorganic chemicals, advanced Y200 to Y1,460 on speculation that it is target

Elsewhere, Toyoho, a spin-ning company expanding into plastics films, hiochemicals and electronics, advanced after making a discovery, in co-oper-ation with Kyushn University, on the structure of liver cells. Toyobo was second on the vol-umes list with 10m shares, and rose Y27 to Y914.

regional banks helped the OSE average in Osaka post a 88.64

point gain to 35,079.10. Turn-over slipped to 131m shares.

ECONOMIC news pushed Australian stocks into retreat, but there were moderate railies in

been expecting a record num-ber. The A\$2.58bn figure, which exceeded most forecasts moderate fall on the stock market and a sharp retreat by the

the Hang Seng index rally 34.55 to 2.665.75. Turnover was HK\$1.1bn from Wednesday's over slipped to 123m shares worth A\$246m from 166m and A\$249m on Wednesday. One of the day's few winners HK\$602m

was Burns Philp, the food man-ufacturer and hardware retailer, which added 10 cents to A\$3.60 after the 34 per cent Property stocks made the best gains, as the sub-index rose 124.66 to 4,308.68. SINGAPORE also had a better day, bnoyed hy a property sale at a record price. The rise in after-tax operating profit, and the proposed one-for-10 scrip issue announced on

Straits Times industrial index rose 6.38 to 1,401.35, with prop-NEW ZEALAND lost its hold erty issues leading the way. UIC, the conglomerate, which said it had agreed to sell on the previous day's gains as the New Zealand dollar rose a shopping and office complex and adjoining vacant site for a record price of about \$\$30,500 a square metre, added 28 cents to against the Australian currency in the wake of Australia's record current account deficit, and share prices fell S\$2.34 as more than 13.7m

shares changed hands. TAIWAN fell further, with the weighted index losing 68.85

2. 2 / Car

Hong Kong and Singapore yes-AUSTRALIA was unpre-pared for the size of the cur-rent account deficit announced

> Australian dollar. The All Ordinaries index lost 19.2 to 1,714.8, with industrial stocks leading the losses. Turn-

Wednesday yesterday, even though it had of less than A\$2.1bn, led to a

Roundup

was unset by anticipation of a change in investing laws for Chile's private pension funds, which hold \$4bn and are the largest single element in the country's capital markets. Expanded pension fund investment was expected to bring an avalanche of \$400m to \$500m into stocks. This buoyed up the market from November last year until May. In May, however, when the law was finally passed, the

avalanche did not occur. Investor disappointment set in.

sharply in light volume. The Barclays index ended 43.95, or 1.2 per cent, lower at 2.272.89. HONG KONG attracted back foreign investors, who helped to 10,567.06. A 18. . . .

Interest in retailers and

Investment funds push Nikkei sharply higher

These three, in that order, were the most actively traded stocks of the day, in turnover of DM482m, DM393m and DM320m respectively. Market volume rose again, from DM4.6bn to DM4.8bn. After hours. Deutsche Bank and Sie-mens maintained their momen-tum, with further rises of DM10 and DM2.30 respectively.

Among retailers, Co op eased only DM1 to DM159, leaving a strong smell of burnt specula-tor behind it. PARIS finished the Septem-

ber account in fairly confident manuer, with stocks closing higher after a midsession dip.

The market turned more positive as the day went on, with genuine investment inter-est in a few stocks," said one salesman. The bourse wel-comed the lack of action by the West German Bundesbank on interest rates and was relieved that the French budget was out of the way.

The CAC General index, cal-culated at the opening, reached its third all-time peak in a row, adding 1.1 to 543.7. The CAC 40 index rose 2.26 to 897.37 while

reports ZORICH 6 issned this week hy Banca Commerciale Italiana, up 1.58 to 1.5,469, Credito Italiano and Nuovo Banco Ambrosiano, which settled L100 higher at L5,000, and stepped even higher in active after-market to 656.9.

The brunt of selling yester-day hit the insurance sector, where Generali fell L300 to L45,200. First half results from Generali, released after hours, seemed better than the market was expecting. Big retailers had another good day, with Rinascente up L85 to L7,620 and Standa L100 to L33,100. AMSTERDAM had an unin-

AMSTERDAM had an unin-spiring hut steady session, with the CBS tendency index ending flat at 117.5. Philips continued to attract attention, rising 60 cents to close above its FI48 technical resistance level at FI48.30, after receiving several buy

to 722.7. after receiving several huy recommendations from brokers

GOLD shares continued to show small gains and helped the Johannesburg market to close slightly higher. Trading recently. Ahold also performed well, adding FI 2.20 to FI 137 on foreign buying. Domestic and US interest belped buoy up Ahrend, the remained cautions, however.

investment funds were launched yesterday, seeking an aggregate of Y170bn. The growth of index funds and arbitrage activity, and investors' reluctance to invest in heavily capitalised issues, is MADRID moved higher after initial losses, pulled up by elec-trical stocks and individual complicating assessment of equity trends, according to the professionals. "From now on, issuss. The general index gained 0.52 to 325.20. STOCKHOLM picked np e cannot depend on the Nik-

kei index to give a clear pic-ture of the market," said Mr Mitsuru Maekawa at Jardine STOCKHOLM picket np after falling earlier in the day, bringing its two wacks of declines to a halt. The Affärs-världen general index gained 5.8 to 1,278.9 as turnover swelled to SKr316m from the Fleming. Meanwhile, the meeting of Meanwhile, the meeting of branch managers at a leading securities house which, fre-quently, has come up with themes to give the market a buying boost, failed to do so this time. "It is going to be difficult to get the market going on any major themes," said Mr Mae-kawa. Instead, it was more likely that rotational buying of previous day's SKr283m. HELSINKI made its ninth loss in a row, as the Unitas index shed 8.6, or 1.2 per cent,

SOUTH AFRICA

## likely that rotational buying of special situation issues will continua, taking turns with profit-taking. Takeover talk attracted buy-ing interest. Maruetsu, the

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**FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES** 

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS		WEDNESDAY SEPTEMBER 20 1989						TUESDAY SEPTEMBER 19 1999			DOLLAR INDEX		
Figures in parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Day's change % local currency	Gross Div. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1969 High	1989 Low	Year ago (approx)	
Australie (85)	154.38	-0.6	144.68	132.36	-0.7	4.88	155.32	146.39	133.31	157.14	128.28	138.26	
Austria (19)	151.29	+ 1.3	141.78	152.55	+0.4	1.60	149.34	140.78	151.87	151.29	92.84	87.36	
Belgium (63)	138.38	+0.5	129.68	139.06	-0.1	3.98	137.72	129.80	139.24	138.38	125.58	121.97	
Canada (123)	148.03	+0.1	138.72	126.75	+ 0.0	3.19	147.90	139.40	126.75	153.59	124.67	118.09	
Denmark (36)	195.98	+0.7	183.66	201.04	+0.0	1.58	194.53	183.35	200.95	219.89	185.35	129.48	
Finland (26)	129.40	-0.1	121.26	119.11	-0.5	2.30	129.49	122.04	115.81	169.15	125.81	115.95	
France (126)	133.45	+0.6	125.06	137.22	+0.1	2.75	132.64	125.02	137.12	133.45	112.57	96.40	
West Germany (98)	99,12	+1.1	92.89	99.99	+0.6	2.04	98.02	92.39	99.42	100.53	79.56	78.99	
Hong Kong (48)	110.71	+ 0.0	103.75	110.97	+0.0	5.02	110,70	104.33	110.97	140.33	86.41	100.30	
ireland (17)	153.82	+0.8	144.15	157.62	+0.1	2.81	152.54	143.77	157.52	166.69	125.00	129.15	
taly (97)	93.39	-0.2	87.52	67.50	-0.7	2.34	93,55	88.16	98.24	96.73	74.97	71.38	
Japan (455)	179.67	+0.1	168.38	184.68	-0.3	0.48	179.42	169.11	165.13	200.11	164.22	156.71	
Malaysia (36)	199.72	-0.i	187.17	207.30	-0.2	2.51	199.92	188.43	207.69	200.24	143.35	136.80	
Mexico (13)	317.74	+ 1.5	297.78	896.99	+1.5	0.56	313.12	295.13	883.96	321.99	153.32	155.53	
Netherland (43)	129.43	+0.4	121.30	129.16	-0.2	4.11	128.97	121.55	129.38	130.67	110.63	101.82	
Vew Zealand (20)	83.83	+0.2	78.56	75.07	+0.1	4.77	83.66	78.85	75.03	68.18	62.64		
	187.98		178.16	180.64	+0.1	1.43	186.68	175.95	180.47	198.39		70.61	
Norway (24)	164.49	+0.7	154.15	150.01	-0.4	1.86	165.22	155.73	150.88	170.62	139.92	112.26	
Singapore (26)					+0.4	4.15	154,84	145.94	135.66		124.57	119.76	
South Africa (60)	154.79	+0.0	145.07	138.16						157.59	115.35	100.46	
Spain (43)	162.07	+0.4	151.89	149.06	0.1	3.45	161.44	152.16	149.15	162.07	143.14	135.96	
Swedan (35)	177.07	+0.3	165.95	172.29	-0.2	1.99	176.55	166.40	172.69	188.94	138.45	120.44	
Switzerland (84)	90.20	+0.3	84.53	94.01	-0.1	2.01	89.91	84.74	94.06	94.18	67.81	76.51	
United Kingdom (306)	154.06	+0.9	144.38	144.38	+0.8	4.12	152.69	143.91	143.91	158.41	133.28	124.09	
USA (548)	140.88	+0.0	132.01	140.86	+0.0	3.26	140,93	132.83	140.93	143.84	112.13	110.12	
Ецторе (997)	130.25	+0.7	122.06	127.05	+0.2	3.27	129.33	121.90	126.85	132.62	112.63	102.94	
Nordic (121)	165.34	+0.5	154.95	167.58	0.1	1.61	164,58	155.10	157.77	178.38	137.95	112.04	
Pecific Basin (870)	176.17	+0.1	165.10	151.43	-0.3	0,73	175.98	165.86	161.89	194.72	160.44	153,72	
Euro - Pacific (1667)	157.94	+0.3	148.01	147.56	-0.1	1.58	157.45	148.40	147.76	166.98	141.58	133.43	
North America (671)	141.19	+0.0	132.32	139.97	+0.0	3.26	141.24	133.12	140.03	144.24	112.79	110.53	
Europa Ex. UK (691)	115.03	+0.6	107.80	116.32	+0.0	2.65	114.38	107.81	118.27	116.28	96.30	89,66	
Pacific Ex. Japan (215)	134.01	-0.4	125.59	120.66	-0.4	4.60	134.49	126.76	121.18	137.65	111.93	117.61	
Norid Ex. US (1863)	157.68	+0.3	147.76	146.99	0.1	1.66	157.18	148.16	147.18	166.35	141.49	132.58	
	150.28	+0.1	140.83	144.92	-0.1	1.99	150.10	141.46	145.13	165:66	136.98	123.80	
Norld Ex. UK (2105)	150.20			144.91	-0.1	2.17	150.29	141.66		155.92			
Norld Ex. So. Af. (2351)		+0.2	141.11		+0.0	3.33	136.81		145.06		136.67	123.95	
Norld Ex. Japan (1956)	137.11	+0.2	128.49	134.94				128.94	134.91	138.29	114.51	108.07	
he World Index (2411)	150.60	+0.2	141.14	144.85	0.1	2.16	150.32	141.68	144.99	155.89	136.68	123.81	

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#### International Growth Trust increased by 68.7% when the Index increased by only 42.3%?\* 🐲

**3.** How has the Morgan Grenfell



Morgan Grenfell's International Growth Trust has outperformed the Morgan Stanley Capital International World Index (MSCI) by being different. The Fund's geographical allocation

is not related to World Index weighting because it invests in specially selected stocks following a number of themes such as insurance, construction, shipping, acquisitions and mergers. 29 The result of this approach is that investors have an internationally managed portfolio that has outperformed the MSCI Index. 2 To find out more Callfree 0800 282465.



\* All figures represent % change in value since launch on 1.4.88 to 11.9.89. Source: Micropal, offer to bid, net income reinvested. The value of this investment may fluctuate and is not guaranteed. Past performance is no guarantee of future returns. Issued by Morgan Grenfell Unit Trust Managers Ltd. Member of Lautro, IMRO and the UTA.

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